Note (Genome Announcement)

Draft genome sequence of *Porphyromonas gingivalis* KCOM 2797 isolated from a human periodontitis lesion

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사람 치주질환 병소에서 분리된 *Porphyromonas gingivalis* KCOM 2797의 유전체 염기서열 해독

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Porphyromonas gingivalis is a Gram-negative, obligately anaerobic, and nonmotile rod. *P. gingivalis* is a pathogen of periodontitis and endodontic infection as well as is associated with systemic diseases including atherosclerosis, preterm, and Alzheimer's diseases. *P. gingivalis* KCOM 2797 (= JS2) was isolated from a human periodontitis lesion. Here, we present the draft genome sequence of *P. gingivalis* KCOM 2797.

Keywords: Porphyromonas gingivalis, human, periodontitis

Porphyromonas gingivalis is a Gram-negative, obligately anaerobic, and nonmotile rod (Shah and Collins, 1988). *P. gingivalis* is a pathogen of periodontitis and endodontic infection as well as is associated with systemic diseases including atherosclerosis, preterm, and Alzheimer's diseases, (Hasegawa-Nakamura *et al.*, 2011; Hajishengallis *et al.*, 2012; Olsen *et al.*, 2016; Rajaram *et al.*, 2016). *P. gingivalis* KCOM 2797 (= JS2) was isolated from a human periodontitis lesion. In this report, we present the draft genome sequence of *P. gingivalis* KCOM 2797.

The *P. gingivalis* KCOM 2797 was grown in brain heart infusion (BHI, Difco Laboratories) medium supplemented with 0.5% yeast extract, 0.05% cysteine HCl-H₂O, 0.5 mg/ml of hemin, 2 µg/ml of vitamin K₁, and 5% sheep blood in an anaerobic chamber (Model Bactron I) was maintained using a gas mixture of 10% H₂, 5% CO₂, and 85% N₂ (Park *et al.*, 2013). The bacterial genomic DNA was prepared as described previously and DNA concentration was determined by the EpochTM Microplate Spectrophotometer (BioTek Instruments Inc.) at wavelengths of 260 and 280 nm (Cho *et al.*, 2015).

The genomic DNA of *P. gingivalis* KCOM 2797 was sequenced using the Illumina Hiseq 2000 platform by Macrogen Inc.. The library of 5 kb mate-pair was sequenced which reached coverage of $1,021 \times$. The *de novo* assembly was performed by SPAdes (version: 3.8.2) (Bankevich *et al.*, 2012) and AlignGraph (Bao *et al.*, 2014). All gaps among the scaffolds were filled by GapCloser (Luo *et al.*, 2012; http://sourceforge.net/projects/soapdenovo2/files/GapCloser). And

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we confirmed the scaffolds were placed at gaps on the largest scaffold by dot plot analysis. Finally, the assembly was polished by iCORN2 (Otto *et al.*, 2010). Genome annotation was conducted by the NCBI Prokaryotic Genome Annotation Pipeline (PGAP) (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/genome/annotation_prok/).

The draft genome of P. gingivalis KCOM 2797 is 2,394,377 bp in length and has a G+C content of 48.0% (Table 1). A total of 1,988 protein-coding sequences (CDSs), 3 rRNAs, and 47 tRNAs were annotated (Table 1). The genome sequence contained virulence factors such as alpha-hemolysin translocation ATP-binding protein HylB, hemolysin C, sialidase, Lysgingipain, gingipain R1/R2, ATP-dependent zinc metalloprotease FtsH, putative protease SohB/YhbU, Calpain family cysteine protease, CtpA-like serine protease, multidrug resistance protein MdtA/MdtB/MdtE/NorM, multidrug export protein EmrA/ MepA, antibiotic transporter, penicillinase, and β -lactamase hydrolase-like protein. The genome contained bacteriophage Mu Gam like protein, phage virion morphogenesis family protein, phage Mu protein F like protein, bactoprenol glucosyl transferase homolog from prophage CPS-53, and oxidative stress-response genes such as superoxide dismutase, NAD(P)H nitroreductase, and thioredoxin reductase. The draft genome encodes for involving the biofilm formation such as glycosyltransferase EpsJ and pheromone autoinducer 2 transporters. It also contained type IV secretion system protein virB4, type IV secretion-system coupling protein DNA-binding domain protein, preprotein translocase subunit SecA/SecD/SecE/SecG/SecY/ YajC, one unmatched sensor histidine kinase (TmoS), and six unmatched transcription regulatory proteins (QseB, ZraR, LiaR, SrrA, and ZraR). The P. gingivalis KCOM 2797 strain was deposited in the Korean Collection for Oral Microbiology.

Table 1. Genome features of Porphyromonas gingivalis KO	KCOM 2797
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Attribute	Value
Genome size (bp)	2,394,377
GC content (%)	48.0
No. of contigs	44
Total genes	2,153
Protein-coding genes	1,988
tRNA	47
rRNA (5S, 16S, 23S)	3 (1, 1, 1)
ncRNA	2
Pseudogene	113

Nucleotide sequence accession number

This Whole Genome Shotgun project has been deposited at DDBJ/ENA/GenBank under the accession NHRU00000000. The version described in this paper is version NHRU01000000.

적 요

Porphyromonas gingivalis는 그람 음성이면서, 절대 혐기 성 및 비운동성 간균이다. P. gingivalis는 치주염 및 치근관 감염 의 원인균일 뿐만 아니라, 동맥경화증, 조산 및 알츠하이머 질환 과 같은 전신질환과도 연관성이 있다. P. gingivalis KCOM 2797 (= JS2) 균주가 사람 치주염 병소에서 분리되었다. P. gingivalis KCOM 2797 균주의 유전체 염기서열을 해독하여 보고한다.

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