•

가

가

١. 가 가 1, 2). 가 ,3) 가 Millipore 가 Nyman 15,16) 가 filter Nyman, ,4-6) 7)8) Becker , Gottlow , Pontorieto expanded polytetrafluoroeth -Caffesse ylene(e-PTFE) 가 morphogenic factor ^{17 - 22)}. e - PTFE 9, 10) 가 ,11) 1976 Melcher가 12) 1980 가 4가 collagen²³ 가 13 - 16) ²⁸⁾, atelocollagen²⁹⁾, polylactic acid(Guidor , 가 Matrix Barrier)30,31), polyglactin 910(Vicryl

Mesh)32-34), glycolide & lactide copoly -

```
mer(Resolut Regenerative Material)<sup>35,36)</sup>
                                                                      가
                                                         8
                                                                     12
가
               37,38)
                                                                        Bio - mesh?
                         expanded polyte -
                                                        Gore - Tex
trafluoroethylene(e - PTFE)
                                                           II.
                                    가
               39,40,45)
                                        46 -
                                                  1.
48)
                                                  1994
                                                              1999
                                                                     가
                                                                               22
                                                27
                                                                                     Gore -
39,49,50)
                                                Tex (Gore Inc, USA)
                                                                          Bio - mesh (
                                                                                   5
                                                                     2
                                                        26,
                                                                           14
                가
                                                       1
      Godfredsen
                                                   750 mg Amoxicillin
                                                                                          5
                                                                   375 mg Amoxicllin
                                  polymer
polyhydroxybutyrate(PHB)
                                                                                  10
                   가
                                                  2.
           ,51) Sevor
                 52). Pajarola
                                                                  shoulder
     polyglycolid
                       Biofix
          8
  21
                   1
                                                                                   head
                                53)
                                                  (Figure 1).
                   Bio - mesh?
           polylactic acid(PLA), polygly -
colic acid(PGA), lactic/glycolide copoly -
mer(PLGA)
                                                                                         )
```

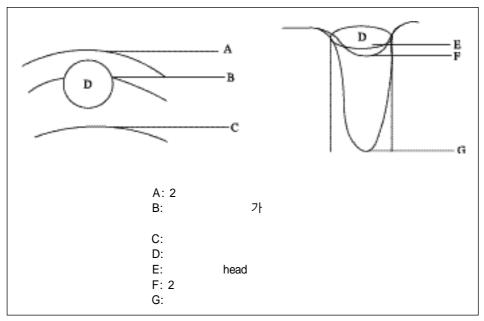


Figure 1. The method of measurement

/4(0.79) (chlorhexidine) Gore - tex? 3. 가 6 Gore - Tex (inner portion) 4. 2 13.8± 3 mm 2.1 , 26.5 ± 3.8 가가 가 2 Gore - tex 가 가 10 Table 1. The location of implant dehiscence

defects in the dentition

	Mandible	Maxilla
Incisor	2	1
Canine	1	3
Premolar	8	1

1 , 6 , 3

가

Table 2. Ridge width change of implant dehiscence defect pre or post OP. with Nonresorbable membrane

	Length(mm)	ngth(mm) Width(mm)		Length(mm)		Width(mm)	
		pre - OP	post - OP			pre - OP	post - OP
1	2.4	4.0	5.0	9	8.4	3.0	4.5
2	2.4	3.5	4.5	10	4.2	3.5	5.5
3	4.8	3.5	4.5	11	1.8	4.0	5.0
4	3.0	4.0	4.0	12	1.2	4.0	4.0
5	1.8	4.0	5.0	13	3.0(1.2)	3.5	3.0
6	5.4	3.5	4.0	14	1.8	3.5	4.0
7	4.2	3.5	4.5	15	1.8	4.0	4.5
8	1.2	3.5	4.0				
			A	verage	3.36	3.6	4.4

post-OF pre-OP

Figure 2. Ridge width with Nonresorbable membrane

1.

5.

Windows Version. 8.0 SPSS , 12 , 3 , 1 .

Wilcoxon 's matched pairs signed rank test , 가 2. , Mann Whitney test

3.36mm±1.96 III. 3.6mm±0.34 4.4mm±0.6

Table 3. Surface area change of implant dehiscence defect pre or post OP. with Nonresorbable membrane

	Surface area(mm ²)				Surface area(mm²)		
	pre - OP	post - OP	difference		pre - OP	post - OP	difference
1	7.5	9.4	1.9	9	19.8	29.7	9.9
2	6.6	8.5	1.9	10	11.6	18.1	6.6
3	13.2	17.0	3.8	11	5.7	7.1	1.4
4	7.1	9.4	2.4	12	3.8	3.8	0.0
5	15.1	18.9	3.8	13	8.2	2.8	- 5.4
6	14.8	17.0	2.1	14	4.9	5.7	0.7
7	11.6	14.9	3.3	15	5.7	6.4	0.7
8	3.3	3.8	0.5				
				Average	9.25	11.48	2.23

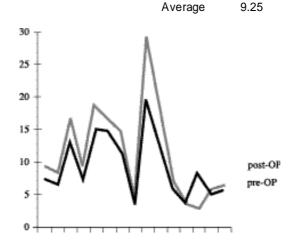


Figure 3. Surface area with Nonresorbable membrane

Table 4. Ridge width change of implant dehiscence defect pre or post OP. with resorbable membrane

	Length(mm)	(mm) Width(mm)			Length(mm)	Width(mm)	
		pre - OP	post - OP			pre - OP	post - OP
1	11.4	3.5	4.5	7	3.0	4.0	4.5
2	1.8	3.5	4.0	8	6.6	3.0	4.0
3	5.4	3.5	4.5	9	5.4	3.5	4.5
4	4.8	3.5	4.0	10	9.6	4.0	4.5
5	3.6	3.5	4.0	11	6.0	3.5	4.0
6	4.2	3.0	4.0	12	3.0(1.8)	3.0	2.5
				Average	5.4	3.46	4.1

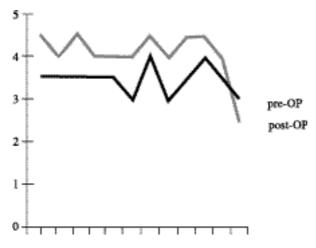


Figure 4. Ridge width with resorbable membrane

Table 5. Surface area change of implant dehiscence defect pre or post OP. with resorbable membrane

	Surface area(mm²)				Surface area(mm²)		
	pre - OP	post - OP	difference		pre - OP	post - OP	difference
1	31.3	40.3	9.0	7	9.4	10.6	1.2
2	4.9	5.7	0.7	8	15.6	20.7	5.2
3	14.8	19.1	4.2	9	14.8	19.1	4.2
4	13.2	15.1	1.9	10	30.2	33.9	3.8
5	9.9	11.3	1.4	11	16.5	18.9	2.4
6	9.9	13.2	3.3	12	7.1	3.5	- 3.5
				Average	14.8	17.61	2.81

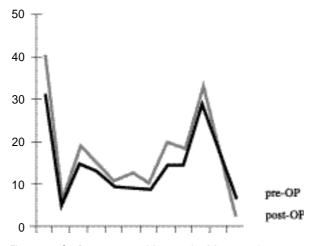


Figure 5. Surface area with resorbable membrane

```
3.34 .
                                                   13 - 16)
                                                     가
                                                                                               e -
  (P<0.05).
                                                   PTFE
                                                                                               17 -
  4.
                                                   22)
                 ridge width
                                                                   가
                                                                               .<sup>23) - 36)</sup> Simion<sup>48)</sup>
                        5.4mm
     2.78
                                                       e-PTFE
                                                                          가가
                    3.46mm
                          4.1mm,
                                                                         e-PTFE
  0.33
0.6
  5.
                                                                                        , Sevor
                            14.8mm<sup>2</sup>,
                           17.61mm<sup>2</sup>,
   8.25
                                 2.81mm<sup>2</sup>,
   10.67
                                                                    52)
       3.00
                                                     Pajarola
                                                                                   polyglycoid
(P<0.05).
                                                      Biofix?
                                                                                   8 1
                                                                          21
 6.
                                                                                <sup>53)</sup> Zitzmann
                                                                                   Gore - Tex?
              2.23 \pm 3.34
            2.81 \pm 3.00
                                                   Bio - Gide?
                                                                           collagen
                                                                                92%, Gore - Tex
                                            가
                                                                Bio - Gide?
                                  가
                                                          78%
                                                                                        54)
(P>0.05).
                                                                             12
             IV.
                                                                                       8
                                                                                      3.6mm
                                                                      0.34
                                        가
                                                    4.4mm,
                                                                        0.6
```

	9.25mm², 4.84 11.48mm², 7.52	2				
	2.23mm²,					
3.34 .	•	1.	ī			
	2	2. 27	2			
	가	가				
Go	re - Tex	3.	(mm^2)			
	가	9.25 ± 4.84	11.48 ±			
98%	가	7.52 가	(P<0.05).			
	65% Zitzmann	4.	(mm²)			
54)		14.80 ± 8.25	17.61 ±			
,		10.67 가	(P<0.05).			
	3.46mm ,	5.	가 2.23			
0.33	, 4.1mm,	± 3.38 ,				
0.6	•	가 2.80 ± 3.00				
		가 (P>0	0.05).			
14.8mm²,	8.25 ,					
17.61mm²,	10.67					
2.81mm	n², 3.00 .					
_,						
가	·					
-	polylactic acid(PLA), polyg -	가 .				
	GA), lactic/glycolic copoly -	\ //L				
mer(PLGA)	Bio - mesh	VI.				
	Gore - Tex?	1 Adall D. Lakhalm	II Dr. amark D			
,	가 Pia	1. Adell R, Lekholm				
maah?	Bio -	 Surgical procedures P - 1, Zarb GA, Albrel 				
mesh?	e-PTFE	Tissue - Integrated				
		Osseointegration in Cli				
		Chicago: Quintessence	-			
	V.	2. Adell R, Eriksson				
	v .	Br emark P - 1, Jemt T, A long - term				
		follow - up study of o	_			
	가	implants in the treatme	_			
27	71	edentulous jaw. Int J				
۷1			J. SI MAXIMOIGO			

Implants 1990: 4: 347

- Daniel Buser, Christer Dahlin, Robert K. Schenk. Guided Bone Regeneration in Implant Dentistry. Quintessence books 1996: 32
- 4. Keller EE, Van Roekel NB, Desjardins RP, Tolman DE. Prostheticsurgical reconstruction of the severely resorbed maxilla with iliac bone grafting Int Joral Maxillofac Implants 1987: 2: 155
- Kahnberg K-E, Nystrom E, Bartholdsson L. Combined use of bone grafts and Br emark fixtures in the treatment of severely resorbed maxillae. Int J Oral Maxillofac Implants 1989: 4: 297
- 6. Adell R, Lekholm U, Grondahl k, Br emark P 1, Lindstrom J, Jacobsson M. Reconstruction of severely resorbed edentulous maxillae using osseointe grated fixtures in immediate autogenous bone grafts. Int Oral Maxillofac Implants 1990: 5: 233
- 7. Jarcho M. Retrospective analysis of hydroxyapatite development for implant applications. Dent Clin North Am 1992: 36: 19
- 8. Kent JN, Zide MF. Bone and biomaterials. Otolaryngol Clin North Am 1984: 17: 273
- Kaban LB, Glowacki J. Induced osteogenesis in the repair of mandibular defects in rats. J Dent Res 1981: 60: 1356
- Glowacki J, Kaban LB, Murray JE, Folkman J, Mulliken JB. Application of the biological principle of induced osteogenesis for craniofacial defects. Lancet 1981: 200: 322

- Prolo DJ, Rodrigo JJ.
 Contemporary bone graft physiology and surgery. Clin Orthop 1985: 200 : 322
- 12. Melcher AH: On the repair potentials of the periodontal tissues. Periodontol 1976: 47: 256-260
- 13. Karring T, Nyman S, Lindhe J: Healing following implantation of periodontitis affected roots into bone tissue. J Clin Periodontol 1980: 7: 96-105
- 14. Nyman S, Karring T, Lindhe J, Platen S: Healing following implantation of periodontitis affected roots into gingival connective tissue. J Clin Periodontol 1980: 7: 394-401
- 15. Nyman S, Gottlow J, Karring T, Lindhe J: The regenerative potential of the periodontal ligament. An experimental study in the monkey. J Clin Periodontol 1982: 9: 257 - 265
- Nyman S, Lindhe J, Karring T, Rylander H: New attachment following surgical treatment of human periodontal disease. J Clin Periodontol 1982: 9: 290-296
- Nyman S, Gottlow J, Lindhe J, Karring T, Wennstrom J: New attachment following guided tissue regeneration. J Periodont Res 1987: 22: 252-254
- Becker W, Becker BE, Prichard J, Caffesse RG, Rosenberg E, GianGrasso J : Root isolation for new attachment procedures: A surgical and suturing method three case reports. J Periodontol 1987: 58:819-823
- Becker W, Becker BE, Berg L,
 Prichard J, Caffesse RG, Rosenberg E:
 New attachment after tretment with root

- isolation procedures: Report of treatrd class and class furcations and vertical osseous defects. Int J Periodontics Restorative Dent 1988: 8:9-23
- Gottlow J, Nyman S, Lindhe J, Karring T, Wennstrom J: New attach ment formation in the human periodon tium by guided tissue regeneration, Case reports. J Clin Periodontol 1986: 13: 604-616
- 21. Pontoriero R, Lindhe J, Nyman S, Karring T, Rosenberg E, Sanavi F: Guided tissue regeneration in degree furcation - involved mandibular molars. A clinical study. J Nlin Periodontol 1988: 15 : 247 - 254
- 22. Caffesse RG, Smith BA, Duff B, Morrison EC, Merrill D, Becker W: Class II furcations treated by guided tissue regeneration in humans: Case reports. J Periodontol 19990: 61: 510-514
- 23. Pitaru S, Tal H, Soldinger M, AzarAvidan O, Noff M: Collagen membrane prevent the apical migration of epithelium during periodontal wound healing. J Periodont Res 1987: 22: 331-333
- 24. Pitaru S, Tal H, Soldinger M, Grosskopf A, Noff M: Partial regeneration of periodontal tissue using collagen barriers. Initial obserbvations in the canine. J Periodontol 1988: 59: 380-386
- 25. Pitaru S, Solinger M, Noff m: Collagen membrane prevent apical migration of epithelium and support new connective tissue attachment during periodontal wound healing in dogs. J

- Periodont Res 1989: 24: 247 253
- 26. Blumenthal NM: The use of collagen membranes to guided tissue regeneration of new connective attachment in dogs. J Periodontol 1988: 59: 830 - 836
- 27. Black BC,Gher ME, Sandifer JB, Fucini SE, Rechardson AC: Comparative study of collagen and Eptfe membranes in the treatment of human class furcation defects. J Periodontol 1994: 65: 598-604
- 28. Blumenthal NM: A clinical comparison of collagen membranes with ePTFE membranes in the treatment of human mandibular buccal class furcation defects. J Periodontol 1993: 64: 925-933
- 29. Kodama T: The histopathological study of periodontal regeneration using atelocollagen membranes. J Jpn Assoc Periodontol 1990: 32: 1-25
- 30. Magnusson I, Batich C,Collins BR: New attachment formation following controlled tissue regeneration using biodegradable membranes. J Periodontol 1988: 59: 1-7
- 31. Laurell I, Falk H, Fornell J, Johard G, Gottlow j: Clinical use of biore sorbable matrix barrier in guided tissue regeneration therapy: Case series. J Periodontol 1994: 65: 967-975
- 32. Fleisher N, Waal HD, Bloom J:
 Regeneration of lost attachment apparatus in the dog using Vicryl absorbable mesh(polyglactin 910). Int J Periodontics Restorative Dent 1988: 8: 45-55
- 33. Kon S, Ruben MP, Bloom A, Bey WH, Boffa J: Regeneration of periodon -

- tal ligament using resorbable and nonresorbable membranes: Clinical, histological, and histometric study in dogs. Int J Periodontics Restorative Dent 1991: 11: 59-71
- 34. Caton J, Greenstein G, Zappa U: Synthetic bioabsorbable barrier for regeneration in human periodontal defects. J Periodontol 1994: 65: 1037-1045
- 35. Greenstein G, Caton J:
 Biodegradable barriers and guided tissue regeneration.J Periodontol 2000 1993: 1: 36-45
- 36. Caffesse RG, Nasjleti CE, Morrison EC, Sanchez R: Guided tissue regener -

- ation: Comparison of bioabsorbable and nonbioabsorbable membranes. Histologic and histometric stugy in dogs. J Periodontol 1994: 65: 583-591
- 37. Nyman S, Lindhe J, Karring T, Rylander H. New attachment following surgical treatment of human periodontal disease. J Clin Periodontol 1982: 9: 290-296
- 38. Bragger U, Hammerle C, Mombell A, Burgin W, Lang N. Remodeling of periodontal tissues adjacent to sites treated according to the principles of guided tissue regeneration(GTR). J Clin Periodontol 1992: 19: 615-624
- 39. Dahlin C, Sennerby L, Lekholm U,

- Linde A, Nyman S. Generation of new bone around titanium implants using a membrane technique: An experimental study in rabbits. Int J Oral Maxillofac Implants 1989: 4:19-25
- 40. Becker W, Becker B, Handelsman M, Celleti R, Ochsenbein C, Hardwick R, Langer B. Bone formation at dehisced dental implant sites treated with implant augmentation material: A pilot study in dogs. Int J Periodont Rest Dent 1990: 10: 93 101
- 41. Becker W, Becker B. Guided tissue regeneration for implants placed into extraction sockets and for implant dehiscences: Surgical techniques and case reports. Int J Perodont Rest Dent 1990: 10: 377 392
- 42. Buser D, Dula K. Localized ridge augmentation using guided bone regeneration. I. Surgical procedure in the maxilla. Int J Periodont Rest DENT 1993: 13: 29-45
- 43. Simion M, Baldoni M, Zaffe D. Jaw bone enlargement using immediate implant placement associated with a split crest technique and guided regeneration. Int J Periodont Rest Dent 1992: 12: 463 473
- 44. Nyman S. Lang N, Buser D, Bragger U. Bone regeneration adjacent to titanium dental implants using guided tissue regeneration: A report of two cases. Int J Oral Maxillofac Implants 1990: 5:9-14
- 45. Sottosanti J, Bierly J. The storage of marrow and its relation to periodontal grafting procedures. J Periodontol 1975: 46: 162-170
- 46. Wachtel H, Langford A, Bernimoulin J, Reichart P. Guided bone regeneration next to osseointegrated implants in humans. Int J Oral Maxillofac Implants 1991: 6: 127 134
- 47. Vlassis J, Caffess R. Guided bone regeneration at a fenestrated dental implant : Histologic assessment of a case report. Int J Oral Maxillofac Implants 1993: 8 : 447 451
- 48. Simion M, Dahlin C, Trisi P, Biatelli A. Qualitative and quantitative comparative study of different filling materials used in bone tissue regeneration: Acontrolled clinical study. Int J Periodont Rest Dent 1994: 14: 189 215
- 49. Zablotsky H.Meffert R. Caudill R, Evans G. Histological and clinical conparisons of guided tissue regeneration on dehisced hydroxyapatite coated and titanium endosseous implant surfaces: A pilot study. Int J Oral Maxillofac Inplants 1991: 6: 294 302
- 50. Mellonig J, Triplett R. Guided tissue regeneration and endosseous dental implants. Int J Periodont Rest Dent 1993: 13: 109 119
- 51. Godfredsen K, Nimb L, Hjorting Hansen E. Immediate implant placement using a biodegradable barrier, polyhydroxybutyrate hydroxyvalerate reinforced with polyglactin910. Clin Oral Implants Res 1994: 5:83-91
- 52. Sevor JJ, Meffert RM, Cassingham RJ. Regeneration of dehisced adveolat bone adjacent to endosseous dental implants utilizing resorbable collagen membrane: Clinical and histological results. Int J Periodont Rest Dent 1993: 13:71-83
- 53. Pajarola GF, Sailer HF, Haers PE, Meyenberg K. Guided bone regeneration around titanium screw implants using a resorbable membrane. Oral Maxillofac Surg Clin North

Am 1994: 6:699-706

- 54. Zitzman.N, Naef R, Scharer S. Resorbable versus Nonresorbable Membranes in Combination with Biooss for Guided Bone Regeneration: Int J Oral & Maxl Implants 1997: 12: 844-852
- Abstract -

Comparison of Resorbable and Nonresorbable Membrane for Guided Bone Regeneration in Implant Dehiscence Defects

Tae - Hoon Kwon, Chin - Hyung Chung, Sung - Bin Yim

Department of Periodontology, College of Dentistry, Dankook University

The purpose of this study was to examine the frequency of dehiscence bone defect on peri - implant and to compare the difference between resorbable membrane and non - resorbable membrane in bone regeneration on peri - implant.

Among the patients, 22 patientswho have recieved an implant surgery at the depart - ment of Periodontics in Dankook University Dental Hospital showed implant exposure due to the dehiscence defect and 27 implants of these 22 patients were the tar-get of the treatment.

Gore - Tex and Bio - mesh were applied to the patients and treated them with

antibiotics for five days both preoperatively and postoperatively. Reentry period was 26 weeks on average in maxilla and 14 weeks on average in mandible.

The results were as follows:

- Dehiscence bone defect frequently appeared in premolar in mandible and anterior teeth in maxilla respectively.
- Among 27 cases, 2 membrane exposures were observed and in these two cases, regenerated area was decreased.
- In non resorbable membrane, bone surface area 9.25 ± 4.84 preoperative ly and significantly increased to 11.48 ± 7.52 postoperatively.(P<0.05)
- 4. In resorbable membrane, bone surface area was 14.80 ± 8.25 preoperatively and meaningfully widened to 17.61 ± 10.67 postoperatively.(P<0.05)</p>
- 5. The increase of bone surface area in non resorbable membrane was 2.23 ± 3.38 and the increase of bone surface area in resorbable membrane was 2.80 ± 3.00; therefore, there was no significant difference between these two membranes (P<0.05).

This study implies that the surgical method using DFDB and membrane on peri - implant bone defect is effective in bone regeneration regardless the kind of the membrane, and a similar result was shown when a resorbable membrane was used.