

Retraction: A Fosmid Cloning Strategy for Detecting the Widest Possible Spectrum of Microbes from the International Space Station Drinking Water System

Sangdun Choi^{1,2}, Mi Sook Chang², Tara Stuecker³, Christine Chung²,
David A. Newcombe³, Kasthuri Venkateswaran³

¹Department of Molecular Science and Technology, Ajou University, Suwon 443-749, Korea,

²Division of Biology, California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, CA 91125, USA,

³Jet Propulsion Laboratory, California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, CA 91109, USA

<http://dx.doi.org/10.5808/GI.2012.10.4.249>

Genomics Inform 2012;10(4):249-255

The editorial committee of Genomics & Informatics has concluded that a substantial portion of the above article [1] was 'copied and pasted' from earlier publications without appropriate attribution. Although the plagiarized texts are detected only in the Introduction section [2], such a misconduct is unacceptable in a scientific writing. The authors have acknowledged plagiarism in the above article and requested retraction.

1. Choi S, Chang MS, Stuecker T, Chung C, Newcombe DA, Venkateswaran K. A fosmid cloning strategy for detecting the widest possible spectrum of microbes from the International Space Station drinking water system. *Genomics Inform* 2012;10:249-255.
2. Barry PL, Phillips T. Water on the space station. Washington, DC: National Aeronautics and Space Administration, 2000. Accessed 2013 Apr 23. Available from: http://science.nasa.gov/science-news/science-at-nasa/2000/ast02nov_1/.