

가 MC3T3 - E1

.

I. (bone morphogenic proteins; BMPs)^{12, 13)}

, ,
,
1,2).

(platelet - derived growth factor; PDGF) Piche Graves(1988)¹⁴⁾ PDGF 가 , Rutherford(1992)¹⁵⁾ ,

PDGF

3, 4) , PDGF (IGF; insulin - like growth factor)가 가 16,

, 5, 6), 17),
7),
8),
9),
10, 11)

가

IL - 1

20) PDGF^{14, 15}, IGF - ¹⁸, TGF - ¹⁹, ²⁶,
 pluronic F - 68²¹,
 (Centella asiatica)

(Scutellaria radix) ^{22, 23}, (Olibanum) ²⁴,
 (Myrrha) (活
 血²⁸瘀止痛),
 가 (Phlomis Radix)
 가 ²⁴,
 가
 가 (續折)
 가 (接骨), (速斷), (川續
 斷)
 가 ²⁹,
 가 ³⁰,
 (Magnoliae Cortex) (Cimicifugae Rhizoma)
 magnolol honokiol (Ranunculaceae)
 가 ²⁵,

Table 1. The List of The Natural Medicines for This Study

Korean name	Scientific name	Family	Used parts ^{a)}	M a j o r	
ComponentsReference					
	Boswellia carterii (olibanum; Birdwood)	Burseraceae	Re	60 - 70% of resin, boswellic acid, olibanoresene, bosw dinic acid, prinene	27
	Commiphora myrrha Engler (Myrrha)	Burseraceae	Re	24 - 25% of resin, 2.5 - 8% of essential oil, 57 - 61% of gum, terpene, sesquiterpene, esters, cinnamic aldehyde, eugenol, glucose	27, 28
29, 30	Phlomis umbrosa Turczaninow (Phlomis Radix)	Labiatae	Ro	iridoid glycoside(8 - 0 - acetyl - shanzhiside) methylester, shanzhiside methylester	

가
MC3T3 - E1

가 가

II.

1.

MC3T3 - E1 (mouse calvaria osteoblasts) 10% fetal bovine serum (FBS, Gibco BRL, USA) 1% (penicillin G sodium 10,000 units/ml, streptomycin sulfate 10,000 µg/ml, and amphotericin B 25 µg/ml in 0.85% saline, Gibco BRL, USA)가 가 - minimum essential medium (- MEM, Gibco BRL, USA) 2ml 6 - well (5 × 10⁴ cell/well) 37 100% 95% 5% CO₂ 가 2 - 3

2.

100 g

1

가 1,500rpm
rotatory evaporator
1g
10ml stock solution
0.2µm syringe filter (Nalge Company, USA)

3.

MC3T3 - E1 6 - well plate 1 × 10⁵ cell/well, 10% FBS가 가 - MEM 1 37, 100%, 5% CO₂ 1 0% - MEM 2, 10% FBS, 1% , 50 µg/ml ascorbic acid, 10mM sodium - glyc - erophosphate가 가 - MEM 가 10⁻⁷M dexamethasone 가 , 가 3 5 , trypsin - EDTA 1,500rpm 6 0.2ml 가 0.1ml 0.1 M glycine NaOH buffer (pH 10.4) 0.2ml, 15 mM p - nitrophenyl phosphate (pNPP ; Sigma, USA) 0.1ml, 0.1% tri - ton X - 100/saline 0.1 ml 0.1 ml , 37 30 . 0.1 N NaOH 0.6ml 가 . p - NPP 가 410 nm (Beckman DU - 650, USA) , p - nitrophenol (p - NP ; Sigma, USA)

4. ALP

6 - well plate 1×10^5 /well가

가 - MEM 2Ml , 3 5
가 - ANOVA ALP (one way
MEM , (p<0.05).
 10^{-7} M dexamethasone 가

III.

3 5 ,
2% paraformaldehyde well 1.
2ml 가 30 4 .
2 가
naphthol AS - MX phosphate 3
fast red violet LB salt(Sigma, USA)가 10^{-6} g/ml 가
well 1Ml 30 , 10^{-6} g/ml
37 가 , 10^{-7} g/ml
 10^{-6} g/ml 가
($\times 100$), .5 가
Image Pro II (Media , 10^{-6} g/ml 3
Cybernetics, USA) 5 가
(p<0.05)(Table 2).

Table 2. Alkaline Phosphatase Activity of MC3T3 - E1 Cells Treated with the Extracts of Olibanum (Mean \pm S.D.) (μ g/Ml)

Day	Negative control	Positive control	10^{-7} g/ml	10^{-6} g/ml
3	1.80 \pm 0.00	2.05 \pm 0.07*	1.95 \pm 0.07	2.55 \pm 0.07* [‡]
5	4.25 \pm 0.08 [‡]	4.15 \pm 0.07	4.75 \pm 0.07	5.35 \pm 0.49 [‡]

* Statistically significant compared to negative control (p<0.05).

[‡] Statistically significant compared to positive control (p<0.05).

[§] Statistically significant compared to 10^{-7} g/ml group (p<0.05).

Table 3. The Stained Area which Represent Alkaline Phosphatase Synthesis of MC3T3 - E1 Cells Treated with the Extracts of Olibanum (μ m²)(Mean \pm S.D.)

Day	Negative control	Positive control	10^{-7} g/ml	10^{-6} g/ml
3	21.64 \pm 4.11	29.93 \pm 2.20	31.57 \pm 3.93*	35.21 \pm 5.48*
5	25.20 \pm 5.19	32.55 \pm 9.43	34.65 \pm 7.86	37.67 \pm 5.43

* Statistically significant compared to negative control (p<0.05).

Table 4. Alkaline Phosphatase Activity of MC3T3 - E1 Cells Treated with the Extracts of Myrrha(Mean \pm S.D.)($\mu\text{g}/\text{Ml}$)

Day	Negative control	Positive control	$10^{-7}\text{g}/\text{ml}$	$10^{-6}\text{g}/\text{ml}$
3	1.80 \pm 0.14	2.20 \pm 0.14	2.70 \pm 0.00*	2.30 \pm 0.28
5	3.65 \pm 0.35 [§]	4.25 \pm 0.21 [§]	5.10 \pm 0.14*	4.30 \pm 0.14 [§]

* Statistically significant compared to negative control ($p < 0.05$).

Table 5. The Stained Area which Represent Alkaline Phosphatase Synthesis of MC3T3 - E1 Cells Treated with the Extracts of Myrrha(μm^2)(Mean \pm S.D.)

Day	Negative control	Positive control	$10^{-7}\text{g}/\text{ml}$	$10^{-6}\text{g}/\text{ml}$
3	33.14 \pm 9.94	35.22 \pm 0.77	46.79 \pm 3.00	39.36 \pm 10.69
5	42.17 \pm 7.53	51.48 \pm 9.89 [§]	72.67 \pm 5.95* [§]	53.28 \pm 13.25

* Statistically significant compared to negative control ($p < 0.05$).

[§] Statistically significant compared to 3 days ($p < 0.05$).

ALP , 3 $10^{-7}\text{g}/\text{ml}$ 가 , 5
 가 (p<0.05), 5 $10^{-7}\text{g}/\text{ml}$ 가 , 10⁻⁶g/ml 3
 가 (Table 3, Figure 1). 5
 2. 가 (p<0.05)(Table 4).
 ALP 5

Table 6. Alkaline Phosphatase Activity of MC3T3 - E1 Cells Treated with the Extracts of Phlomis Radix (Mean \pm S.D.)($\mu\text{g}/\text{Ml}$)

Day	Negative control	Positive control	$10^{-6}\text{g}/\text{ml}$	$10^{-5}\text{g}/\text{ml}$
3	2.25 \pm 0.21	2.50 \pm 0.14	3.35 \pm 0.12	2.85 \pm 0.21
5	2.10 \pm 0.14	2.70 \pm 0.00*	2.90 \pm 0.14*	2.65 \pm 0.07*

Table 7. The Stained Area which Represent Alkaline Phosphatase Synthesis of MC3T3 - E1 Cells Treated with the Extracts of Phlomis Radix (μm^2)(Mean \pm S.D.)

Day	Negative control	Positive control	$10^{-6}\text{g}/\text{ml}$	$10^{-5}\text{g}/\text{ml}$
3	38.04 \pm 6.20	44.27 \pm 7.86	51.38 \pm 4.26	42.66 \pm 7.26
5	41.54 \pm 7.48	54.62 \pm 9.18	63.24 \pm 5.60* [§]	48.41 \pm 7.48

*Statistically significant compared to negative control ($p < 0.05$).

[§]Statistically significant compared to 3 days ($p < 0.05$).

Table 8. Alkaline Phosphatase Activity of MC3T3 - E1 Cells Treated with the Extracts of Cimicifugae Rhizoma(Mean ± S.D.)($\mu\text{g}/\text{M}\ell$)

Day	Negative control	Positive control	$10^{-7}\text{g}/\text{ml}$	$10^{-6}\text{g}/\text{ml}$
3	1.15 ± 0.07	$3.85 \pm 0.49^*$	$2.40 \pm 0.42^{*\dagger}$	$2.15 \pm 0.07^\ddagger$
5	3.20 ± 0.85	4.50 ± 0.28	$4.25 \pm 0.07^\ddagger$	3.45 ± 0.07

*Statistically significant compared to negative control ($p < 0.05$).

†Statistically significant compared to positive control ($p < 0.05$).

‡Statistically significant compared to 3 days ($p < 0.05$).

Table 9. The Stained Area which Represent Alkaline Phosphatase Synthesis of MC3T3 - E1 Cells Treated with the Extracts of Cimicifugae Rhizoma(μm^2)(Mean ± S.D.)

Day	Negative control	Positive control	$10^{-7}\text{g}/\text{ml}$	$10^{-6}\text{g}/\text{ml}$
3	24.92 ± 2.51	34.14 ± 9.23	$43.33 \pm 9.34^*$	36.18 ± 5.04
5	$31.47 \pm 4.62^\ddagger$	37.33 ± 2.46	43.27 ± 10.04	33.90 ± 13.22

*Statistically significant compared to negative control ($p < 0.05$).

‡Statistically significant compared to 3 days ($p < 0.05$).

Figure 2). $10^{-7}\text{g}/\text{ml}$ 가 (p<0.05) (Table 5, . 5 가 , 3 가 . $10^{-7}\text{g}/\text{ml}$ 3 5 가 (p<0.05) (Table 8). ALP 3 가 $10^{-7}\text{g}/\text{ml}$ 가 (p<0.05) (Table 9, Figure 4). (p<0.05) (Table 6). IV. ALP 5 3 가 (p<0.05) (Table 7, 1970 Figure 3). 4. 가 3 . 1980 $10^{-7}\text{g}/\text{ml}$ 가 , 가 ,

가
1990

guinaria , 1980 san -

가

. Sangunaria

Viadent (Colgate - Palmolive Co.,
USA)

가

chlorhexidine

alkaloid

가

. Mullally

(1995)³¹⁾

, Daniela(1993)³²⁾

가

가

가

가

(ALP)

가

가

가

가

³³⁾. De Bernard(1982)³⁴⁾ ALP가
가

가 3 5
 가 (p<0.05).
 3. ALP

가 (p<0.05).
 4. ALP
 3 5
 , (p<0.05).

ALP

가

VI.

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(1)

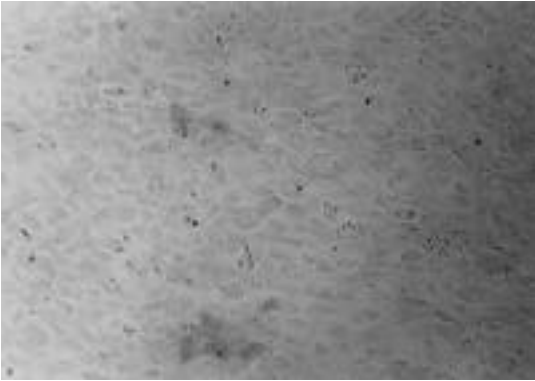


Photo 1 - 1



Photo 1 - 2



Photo 2 - 1



Photo 2 - 2

(II)



Photo 3 - 1

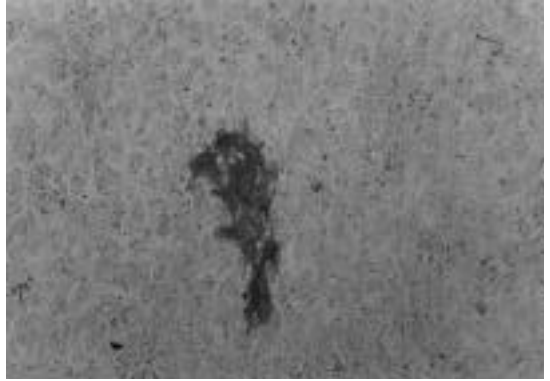


Photo 3 - 2

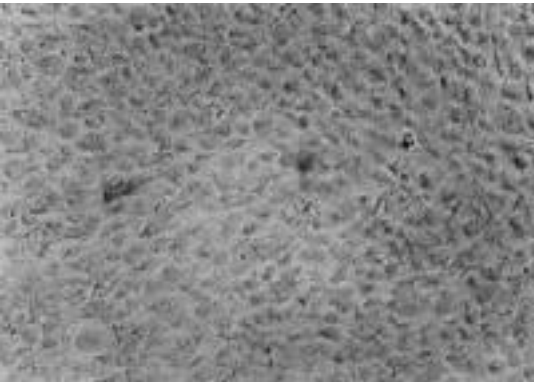


Photo 4 - 1



Photo 4 - 2

- Photo 1 - 1. Microphotograph reveals ALP synthesis expressed as red - colored area of MC3T3 - E1 cells treated with the extracts of Olibanum(negative control, Naphthol AS - BI method, × 100).
- Photo 1 - 2. Microphotograph reveals ALP synthesis expressed as red - colored area of MC3T3 - E1 cells treated with the extracts of Olibanum(10^{-6} g/ml group, Naphthol AS - BI method, × 100).
- Photo 2 - 1. Microphotograph reveals ALP synthesis expressed as red - colored area of MC3T3 - E1 cells treated with the extracts of Myrrha(negative control,Naphthol AS - BI method, × 100)
- Photo 2 - 2. Microphotograph reveals ALP synthesis expressed as red - colored area of MC3T3 - E1 cells treated with the extracts of Myrrha(10^{-7} g/ml group,Naphthol AS - BI method, × 100)
- Photo 3 - 1. Microphotograph reveals ALP synthesis expressed as red - colored area of MC3T3 - E1 cells treated with the extracts of Phlomis Radix(negative control, Naphthol AS - BI method, × 100).
- Photo 3 - 2. Microphotograph reveals ALP synthesis expressed as red - colored area of MC3T3 - E1 cells treated with the extracts of Phlomis Radix(10^{-6} g/ml group, Naphthol AS - BI method, × 100).
- Photo 4 - 1. Microphotograph reveals ALP synthesis expressed as red - colored area of MC3T3 - E1 cells treated with the extracts of Cimicifugae Rhizoma(negative control, Naphthol AS - BI method, × 100).
- Photo 4 - 2. Microphotograph reveals ALP synthesis expressed as red - colored area of MC3T3 - E1 cells treated with the extracts of Cimicifugae Rhizoma(10^{-7} g/ml group, Naphthol AS - BI method, × 100).

- Abstract -

Effects of Several Natural Medicines on Alkaline Phosphatase Synthesis in MC3T3 - E1 Cells

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Several growth factors and polypeptides are not commonly yet used for regenerators of bone tissue or alveolar bone because of the insufficiency of studies on their side effects, genetic engineering for mass production and stability for clinical application. Recently, many natural medicines, which have advantage of less side effects and possibility of long - term use, have been studied for their capacity and effects of anti - bacterial, anti - inflammatory and regenerative potential of periodontal tissues. Olibanum, Myrrha, Phlomis Radix, and Cimicifugae Rhizoma have been traditionally used as a drug for treatment of bone disease in oriental medicine.

The objective of this study was to examine the ability of alkaline phosphatase (ALP) synthesis of rat calvarial osteoblast (MC3T3 - E1) when several natural medicines were supplemented. MC3T3 - E1 cells were cultured with MEM (negative control),

dexamethasone (positive control), and each natural medicines for 3 and 5 days. And then ALP synthesis was measured by spectrophotometer for enzyme activity and by naphthol AS - BI staining for morphometry.

All of the natural medicines induced higher activity of ALP synthesis than the negative controls ($p < 0.05$). Especially Olibanum induced the higher activity than the positive controls ($p < 0.05$). In the aspects of culturing time, except Cimicifugae Rhizoma, the natural medicines induced higher activity of ALP synthesis at 5 days than at 3 days ($p < 0.05$). In morphometry, all of the natural medicines showed statistical significance compared to the negative control ($p < 0.05$). Myrrha and Phlomis Radix showed larger positively stained area at 5 days than at 3 days, whereas the others did not show the difference between at 5 and at 3 days ($p < 0.05$).

These results indicate that several natural medicines have an inducing ability of ALP synthesis in MC3T3 - E1 cells.