

• •

I.

가 , , 가 2, IGF가 3-4 PDGF, TGF - 1, TGF - PDGF .

가 5). PDGF 2

(Multipotential cell) , 가 6,7). TGF - , 가, 가 8-10). IGF - 11).

가 가 (Polypeptide Growth Factor) 3). Terranova Wikesj 4) .

II.

가

1.

13 16 15kg 1 (3 2000G)
beagle dog 5

Gilson
2 5 5000G
(Bio - 1cc

Oss , Geistlich - Pharma, Switzerland)

PRP가
가

(PLACON™, OCT Inc, Korea)

Gilson
10cc

2.

1cc
1/6cc

1)

Ketamine HCl(,

3)

) 0.2ml/kg
5% (100cc/hour, IV)

3, 4, 5

Stopping
roto round

Ketamin HCl (0.1ml/kg, IV)

bur

Xylazine hydrochloride(Rompun , Bayer,
0.1 ml/kg, IM) 20

5

2% lidocaine HCl
(Epinephrine 1:80,000)

3

1

3, 4, 5

, 2

4

. Diamond round

bur 3, 4, 5

4 - 0 vicryl

2

4mm

Stopping

4 -

0 vicryl

2

4)

4 3 , 8 2

. pH 7.4 phosphate buffer

2)

2% paraformaldehyde 2.5% glu -

2

taraldehyde

10cc

0.01cc

graded alcohol 5%

6 μ m
Gomori's trichrome

(Figure 5).

III.

1.

(Figure 6).

가

가

가

(Figure 1).

(Figure 7).

8

(Figure 2).

(Figure 8).

가

IV.

2. 1 (Bio - Oss)

12).

4 가

가

13,14),

가

(Figure 3).

가

15,16).

가

8

가 (Figure 4).

3. 2 (Bio - Oss + PRP)

가

17 - 20),

Milipore filter
e - PTFE

4 8

21 - 23).

가 43,44),
 polypeptide growth factor
 TGF(transforming growth factor)
 TGF - TGF -
 가 24),
 가 25 - 27),
 TGF - 5600Da 가 50 -
 amino - acid single - chain protein 45)
 EGF(epidermal growth factor) 42%
 가 EGF
 46,47),
 Tayapongsak 28) TGF - 25,000Da 가 dimeric
 polypeptide TGF - 1, TGF - 2 TGF -
 3 3가
 가 fibrin 48 - 50),
 가 fibrin 51,52),
 trans -
 forming growth factor - 1(TGF - 1), 53,54), TGF -
 2(TGF - 2) platelet - derived PDGF, IGF, FGF polypeptide
 growth factor(TGF)가
 29 - 33),
 IGF 34), PDGF, TGF,
 IGF 7.5KDa single - chain peptide 55)
 PDGF 28 - 35KDa IGF
 35,36) (PDGF - AA, BB) IGF
 (PDGF - AB) 11),
 37), - granule
 38),
 Plasma(PRP) . Platelet Rich
 39,40). PDGF
 41,42), 3.74 ± 0.12
 fibronectin,

1 4

8

2

Stopping

2

2

4

1 ,

2

4 , 8

1.

가

2.

1

, 8

가

3.

2

4

가

가

. 8

가

가

VI.

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V.

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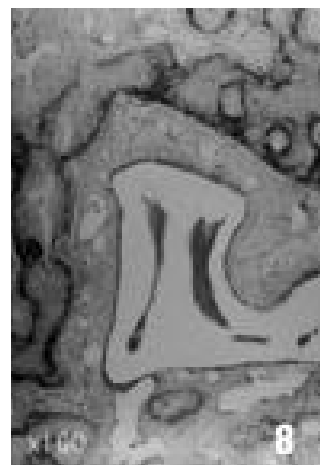
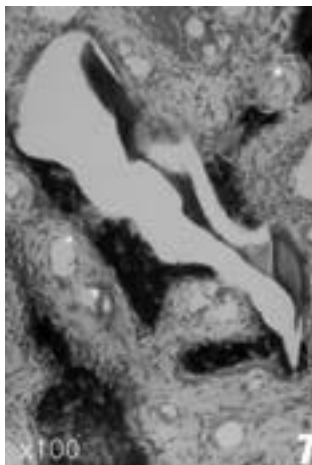
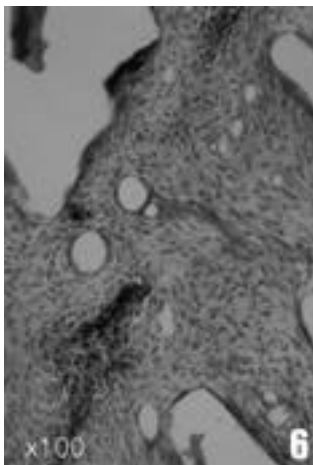
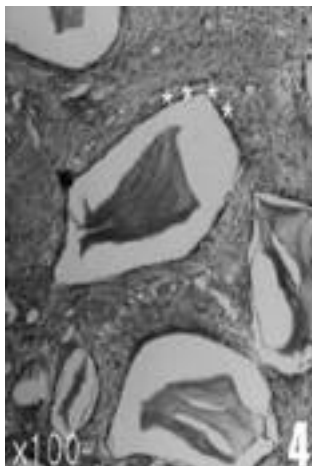
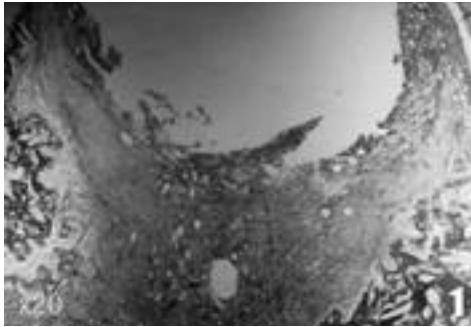
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1. Control group, 4 weeks (Gomori's Trichrome Stain, ×20)
2. Control group, 4 weeks (Gomori's Trichrome Stain, ×40).
3. Experimental group I, 4 weeks (Gomori's Trichrome Stain, ×20)
4. Experimental group I, 8 weeks (Gomori's Trichrome Stain, ×100).
5. Experimental group II, 4 weeks (Gomori's Trichrome Stain, ×20).
6. Experimental group II, 4 weeks (Gomori's Trichrome Stain, ×100).
7. Experimental group II, 4 weeks (Gomori's Trichrome Stain, ×100).
8. Experimental group II, 8 weeks (Gomori's Trichrome Stain, ×100).

Figure 1. Control group, 4 weeks (Gomori's Trichrome Stain, ×20)

Figure 2. Control group, 4 weeks (Gomori's Trichrome Stain, ×40)

Figure 3. Experimental group I, 4 weeks (Gomori's Trichrome Stain, ×20)

Figure 4. Experimental group I, 8 weeks (Gomori's Trichrome Stain, ×100)

Figure 5. Experimental group II, 4 weeks (Gomori's Trichrome Stain, ×20)

Figure 6. Experimental group II, 4 weeks (Gomori's Trichrome Stain, ×100)

Figure 7. Experimental group II, 4 weeks (Gomori's Trichrome Stain, ×100)

Figure 8. Experimental group II, 8 weeks (Gomori's Trichrome Stain, ×100)

- Abstracts -

The Effect of Platelet Rich Plasma Combined with Bovine Bone on the Treatment of Grade II Furcation Defects in Beagle Dogs

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Current acceptable methods of promoting periodontal regeneration are based on removal of diseased soft tissue, root treatment, guided tissue regeneration, graft materials, biological mediators. Platelet Rich Plasma have been reported as a biological mediator which regulates activities of wound healing progress including cell proliferation, migration, and metabolism. The purpose of this study is to evaluate the possibility of using the Platelet Rich Plasma as a regeneration promoting agent for furcation involvement defect. Five adult beagle dogs were used in this experiment. With intra-sulcular and crestal incision, mucoperiosteal flap was elevated. Following decortication with 1/2 high speed round bur, degree furcation defect was made on mandibular third (P3), fourth (P4) and fifth (P5) premolar. 2 months later experimental group were PRP

plus bovine bone and bovine bone only. After 4, 8 weeks, the animals were sacrificed by perfusion technique. Tissue block was excised including the tooth and prepared for light microscope with Gomori's trichrome staining. At 4 weeks after surgery, there was a rapid osteogenesis phenomenon on the defected area of the Platelet Rich Plasma plus bovine bone group and early trabeculation pattern was made with new osteoid tissue produced by activated osteoblast. Bone formation was almost completed to the fornix of furcation by 4 weeks after surgery. In conclusion, Platelet Rich Plasma can promote rapid osteogenesis during early stage of periodontal tissue regeneration.