Images in Cardiovascular Disease



Spontaneous Prosthesis Leaflet Detachment and Loss During Aortic Valve Implantation

Emmanouel Papadakis, MD, FACS¹, Thomas Martens ©, MD², and Meletios Kanakis ©, MD, MSc, PhD³

¹3rd Department of Cardiac Surgery, Onassis Cardiac Surgery Center, Athens, Greece

²Department of Cardiac Surgery, Ghent University Hospital, Ghent, Belgium

³Department of Pediatric and Congenital Heart Surgery, Onassis Cardiac Surgery Center, Athens, Greece



Received: Aug 4, 2021 Revised: Sep 15, 2021 Accepted: Sep 27, 2021 Published online: Oct 15, 2021

Address for Correspondence:

Thomas Martens, MD

Department of Cardiac Surgery, Ghent University Hospital, Corneel Heymanslaan 10, 9000 Ghent, Belgium.

Email: Thom.martens@ugent.be

Copyright © 2022 Korean Society of Echocardiography

This is an Open Access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution Non-Commercial License (https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc/4.0/) which permits unrestricted non-commercial use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original work is properly cited.

ORCID iDs

Thomas Martens (D)
https://orcid.org/0000-0002-3736-3628
Meletios Kanakis (D)

https://orcid.org/0000-0002-9708-0523

Conflict of Interest

The authors have no financial conflicts of interest.

Author Contributions

Conceptualization: Papadakis E, Martens T, Kanakis M; Data curation: Papadakis E, Kanakis M; Investigation: Papadakis E, Kanakis M; Visualization: Papadakis E, Martens T; Writing - original draft: Martens T, Kanakis M; Writing

- review & editing: Papadakis E, Martens T, Kanakis M.

A 68-year-old patient with severe aortic valve stenosis underwent valve replacement. Intraoperatively, a 19 mm St. Jude Regent (St. Jude Medical, Minneapolis, MN, USA) mechanical valve was lowered at the aortic annulus following pledgeted stitches. Before the surgeon tied the knots of each stitch and during examination of proper positioning of the valve while gently lifting the leaflets with the tester, one leaflet detached from the pivoting system and was lost through the aortic root (**Figure 1A**).

Since leaflet retrieval through aortotomy was not effective, the cardiopulmonary bypass circuit was converted from single- to double-venous cannulation, and the left atrium was opened at the Sondergaard's groove to investigate the left ventricular cavities of the heart. Transesophageal echocardiography (TOE) was unable to detect the missing leaflet because the heart was arrested. A thorough search revealed the disc stack at the orifice of the right inferior pulmonary vein, adjacent to the left ventricular vent that passed though the right superior pulmonary vein.

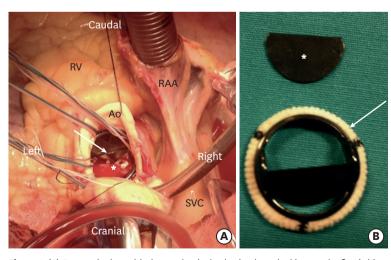


Figure 1. (A) Surgeon's view with the mechanical valve in place, lacking one leaflet (white asterisk). Orientation annotated in image (cranial, caudal, left, right). White arrow marks the one attached leaflet. (B) Explanted mechanical valve with retrieved leaflet (asterisk). Arrow points at the suture ring of the mechanical valve. RV: right ventricle, RAA: right atrial appendage, Ao: aorta, SVC: superior vena cava.

The surgical procedure was accomplished after implantation of a new 19 mm mechanical valve (same type). TOE confirmed a good surgical result. The patient had an uneventful postoperative course.

Meticulous inspection of the explanted prosthesis and leaflet did not reveal fracture of the strut or pivoting system, and no problem was identified regarding the hinge space in the housing of the valve (**Figure 1B**). The dysfunctional prosthesis was sent back to the manufacturer, who provided oral confirmation that they could not find a manufacturing default or proof of potential misuse.

Spontaneous leaflet loss or fracture of a mechanical valve prosthesis is uncommon.¹⁾²⁾ In most reports, a fracture of a leaflet was observed after extraction.³⁻⁵⁾ Overall, outcomes of mechanical aortic valve replacement are excellent.⁶⁾ Although extremely rare, leaflet detachment should be considered, and prompt action is mandatory. No manufacturing default or proof of potential misuse was found in this case.

REFERENCES

- van Steenbergen GG, Tsang QH, van der Heide SM, Verkroost MW, Li WW, Morshuis WJ. Spontaneous leaflet fracture resulting in embolization from mechanical valve prostheses. J Card Surg 2019;34:124-30.
 PUBMED | CROSSREF
- 2. Lee SY, Kim EK, Park TK, Jeong DS. Acute prosthetic mitral valve dysfunction due to non-traumatic fracture of prosthesis. *Eur Heart J* 2019;40:494.
- 3. Fragoulis S, Palatianos GM. Fractured prosthetic valve leaflet. *Eur J Cardiothorac Surg* 2008;34:907.
- Mosterd A, Shahin GM, van Boven WJ, Jaarsma W, Graafland AD, van Swieten HA. Images in cardiovascular medicine. Leaflet fracture of a St. Jude mechanical bileaflet valve. *Circulation* 2005;111:e280-1.
 PUBMED | CROSSREF
- Raut MS, Maheshwari A, Dubey S. Missing leaflet of prosthetic aortic valve. J Cardiothorac Vasc Anesth 2015;29:e20-1.
 PUBMED I CROSSREF
- Minakata K, Tanaka S, Okawa Y, Kaneko T, Okonogi S, Usui A, et al. Twenty-year outcome of aortic valve replacement with St. Jude Medical mechanical valves in Japanese patients. Circ J 2015;79:2308-8.
 PUBMED | CROSSREF