One Newly Recorded Spider of the Genus *Pacifiphantes* from Korea (Araneae: Linyphiidae)

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한국산 Pacifiphantes속의 1 미기록종(거미목: 접시거미과)

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ABSTARCT: One tiny spider species belonging to Linyphiidae, *Pacifiphantes zakharovi* Eskov et Marusik, 1994 is newly recorded to the Korean spider fauna. The genus *Pacifiphantes* is the first record from Korea.

KEY WORDS: Description, Linyphiidae, Pacifiphantes zakharovi, Korea

조 록:지금까지 국내에 알려져 있지 않던 접시거미과의 미기록종인 점봉접시거미(Pacifiphantes zakharovi Eskov et Marusik, 1994)(신칭)을 기재하였다. Pacifiphantes속은 한국에서는 처음으로 기록되는 속이다.

검색어: 기재, 접시거미과, Pacifiphantes zakharovi, 한국

The genus *Pacifiphantes* of Linyphiidae was erected by Eskov and Marusik (1994), who designated as *Pacifiphantes zakharovis* based on the male from southern Russian Far East as type species. To date, only 2 valid species of this genus, *P. magnificus* (Chamberlin et Ivie, 1943) and *P. zakharovi*, has been recorded in the world (Platnick 2004).

The *Pacifiphantes* spiders can be distinguished by the very short embolus and suprategular apophysis as well as by the not protruding epigyne with a clearly delimited parmula (Eskov and Marusik 1994). They are often numerous in the localities where they live, and are not very conspicuous. They live secluded, usually on the ground in forest and bank of stream, in grass and loose ground litter, and build small and delicate webs.

The present paper describe 1 unrecorded spider species *P. zakharovi* belonging to the genus *Pacifiphantes* which is the first record from Korea.

Materials and Methods

The external morphology was examined and illustrated using a stereoscopic microscope; measurements were made with an ocular micrometer in mm. Body measurements are listed as "length × width". Leg measurements are given as Leg # total length (femur, patella+tibia, metatarsus and tarsus). Pedipalp measurements are given as total length (femur, patella+tibia, cymbium). In the leg measurements "-" indicates a missing segment. The following abbreviations are used: E, CS and SA = embolus, cephalothoracic sulci and suprategular apophysis; AER, PER = anterior and posterior eye rows. Female genitalia was illustrated after dissolving extraneous tissue with 10% KOH solution for 24 hours.

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Taxonomic Account

Family Linyphiidae Blackwall, 1859 Genus *Pacifiphantes* Eskov et Marusik, 1994 점봉접시거미속(신청)

Pacifiphantes Eskov & Marusik, 1994: 49, type P. zakharovi Eskov & Marusik, 1994

Pacifiphantes zakharovi Eskov et Marusik, 1994 점봉접시거미(신칭)(Figs. 1-10)

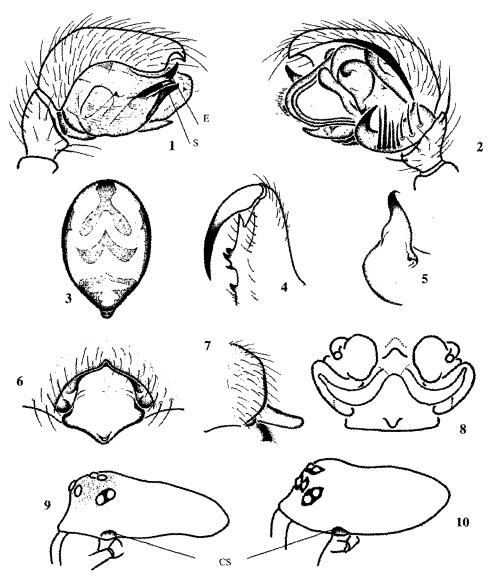
Pacifiphantes zakharovi Eskov & Marusik, 1994: 49,

f. 41-44; Marusik & Koponen, 2000: 62 Kaestneria rahmanni Tao, Li & Zhu, 1995: 247, f. 82-90; Song, Zhu & Chen, 1999: 181, f. 100H-I, M

Specimens Examined - 1 Female and 1 male from Jumbong-san (Mt.), Gangwon-do, Korea (28 August 1999; S.T. Kim and J.H. Lee), deposited in the Laboratory of Insect Ecology, Seoul National University, Seoul, Korea.

Measurements

Female - Body length 1.21. Carapace 0.46×0.39 . Abdomen 0.77×0.56 . Chelicerae 0.84×0.32 . Endite



Figs. 1-10. Pacifiphantes zakharovi Eskov et Marusik, 1994. 1. Left male palp, prolaterial view; 2. Left male palp, retrolateral view; 3. Female abdomen, dorsal view; 4. Male chelicera; 5. Suprategular apophysis of the male palpal organ; 6. Female epigynum, ventral view; 7. Female epigynum, lateral view; 8. Female genitalia, ventral view; 9. Cephalothoracic sulci, male; 10. Cephalothoracic sulci, female.

0.39 × 0.25. Labium 0.21 × 0.05. Sternum 0.84 × 0.74. Eye row length: AER 0.07. PER 0.11. Legs: I, 6.63 (1.86, 2.07, 1.65, 1.05); II, 6.06 (1.75, 1.89, 1.47, 0.95); III, 4.81 (1.40, 1.51, 1.16, 0.74), IV, 6.03 (1.75, 1.86, 1.51, 0.91); Pedipalp, 1.68 (0.49, 0.56, -, 0.63)

Male - Body length 1.19. Carapace 0.60×0.44 . Abdomen 0.63×0.42 . Chelicerae 0.85×0.36 . Endite 0.53×0.32 . Labium 0.23×0.07 . Sternum 0.91×0.88 . Eye row length: AER 0.08. PER 0.11. Legs: I, 8.73 (2.34, 2.56, 1.98, 1.85); II, 7.67 (2.13, 2.20, 2.13, 1.21); III, -(0.99, -, -, -); IV, -(1.35, -, -, -); Pedipalp, 1.64 (0.50, 0.50, -, 0.64).

Description

Female - Carapace dark brown. Cervical groove black and indistinct, and median groove black. Both of the eye rows nearly straight. Cephalothoracic sulci elliptically shaped, located anteriorly on margin of carapace, between chelicerae and pedipalpal trochanters (Fig. 10). Chelicerae dark brown, armed with 5 promarginal teeth and 4 very small retromarginal teeth. Sternum convex, blackish brown. Legs yellowish brown without distinct pattern, leg formula I-II-IV-III. Abdomen ovoid and dull grayish brown, sharply defined black chevron and transverse bar patterns dorsally, venter black, a broad longitudinal stripe laterally. Spinneret dark brown, surrounded with black marking. Posterior median plate of epigynum projected conspicuously as seen laterally (Fig. 7). Genitalia shown in Fig. 8.

Male - Similar to female in general appearance, but with smaller and slender body with longer legs. Position of cephalothoracic sulci as in female (Fig. 9). Chelicerae armed with 4 promarginal teeth, 3 at

middle part in row and 1 at basal part of chelicerae (Fig. 4). Palpal organ with 8 long and thick hairs projected from basal part of J-shaped paracymbium (Fig. 2). Suprategular apophysis hook-shaped (Fig. 5).

Distribution - Korea (Jumbong-san (Mt.), Gangwon-do), China, Russia

Ecological remarks - This species was collected in the plant debris at the mountain side (800 m altitude).

Acknowledgements

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