

폐쇄성 수면무호흡증후군의 진단에 있어 턱 압박술의 유용성 Usefulness of the Chin Press Maneuver in Assessing the Severity of Obstructive Sleep Apnea Syndrome

김 무 진¹Moo-Jin Kim¹**ABSTRACT**

Objectives: Obstructive sleep apnea syndrome (OSA) is a moderately prevalent disorder. Even though much progress has been made in the diagnosis of this disorder, the cost-effectiveness of nocturnal polysomnography is underdetermined and physicians and patients are still hesitant to undergo this procedure. The authors wanted to see the validity of chin press/tongue curl maneuver in estimating the severity of OSA which is easy to measure and was originally proposed by Simmons etc. by looking at the correlations between this score and the conventional respiratory disturbance indices.

Methods: Forty-three sleep-related breathing disorder patients (28 OSA patients and 15 upper airway resistance syndrome (UARS) patients) who underwent investigation for possible OSA were studied. Two conventional indices of OSA (apnea/hypopnea index (AHI) and oxygen saturation dip rate (SaO₂ dips)), four other sleep variables (lowest SaO₂, % of time with SaO₂<90% (%SaO₂<90), % of sleep stage 1, mean length of SaO₂ dips) and the score of Epworth sleepiness scale (ESS) were compared with the chin press score (CPS) which was newly revised by the author and ranges from 0 to 6.

Results: The age of subjects was 45.95 ± 12.47 (range 14 - 76) and their average BMI was 25.98 ± 3.61 (range 19.65 - 37.64). There were no significant differences in age, sex and BMI except respiratory disturbance indices and ESS (p<0.05) between OSA and UARS group. Grouped median CPS of the all subjects was 4.14 (range 1 - 6). There was a remarkable relationship between CPS and diagnosis category (Likelihood Ratio ² test; ²=17.41, df=5, p=0.004) and measures of association (Somers'd=0.65 ± 0.12, t=4.83, p=0.000) indicated that CPS increased when the diagnosis changed from UARS to OSA. Spearman's rank correlations between CPS and SaO₂ dips (R=0.83), between CPS and AHI (R=0.77) were good (p<0.001). Other variables except mean length of SaO₂ dips showed good correlations with CPS as well (p<0.05). Regression analysis indicated that when CPS is 3 there is a provability of 0.35 to have AHI of less than 5.

Conclusion: Chin press scores that can be measured easily is well correlation with the conventional sleep apnea indices. They may therefore provide a useful guide in diagnosing obstructive sleep apnea syndrome. *Sleep Medicine and Psychophysiology* 2001 ; 8(1) : 22-29

Key words: Chin press maneuver · Obstructive sleep apnea syndrome.

서 론

가 (1) 가

2~5%

가가

가

가

2001 6 16

1

가

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가

가

가

가

가

가 (6) (chin pr-
 가 ess score : CPS)
 (2). CPS
 가
 (obstructive sleep apnea syndrome : OSA) , 가
 가 , 1997 Simmons (3)
 (Chin press maneuver)

연구대상 및 방법

1. 연구대상

1998 11 2000 3

43

(hard palate)

46

가 3

Simmons

가

1 ,

2

OSA

(4).

가

2. 연구방법

CPS Epworth
 Sleepiness Scale : ESS)(5)

(Epworth

가

가

가

가

(6)

가

, ESS,

OSA

가

(upper airway resistance syndrome : UARS)

. OSA /

(Apnea/

hypopnea Index : AHI)가 5

90%

가 10

가

가

50~90%

가 10

가

가

AHI

. UARS

(0)

가

10 (7).

가 5
10

가 가 가 가 가

, REM (8).

Grass model 78

10~20

C3/A2, O1/A2, O2/A1 ,
1 cm , 가 가

(thermocouple) (body mass index : BMI)

(modified lead position) T - Fisher 's Exact

(anterior tibialis muscle) Kolmogorov -
Ohmeda 3700 Smirnov Z CPS
pulse oximeter(Ohmeda, Boulder, Colorado, USA) (Likelihood Ratio
가 ² test) CPS가

(the number of desaturation event :
SaO2 dips) 가 4% 가 Somers 'd
가 (9). 가 Spearman 's rank correlation
CPS

(mean length of desaturation events : Mean
length) 10 3 0.05

90%
(%SaO2<90), (Lo-
west SaO2) Profox(PROFOX

Associates, Inc., 1994)

ESS

가 8

가

0 , 1 , 2 ,
3 0 21 가

CPS Simmons (3)

0 , 1 , 2
3 , 4 ,

5 , 6 .

가 가

가

가 가 가

가

SPSS 9.0

(body mass index : BMI)

T - Fisher 's Exact

Smirnov Z Kolmogorov -
CPS
(Likelihood Ratio
CPS가

Somers 'd
가 Spearman 's rank correlation

CPS

0.05

결 과

1. 대상의 인구학적 및 진단적 특성

45.95 ± 12.47 (14 76)
가 40 , 가 3 . 60 4 , 20
1 . BMI 25.98 ± 3.61(19.65 37.64)
OSA 28 ,
UARS 15 (OSA 48.4 ± 11.6 ,
UARS 41.4 ± 13.1 , t=1.798, df=41, p=0.079) ,
BMI(OSA 26.2 ± 3.8, UARS 25.5 ± 3.2, t=0.664, df=
41, p=0.510)

Table 3. Correlation matrix (Spearman's rho)^{#,§}

	AHI	SaO2 dips	Mean length	% SaO2 <90	Lowest SaO2	% S1 sleep	ESS
CPS	.769**	.832**	.212	.756**	-.694**	.548**	.570**
	.000	.000	.173	.000	.000	.000	.000
AHI		.884**	.139	.755**	-.737**	.376*	.586**
		.000	.374	.000	.000	.013	.000
SaO2 dips			.256	.801**	-.774**	.493**	.549**
			.097	.000	.000	.001	.000
Mean length				.006	.024	.197	.006
				.969	.876	.205	.971
% SaO2 <90					-.886**	.337*	.590**
					.000	.027	.000
Lowest SaO2						-.236	-.464*
						.127	.002
% S1 sleep							.422*
							.005

For definition of abbreviations, see Table 1.

: Listwise n=43

§ : upper row in each category shows correlation coefficient and lower row shows two tailed significance

* : Correlation is significant at the .05 level (2-tailed)

** : Correlation is significant at the .001 level (2-tailed)

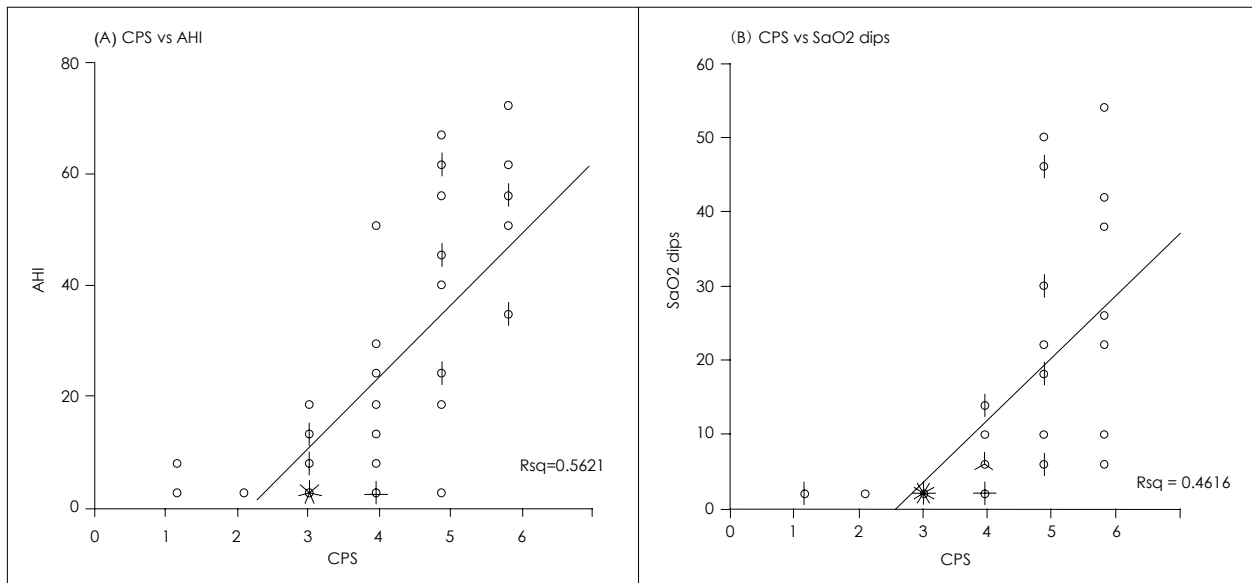


Fig. 1. Scatter plots of (A) chin press scores and apnea/hypopnea indices, (B) chin press scores and SaO2 dip rates.

relationship) . CPS 0.001)

가 AHI SaO2 dips가 UARS AHI가 5 가

. CPS CPS

AHI = - 28.9 + 13.0 × CPS CPS = 3.05 + 0.043 × AHI (p < 0.001) AHI 5

7.74 (p < 0.001). CPS 3.27 95%

(Goodness of fit measure) (R square)가 2.81 3.73 . CPS 3

0.56, (F) 52.63 (p < 0.001) 가 AHI

. SaO2 dips가 SaO2 dips = - 21.37 가 10.1 (95% ; - 16.4, 36.6)

+ 8.33 × CPS 6.07 (p < 0.001). CPS가 3 AHI

0.46, 35.15 (p < 가 5 0.35가 .

AHI (CPS가 3) 가 5 가 3 1 . AHI 가 EEG
 고 찰 가 (12).
 CPS UARS (13) %S1 가
 . OSA UARS 가 (13) 가
 가 %S1, %REM, , %S1 CPS
 , 가 BMI 가 CPS가 /
 가 가 AHI (10). 가
 가 , CPS가 Kolmogorov - Smirnov CPS가
 Z , CPS가 AHI, SaO2
 dips ESS CPS
 Simmons ESS %S1 CPS 가
 가 . ESS
 OSA 가
 (tongue curl) . 가
 가
 (14 - 16)
 가
 CPS가 AHI SaO2
 dips %SaO2<90, Lowest SaO2 (CPS 3)
 SaO2 dips가 가 AHI 5 3 1 가
 (3). AHI
 SaO2 dips가
 (11). AHI
 가 Mean length가 가 CPS 가
 CPS SaO2 dips
 (habituation) , AHI
 (17,18) (19 - 21)
 SaO2 가 . CPS가

가 / 가
 UARS 가
 , CPS가 가 AHI 가
 BMI가 UARS 가
 가
 가
 CPS
 CPS

요 약

목 적 :
 가

방 법 :
 Simmons (CPS)
 (OSA)
 43
 (UARS) 15 , OSA
 가 28 . CPS(0 6)
 (AHI),
 (SaO2 dips)

결 과 : 45.95 ± 12.47 (BMI 25.98 ± 3.61(19.65 37.64) . OSA UARS , BMI
 ESS 가 (p<0.05)
 가 CPS
 4.14(1 6) . CPS
 CPS 가 (Likeli-
 hood Ratio ² test ; ²=17.41, df=5, p=0.004).
 Somers 'd 0.65 (0.65 ± 0.12, t=4.83, p=0.000) CPS가 OSA
 . Spearman CPS가 AHI(r=0.77),
 SaO2 dips(r=0.83) (p<0.001). 90%
 (r=0.76), Epworth (r=0.57),
 (r=0.55) (r= - 0.69)
 (p<0.05), (p<0.05).
 가 . CPS

AHI (CPS가 3)
 AHI가 5 3 1
결 론 : CPS가 AHI, SaO2 dips

중심 단어 :

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