

가 가 가 가

가 가 가 가

7. 가 가 가 가

가 가 가 가

가 가 가 가

1) 가 가 가 가

가 가 가 가

2) 가 가 가 가

가 가 가 가

가 가 가 가

가 가 가 가

가 가 가 가

가 가 가 가

8. 가 가 가 가

가 가 가 가

1) 가 가 가 가

2) 가 가 가 가

가 가 가 가

9. 가 가 가 가

가 가 가 가

가 가 가 가

가 가 가 가

1999 10 20 1999 11 가 가

20 가 I 가

가 가

가 가

가 1) 가 가

1 (dyad) 2) 가 가 가

4 , 1) 가 가

, 2) , 3) , 4) 가

Maxwell & Maxwell 가

가

(1982).

가 , 40(4), 281-287.

2 (1990).

가 , 9(1), 1-8.

가 (1987). 가

가 , 17(2), 122-135.

(1990). 가 가

(1990). 가

(1993). 가

(1996).

가 (1990). 가

(1995).

가 가 (1998) 가

가 , 10(1), 198-207.

가 (1979).

_____ , 22(2), 157-161.
 (1997).
 (1996).
 _____ , 26(4), 903-915.
 (1983) 가
 _____ , 10(1), 166-179.
 (1987). 가
 (1993). 가
 _____ , (1996). 가
 _____ , 26(4),
 853-867.
 (1995). 가
 _____ , 4(2), 7-17.
 (1995). 가 가
 (1998). 가 가 가
 - 가 -
 (1995). 가 -
 가 - 가 _____ ,
 16(12), 814-823.
 (1993). 가
 (1998). :
 (1986). 가 _____ ,
 20, 46-70.
 Anger, D. (1975). The psychologic stress of
 chronic renal failure and long-term
 hemodialysis. Nursing Clinics in North
 America, 10(3), 449-459.
 Filstead, W. J. (1970) Qualitative methodology:
 Firsthand involvement with the social world.
 Chicago: Markham publishing company.

Gwyther, L. P., & George, L. K. (1986)
 Caregiver for dementia patients : complex
 determinant of wellbeing and burden. The
 Gerontologist, 26(3), 245-247.
 Morse, J. M., & Carter, B. J. (1995).
 Strategies of enduring and the suffering of
 loss : Modes of comfort used by a resilient
 survivor. Holistic Nursing Practice, 9(3),
 38-52.
 Rakel, R. E. (1990). Textbook of family
 actice(4th Ed.). Philadelphia: W. B. Saunders
 Co.
 Smith, M. J. T., & Selye, H. (1979). Reducing
 the negative effects of stress. American
 Journal of Nursing, 79(11), 1953-1955.

- Abstract-

key concept: Family, Adaptation Process,
 Hemodialysis, Grounded strategy.

Adaptation Process of The Family with Hemodialysis *

*Lee, Young Ae ***

Hemodialysis is a way of treatment for the
 patients with acute and chronic renal failure.
 "Marginal man" depicts the enormous amount of
 stress that hemodialytic patients suffer. It is
 known that family with chronic illness get
 stressed along with the patients and they need
 nursing care also.

This qualitative study was conducted in order
 to identify the family adaptation process in
 patients with hemodialysis.

6 dyads of hemodialytic patients and
 caregivers were interviewed for this research.

* This study was supported by the research fund of
 Wonkwang Health College.

** Professor, Department of Nursing, Wonkwang Health
 College

By way of grounded theoretical strategy the data was collected from October 20, 1999 to November 20, 1999. at a hemodialytic unit that was located in Iksan, Chonbuk by the researcher.

The main research questions were " What's the adaptation experience of a patient since after being received with hemodialysis?" to the patients , and " What's the family adaptation experience of hemodialysis ?" to the caregivers.

The collected data was analyzed by grounded theoretical strategy built by Glaser & Strauss in 1967.

Results were as follows;

7 grounded concepts were observed from the patients with hemodialysis and 4 grounded concepts were found from the caregivers.

Two categories were derived ;

- 1) Holding hope that is related with treatment
- 2) Changing a value system