

Sustainable Environmental Science & Recycling Technology Education for High School and Middle Schools: Global Scenario

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Abstract

Currently, the global atmosphere around the world is altering at a very rapid pace. Among those changes, some are beneficial, but most of the changes are lead to destruction to our planet. The area of environmental science is a significant resource for learning more about these changes. Due to the urbanization, the human population is increasing, natural resources becoming very limited. To solve the limited resources issues, recycling is absolutely an alternative source for the new demands and limitations. Recycling education is very important to raise awareness among students and their communities about the need for recycling and what materials are recyclable locally. In this paper, we reported the role of sustainability science and technology and the impact of recycling research education in the middle schools, both in developing countries and Asian countries and also we included the brief data of global recycling of waste.

Key words : sustainability, Environmental science & technology, recycling education, middle schools, global scenario

1. Introduction

Environmental sustainability is described as the accountable association with the ecosystem to keep away from exhaustion or starvation of natural resources and allow for extended environmental standards. The implementation of environmental sustainability assists to fortify that the needs of today's urbanization are met without threatening the ability of upcoming generations to meet their requirements. Developed science technologies are always beneficial to the environment, sustainable but it leads to the production of million tons of waste [1,2].

The environmental protection agency (EPA), USA suggest resources to raises the solid waste issues, stimulate and increase waste minimize concept, and

motivate contribution to environmental to surpass activities. One of the long term solid waste management strategy in the USA is reaching kids with the recycling message [3-6].

In Portland state university, a new recycling awareness project was launched, and it was a community based, service learning experience which used recycling as a vehicle to address the problems facing high school youth and schools. In this project, college, high school, and grade school youth learned about recycling and waste stream reduction issues and taught each other [7]. This recycling education awareness project provides a model of youth in community service learning which enhances educational experience while improving recycling rates in the community; demonstrate a method for creating long term mentoring opportunities integrated into local higher education programs, through college/high school participation, reduce high school dropout rates, de-

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velop a curriculum on recycling which can be used by high school and middle school teachers, raising positive student ties up with the local community.

2. Environment Education

The main goal of the environmental education programmes is to understand the idea of the sustainable environment in the primary school curriculum, a mechanism in environmental education, acquire knowledge by a different process of teaching in environmental education, and techniques for the efficacy and efficiency of environmental education. Environment education has a wide scope and depends on the socio-economic impacts, degradation of limited natural sources etc.

Environmental Protection Agency(EPA), the USA encourages an environmental education system in high schools and middle schools to learn global environmental issues, solutions for limited resources, and remediations to these environmental damage problems. As a result, children, high school, and middle school students develop a depth understanding of environmental issues and creating possible solutions and responsible decisions [8].

3. Recycling Education Strategy at Asian Countries

In Asian countries, recycling education at primary schools, high schools, and middle schools are very limited. But the importance of the recycling education program at national levels are ongoing through campaigns and science fare exhibitions. Recently, 3Rs policies (Reduce, Reuse and Recycle) are significantly promoting the recycling of waste to wealth. Asia is observing rapid urbanization, growing industrialization, rising higher incomes and consumption of goods and this is one of the causes of leading to the production of the toxic waste amount. Among those, majority recyclable paper, plastic, and metals occupied. There is a prompt rise in toxic materials in the solid wastes as well as in wastewaters. Particularly, substantial populated cities like South Korea, India, Singapore, Thailand, Japan, Malaysia, China, Indonesia, and the Philippines urgently required to develop advanced technologies for solid waste disposal.

Bishnu B. Bhandari et al., [9] reported that, the problems of environmental education (EE) in 36 countries and expressing the general trends and also patterns in the Asia-Pacific region. This article mainly argues that the Asian countries have awareness of environment education, but in contempt of their economic situations, the countries have shown interesting and in encouraging environment education (EE). In Asian countries, EE has not been competent to make a strong foundation at high school and middle school levels, because of its directly linked with the population, poverty, discrimination and environmental degradation.

3.1. Recycling Education Program for middle school students in Japan

There are several environmental education programs are ongoing in the Japan such as Integration of environmental education and ecoflow projects. Japan launched an exchange program (Education for Sustainable Development (ESD) for teachers from both Japan and the USA. Under this Japan-U.S. Teacher Exchange Program, 24 U.S. teachers and administrators can travel to Japan with a fully-funded opportunity to learn about ESD accomplishments and build up ESD curricula in both countries. According to the United Nations Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Organization (UNESCO), the ESD program mainly aimed “a vision and mission of education need to balance human and with cultural traditions and protect for the earth’s natural resources.”.

In Kansai University, Japan, the technical program was held in resources circulation engineering laboratory for middle, high school levels students, parents and teachers. The lectures are given by Prof. Shibata and Dr. Sano on plating and plating waste fluid process. The demonstration shows the various experiments (handling it carries out an experiment the processing experiment of the plating waste fluid by the hydroxide deposition method, zero-emission using the solvent extraction method).

3.2. Ecoflow Projects

In the fiscal year 2005, the Ministry of the Environment, Japan aimed to launch a "School Eco-Renovation and Environmental Education Program" in schools. Which are important centers for educating the policies related to the anti-global warming,

solar power generation, green roofs of the houses, natural energy resources, minimize the energy consumption on heating and cooling? Through the Eco-Flow project, students can easily understand the sustainable environmental construction from the primary education level.

3.3. Recycling Education Program for middle school students in South Korea

An Aluminium rolling and recycling company named Novelis launched a new "GreenBiz Camp,". In South Korea, this is the first recycling education program for elementary school children. Novelis aims to raise awareness of aluminum importance, recycling and benefits to the environment by recycling to the children.

The GreenBiz Camp, a global youth educational group and co-sponsored by Junior Achievement Korea, hosted 52 children to educate them in sustainability aspects. It is a three-day camp and trained them in making a solar energy car and also teach the importance of recycling technologies. This youth education group have a chance to visit the Novelis

Yeongju Recycling Center, which is Asia's largest aluminum recycling facility in Korea.

There are several recycling education programs through media conducted in South Korea (Fig.1). In KIGAM, Dr. Ahn Ji Whan, Director had carried out the project during the years 2007-2010(10) related to study on the recycling technology of inorganic wastes generated from different industries. This project is funded by the Ministry of Education (ME, Korea). Under this project, she visited schools and educated the students about recycling importance and conducted the recycling education programs for middle school and high school students with the "Creative Former Education" program in Korea. Dr. Ahn Ji Whan is an adjunct professor to Recycling and Energy Program and educating the students at Korea Science Academy of KAIST. During the five years, she educated teachers from elementary, middle and high schools through her recycling education program lectures "The Expedition of creating Resources from Trash Island" in Creative Geo Camp in KIGAM. The overall environmental education programs throughout Asia was summarized in the Table 1.

Table 1. Recycling environmental education programs in Asia for middle and high school students

Country Name	Program Name	Remarks
USA	Environmental Education (EE)	Environmental education increases public awareness and knowledge about environmental issues or problems. EPA Proposes \$50 Million for Healthy Schools. The Healthy Schools Grant Program, part of President Trump's proposed FY 2020 budget, would expand the Administration's efforts to protect children where they learn and play.
Japan	1. Integration of environmental education into the school curriculum 2. Ecoflow project	Study on recyclables sorting out, discarded cans collection, recycling awareness raising. School Eco-Renovation and Environmental Education Program, learning global warming issues, how to protect the natural energy sources, solar power generation etc.,
South Korea	1. Greenbiz Camp 2. Creative Former Education	its first recycling education program in South Korea for elementary children. to raise awareness of aluminum recycling and the environmental benefits of recycling among children. To study on the recycling technology of inorganic wastes generated from industry. A special program on recycling education through KBS media and raising awareness on recycling importance for middle school and high school students.



Fig. 1. Recycling Education Program through KBS media, 2009

4. Conclusions

Recycling is one of the technique which helps to minimize energy consumption, reduce fresh raw materials usage, minimize water pollution and air pollution (from landfilling). The major benefit from recycling is that it helps the environment to be sustainable. Most of the European countries developed their own recycling programmes incorporating some extent of manufacturer responsibility. Asia network also lunched a basic recycling education program in high schools and middle schools similar to the European Union. Recycling helps to save energy particularly, it is crucial in massive production, such as refining or mining. There are major benefits of recycling is it helps to minimize greenhouse gas emissions and also global warming. Recycling is a significant resource technology needs to encourage at primary school education level, corporate offices and at international levels. This could help to preserve our precious natural resources for our future generation, without any limitations.

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