A Study on the Body Proportion and Proportional Dimension Standards for Chinese Women<br>- Focusing on the analysis of the high-frequence group -<br>Kim, Eun-Hee* • Sohn, Hee-Soon<br>Lecturer, Dept. of Clothing \& Textiles, Sookmyung Women's University*<br>Prefessor, Dept. of Clothing \& Textiles, Sookmyung Women's University


#### Abstract

This study aims at strengthening the national competitiveness of Korea's clothing industry as it provides substantial information on the human body proportion and proportional dimension standards for Chinese women and improves the fitness of clothing, considering human proportion in the production of clothing products for export to China. This study selected by simple random sampling Chinese women in Beijing and Shanghai, China, whose age is between 19-50 from June 23 to August 7, 2004.

The stature of the average Chinese woman belonging to the High Frequency group is 7.09 times as long as the length of the head.

We developed the body proportional dimension standards with the same proportion with High-Frequence group.

The basic size of proportional dimension standards for Chinese women has the stature of 159 cm , (chest circumference)/2 of 42.8 cm .


Key Words : Chinese women, Body proportion, proportional dimension standards

## I. Introduction

Chinese apparel industry has kept growing tremendously for the past 20 years and especially, China has positioned itself as the largest exporter of apparel in the world since 1994. In addition, foreign investment in China has expanded rapidly owing to the decrease of duty and various investment benefits for foreigners after China joined WTO in November,
2001. As a result of the improvement in economic power and the growth of the demand for apparel with the increase of the consumer goods, the apparel market is developing very quickly. ${ }^{12)}$
Nonetheless, most of the Korean apparel companies which tried to penetrate into Chinese domestic market from the early stage have failed despite of the geographical and cultural advantages. ${ }^{3)}$ Though many Korean
clothing companies are now preparing the strategies for the 2nd market advancement on the basis of the past experience of failure, they are focusing on the design and marketing and are neglecting the body fitness of the apparel products which is the fundamental problem of the apparel products for the export to China. ${ }^{4)}$
Though there are differences in the physical fitness between Korean and Chinese women in each age and regional group, the products to be exported to China are still produced according to the size system of Korean domestic ready-made clothes thus not reflecting the different features. Therefore, it is necessary to understand the problem of physical fitness caused by the different physical figures. The people concerned with the brands that are operating in Chinese domestic market are also already recognizing this problem and feeling the necessity to change the size of clothing and patterns, but it is not reflected to the production of products due to the lack of systematic data. As the researches so far on the Chinese women are providing only the information about the size or dimensions of figures by direct measurement, as the next step a study of the Chinese women's physical characteristics or figure-related proposition are needed. The information on the proportion using index value will enable easier and more specific recognition of forms, and the patterns developed in consideration of the proportion of the customers at time of the production of the pattern of apparels will contribute to the better fitness of apparel products.

Thus, this study was designed to set the proportional dimension standards by analyzing the proportion of Chinese women with the
specific purpose to establish Chinese women's body proportion to help the improvement in the design, production and fitness of apparel products that will be exported to China.

## II. Research Method and Process

## 1. Research Sample

This study selected by simple random sampling 1,381 Chinese women in Beijing and Shanghai, China, whose age is between 19-50 from June 23 to August 7, 2004. The measurement method, measurement items and the average physical measurement value of Chinese women are the same as presented in the preceding study. ${ }^{5)}$

## 2. Data Processing and Analysis Method

The data processing and analysis is statistically processed by using SPSS WIN 10.0 program.

## 3. Research Process

1) Extraction of High-Frequence group and proportion analysis of Chinese women
(1) Select the High-Frequence group among Chinese women.
(2) Analyze the physical characteristics and proportion of the High-Frequence group.
2) Setting proportional dimension standards of High-Frequence group of Chinese women
(1) Choose the item that is important to the production of the pattern for clothing as the
standard for the physical proportion.
(2) Select the average stature and average chest circumference/2 of the High-Frequence group as the standard size and divide it by stature and select each size that is the same as the proportion of the stature of the standard size and the chest circumference/2.
(3) On the basis of the measure of the standard size, select the measure of each size that is equal to the proportion of chest circumference/2 and circumference and the proportion of stature and length to determine the final proportional dimension standards for Chinese women.

## III. Results and Discussion

## 1. Extraction and proportion analysis of

 High-Frequence group of Chinese women1) Extraction of High-Frequence group of Chinese women

To understand the body type of Chinese women who belongs to highly frequent group excluding less frequent group, the Rohrer's index that indicates level of fatness, breadth difference that indicates frontal silhouette, thickness difference that indicates side silhouette, height ratio that provides information on height, and head-to-stature ratio that is important in understanding proportion were analyzed. Even if $1 \%$ of total subjects 1.381 persons equals to 14 people, it is not an ignorable number. Thus, the section more than $1 \%$ was selected as the high frequency section and the group which all the indexes of Rohrer's index, breadth difference, thickness difference, height ratio, head-to-stature ratio belong to high frequency section was selected as High Frequency group.
The distribution chart of high frequency section and High Frequency group of Chinese women are as <table 1>. Subjects of High Frequency group were 1,095 (79.3\%) and High Frequency group were 286 (20.7\%).
<Table 1> The distribution chart of high frequency section and High Frequency group of Chinese women

| Item |  | High frequency section | High Frequency group | Non High Frequency group |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rohrer's index | $1.0 \sim 2.0$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,095 \\ \text { women } \\ (79.3 \%) \end{gathered}$ | 286 women <br> (20.7\%) |
| Breadth difference | Shoulder Breadth - Waist Breadth | $4 \mathrm{~cm} \sim 15 \mathrm{~cm}$ |  |  |
|  | Hip Breadth - Waist Breadth | $2 \mathrm{~cm} \sim 13 \mathrm{~cm}$ |  |  |
| Thickness difference | Bust Depth - Waist Depth | $0 \mathrm{~cm} \sim 7 \mathrm{~cm}$ |  |  |
|  | Hip Depth - Waist Depth | $-2 \mathrm{~cm} \sim 6 \mathrm{~cm}$ |  |  |
| Height ratio | Ratio of Bust Height over stature | $0.67 \sim 0.75$ |  |  |
|  | Ratio of Waist Height over stature | $0.59 \sim 0.66$ |  |  |
|  | Ratio of Hip Height over stature | $0.45 \sim 0.53$ |  |  |
| Head-to-stature ratio |  | $0.120 \sim 0.165$ |  |  |

2) Body Proportion Analysis of HighFrequence Group of Chinese women
(1) Analysis of Body Size of High-Frequence Group
<Table 2> shows the results of analysis on the 111 measurement and one index item of high-frequence group. The Chinese women that belongs to High Frequency group showed measures of stature of 158.9 cm , height of breast 113.3 cm , height of waist 99.5 cm , height of hips 78.2 cm for height specifications, shoulder breadth of 34 cm , breadth of breast
27.2 cm , breadth of waist 24 cm , breadth of hips 32.7 cm in breadth specifications.

In thickness specifications, thickness of breast 22.8 cm , thickness of waist 19.3 cm , thickness of hips 21.4 cm were measured and in girth specification, girth of breast 87.3 cm , girth of chest 85.4 cm , girth of waist 71.5 cm , girth of hips 92 cm were measured.

In length specification, front center length 32.5 cm , horizontal length between nipples 17.6 cm , arm length 52.7 cm , hip side length 22.3 cm , length of shoulder 39.4 cm , length of back 37.7 cm were each measured and for other specifications, the weight was 55.6 kg .
<Table 2> Analysis of Body Size of High-Frequence Group
(unit: $\mathrm{cm}, \mathrm{n}=1,095$ )

| Item Statistics |  | M | SD | Min. Value | Max. Value | Coefficient of Variation | Range |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| H | stature | 158.9 | 5.4 | 140.5 | 178.7 | 3.4 | 38.2 |
|  | chin height | 136.5 | 5.1 | 118.2 | 153.7 | 3.7 | 35.5 |
|  | front cervical height | 130.2 | 5.1 | 111.9 | 148.1 | 3.9 | 36.2 |
|  | chest height | 121.8 | 4.9 | 102.4 | 144.0 | 4.0 | 41.6 |
|  | bust height | 113.3 | 4.9 | 95.3 | 131.2 | 4.3 | 35.9 |
|  | bust-below height | 108.2 | 5.0 | 72.7 | 126.3 | 4.6 | 53.6 |
|  | waist height | 99.5 | 4.2 | 83.9 | 115.1 | 4.2 | 31.2 |
|  | waist height(Omphalion) | 92.9 | 4.4 | 60.1 | 107.0 | 4.7 | 46.9 |
|  | abdomen height | 88.6 | 4.2 | 72.8 | 106.4 | 4.7 | 33.6 |
|  | lliac spine height | 92.5 | 4.6 | 69.4 | 110.0 | 5.0 | 40.6 |
|  | crotch height | 71.4 | 4.1 | 29.7 | 99.9 | 5.7 | 70.2 |
| IGHT | knee height | 42.7 | 2.5 | 31.1 | 51.4 | 5.9 | 20.3 |
|  | minimum calf height | 10.5 | 1.0 | 6.5 | 19.8 | 9.5 | 13.3 |
|  | outside malleolus height | 6.4 | . 8 | 4.5 | 10.8 | 12.5 | 6.3 |
|  | inside malleolus height | 7.6 | . 6 | 4.2 | 9.7 | 7.9 | 5.5 |
|  | side cervical height | 134.6 | 5.2 | 104.1 | 155.0 | 3.9 | 50.9 |
|  | shoulder height | 129.5 | 5.0 | 113.5 | 147.0 | 3.9 | 33.5 |
|  | axilla height | 118.1 | 5.5 | 100.8 | 166.8 | 4.7 | 66.0 |
|  | elbow height | 100.6 | 4.3 | 82.8 | 130.5 | 4.3 | 47.7 |
|  | wrist height | 78.3 | 3.7 | 51.6 | 91.0 | 4.7 | 39.4 |
|  | fingertip height | 62.4 | 3.8 | 37.7 | 94.8 | 6.1 | 57.1 |
|  | back cervical height | 135.4 | 5.2 | 117.0 | 155.8 | 3.8 | 38.8 |
|  | hip height | 78.2 | 3.8 | 65.5 | 90.0 | 4.9 | 24.5 |
|  | gluteal height | 69.5 | 4.8 | 29.9 | 99.9 | 6.9 | 70.0 |
|  | thigh height | 72.1 | 4.9 | 59.6 | 99.9 | 6.8 | 40.3 |
|  | calf height | 31.4 | 2.3 | 16.6 | 54.6 | 7.3 | 38.0 |

Kim, Eun-Hee • Sohn, Hee-Soon / A Study on the Body Proportion and Proportional Dimension Standards for Chinese Women
<Table 2> Continue
(unit: $\mathrm{cm}, \mathrm{n}=1,095$ )

| Item Statistics |  | M | SD | Min. Value | Max. <br> Value | Coefficient of Variation | Range |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B | head breadth | 15.6 | . 6 | 13.5 | 19.7 | 3.8 | 6.2 |
|  | cervical breadth | 12.1 | 1.0 | 9.8 | 19.7 | 8.3 | 9.9 |
|  | shoulder breadth | 34.0 | 1.5 | 29.2 | 39.5 | 4.4 | 10.3 |
|  | breadth between the upper arms | 40.9 | 2.8 | 28.2 | 49.0 | 6.8 | 20.8 |
|  | chest breadth | 28.6 | 2.2 | 20.2 | 40.8 | 7.7 | 20.6 |
|  | bust breadth | 27.2 | 2.2 | 17.3 | 57.8 | 8.1 | 40.5 |
|  | bust-below breadth | 25.9 | 1.8 | 20.5 | 32.0 | 6.9 | 11.5 |
| R | waist breadth | 24.0 | 2.3 | 18.8 | 32.7 | 9.6 | 13.9 |
|  | abdomen breadth | 30.9 | 2.4 | 20.7 | 39.9 | 7.8 | 19.2 |
|  | hip breadth | 32.7 | 1.7 | 24.9 | 39.7 | 5.2 | 14.8 |
| A | thigh breadth | 32.9 | 1.8 | 24.7 | 40.5 | 5.5 | 15.8 |
| D | thigh breadth | 15.7 | 1.3 | 9.8 | 21.9 | 8.3 | 12.1 |
|  | knee breadth | 10.4 | . 9 | 5.2 | 19.9 | 8.7 | 14.7 |
| H | minimum ankle breadth | 5.2 | . 4 | 3.3 | 6.8 | 7.7 | 3.5 |
|  | maximum ankle breadth | 6.1 | . 4 | 3.1 | 7.3 | 6.6 | 4.2 |
|  | foot breadth | 9.2 | . 6 | 5.9 | 10.8 | 6.5 | 4.9 |
|  | elbow breadth | 7.8 | . 8 | 4.8 | 10.8 | 10.3 | 6.0 |
|  | wrist breadth | 4.9 | . 5 | 2.9 | 9.2 | 10.2 | 6.3 |
|  | hand breadth | 8.9 | . 7 | 5.8 | 12.7 | 7.9 | 6.9 |
|  | calf breadth | 10.2 | . 9 | 6.1 | 16.9 | 8.8 | 10.8 |
|  | head depth | 18.0 | . 9 | 10.3 | 27.6 | 5.0 | 17.3 |
|  | chest depth | 18.8 | 1.6 | 10.0 | 25.7 | 8.5 | 15.7 |
| H | bust depth | 22.8 | 2.3 | 16.6 | 29.9 | 10.1 | 13.3 |
|  | bust-below depth | 20.3 | 2.2 | 15.0 | 29.9 | 10.8 | 14.9 |
| , | waist depth | 19.3 | 2.7 | 13.6 | 29.0 | 14.0 | 15.4 |
| C | abdomen depth | 21.8 | 2.9 | 11.7 | 34.0 | 13.3 | 22.3 |
| K | lap depth | 10.7 | . 8 | 8.3 | 18.0 | 7.5 | 9.7 |
| N | axilla depth | 10.4 | 1.3 | 6.8 | 17.3 | 12.5 | 10.5 |
| E | elbow depth | 5.6 | . 5 | 3.6 | 9.7 | 8.9 | 6.1 |
| S | wrist depth | 3.4 | . 3 | 2.0 | 4.7 | 8.8 | 2.7 |
|  | hip depth | 21.4 | 2.3 | 15.3 | 32.1 | 10.7 | 16.8 |
|  | hip-below depth | 16.3 | 1.6 | 10.0 | 27.4 | 9.8 | 17.4 |
|  | calf depth | 10.5 | 3.0 | 8.1 | 106.0 | 28.6 | 97.9 |
|  | head circumference | 55.5 | 1.6 | 48.4 | 60.8 | 2.9 | 12.4 |
|  | neck base circumference | 37.4 | 2.0 | 31.2 | 44.5 | 5.3 | 13.3 |
| C | chest circumference | 85.4 | 5.7 | 70.6 | 106.0 | 6.7 | 35.4 |
| , | bust circumference | 87.3 | 7.0 | 70.7 | 112.0 | 8.0 | 41.3 |
| R | bust-below circumference | 76.8 | 6.3 | 56.3 | 103.5 | 8.2 | 47.2 |
| C | waist circumference | 71.5 | 8.1 | 51.5 | 110.0 | 11.3 | 58.5 |
|  | abdomen circumference | 87.0 | 8.2 | 69.5 | 115.1 | 9.4 | 45.6 |
| U | hip circumference | 92.0 | 5.6 | 63.2 | 119.4 | 6.1 | 56.2 |
| M | thigh circumference | 52.8 | 4.5 | 35.8 | 96.0 | 8.5 | 60.2 |
| F | lap circumference | 35.0 | 2.4 | 24.0 | 55.8 | 6.9 | 31.8 |
| E | calf circumference | 34.6 | 2.3 | 26.9 | 42.9 | 6.6 | 16.0 |
| R | calf minimum circumference | 21.0 | 1.5 | 10.8 | 37.3 | 7.1 | 26.5 |
| E | ankle maximum circumference | 23.4 | 1.3 | 19.7 | 29.8 | 5.6 | 10.1 |
| N | axilla circumference | 38.2 | 3.0 | 27.3 | 48.6 | 7.9 | 21.3 |
|  | upper arm circumference | 28.0 | 2.9 | 20.5 | 42.3 | 10.4 | 21.8 |
| C | elbow circumference | 23.0 | 1.8 | 17.1 | 32.2 | 7.8 | 15.1 |
| E | wrist circumference | 15.3 | 1.1 | 12.6 | 24.3 | 7.2 | 11.7 |
|  | hand circumference | 21.4 | 1.2 | 12.3 | 26.9 | 5.6 | 14.6 |
|  | back neck circumference | 16.0 | 1.2 | 13.0 | 21.6 | 7.5 | 8.6 |

<Table 2> Continue
(unit: $\mathrm{cm}, \mathrm{n}=1,095$ )

(2) Analysis of Body Index Value of HighFrequence Group
<Table 3> is the results of analysis on the index values of 99 items including the height item over stature, the breadth item over stature and waist breadth, the thickness item over stature and waist depth, the circumference item over stature and bust circumference, and the length item over stature for high-frequency
group. <Figure 1> is the front proportion view for High-Frequence group.
The stature of the average Chinese woman belonging to the high-frequency group is 7.09 times as long as the length of the head. The high-frequency group had proportion that the stature and waist height ration was 1.6 : 1 , the ratio of the stature-waist height : waist height was shown to be $1: 1.67$. The ratio of
stature-chin height : stature-arm pit height : stature-breast height : stature-waist height : stature-hip height : stature-knee height had the ratio of $1: 1.82: 2.04: 2.65: 3.6$ : 5.18, shoulder height-breast height : breast height-waist height : waist height-hip height had the ratio of $1: 0.85: 1.31$, and stature-chin height : chin height-arm pit height : arm pit height-waist height : waist height-hip height had the ratio of $1: 0.83$ : 0.84 : 0.95.

The ratio of breast breadth: neck breadth was 2.25 : 1, the ratio of shoulder breadth : horizontal length between nipples : waist breadth : hip breadth was 1.42 : 0.72 : 1 : 1.36, the thickness ratio of breast : waist : hip was 1.19: 1: 1.12.

Lower neck size : breast size : waist size : hip size had the proportion of $1: 2.33: 1.91$ : 2.45 , respectively, and the ratio of front center length : back length was 1 : 1.16, and the length of armpit point length and armpit back point length was the proportion of $1: 1.05$.
<Table 3> Analysis of Body Index Value of High-Frequence Group

$$
(n=1,095)
$$

| $\qquad$ <br> Item |  | M | SD | Min. Value | Max. <br> Value | Coefficient of Variation | Range |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| H | chin height/stature | 85.9 | . 8 | 83.5 | 87.9 | 0.9 | 4.4 |
|  | front cervical height/stature | 81.9 | 1.2 | 66.8 | 88.6 | 1.5 | 21.8 |
|  | chest height/stature | 76.7 | 1.3 | 63.8 | 96.2 | 1.7 | 32.4 |
|  | bust height/stature | 71.3 | 1.3 | 67.1 | 75.0 | 1.8 | 7.9 |
|  | bust-below height/stature | 68.1 | 1.6 | 44.8 | 78.0 | 2.3 | 33.1 |
|  | waist height/stature | 62.6 | 1.1 | 59.0 | 66.0 | 1.8 | 7.0 |
|  | waist height(Omphalion)/stature | 58.5 | 1.5 | 38.3 | 64.7 | 2.6 | 26.4 |
| EIG | abdomen height/stature | 55.7 | 1.4 | 47.7 | 62.8 | 2.5 | 15.0 |
|  | lliac spine height/stature | 58.2 | 1.8 | 44.8 | 66.3 | 3.1 | 21.5 |
|  | crotch height/stature | 44.9 | 1.7 | 19.3 | 63.1 | 3.8 | 43.8 |
|  | knee height/stature | 26.9 | 1.2 | 19.5 | 30.2 | 4.5 | 10.6 |
|  | side cervical height/stature | 84.7 | 1.3 | 64.9 | 91.8 | 1.5 | 26.8 |
|  | shoulder height/stature | 81.5 | 1.1 | 69.5 | 88.8 | 1.3 | 19.3 |
|  | axilla height/stature | 74.3 | 2.2 | 65.8 | 107.6 | 3.0 | 41.8 |
|  | back cervical height/stature | 85.2 | 1.3 | 75.5 | 104.4 | 1.5 | 28.9 |
|  | hip height/stature | 49.2 | 1.3 | 45.0 | 52.7 | 2.6 | 7.6 |
|  | gluteal height/stature | 43.7 | 2.4 | 18.8 | 63.8 | 5.5 | 45.0 |
|  | thigh height/stature | 45.4 | 2.6 | 37.0 | 67.1 | 5.7 | 30.1 |
|  | calf height/stature | 19.8 | 1.3 | 11.0 | 36.4 | 6.6 | 25.4 |
|  | (Stature minus chin height)/stature | 14.1 | . 8 | 12.1 | 16.5 | 5.7 | 4.4 |
| B | cervical breadth/stature | 7.6 | . 6 | 6.2 | 12.9 | 7.9 | 6.6 |
|  | cervical breadth/waist breadth | 50.7 | 5.7 | 35.0 | 84.2 | 11.2 | 49.2 |
|  | shoulder breadth/stature | 21.4 | 1.0 | 18.7 | 24.8 | 4.7 | 6.1 |
| R | shoulder breadth/waist breadth | 142.5 | 12.1 | 113.2 | 176.0 | 8.5 | 62.8 |
|  | chest breadth/stature | 18.0 | 1.4 | 13.0 | 24.9 | 7.8 | 11.9 |
| A | chest breadth/waist breadth | 119.4 | 9.2 | 87.2 | 170.1 | 7.7 | 82.8 |
|  | bust breadth/stature | 17.1 | 1.5 | 10.6 | 37.5 | 8.8 | 26.8 |
| D | bust breadth/waist breadth | 113.6 | 7.4 | 71.8 | 241.8 | 6.5 | 170.1 |
| T | bust-below breadth/stature | 16.3 | 1.2 | 12.4 | 20.2 | 7.4 | 7.8 |
| H | bust-below breadth/waist breadth | 108.2 | 6.0 | 78.1 | 139.4 | 5.5 | 61.3 |
|  | waist breadth/stature | 15.1 | 1.5 | 11.8 | 19.9 | 9.9 | 8.1 |
|  | abdomen breadth/stature | 19.4 | 1.5 | 12.8 | 26.1 | 7.7 | 13.2 |

Journal of Fashion Business Vol.10, No. 6
<Table 3> Continue
( $\mathrm{n}=1,095$ )

<Table 3> Continue
( $\mathrm{n}=1,095$ )

| Item |  | M | SD | Min. Value | Max. <br> Value | Coefficient of Variation | Range |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LENGT$H$ | bishoulder, upperarm, to axilla length/stature | 7.7 | . 8 | 5.2 | 12.5 | 10.4 | 7.3 |
|  | upperarm length/stature | 18.8 | . 9 | 12.1 | 24.5 | 4.8 | 12.4 |
|  | arm length/stature | 33.2 | 1.3 | 9.8 | 39.5 | 3.9 | 29.7 |
|  | waist to hip length/stature | 14.0 | 1.2 | 7.4 | 20.5 | 8.6 | 13.1 |
|  | outside waist mallelous length/stature | 59.8 | 1.3 | 46.5 | 64.7 | 2.2 | 18.2 |
|  | outside leg length/stature | 63.6 | 1.3 | 51.6 | 70.7 | 2.0 | 19.1 |
|  | back cervical to outside shoulder length/stature | 12.1 | . 7 | 9.6 | 14.1 | 5.8 | 4.5 |
|  | side cervical to outside shoulder length/stature | 8.0 | . 6 | 6.1 | 11.9 | 7.5 | 5.8 |
|  | bishoulder length/stature | 24.8 | 1.4 | 17.6 | 30.9 | 5.6 | 13.3 |
|  | back interscye, length/stature | 22.6 | 1.6 | 17.9 | 32.3 | 7.1 | 14.5 |
|  | back interscye fold, length/stature | 21.8 | 1.9 | 16.5 | 27.9 | 8.7 | 11.4 |
|  | scye depth/stature | 11.6 | 1.1 | 8.6 | 22.9 | 9.5 | 14.3 |
|  | waist back length/stature | 23.8 | 1.2 | 18.6 | 28.6 | 5.0 | 10.0 |
|  | total length/stature | 86.6 | 1.4 | 73.2 | 94.8 | 1.6 | 21.6 |
|  | bishoulder to scye, length/stature | 16.1 | 1.1 | 12.2 | 25.9 | 6.8 | 13.7 |
|  | cervical to waist length/stature | 25.5 | 1.2 | 19.6 | 30.5 | 4.7 | 10.9 |
|  | bishoulder, scapular, to back waist length/stature | 25.6 | 1.4 | 17.5 | 32.7 | 5.5 | 15.3 |
|  | back waist to gluteal fold, length /stature | 20.0 | 1.2 | 13.0 | 27.5 | 6.0 | 14.4 |
|  | thigh vertical length/stature | 17.3 | 1.0 | 11.3 | 20.9 | 5.8 | 9.6 |
|  | (back neck circumference/2+side neck to waist circumference length)/stature | 30.2 | 1.4 | 22.4 | 34.9 | 4.6 | 12.5 |
|  | (back neck circumference/2+side neck to bust point length)/stature | 21.6 | 1.5 | 17.6 | 29.5 | 6.9 | 11.9 |

## 2. Setting proportional demension standards of High-Frequence group of Chinese women

1) Decision and analysis of the items in the proportional dimension standards
(1) Decision of the items in the proportional dimension standards

The items that are thought to be the standard items for the proportional dimension standards and the items thought important in the making of the patterns for the clothing were divided into mainly circumference items and length items, and a total of 23 items were presented in <Table 4>. The circumference items use half of the dimension in time of the
production of patterns, the half measure of each items was used to make the 9 items including the (chest circumference)/2, and for the length items 14 items were selected by stature/7.09 as the average Chinese woman has a stature of 7.09 times of the length of her head. The measure of the length items in the proportional dimension standards for Chinese women was selected by the proportion to their stature, and the measure of the circumference items was selected by the proportion to the (chest circumference)/2. Therefore, the (chest circumference)/2 was selected as the representative item for the proportional dimension standard.


* stature : waist height $=a: f=1.6: 1$
* stature-waist height : waist height $=a-f: f=1$ : 1.67
* stature-chin height : stature-axilla height : staturebust height : stature-waist height : stature-hip height : stature-knee height
= a-b: a-d: a-e : a-f : a-g : a-h = $1: 1.82$ : $2.04: 2.65: 3.6: 5.18$
* shoulder height-bust height : bust height-waist height : waist height-hip height
$=c-e: e-f: f-g=1: 0.85: 1.31$
* stature-chin height : chin height-axilla height : axilla height-waist height : waist height-hip height $=a-b: b-d: d-f: f-g=1: 0.83: 0.84: 0.95$
* bust breadth : cervical breadth $=\mathrm{k}: \mathrm{i}=2.25: 1$
* shoulder breadth : bust point-bust point : waist breadth : hip breadth
= j: I : m:n=1.42: 0.72: $1: 1.36$
<Figure 1> The Front Proportion View for High-Frequence Group
<Table 4> The Items in the Proportional Dimension Standards

| Item | Item |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| stature |  | chest circumference/2 |
| stature/7.09 | C | waist circumference/2 |
| waist back length | R | hip circumference/2 |
| waist to hip length | C | bust circumference/2 |
| E cervical to waist length | c | bust point-bust point |
| $N$ back neck circumference/2+cervical to waist length |  | neck base circumference |
| G cervical to breast point length | F | front interscye fold, length/2 |
| G back neck circumference/2+cervical to breast point length | F | back interscye fold, length/2 |
| back cervical height-knee height | R | axilla depth |
| H back cervical height-hip height | E |  |
| arm length | N |  |
| waist height-knee height | N |  |
| waist height | E |  |
| waist height-crotch height |  |  |

- Shadow part: the representative item in the dimension standard.
(2) Analysis of the items of the proportion dimension standards
<Table 5> The average measure of Chinese High Frequency group women in the items related to the dimension standards
(unit: cm, $\mathrm{n}=1,095$ )

| Item |  | M | SD | Min. Value | Max. <br> Value | Coefficient of Variation | Range |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CIRCUMFERENCE | chest circumference/2 | 42.7 | 2.9 | 35.3 | 53.0 | 6.8 | 17.7 |
|  | waist circumference/2 | 35.8 | 4.1 | 25.8 | 55.0 | 11.5 | 29.3 |
|  | hip circumference/2 | 46.0 | 2.8 | 31.6 | 59.7 | 6.1 | 28.1 |
|  | bust circumference/2 | 43.6 | 3.5 | 35.4 | 56.0 | 8.0 | 20.7 |
|  | (bust point) ~ (bust point) | 17.6 | 1.8 | 13.3 | 25.0 | 10.2 | 11.7 |
|  | neck base circumference | 37.4 | 2.0 | 31.2 | 44.5 | 5.3 | 13.3 |
|  | front interscye fold, length/2 | 16.5 | 1.1 | 11.8 | 20.2 | 6.7 | 8.4 |
|  | back interscye fold, length/2 | 17.3 | 1.4 | 13.2 | 21.9 | 8.1 | 8.7 |
|  | axilla depth | 10.4 | 1.3 | 6.8 | 17.3 | 12.5 | 10.5 |
| $\begin{aligned} & L \\ & E \\ & N \\ & N \\ & G \\ & T \\ & H \end{aligned}$ | stature | 158.9 | 5.4 | 140.5 | 178.7 | 3.4 | 38.2 |
|  | stature/7.09 | 22.4 | . 8 | 19.8 | 25.2 | 3.6 | 5.4 |
|  | waist back length | 37.7 | 2.0 | 30.5 | 48.5 | 5.3 | 18.0 |
|  | waist to hip length | 22.3 | 2.1 | 11.8 | 33.3 | 9.4 | 21.5 |
|  | cervical to waist length | 40.0 | 2.2 | 26.5 | 48.4 | 5.5 | 21.9 |
|  | back neck circumference/2+cervical to waist length | 48.0 | 2.3 | 33.8 | 55.9 | 4.8 | 22.1 |
|  | cervical to breast point length | 26.3 | 2.2 | 20.7 | 37.7 | 8.4 | 17.0 |
|  | back neck circumference/2+cervical to breast point length | 34.3 | 2.4 | 28.0 | 45.9 | 7.0 | 17.9 |
|  | back cervical height-knee height | 92.7 | 4.0 | 76.0 | 116.6 | 4.3 | 40.6 |
|  | back cervical height-hip height | 57.2 | 3.1 | 44.3 | 85.4 | 5.4 | 41.1 |
|  | arm length | 52.7 | 2.7 | 15.4 | 60.6 | 5.1 | 45.2 |
|  | waist height-knee height | 56.8 | 3.1 | 46.0 | 71.6 | 5.5 | 25.6 |
|  | waist height | 99.5 | 4.2 | 83.9 | 115.1 | 4.2 | 31.2 |
|  | waist height-crotch height | 28.1 | 2.8 | -3.9 | 65.7 | 10.0 | 69.6 |

<Table 5> shows the average, standard deviation, minimum value, maximum value, coefficient of variation and extent of the high frequency group for the 23 items related to the proportion dimension standards that are used for the establishment of the proportional dimension standards for Chinese women. The average stature was 158.9 cm with minimum measure of 140.5 cm and maximum measure of 178.7 cm . The average (chest circumference)/2 was 42.7 cm with minimum measure of 35.3 cm and maximum measure of 53 cm .
2) Decision of the size according to the proportion
(1) Analysis of the proportion of the stature and (chest circumference)/2.
The size in the proportion dimension standards was set by the representative stature and chest circumference/2 and in the decision of the size, too, it was decided by the proportion of stature to the chest circumference/2. To decrease the deviation between each size when selecting the size, the statures of Chinese women were divided
at an interval of 1.5 cm to cover the minimum and maximum stature with the standard of the average stature of 158.92 cm of the High Frequency group. With the idea that a tall person will have a wide bust and a short person will have a narrow bust to have a generally balanced beautiful body, the proportion index value of 26.9 between stature and (chest circumference)/2 was found out to select each size of the proportion of the High Frequency group, of which result is shown in <Table 6>.
(2) Selection of the size of the proportional dimension standards

As the measure of stature and chest circumference $/ 2$ is an important measure that decided the size of the dimension standards, the measure of stature and chest circumference $/ 2$ is adjusted little by little as long as the proportion is not changed. And then the final sizes of the proportional dimension standards for Chinese women are selected as shown in <Table 7>. The basic size of the proportional
<Table 6> Measure of (chest circumference)/2 per each range of stature according to the proportion of stature and (chest circumference) $/ 2$
(unit: cm, $n=1,095$ )

| stature | chest circumference/2 | index of (chest circumference/2)/stature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 140.92 | 37.91 | 26.9 |
| 142.42 | 38.31 | 26.9 |
| 143.92 | 38.71 | 26.9 |
| 145.42 | 39.12 | 26.9 |
| 146.92 | 39.52 | 26.9 |
| 148.42 | 39.92 | 26.9 |
| 149.92 | 40.33 | 26.9 |
| 151.42 | 40.73 | 26.9 |
| 152.92 | 41.14 | 26.9 |
| 154.42 | 41.54 | 26.9 |
| 155.92 | 41.94 | 26.9 |
| 157.42 | 42.35 | 26.9 |
| 158.92 | 42.75 | 26.9 |
| 160.42 | 43.15 | 26.9 |
| 161.92 | 43.56 | 26.9 |
| 163.42 | 43.96 | 26.9 |
| 164.92 | 44.36 | 26.9 |
| 166.42 | 44.77 | 26.9 |
| 167.92 | 45.17 | 26.9 |
| 169.42 | 45.57 | 26.9 |
| 170.92 | 45.98 | 26.9 |
| 172.42 | 46.38 | 26.9 |
| 173.92 | 46.78 | 26.9 |
| 175.42 | 47.19 | 26.9 |
| 176.92 | 47.59 | 26.9 |
| 178.42 | 47.99 | 26.9 |
| 179.92 | 48.40 | 26.9 |

- Shadow part: Average measure of the High Frequency group.
dimension standards for Chinese women was decided as averages of stature and chest circumference/2 were 159 cm and 42.8 cm respectively. And then other sizes were decided with a deviation of 1.5 cm for the stature and 0.4 cm for the chest circumference $/ 2$.

3) Setting proportional demension standars for Chinese women
(1) Proportion analysis of dimension standards items

With the idea that a bigger size will have a larger measure per each part and a smaller size will have a less measure per each part to have a generally balanced body, the chest circumference $/ 2$ and the proportion of circumference items and the proportion of stature and length items were analyzed on the basis of the item measure of each part of the basic size in order to select the measure of each size that has the same proportion as the High Frequency group of Chinese women,
<Table 7> Selection of the size of the proportional dimension standards
(unit: cm, $\mathrm{n}=1,095$ )

| stature | Newly adjusted <br> stature | chest <br> circumference/2 | Newly adjusted (chest <br> circumference)/2 | index |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 140.92 | 141.0 | 37.91 | 38.0 | 26.9 |
| 142.42 | 142.5 | 38.31 | 38.4 | 26.9 |
| 143.92 | 144.0 | 38.71 | 38.8 | 26.9 |
| 145.42 | 145.5 | 39.12 | 39.2 | 26.9 |
| 146.92 | 147.0 | 39.52 | 39.6 | 26.9 |
| 148.42 | 148.5 | 39.92 | 40.0 | 26.9 |
| 149.92 | 150.0 | 40.33 | 40.4 | 26.9 |
| 151.42 | 151.5 | 40.73 | 40.8 | 26.9 |
| 152.92 | 153.0 | 41.14 | 41.2 | 26.9 |
| 154.42 | 154.5 | 41.54 | 41.6 | 26.9 |
| 155.92 | 156.0 | 41.94 | 42.0 | 26.9 |
| 157.42 | 157.5 | 42.35 | 42.4 | 26.9 |
| 158.92 | 159.0 | 42.75 | 42.8 | 26.9 |
| 160.42 | 160.5 | 43.15 | 43.2 | 26.9 |
| 161.92 | 162.0 | 43.56 | 43.6 | 26.9 |
| 163.42 | 163.5 | 43.96 | 44.0 | 26.9 |
| 164.92 | 165.0 | 44.36 | 44.4 | 26.9 |
| 166.42 | 166.5 | 44.77 | 44.8 | 26.9 |
| 167.92 | 168.0 | 45.17 | 45.2 | 26.9 |
| 169.42 | 169.5 | 45.57 | 45.6 | 26.9 |
| 170.92 | 171.0 | 45.98 | 46.0 | 26.9 |
| 172.42 | 172.5 | 46.38 | 46.4 | 26.9 |
| 173.92 | 174.0 | 46.78 | 46.8 | 26.9 |
| 175.42 | 175.5 | 47.19 | 47.2 | 26.9 |
| 176.92 | 177.0 | 47.59 | 47.6 | 26.9 |
| 178.42 | 178.5 | 47.99 | 48.0 | 26.9 |
| 179.92 | 180.0 | 48.40 | 48.4 | 26.9 |

- Shadow part: adjusted size of dimension standards. Bold underline: basic size.
of which result is shown in $\langle$ Table 8$\rangle$. It was shown that the ratio of waist circumference/2 to the chest circumference $/ 2$ was $83.6 \%$, the hip circumference/2 to the chest circumference /2 was $107.9 \%$ and the bust circumference/2 to the chest circumference/2 was $102.2 \%$. In addition, the waist back length to stature was $23.8 \%$, the waist to hip length to stature was $14 \%$ and the arm length to stature was $33.2 \%$. The waist height was $62.6 \%$ and the difference between the back cervical height and hip height and that of between the waist
height and knee height were $36.0 \%$ and $35.8 \%$ respectively, thus having a similar ratio.
(2) Selection of measure per items of the proportional dimension standards

The proportion of chest circumference/2 and circumference and the proportion of stature and length were analyzed on the basis of the item measure per each part of the basic size which is the average measure of the High Frequency group. in order to select the measure of each size of the proportion of
<Table 8> Proportion on items related to dimension standards

$$
(n=1,095)
$$

| Item |  | M | SD | Min. Value | Max. <br> Value | Coefficient of Variation | Range |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { BA } \\ \text { SIC } \end{array}$ | (chest circumference/2)/stature | 26.9 | 1.9 | 22.2 | 32.6 | 7.1 | 10.4 |
|  | (waist circumference/2)/(chest circumference/2) | 83.6 | 5.4 | 65.7 | 131.0 | 6.5 | 65.2 |
|  | (hip circumference/2)/(chest circumference/2) | 107.9 | 4.9 | 71.4 | 128.0 | 4.5 | 56.6 |
|  | (bust circumference/2)/(chest circumference/2) | 102.2 | 3.4 | 79.8 | 123.6 | 3.3 | 43.8 |
|  | bust point-bust point/(chest circumference/2) | 41.2 | 3.6 | 30.2 | 58.6 | 8.7 | 28.4 |
|  | neck base circumference/(chest circumference/2) | 87.9 | 4.5 | 72.4 | 106.8 | 5.1 | 34.4 |
|  | (front interscye fold, length/2) /(chest circumference/2) | 38.8 | 2.6 | 22.7 | 47.8 | 6.7 | 25.0 |
|  | (back interscye fold, length/2) /(chest circumference/2) | 40.7 | 2.2 | 31.8 | 48.4 | 5.4 | 16.6 |
|  | axilla depth/(chest circumference/2) | 24.3 | 2.1 | 16.2 | 36.2 | 8.6 | 20.0 |
|  | waist back length/stature | 23.8 | 1.2 | 18.6 | 28.6 | 5.0 | 10.0 |
|  | waist to hip length/stature | 14.0 | 1.2 | 7.4 | 20.5 | 8.6 | 13.1 |
|  | cervical to waist length/stature | 25.2 | 1.3 | 17.6 | 29.6 | 5.2 | 12.0 |
|  | (back neck circumference/2+cervical to wais length)/stature | 30.2 | 1.4 | 22.4 | 34.9 | 4.6 | 12.5 |
|  | cervical to breast point length/stature | 16.5 | 1.4 | 12.7 | 24.2 | 8.5 | 11.6 |
|  | (back neck circumference/2+cervical to breas point length)/stature | 21.6 | 1.5 | 17.6 | 29.5 | 6.9 | 11.9 |
|  | (back cervical height-knee height)/stature | 58.3 | 1.7 | 46.9 | 78.2 | 2.9 | 31.2 |
|  | (back cervical height-hip height)/stature | 36.0 | 1.8 | 27.3 | 57.2 | 5.0 | 29.9 |
|  | arm length/stature | 33.2 | 1.3 | 9.8 | 39.5 | 3.9 | 29.7 |
|  | (waist height-knee height)/stature | 35.8 | 1.4 | 31.1 | 44.4 | 3.9 | 13.3 |
|  | waist height/stature | 62.6 | 1.1 | 59.0 | 66.0 | 1.8 | 7.0 |
|  | (waist height-crotch height)/stature | 17.7 | 1.7 | -2.5 | 42.7 | 9.6 | 45.1 |

Kim, Eun-Hee • Sohn, Hee-Soon / A Study on the Body Proportion and Proportional Dimension Standards for Chinese Women
the Chinese women who belonged to the High Frequency group. The proportional dimension standards of Chinese women selected by the measure of items that has the same proportion per each part in each size are shown in <Table 9>.

The basic size of proportional demension standars for Chinese women had the stature of 159 cm , chest girth $/ 2$ of 42.8 cm , waist girth $/ 2$ of 35.8 cm , hip girth $/ 2$ of 46.2 cm , breast girth $/ 2$ of 43.7 cm , nipple horizontal length of 17.6 cm ,
lower neck size of 37.6 cm , (front armpit point length)/2 of 16.6 cm , (back armpit point length) $/ 2$ of 17.4 cm , and armpit thickness of 10.4 cm .

The length category had the length of the back of 17.8 cm , hip side length of 22.3 cm , neck side nipple waist size length of 40.1 cm , back neck size/2+ side neck nipple waist size length of 48 cm , neck side nipple length of 26.2 cm , back neck size $/ 2+$ side neck nipple length of 34.3 cm , and arm length of 52.8 cm .
<Table 9> Proportional dimension standards for Chinese women
(unit: cm, $\mathrm{n}=1,095$ )

| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \hline \text { CIRC } \\ & \text { UMF } \\ & \text { ERE } \\ & \text { NCE } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | stature | chest circumfe rence/2 | waist circumfer ence/2 | hip circumfer ence/2 | bust circumfe rence/2 |  | neck <br> base <br> circumfer <br> ence | front interscye fold, length/2 | back interscye fold, length/2 | axilla depth |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $S$1$Z$E | 141.0 | 38.0 | 31.8 | 41.0 | 38.8 | 15.7 | 33.4 | 14.7 | 15.5 | 9.2 |
|  | 142.5 | 38.4 | 32.1 | 41.4 | 39.2 | 15.8 | 33.8 | 14.9 | 15.6 | 9.3 |
|  | 144.0 | 38.8 | 32.4 | 41.9 | 39.7 | 16.0 | 34.1 | 15.1 | 15.8 | 9.4 |
|  | 145.5 | 39.2 | 32.8 | 42.3 | 40.1 | 16.2 | 34.5 | 15.2 | 16.0 | 9.5 |
|  | 147.0 | 39.6 | 33.1 | 42.7 | 40.5 | 16.3 | 34.8 | 15.4 | 16.1 | 9.6 |
|  | 148.5 | 40.0 | 33.4 | 43.2 | 40.9 | 16.5 | 35.2 | 15.5 | 16.3 | 9.7 |
|  | 150.0 | 40.4 | 33.8 | 43.6 | 41.3 | 16.6 | 35.5 | 15.7 | 16.4 | 9.8 |
|  | 151.5 | 40.8 | 34.1 | 44.0 | 41.7 | 16.8 | 35.9 | 15.8 | 16.6 | 9.9 |
|  | 153.0 | 41.2 | 34.4 | 44.5 | 42.1 | 17.0 | 36.2 | 16.0 | 16.8 | 10.0 |
|  | 154.5 | 41.6 | 34.8 | 44.9 | 42.5 | 17.1 | 36.6 | 16.1 | 16.9 | 10.1 |
|  | 156.0 | 42.0 | 35.1 | 45.3 | 42.9 | 17.3 | 36.9 | 16.3 | 17.1 | 10.2 |
|  | 157.5 | 42.4 | 35.4 | 45.7 | 43.3 | 17.5 | 37.3 | 16.5 | 17.3 | 10.3 |
|  | 159.0 | 42.8 | 35.8 | 46.2 | 43.7 | 17.6 | 37.6 | 16.6 | 17.4 | 10.4 |
|  | 160.5 | 43.2 | 36.1 | 46.6 | 44.2 | 17.8 | 38.0 | 16.8 | 17.6 | 10.5 |
|  | 162.0 | 43.6 | 36.4 | 47.0 | 44.6 | 18.0 | 38.3 | 16.9 | 17.7 | 10.6 |
|  | 163.5 | 44.0 | 36.8 | 47.5 | 45.0 | 18.1 | 38.7 | 17.1 | 17.9 | 10.7 |
|  | 165.0 | 44.4 | 37.1 | 47.9 | 45.4 | 18.3 | 39.0 | 17.2 | 18.1 | 10.8 |
|  | 166.5 | 44.8 | 37.5 | 48.3 | 45.8 | 18.5 | 39.4 | 17.4 | 18.2 | 10.9 |
|  | 168.0 | 45.2 | 37.8 | 48.8 | 46.2 | 18.6 | 39.7 | 17.5 | 18.4 | 11.0 |
|  | 169.5 | 45.6 | 38.1 | 49.2 | 46.6 | 18.8 | 40.1 | 17.7 | 18.6 | 11.1 |
|  | 171.0 | 46.0 | 38.5 | 49.6 | 47.0 | 19.0 | 40.4 | 17.8 | 18.7 | 11.2 |
|  | 172.5 | 46.4 | 38.8 | 50.1 | 47.4 | 19.1 | 40.8 | 18.0 | 18.9 | 11.3 |
|  | 174.0 | 46.8 | 39.1 | 50.5 | 47.8 | 19.3 | 41.1 | 18.2 | 19.0 | 11.4 |
|  | 175.5 | 47.2 | 39.5 | 50.9 | 48.2 | 19.4 | 41.5 | 18.3 | 19.2 | 11.5 |
|  | 177.0 | 47.6 | 39.8 | 51.4 | 48.6 | 19.6 | 41.8 | 18.5 | 19.4 | 11.6 |
|  | 178.5 | 48.0 | 40.1 | 51.8 | 49.1 | 19.8 | 42.2 | 18.6 | 19.5 | 11.7 |
|  | 180.0 | 48.4 | 40.5 | 52.2 | 49.5 | 19.9 | 42.5 | 18.8 | 19.7 | 11.8 |

- Shadow part: size of dimension standards. Bold underline: basic size.
<Table 9> Continue
(unit: $\mathrm{cm}, \mathrm{n}=1,095$ )


- Shadow part: size of dimension standards. Bold underline: basic size.

The deviation of each item in the proportional dimension standards is 1.5 cm for stature, 0.4 cm for chest circumference $/ 2$ which represent each size of the proportional dimension standards. In addition, the waist circumference/2 usually has 0.3 cm or 0.4 cm deviation, and the hip circumference/2 and bust circumference/2
have 0.4 cm or 0.5 cm deviation. The bust point -bust point length and the front interscye fold length/2 usually have 0.2 cm or 0.1 cm deviation, and the back neck circumference has 0.3 cm and 0.4 cm deviation alternately. The back interscye fold length $/ 2$ has a deviation of $0.1 \mathrm{~cm} \sim 0.2 \mathrm{~cm}$, and the axilla depth has a deviation of 0.1 cm .

In the length items, the waist back length has a deviation of $0.3 \sim 0.4 \mathrm{~cm}$, the waist to hip length and the waist height-crotch height usually have a deviation of 0.2 cm or 0.3 cm . The cervical to waist length usually has a deviation of 0.4 cm or 0.3 cm . The back neck circumference $/ 2+$ cervical to waist length has a deviation of 0.4 cm and 0.5 cm alternately. The cervical to breast point length has a deviation of $0.2 \sim 0.3 \mathrm{~cm}$, and the back neck circumference /2+cervical to breast point length usually has a deviation of 0.3 cm or 0.4 cm . The back cervical height-knee height usually has a deviation of 0.9 cm or 0.8 cm . The back cervical height-hip height and waist height-knee height usually have a deviation of 0.5 cm or 0.6 cm . The arm length has 0.5 cm deviation. The waist height usually has a deviation of 0.9 cm or 1 cm .

## IV. Conclusions

1. The rohrer's index, breadth difference, thickness difference, height ratio and head-body index are analyzed to have the district with $1 \%$ or higher distribution of subjects as selected for High-frequence district, and it extracted a total of 1,095 (79.3\% of entirety) persons for HighFrequence group.
2. The stature of the average Chinese woman belonging to the High Frequency group is 7.09 times the length of the head. High-frequency group had proportion that the stature and waist height ratio was 1.6 : 1, the ratio of the stature-waist height : waist height was shown to be 1: 1.67.
3. For the decision of the proportional dimension standards, the 23 items that are thought important for division of the proportional dimension standards and the items thought important in the making of the patterns for the clothing were selected.
4. To extract each size that has the same proportion with the high-frequency group, 26.9 is obtained as a proportional index, which was calculated using stature and breast girth/2 of the high-frequency group. Obtained were the sizes of breast girth/2 that have the same proportion depending on the interval of 1.5 cm for stature. They were selected for the number of proportional dimension standards. The basic number of proportional dimension standards of Chinese women was in the average of high-frequency group with the stature of 159 cm and chest girth/2 for 42.8 cm with the standard deviation of 1.5 cm for stature and chest girth $/ 2$ of 0.4 cm .
5. In order to extract the size of each with the same proportion with high-frequency group, it has the average of high-frequency group, Namely, based on the category figure for each part of the basic average figure, the size for each category is extracted to meet the proportion with chest size/2, height and length.
The basic size of proportional dimension standards for Chinese women had the stature of 159 cm , chest size/2 of 42.8 cm , waist size/2 of 35.8 cm , hip size $/ 2$ of 46.2 cm , breast size/2 of 43.7 cm , nipple horizontal length of 17.6 cm , lower neck size of 37.6 cm , front armpit point length/2 of 16.6 cm , back armpit point length/2 of 17.4 cm , and armpit thickness of 10.4 cm .

The length category had the length of the back of 37.8 cm , hip side length of 22.3 cm , neck side nipple waist size length of 40.1 cm , back neck size/2+ side neck nipple waist size length of 48 cm , neck side nipple length of 26.2 cm , back neck size/2+ side neck nipple length of 34.3 cm , and arm length of 52.8 cm .
limitations and recommendation for future studies are as follows.

1) This study is mainly subjected to 1,095 people who are 19-50 of age and live in Beijing and Shanghai and there should be cautions taken when expanding the realm.
2) The future study based on extended regions and detailed ages should be conducted to increase the reliability.

## References

1) Fushi Shen, Haekyung Yu (2002), "Clothing Purchasing Behavior and Life Style of Korean-Chinese College Students in YanBian Region of China", Journal of the Korean Society of Clothing and Textiles, Vol. 26 No.8, pp.1141-1152.
2) Hye-Won, Park, Chun-Ji Zhang, Hye-Bong Shin (2005), "A Comparative Study on the Clothing Purchase Behavior of Career Women in Big Cities of China Focused on 20-30's Women in Beijing, Shanghai, Shenzhen, and Changchung -", Journal of the Korean Society of Clothing and Textiles, Vol. 29 No.1, pp.124-135.
3) Soon Im, Hee-Soon Sohn, Hye-Jung Seok (2003), "The Comparision of the Body Measurements of Chinese Adult Wemen by the Age - with the Focus on the Wemen Residing in Beiging and Shanghai -", The Research Journal of the

Costume Culture, Vol. 11 No.6, pp.889-991.
4) Hee-Soon Sohn, Hye-Jung Wee, EunHee Kim, Yeon-Kyung Kang (2005), "A Study on the Body Shape of Chinese Adult Women - Focusing on Resident in Beijing and Shanghai -", Journal of Fashion Business, Vol. 9 No.1, pp.137151.
5) Wee Hye Jung (2005), A Study on Development of Apparel Sizing for Chinese Adult Female - focused on the Resident in Beijing and Shanghai -, Graduate School of Sookmyung Women's University.
6) Young-Ja Kwon, Boo-Ja Shim (2003), "Body Size Differences in Variouse Areas of China - Height, Bust Girth, Waist Girth -", Journal of Fashion Business, Vol. 7 No.5, pp.66-82.
7) "The Strategy of Optimizing Sizes of Chinese Fashion Products", (2004), Korea Fashion Industry Association.
8) Soon Im, Hye-Jung Seok (2004), "A Study on the Body Types of Chinese Adult Women (PartII) - With the Focus on the Comparison of the Women Residing in Beijing and Shanghai by the Age Range -", Journal of the Korean Society of Clothing and Textiles, Vol. 28 No.11, pp.1361-1371.
9) Hee-Soon Sohn, Soon Im, Hyo-Sook Kim, Hee-Jung Son, Young-Sook Kim, HeeKyung Jang, and Ryung Jung (1999), "A Study on the Comparison of Apparel Size among Korea, Chinese and Chosunjok College Women", Journal of Fashion Business, Vol. 3 No.4, pp.131-138.
10) Hee Soon Sohn (1989), A Study on Body Types and the Establishment of the Standard Sizes for Korean Middle-Aged

Kim, Eun-Hee • Sohn, Hee-Soon / A Study on the Body Proportion and Proportional Dimension Standards for Chinese Women

Women's Ready-to-wear Clothes, Graduate School of Sookmyung Women's University.
11) Hyoung Sook Lee (1999), A Study on the development of ready-to-wear garment size for their early 20's by body type and basic blocks for women's dress, Graduate School of Sejong University.
12) Jeong Yim Lee (2003), The Study of Standard Body Type for Korean Women at the age between 18 and 24 years old -, Graduate School of Seoul National University.
13) Cui Ming Hai (2002), A Study on the Analysis of Chinese College Women's Body Type for the Establishment of a Sizing System, Graduate School of Seoul National University.

Received 31 August 2006, Accepted 8 November 2006.

