

retinoic acid

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The effect of retinoic acid on the expression of cell adhesion molecules and binding ability to peritoneal mesothelium in gastric cancer cells

Young Seon Hong¹, Cho Hyun Park², Jin-No Park¹, Kyung Shik Lee¹, In Chul Kim²

Department of Internal Medicine¹, Surgery², Catholic University Medical College of Korea, Seoul, Korea

Background : Peritoneal metastasis is one of the major types of the stomach cancer recurrence and the role of the adhesion molecules is thought to be very much important in this event. Retinoic acid (RA) has been known to induce the growth inhibition and differentiation of various malignancies, and apoptosis and the change of expression of adhesion molecules have been reported to be involved in the action of RA. **Methods :** We studied the adhesion abilities of SNU-1, SNU-5, and SNU-6 cells to the peritoneal endothelial cells as well as the expression of the adhesion molecules (CD44, ICAM-1) in Western blot analysis. And also we studied the expression of apoptosis and the change of expression patterns of the various isoforms of CD44 and the change of the adhesion abilities of the cell line cells after RA treatment. **Results:** CD44 was expressed in SNU-5 and -16, together with an isoform in SNU-16. ICAM-1 was not expressed in any of the cell line cells tested. After the treatment of RA in the concentration range of $1 - 5 \times 10^{-5}M$ to three stomach cancer cell lines, growth inhibition, apoptosis and the change of expression of the CD44 were noted. After RA treatment, the expression of CD44H was weakly increased in SNU-1, and was markedly increased in SNU-5. In SNU-16, the expression of CD44H was decreased while that of CD44E were markedly increased. The adhesibility of cells to peritoneal cells was increased in relation with the increase of the CD44H expression, which shows the fact that the adhesibility of tumor cells to peritoneal mesothelial cells is mediated by CD44H recognizing hyaluronic acid. **Conclusion :** RA induces growth inhibition of stomach cancer cell line cells and increase the adhesibility of stomach cancer cell line cells to peritoneal mesothelium. It is believed that RA decreases the metastatic ability of stomach cancer cells by upregulating the CD44H expression.

Key Words: retinoic acid, stomach cancer, adhesion molecules

(1-3). 가 가 (RA, Sigma, USA) 10% dimethylsulfoxide (DMSO, Sigma, USA) SNU-1, SNU-5, SNU-16 10-5M 가 , 3 RA가

(4) 2) Western blot 10×10^6 lysing buffer(10 mM Hepes, pH 7.9, 60 mM KCl, 1 mM EDTA, 1 % Triton X-100, 1 mM PMSF, 10 $\mu\text{g}/\text{Ml}$ Aprotinin) 10 13,000 g 10 , 100 μg sample buffer mercaptoethanol 5 7% SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis nitrocellulose membrane 5% dried milk (in TBS-T) 4 block . membrane (2 $\mu\text{g}/\text{Ml}$) 4 1 1 : 5,000 ECL kit (Amersham, England) chemiluminescence autoradiography film densitometry

retinoic acid(RA) (5) 가 1 . (6) 가 (7-9). RA 가 retinoic acid receptor(RAR) apoptosis가 RA SNU-1 Coulter counter , 5 RA cytopsin Papanicolou apoptosis 5 900 rpm 20 4% paraformaldehyde/2.5% glutaraldehyde 1% osmium tetroxide (phosphate , pH 7.4) , Epon 812 , uranyl acetate lead citrate (JEM-1200 EX, Joel, Japan)

1. CD44 ICAM - 1 SNU-1, SNU-5, SNU-16(11) RPMI-1640 10% , glutamine, 가 37 , 5% CO₂ 2 . all-trans retinoic acid

3.
 1) Rheinwald
 Hank's balanced salt solution(HBSS) 2
 10 % FCS/RPMI-1640 5×10^6 MØ
 가
 20% FCS/Isocove's epidermal
 growth factor (5 ng/MØ) hydrocortisone (0.5µg/MØ)
 limiting dilution

2) flat bottom microtiter well
 confluent growth ^{51}Cr (1 mCi/
 MØ) $0.5-1 \times 10^4$ 2
 NaOH gamma counter 0.1N
 cpm(
) - cpm () / cpm (total) x 100

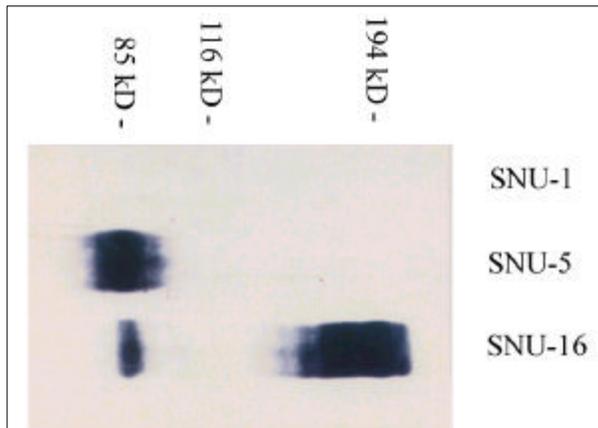


Fig. 1. Western blot analysis of CD44 expression in cancer cell lines.

1. CD44, ICAM - 1
 Western blot SNU-1, -5
 -16 CD44 ()
 1). SNU-1 CD44
 SNU-5 SNU-16 CD44H 80-90
 kDa 가 SNU-5 가
 SNU-16 glycosylation
 가 SNU-16
 CD44H CD44
 Western blot CD44
 CD44 glycosylation post-

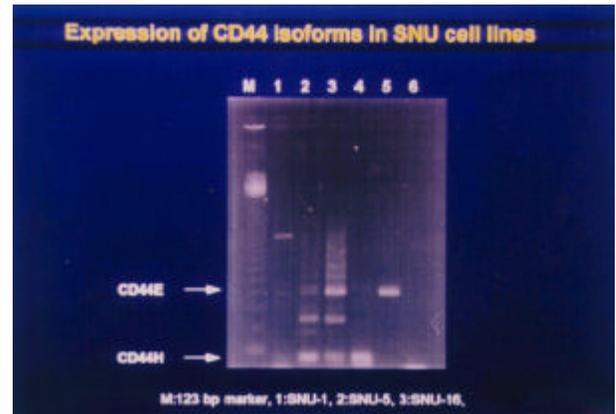


Fig. 2. PCR amplification of CD44 cDNA from gastric cancer cell lines.

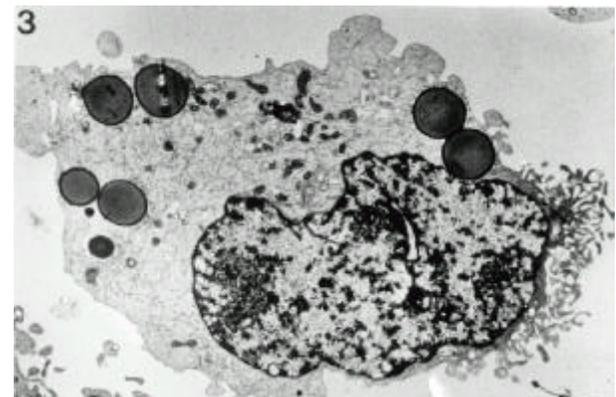


Fig. 3. The electron microscopic (EM) finding of a SNU-1 cell treated with 10^{-5} M RA for 5 days; the formation of mucin granules were observed inside the cytoplasm.

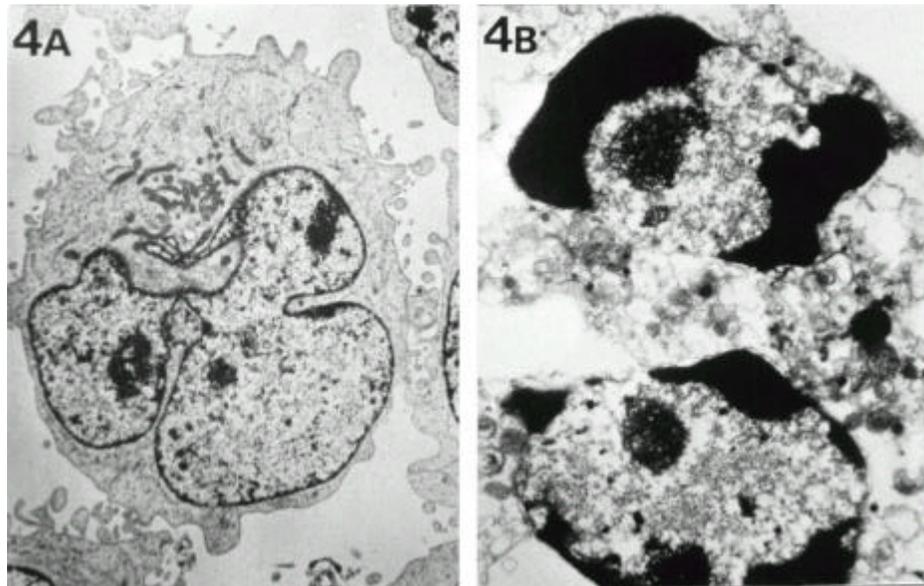


Fig. 4. (A) EM findings of a SNU-1 cell, cultured without RA for 5 days. (B) Apoptosis were observed in a SNU-1 cell treated with 10^{-5} M RA for 5 days.

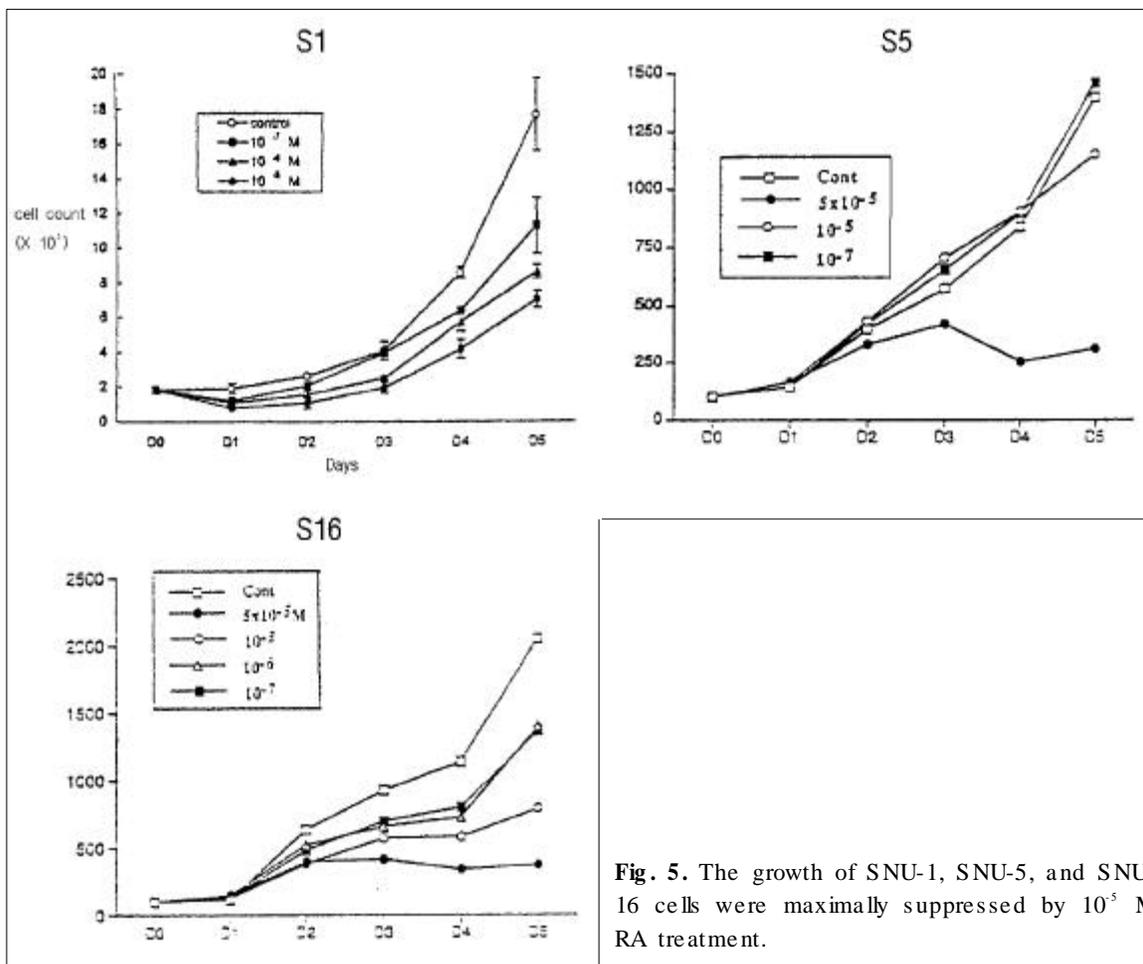


Fig. 5. The growth of SNU-1, SNU-5, and SNU-16 cells were maximally suppressed by 10^{-5} M RA treatment.

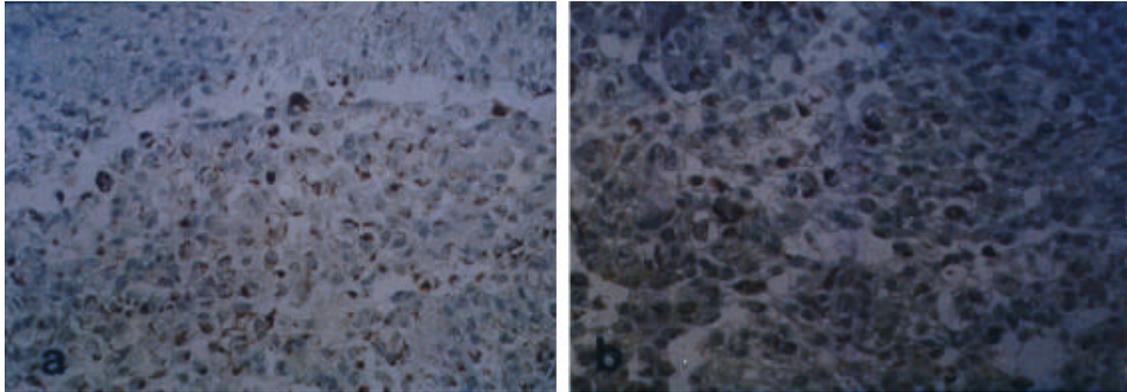


Fig. 6. Immunohistochemical staining for cytokeratin (a) and vimentin (b) reveals positive staining in cytoplasm of cultured mesothelial cells.

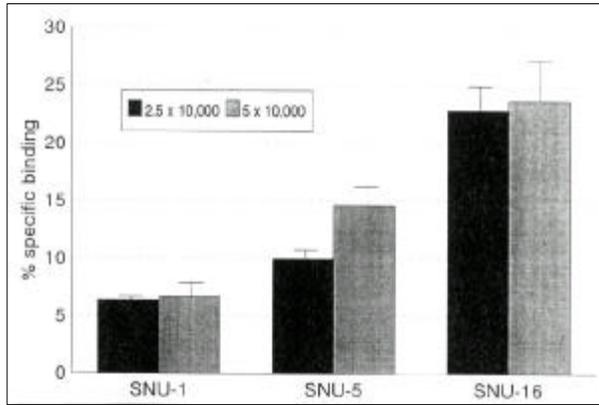


Fig. 7. Binding of stomach cancer cells to peritoneal mesothelium.

translational modification 가 Western blot
 가 .
 reverse
 transcription-polymerase chain reaction (RT-PCR)
 , Western blot 가 SNU-1
 CD44 . SNU-5
 CD44H CD44E
 . SNU-16 CD44H CD44E
 Western blot high-molecular-
 weight CD44E ()
 2). ICAM-1
 .
 2. RA Apoptosis
 RA 10⁻⁵M 5

SNU-1 apoptosis
 (3, 4A, 4B). SNU-1 RA 10⁻⁵M
 가 10⁻⁴ M
 cell death가 toxic dose . SNU-5
 -16 5 x 10⁻⁵ M 가
 (5).
 3.
 1)
 .
 cytokeratin vimentin
 (6).
 2)
 2.5 x 10⁴ 5 x 10⁴
 SNU-1 6.4%, 6.7%, SNU-5 10.0%,
 14.6%, SNU-16 22.9%, 23.7%
 (7).
 4. RA CD44
 SNU-1 RA 10⁻⁵ M
 apoptosis가 RA
 RA CD44
 (8). SNU-1 RA CD44H
 가 SNU-5 RA
 CD44H 가 . SNU-16 CD44E
 가 CD44H
 SNU-1 SNU-5

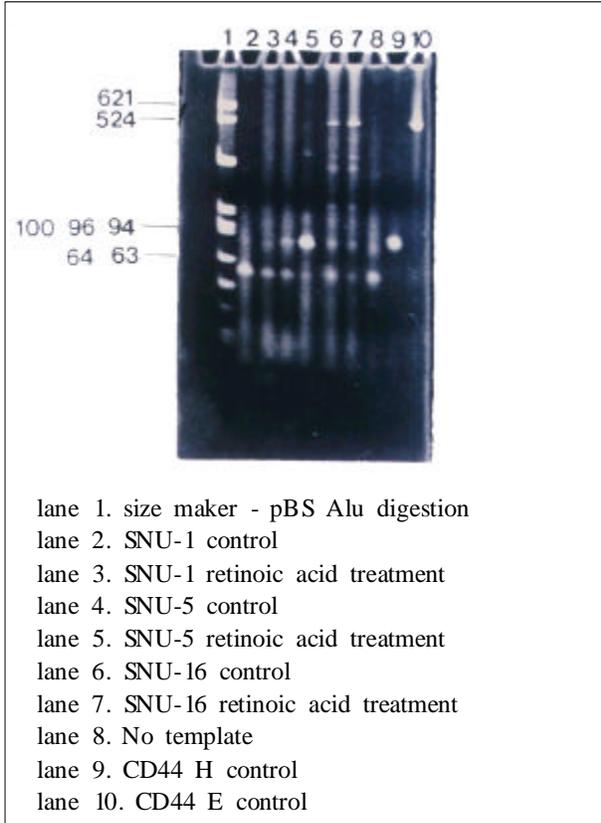


Fig. 8. PCR amplification of CD44 cDNA from gastric cancer cells after treatment of retinoic acid.

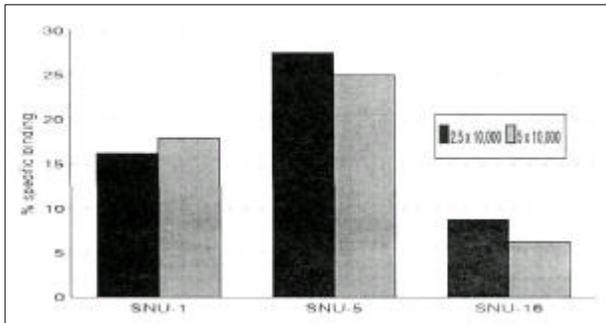


Fig. 9. Binding of stomach cancer cells to peritoneal mesothelium after treatment of retinoic acid.

RA	가	RA	가
. RA	2.5 × 10 ⁴	5 × 10 ⁴	
	SNU-1	16.2%, 17.9%, SNU-5	
	27.5%, 25.0%, SNU-16	8.8%, 6.3%	
	(9).	RA	
CD44	SNU-1	RA	
	CD44H	가	
		가	

가 SNU-5
 CD44H 가 SNU-16
 CD44H CD44E
 hyaluronic acid CD44H
 (homotypic cell-cell adhesion)
 가 (12)
 가 (heterotypic cell-cell adhesion) 가
 (13)
 가
 family Integrin, Immunoglobulin,
 Cadherin Selectin glycoprotein (, CD44), glycoconjugate
 (, glycosphingolipids) laminin
 (14). CD44 CD44 mRNA
 alternative splicing post-translational
 modification (15,16)
 CD44 CD44H CD44E(R1)
 CD44H 80-90/180 kDa 가
 180 kDa 80-90 kDa chondroitin sulfate
 moiety가 . CD44H
 'hematopoietic form' membrane
 proximal region exon v2-v10 spliced out
 hyaluronic acid (17,18).
 CD44E(R1)(110-130 kDa) 'epithelial form'
 carcinoma

- CD44 RA
 SNU-1 CD44H 가가, SNU-5
 CD44H 가가 SNU-16
 CD44E 가 CD44H 가
 가 , CD44H 가
 ,
 hyaluronic acid CD44H
 RA가 CD44H
 ,
 가
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