

2

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## A Preliminary Design of Required Power and Solar Array Sizing for KOMPSAT - 2

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### Abstract

Required power and solar array sizing of KOMPSAT-2 have been analyzed by ASTRIUM and KARI in November, 2000.

There are Electrical Power Subsystem(EPS) design discrepancies between ASTRIUM and Korea Aerospace Research Institute(KARI) according to heritage program, EPS operation concepts, power source and the characteristic of the electrical boxes. To design the power system of KOMPSAT-2, ASTRIUM has used the EPS design of the CHAMP and GlobalStar program. But SSTI, TOMS-EP and KOMPSAT-1's design concepts has been used for KOMPSAT-2 EPS design by the KARI.

To get the design conclusion, there are many trade-off meetings for the EPS sizing using each sides' heritage program and EPS operation concept. And the EPS design factors and approaching methods have been reviewed and discussed. In addition the EPS design results from ASTRIUM and KARI are summarized in this paper.

ASTRIUM 2, 2000 11 ASTRIUM KARI  
 CHAMP GlobalStar  
 가 ASTRIUM  
 가  
 ASTRIUM KARI 2

: (required power), (SA, solar array), (EPS, electrical power subsystem), (PPT, peak power tracking), (DOD, depth of discharge)

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1.

MSC(Multi-Spectral Camera)

20%

30°

56°

(Roll Maneuver)

2000

11

ASTRIUM

1 2

KARI

2

2

TRW

ASTRIUM

2

2

SSTI, TOMS-

CHAMP

GlobalStar

EP,

1

가

TRW

(Worst Case Conditions)

가

ASTRIUM

1

1. KOMPSAT-2 System Requirements

Orbit Parameters	- 3 years mission - 685 km circular orbit - 98.13 degree inclination - 10:50 am local time of ascending node - 98.4 minutes orbit period - 34.6 minutes eclipse - 63.8 minutes sunlight
	Up to 56-degree roll for cartography - ±30 degree roll tilt operation - ±30 degree pitch tilt operation
Science power profile (greatest energy)	
Satellite shadows on the solar array	
Winter solstice solar array temperature	
17.5-degree fixed solar array cant angle	

가

2

ASTRIUM

2

(Request for

Proposal : RFP)

2

(854 Watts

@End-of-Life)

2

SDR

(System Design Review)

1

1

2

2.

2

3.

2

2 가

2

, ASTRIUM KARI

1

2

10:50AM

, 685km

3

, ASTRIUM

1

2

### 3.1. ASTRUM

2  
 2  
 (Power Data Base, 2000  
 10 24 )  
 2  
 , ASTRUM  
 (GlobalStar, CHAMP)  
 ASTRUM

RWA(Reaction Wheel Assembly)  
 : RWA 가  
 가  
 RWA  
 Power DB margin

#### 3.1.1 Power Data Base ASTRUM

ASTRUM  
 2  
 ① MSC 20%  
 : KOMPSAT  
 20% over-design  
 MSC 20% , MSC  
 가  
 가  
 MSC  
 가  
 BOL(Beginin gof Life) EOL(End of Life)

2. KOPMSAT-2 average Load Power

	Orbit Average	Sunlight Average	Eclipse Average
Payload (MSC)	130.40 W	161.53	77.40
EPS	33.18	33.18	33.18
Thermal	69.35	64.97	77.23
TC&R	46.78	50.13	40.76
AOCS	136.71	136.71	136.71
Propulsion	1.1	1.1	1.1
Satellite (BOL)	519.4	570.17	431.04
Satellite (EOL)	417.53	447.62	366.38

가  
 : ASTRUM , BOL  
 EOL  
 가 2  
 BOL heater  
 EOL  
 BOL heater  
 S-Band  
 : S-Band  
 (36.5 watts)

2 ASTRUM  
 2 (Power  
 Data Base @2000.10.24)  
 , BOL EOL  
 가 2 BOL  
 (Satellite avg. Power)  
 519.4 watts , EOL  
 417.53 watts  
 ASTRUM  
 BOL

### 3.1.2 ASTRIUM

ASTRIUM BOL RFP(Request for Proposal) 2  
 570 watts, 431 Global-Star 2  
 watts, (MPPT) (Trickle Charge)  
 , PCU(Power Control Unit) 가  
 PCU 581 watts  
 , 440 watts가  
 PCU 593 watts 1 TRW  
 , 449 watts가  
 ASTRIUM , PCU . ASTRIUM

### 3.2 KARI

$$P_{sg} = P_{sun} + P_{ecl} * Fr * T_{ecl} / T_{sun}$$

$P_{sg}$  : Average Sun Phase Required SG (Power Data Base)  
 Power at PCU Bus

$P_{sun}$  : Average Required Sun Phase Bus  
 Power at PCU Bus

$P_{ecl}$  : Average Required Eclipse Phase Bus  
 Power at PCU Bus

$Fr$  : Battery Energy/Power Recharge Factor

$T_{sun}$  : Duration of Sun Phase

$T_{ecl}$  : Duration of Eclipse Phase 2

#### 3.2.1

PCU (P<sub>sq</sub>) 885 watts 2

(SAR : Solar Array Regulator) PCU , 가 1

971 watts가 971 watts 2  
 watts 10% 1068 watts

ASTRIUM

, 2

1068 watts

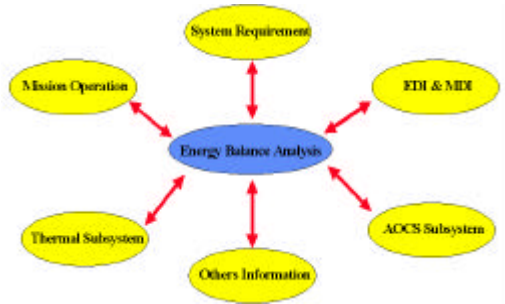
offpoint angle  
 (shadowing)  
 EDI(Electrical Design Integration)  
 standby offpoint angle (shadowing)  
 MDI(Mechanical Design Integration) SDR  
 가  
 SDR 1  
 (Thermal 2  
 Subsystem) offpoint angle

(PPT : Peak Power Tracking),

(Eclipse)

(SAR :

Solar Array Regulator)  
 DET(Direct Energy Transfer)



1. EPS Interface with Others' Subsystem

Eagle-Picher - 37AH  
 : Depth Of Discharge) 25% (DOD

(DOD : Depth of Discharge),

3.2.2

가

가

가

가

가 가

, SS(Summer Solstice)  
 WS(Winter Solstice)

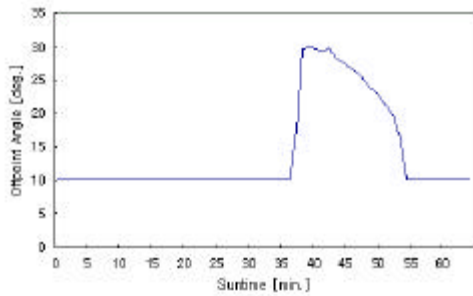
가

EPS Assumptions :

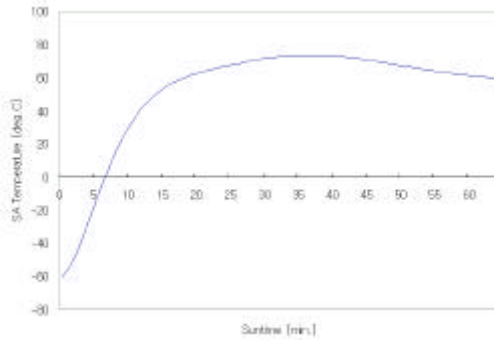
- 3 Yr EOL worst case solar array degradation & design factors
- Summer solstice solar intensity
- Solar array high temperature
- Battery has one shorted cell and lowest battery efficiency

2 (MSC) 20%  
 (Roll/ Pitch Maneuver)

- Spacecraft load profile used with 20-minute station pass over Korea and eclipse power is 366.38 watts
- Solar array offpoint angle
- Solar array shadow is present during most of sunrise
- Solar array clamped to battery voltage for first three minutes of sunrise

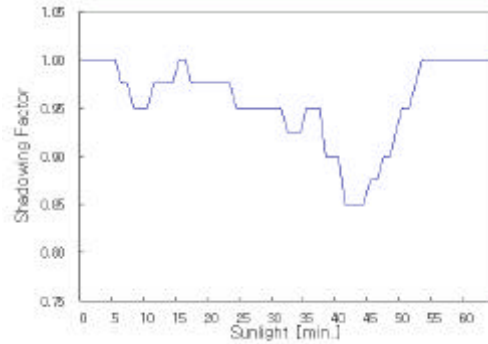


2. Solar Array Offpoint Angle @30° Roll Maneuver



3. Solar Array Temperature Profile @Winter Solstice

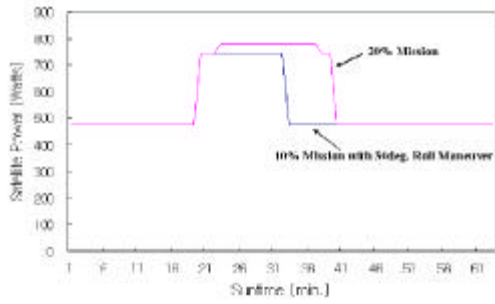
2 30° roll maneuver 10  
 , offpoint angle  
 . 2 , MSC  
 sun pointing  
 30° 가  
 3 2 1  
 , WS(Winter Solstice)  
 -60.5 73.4  
 ASTRIUM



4. Solar Array Shadowing Design Factors @30° Roll Maneuver

3.2.3. 2

4 30° roll maneuver 10  
 2  
 2



5. KOMPSAT-2 Load Profile (MSC 20% Operation)

815watts가

10% 가

896.5

watts @EOL

5 2

MSC

MSC

570

4.

2

20%

2

watts

, 30° roll maneuver

10%

530 watts

RFP

3

854 watts

3. Typical EPS Energy Balance Program Printout (Example)

Tsun (min)	Temp SA (deg C)	Offpoint Angle	Shadowing Factors	SA max pwr(W)	SA pwr for chg(W)	Average chg amps	Charging amp-hrs
0	-60.54	5.00	1.00	617.10	114.59	3.46	0.00
1	-55.68	5.00	1.00	617.10	114.59	3.46	0.06
2	-47.88	5.00	1.00	617.10	114.59	3.46	0.12
3	-37.14	5.00	1.00	617.10	114.59	3.46	0.17
4	-26.02	5.00	1.00	1196.00	693.49	20.97	0.52
5	-14.51	5.00	1.00	1152.45	649.94	19.65	0.85
6	-3.59	5.00	0.98	1081.55	579.04	17.51	1.14
7	6.75	5.00	0.98	1041.66	539.15	16.30	1.41
8	16.00	5.00	0.95	979.14	476.63	14.41	1.65
9	24.18	5.00	0.95	947.27	444.76	13.45	1.88
10	31.33	5.00	0.95	919.24	416.73	12.60	2.09
11	37.45	5.00	0.98	918.53	416.02	12.58	2.30
12	42.70	5.00	0.98	897.20	394.69	11.93	2.50
13	47.08	5.00	0.98	879.13	376.62	11.39	2.69
14	50.77	5.00	0.98	863.99	361.48	10.93	2.87
15	53.76	5.00	1.00	873.29	370.77	11.21	3.06
16	56.27	5.00	1.00	862.70	360.19	10.89	3.24
17	58.31	5.00	0.98	832.60	330.08	9.98	3.40
18	60.05	5.00	0.98	825.50	322.99	9.77	3.57
19	61.50	5.00	0.98	819.52	317.01	9.59	3.73
20	62.77	5.00	0.98	814.41	311.90	9.43	3.88

ASTRIUM KARI

105

, ASTRIUM

:  $\geq 41.8$  volts

: 105 cells

(30.2 inch  $\times$  56 inch)

#### 4.1 ASTRIUM

ASTRIUM

2

340

4

가 가

. 340

2

3

가

1

113

KARI

ASTRIUM

30.2 inch  $\times$  56 inch

112

#### 4.1.1 ASTRIUM

#### 4.1.3 ASTRIUM

: 4cm  $\times$  6.5cm, Silicon Solar Cell (ASE)

#### 4. Solar Cell Characteristic

6 Summer

Solar Cell Data @28°C, EOL, AM0					
Isc	976.0	mA	dIsc/ dT	0.92	mA/ °C
Imp	922.0	mA	dImp/ dT	0.51	mA/ °C
Vmp	495.0	mV	dVmp/ dT	-2.10	mV/ °C
Voc	586.0	mV	dVoc/ dT	-2.10	mV/ °C

ASTRIUM

854 watts

5 ASTRIUM

2

: 61.17°C in

Summer Solstice

- Summer Solstice SA Temperature

:

KARI

- Only MPPT Operation

Winter, Summer Equinox

- Number of Cells/ String : 112 Cells

, solar intensity

- Number of Strings/ Panel : 3 Strings

가

- Number of Panels : 6 Panels

Summer

- Panel Size (used Area) : 1346.2mm $\times$ 716.28mm

- Solar Irradiation : WS=1420W, SS=1320W,

EQ=1353W

#### 4.1.2 ASTRIUM

- Globalstar Silicon Solar Cells

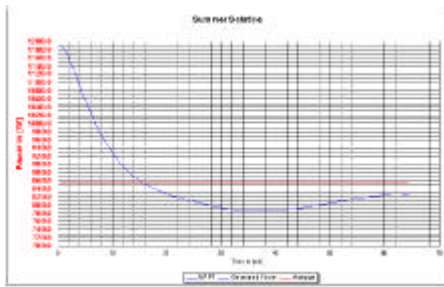
- Cell Data Sheet of Astrium/Munich



5  
summer solstice 853.6 watts  
(854 watts)

ASTRIUM

1  
가 , 2



6. Solar Array Power Generation in Summer Solstice

#### 4.2 KARI

1  
2

, 2

ASTRIUM

1

5. Solar Array Power Prediction

Temperature	Solar Irradiation	Orbit Average Power @EOL
Winter Solstice	1420 W	878.1 W
Equinox	1353 W	862.9 W
Summer Solstice	1320 W	853.6 W

#### 4.2.1 KARI

1

- : 2.84 cm × 4.64 cm  
- ( 6)

6. ASE Si Cell BSFR (based on KOMPSAT-1 Data)

ASE Si Cell BSFR, 10 ohm-cm, 14.6% AM0 Imp (BOL, 28°C) = 0.520 A Vmp (BOL, 28°C) = 0.500 V				
Year	0 (BOL)	1	2	3 (EOL)
Cell Vmp (V) @28°C	0.490	0.461	0.450	0.444
Cell Imp (A) @28°C	0.455	0.440	0.433	0.428
Cell Pmp (W) @28°C	0.223	0.203	0.195	0.103

#### 4.2.2 KARI

KARI

36.5 volts

36.5 volts

108

, 3

wing

- : ≥ 36.50 volts

- Solar Array Panel Size : 30.2 inch×56 inch

- Total SA Panels : 6 panels

- : 108 cells

- Total No. of Strings : 42 strings

- Winter Solstice SA Temperature with 5°C margin

- Summer Solstice Solar Intensity

7. Time Dependant Solar Array Design Factors for Voltage and Current

	Year 0		Year 1		Year 2		Year 3	
	Current	Voltage	Current	Voltage	Current	Voltage	Current	Voltage
Seasonal solar intensity	0.968	N/ A	0.968	N/ A	0.968	N/ A	0.968	N/ A
Micrometeorite & Debris Loss	0.976	N/ A	0.976	N/ A	0.976	N/ A	0.976	N/ A
Reliability	0.976	N/ A	0.976	N/ A	0.976	N/ A	0.976	N/ A
Current Uncertainty	0.978	N/ A	0.978	N/ A	0.978	N/ A	0.978	N/ A
Voltage Uncertainty	N/ A	0.979	N/ A	0.979	N/ A	0.979	N/ A	0.979
Installation & Mismatch	0.970	N/ A	0.970	N/ A	0.970	N/ A	0.970	N/ A
Coverglass Rad. & Darking	1.000	N/ A	0.999	N/ A	0.999	N/ A	0.999	N/ A
Coverglass Adhesive Rad. Darking	1.000	N/ A	0.999	N/ A	0.997	N/ A	0.996	N/ A
Coverglass Adhesive UV Darking	1.000	N/ A	0.975	N/ A	0.973	N/ A	0.972	N/ A
Temperature Cycling Fatigue	N/ A	1.000	N/ A	0.994	N/ A	0.988	N/ A	0.987
SA Offpointing	1.000	N/ A	1.000	N/ A	1.000	N/ A	1.000	N/ A
SA Shadow Design Factor	1.000	N/ A	1.000	N/ A	1.000	N/ A	1.000	N/ A
Total Design Factor Loss	0.875	0.979	0.851	0.973	0.848	0.967	0.846	0.966
Isc Radiation Degradation	1.000	N/ A	0.993	N/ A	0.986	N/ A	0.979	N/ A
Imp Radiation Degradation	1.000	N/ A	0.994	N/ A	0.983	N/ A	0.974	N/ A
Voc Radiation Degradation	N/ A	1.000	N/ A	0.959	N/ A	0.942	N/ A	0.933
Vmp Radiation Degradation	N/ A	1.000	N/ A	0.947	N/ A	0.930	N/ A	0.920
Pmp Radiation Degradation	1.000	N/ A	0.941	N/ A	0.914	N/ A	0.896	N/ A
Isc/ Imp Temp. Coef. % Isc per deC	0.0402%	N/ A	0.0492%	N/ A	0.0572%	N/ A	0.0631%	N/ A
Voc/ Vmp Temp. Coef, volts per degC	N/ A	-0.0021	N/ A	-0.0021	N/ A	-0.0021	N/ A	-0.0021

7 2 2

1

ASTRIUM

1 2

7 MSC

2 1068 watts

, KARI

675.6 watts 2 , offpoint angle,

(30.2 inch × 56

inch) 3 ,

2

896.5 watts가 . ASTRIUM KARI

RFP

5. 854 watts 가

2 ASTRIUM RFP

ASTRIUM (30.2 inch × 56 inch)

KARI

8 ASTRIUM KARI

8.

		ASTRIUM	KARI
EPS Design Heritage Program		GlobalStar, CHAMP	SSII, TOMS-EP, KOMPSAT-1
Thermal Heat Power (Watts)		171.22 (BOL)	69.35 (EOL)
SA Power	SA Design	Cell Design Factors based on ASTRIUM Satellite Program	Cell Design Factors based on TRW Satellite Program
		Summer Solstice Temperature	Winter Solstice Temperature
		Summer Solstice Solar Intensity	Summer Solstice Solar Intensity
		Solar Cell : Silicon, 4cm × 6.5cm	Solar Cell : Silicon, 2.84cm × 4.64cm
		Min. Bus Voltage : ≥ 41.8V	Min. Bus Voltage : ≥ 36.5V
		No. of Cells per String : 112	No. of Cells per String : 108
		No. of Strings per Panel : 3	No. of Strings per Panel : 7
		Panel Size : 30.2 inch × 56 inch	Panel Size : 30.2 inch × 56 inch
		SA Average Power in Sunlight @EOL	SA Minimum Power in Sunlight under Worst Condition @EOL
	SA Power Capability Def.	SA Average Power in Sunlight @EOL	SA Minimum Power in Sunlight under Worst Conditions @EOL
SA avg. Power Cap. @EOL	853.6 Watts	(754.9) Watts	
SA min. Power Cap. @EOL	(785.4) Watts	675.6 Watts	
Power Required	Orbit Parameters	- 3 years, 685km circular orbit - 98.13 degree inclination - 1050 am ascending local time - 98.4 minutes orbit period	- 3 years, 685km circular orbit - 98.13 degree inclination - 1050 am ascending local time - 98.4 minutes orbit period
	Battery Capacity	37AH	37AH
	EPS Operation Concepts	MPPT, Trickle	DET/PPT, Taper, Trickle
	Power Required	1068 Watts (Included Power Margin)	896.5 Watts (Included Power Margin)

ASTRIUM , 675.6 watts  
 ASTRIUM KARI  
 853.6 watts , 2  
 2 RFP 854 watts  
 KARI 1 ASTRIUM Global Star  
 CHAMP  
 2 ASTRIUM  
 , EOL 가  
 754.9 watts,

ASTRIUM KARI 가  
. ASTRIUM KARI

1. KOMPSAT Solar Array Equipment Specification, CDRL No. SS-2
2. KOMPSAT Solar Array Critical Design Audit Technical Data Package
3. H.S. Rauschenbach, Solar Cell Array Design Handbook, Van Nostrand Reinhold Company, 1980
4. Larry D. Partain, Solar Cells and Their Applications, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 1995
5. KOMPSAT Electrical Power Subsystem Critical Design Audit, 06 September. 1996