Notes

Syntheses of 3-Pyrimidyl- and 3-Pyranyl-5,6-benzocoumarin Derivatives

Ibrahim M. El-Deen,* El-Sayed I. Al-Wakeel, and Ahmed G. El-Mawla

*Faculty of Education, Suez Canal University, Port-said, Egypt Faculty of Science, Suez Canal University, Ismailia, Egypt Received October 3, 2001

Keywords: Syntheses, Heterocyclyl-5,6-benzocoumarins.

Sulpha drugs are well recognized for their various physiological activities, ^{1,2} likewise, many pyrimidine derivatives are used as therapeutic agents, ^{3,8} 5,6-Benzocoumarin derivatives show antimicrobial, ⁹ antiinflammatory ¹⁰ and anticancer ¹¹ activities. The present work describes the syntheses of some new heterocyclyl-benzocoumarins, starting from 3-acetyl-5,6-benzocoumarin (1), which are depicted in Scheme 1 and 2.

3-(2'-Formyl-1'-chlorovinyl)-5,6-benzocoumarin (2) was prepared from 3-acetyl-5,6-benzocoumarin (1) and DMF-POCl₃, according to literature procedure. ¹² Treatment of

compound 2 with thiourea, 3-amino-1,2,4-triazole, 2-aminobenzimidazole and 3-amino-5-phenylpyrazole in dimethyl formamide gave the corresponding 3-(2'-mercapto or 1",2",4-triazolo[1',2'-b] or benzimidazole[1',2'-b] or 5"-phenylpyrazolo[1',2'-b]pyrimidin-6'-yl)-5,6-benzocoumarins (3-6).

It has been reported recently¹³⁻¹⁶ that 3-(2'-formyl-1'-chlorovinyl)-5,6-benzocoumarin (2) reacts with chloroacetic acid in the presence of Ac₂O-AcONa to afford the corresponding 3-(3'-chloro-2'-oxo-2'H-pyran-6'-yl)-5,6-benzocoumarin (7).

Scheme 1

Scheme 2

Treatment of compound 7 with sodium azide in acetic acid gave 3-(1",2",3"-triazolo[3',4'-b]pyran-6'-yl]-5,6-benzocoumarin (8). Also, compound 7 reacted with thiourea, hydrazine monosulphate and aromatic amines (namely aniline and *p*-toludine) in ethanol to give 3-(2"-thioxo-2"H-imidazolo-[3',4'-b]pyran-6'-yl]-5,6-benzocoumarin (9) and 3-(sub-stituent-2'-oxo-2H'-pyran-6'-yl)-5,6-benzocoumarins (10a-c).

Experimental Section

Melting points were determined on a Boetium Hostage apparatus and uncorreted. IR spectra were recorded on a Perkin-Elmer FTIR 1725 spectrometer. The H-NMR Sepctra were recorded on a General Electric QE 300, and chemical shifts were given with respect to TMS. Mass spectra were obtained on a VG Autspec CEI and FAB⁺ and a Hewlett Packard MS-Engine thermospray. Microanalyses were conducted using an elemental analyzer 116.

General procedure for synthesis of 3-(substituentpyrimidayl)-5,6-benzocoumarins (3-6). A mixture of 2 (0.01 mol) and aminoheterocycles such as 3-aminotriazole, 2-aminobenzaimidazol and 3-amino-5-phenylpyrazole (0.01 mol) or thiourea (0.01 mol), and potassium carbonate (0.03 mol) in DMF (60 mL) was heated under reflux for 6 hr. The solid formed after cooling was filtered off, dried and recrystallized from ethanol to give corresponding product 4-6. After the reaction with thiourea, the reaction mixture was

cooled and acidified with diluted hydrochloric acid (2%). The product obtained was filtered, washed with water, dried and recrystallized from ethanol to give 3.

3-(2'-Thioxo-2H-pyrimidin-6'-yl)-5,6-benzocoumarins (3), yield 64%; mp 205 °C; IR (cm⁻¹) 3253(NH), 1721 (lactone of coumarin); ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₀) δ 7.19-8,20 (m, 8H, ArH and H-5 of pyrimidine), 8.79 (d, 1H, H-3 of pyrimidine), 10.20 (s, 1H, NH); Mass (m/z) 306 (51) M⁺; Found: C, 66.31; H, 3.13; N, 8.89; S, 10.21. C₁₇H₁₀N₂O₂S requires: C, 66.66; H, 3.27; N, 9.15; S, 10.45.

3-(1",2",4-Triazolo[1,2'-b]pyrimidin-6'-yl)-5,6-benzocoumarin (4), yield 93%; mp 175 °C; IR (cm⁻¹) 1723 (lactone of coumarin), 1630 (C=N); Mass (m/z) 314 (38) M⁺; Found: C, 68.62; H, 2.97; N, 17.47. $C_{18}H_{10}N_4O_2$ requires: C, 68.79; H, 3.18; N, 17.83.

3-(Benzimidazole[1',2'-b]pyrimidin-6'-yl)-5,6-benzocoumarin (5), yield 91%; mp 147 °C; IR (cm⁻¹) 1719 (lactone of coumarin), 1628 (C=N); 1 H NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ 7.01-8.21 (m, 12H, ArH and H-5 of pyrimidine), 8.78 (d, 1H, H-4 of pyrimidine); Mass (m/z) 363 (42) M⁺; Found: C, 75.86; H, 3.37; N, 11.39. $C_{23}H_{13}N_2O_2$ requires: C, 76.05; H, 3.58; N, 11.57.

3-(5"-Phenylpyrazolo[1',2'-b]pyrimidin-6'-yl)-5,6-benzocoumarin (**6**), yield 64%; mp 184 °C; IR (cm⁻¹) 1721 (lactone of coumarin), 1629 (C=N); ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ 7.13-8.21 (m, 14H, ArH; pyrazol and H-5 of pyrimidine), 8.77 (d, H-4 of pyrimidine); Mass (m/z) 389 (82) M⁺;

Found: C. 77.00; H. 3.49; N, 10.52. C₂₅H₁₅N₃O₂ requires: C. 77.12; H, 3.85; N, 10.79.

3-(3'-Chloro-2'-oxo-2'H-pyran-6'-yl)-5,6-benzocoumarin (7). A mixture of 2 (0.01 mol), chloroacetic acid (0.01 mol), acetic anhydride (0.01 mol) and fused sodium acetate (0.02 mol), was fused on a hot plate for 5-10 min. The reaction mixture was added to acetic acid (50 mL) and heated under reflux for 6 hr., then cooled and poured onto water. The resulting product was filtered off, washed with water. dried and recrystallized from ethanol to give 7, yield 61%; mp 155-156 °C: IR (cm⁻¹) 1729-1719 (br. lactones of coumarin and pyrane); ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ 7.19-8.27 (m, 9H, ArH and pyrane ring); Mass (m/z) 325 (63) M⁺: Found: C, 66.32: H. 2.49; Cl, 10.72. C₁₈H₉ClO₄ requires: C, 66.56: H. 2.77: Cl, 10.94.

3-(1",2",3"-Triazolo[3',4'-b]pyran-6'-yl]-5,6-benzocoumarin (8). A solution of 7 (0.01 mol) and sodium azide (0.01 mol) in acetic acid (50 mL) was heated in water-bath for 6 hr., then cooled and poured onto water. The resulting product was filtered off, washed with water, dried and recrystallized from ethanol to give **8**, yield 80%; mp 302 °C; IR (cm⁻¹) 1729-1721 (lactones of coumarin and pyrane ring); Mass (m/z) 331 (36) M⁻; Found: C, 65.01; H, 2.48; N, 12.36, $C_{18}H_9N_3O_4$ requires: C, 65.25; H, 2.72; N, 12.69.

3-(2'-Thioxo-2H-imidazolo]3',4'-b]pyran-6'-yl]-5,6-benzo-coumarin (9). A mixture of 7 (0.01 mol), thiourea (0.01 mol) and potassium carbonate (0.02 mol) in ethanol (50 mL) was heated under reflux for 6 hr. The reaction mixture was cooled and acidified with diluted HCl (2 mol/L). The deposited solid was filtered off, washed with water, dried and recrystallized from ethanol to give 9, yield 55%; mp 210 °C: IR (cm⁻¹) 3185 (NH), 1732-1717 (lactones of coumarin and pyrane ring); ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ 7.20-9.19 (m, 8H. ArH and pyrane ring), 10.51-10.53 (br.s, 2H. NH); Mass (m/z) 362(73) M⁻: Found: C, 62.63; H. 2.49; N, 7.51; S, 8.48. C₁₉H₁₀N₂O₄S requires: C, 62.98; H. 2.76; N, 7.73; S, 8.84.

3-(3'-Substituent-2'-oxo-2'H-pyran-6'-yl)-5,6-benzocoumarins (10a-c). A solution of 7 (0.01 mol) and aromatic amines namely, aniline and p-toludine (0.01 mol) or hydrazine monosulphate (0.01 mol), and sodium acetate (0.02 mol) in ethanol (70 mL) was heated under reflux for 4 hr. The product formed after cooling was filtered off, washed with water and recrystallized from ethanol, to give **10a-c**.

3-(3'-Phenylamino-2'-oxo-2'H-pyran-6'-yl)-5,6-benzo-coumarins (10a), yield 77%; mp 190 °C; IR (cm⁻¹) 3189

(NH). 1728-1717 (lactones of coumarin and pyrane ring); 1 H NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ 7.02-8.20 (m, 14H. ArH. and pyrane ring). 10.31 (s. 1H, NH); Mass (m/z) 381 (36) M⁻: Found: C, 75.27: H, 3.66; N. 3.32. $C_{24}H_{15}NO_4$ requires: C, 75.59; H. 3.94; N. 3.67.

3-(3'-p-Methylphenylamino-2'-oxo-2'H-pyran-6'-yl)-5.6-benzocoumarins (**10b**), yield 61%: mp 183 °C: IR (cm⁻¹) 3186 (NH), 1726-1716 (lactones of coumarin and pyrane ring); ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ 2.32 (s. 3H. CH3), 7.10-8.19 (m. 13H, ArH and pyrane ring). 10.33 (s. 1H, NH); Mass (m/z) 395 (39) M⁺; Found: C, 75.64; H, 4.03; N, 3.25. C₂₅H₁₇NO₄ requires: C. 75.95; H. 4.30; N, 3.54.

3-(3'-Hydrazino-2'-oxo-2'H-pyran-6'-yl)-5,6-benzocoumarins (**10c**), yield 53%; mp 240 °C: IR (cm⁻¹) 3340, 3251, 3180 (NH, NH2). 1729-1719 (lactones of coumarin and pyrane ring); 1 H NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ 9.23 (s. 1H. NH); Mass (m/z) 320 (42) M⁻: Found: C, 67.29; H. 3.51; N. 8.44. $C_{18}H_{12}N_2O_4$ requires: C. 67.50; H. 3.75; N, 8.75.

References

- 1. Guarneri, M. Bull. Chem. Form. 1990, 99, 259.
- 2. Albert, O.; Bergonzio, G. Farmaco (Pavia) Ed. Sci. 1961, 16, 557.
- Wierzkhowsk, K. L.; Lifonskao, E.; Surger, D. J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1965, 87, 4621.
- Howard, J. B.; Cevik, N.; Murphy, L. M. Cancer Chemother. 1966, 50, 287.
- Fleo, A. F.: Goodwier, G. W.: Hatchings, H. G.; Rollo, R. I.; Russell, B. P. Brit, J. Pharmacol. 1951, 6, 186.
- 6. Jain, R.; Pandey, P. J. Indian Chem. Soc. 1988, 65, 354.
- Hampshier, J.; Hebbom, P.; Triggle, M. M.; Triggle, J. D.; Fickers, S. J. Med. Chem. 1965, 8, 745.
- 8. Gerg, G. H.; Prakash, C. J. Med. Chem. 1971, 4, 175.
- Hammad, A.; El-Sayed, A. S.; Islam, I. E.; Shafik, N. J. Chem. Soc. Pax 1990, 12, 292 (Chem. Abstr. 1990, 115, 71279s).
- Kulkarni, G. M.; Kulkarni, H. V.; Patil, V. D.; Shridhar, D. B.; Laxmana, M. Rev. Roum. Chim. 1990, 35, 549.
- Harvey, R. G., Cortex, C.; Ananthanarayan, T. P.; Schmolka, S. J. Org. Chem. 1988, 53, 3936.
- 12. Gzerney, P.; Hartmann, H. J. Prakt. Chem. 1982, 324, 225.
- El-Deen, I. M. Chinese J. Chem. 1998, 16, 533 (Chem. Abstr. 1999, 130, 223197y).
- El-Deen, I. M. Chinese J. Chem. 1999, 17, 391 (Chem. Abstr. 1999, 131, 228703r).
- El-Deen, I. M.: Abd El-Fattah, M. E. *Indian J. Heterocycl. Chem.* 1999, 8, 319 (Chem. Abstr. 1999, 131, 170327c).
- El-Deen, I. M.; Ibrahim, H. K. Phosphorus Sulfur Silicon 2000. 160, 241.