

### 3-(치환) 테트라조일메칠세파로스포린의 합성과 생리활성

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### Synthesis and Biological Activity of 3-(Substituted) Tetrazolylmethyl Cephalosporins

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**Abstract**—For the development of new cephalosporin antibiotics with aminothiazolcarboxymethylethoxyimino moiety on the C-7 position and tetrazolylmethyl moiety on the C-3 position of cephem ring,  $7\beta$ -(Z)-2-(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)-2-(1-carboxy-1-methylethoxyimino)acetamido)-3-[5-(substituted)tetrazol-2-yl]methyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acids(28~35) were synthesized. These compounds were tested for antimicrobial activity *in vitro* against Gram(+) and Gram(-) bacteria. They showed remarkable antibacterial activity against *Escherichia coli* AB 1157, *Escherichia coli* AB 0111, *Escherichia coli* BE 1186, *Micrococcus luteus* ATCC 9341, *Salmonella typhimurium* TV 119, *Salmonella typhimurium* SL 1102, *Staphylococcus aureus* IFO 12732, *Staphylococcus aureus* R-209, but these compounds were not active against *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* N-10.

**Keywords** □ Formylation, ACLE, tetrazole, HOBT-DCC method, Vilsmeier reagent, silylation, de-formylation, hydrolysis, antibacterial activity.

지금까지의 cephalosporin계 항생제는 cephem핵의 C-7, C-3, C-4 위치를 변형시킨 화합물들이다. C-7위치에는 항균력과 G(-)균의 외막투과성을 증가시켜 광범위 항균 spectrum을 갖게 하는 aminothiazole기와  $\beta$ -lactamase에 안정성을 증가시키고 penicillin binding protein(PBP)에 대한 결합친화성을 증가시키는 alkoxyimino기가 *syn*체로 결합된 aminothiazole-alkoxyimino moiety를 가진 화합물들이 주류를 이루고 있다. 특히 alkoxyimino부위에 methoxyimino기를 가진 ceftioxime<sup>1~3)</sup>, cefotaxime<sup>4~5)</sup>, cefmenoxime<sup>6)</sup> 그리고 ceftriaxone<sup>7)</sup> 등이 보고 되었으며 carboxyme-thoxyimino기와 carboxymethylethoxyimino기를 각각 가진 cefixime<sup>8)</sup>과 ceftazidime<sup>9)</sup>들이 우수한 광범위

항균력이 있다고 보고되었다. C-3위치는 항균력, 흡수, 대사를 결정짓는 중요한 부위이다. *Pseudomonas*와 같은 G(-)균에 강력한 항균력을 가지며  $\beta$ -lactamase에 대한 저항성을 향상시킬 목적으로 C-3위치에 heterocyclic-thiomethyl<sup>10~14)</sup>기와 quarternary ammonium salt<sup>15~23)</sup>, vinyl<sup>24~29)</sup>, catechol<sup>30~37)</sup>들을 도입시킨 세파로스포린계 항생제들이 보고되어 있다. C-4위치

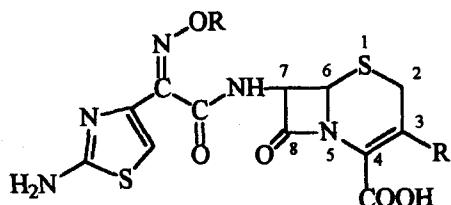


Fig. 1 — General structure of aminothiazole-alkoxyiminocephalosporin.

<sup>#</sup> 본 논문에 관한 문의는 이 저자에게로  
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의 carboxy기에 ester를 도입시켜 흡수율을 개선하고 생체이용율을 높일 목적으로 prodrug 형태의 cephalosporin 계 항생제<sup>38~40</sup>도 보고되었다.

본 저자들은 C-7위치에 aminothiazole-carboxy-methylethoxyimino기를 도입시키고 C-3위치에 약 리활성이 기대되는 tetrazole을 도입시킨 cephalosporin 계 항생제를 합성하여 G(+) 및 G(-)균에 대하여 항균력을 기존의 항생제와 비교 실험한 결과를 보고하려고 한다.

## 실 험

### 시약 및 기기

본 실험에 사용된 시약들은 Aldrich Co., Sigma Co., Tokyo Kasei., Fluka Co.에서 구입한 일급 시약을 사용하였으며 *p*-methoxybenzyl 7-amino-3-chloromethyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylate hydrochloride (ACLE)는 Otsuka사 제품을, (Z)-2-(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)-2-(1-*tert*-butoxycarbonyl-1-methylethoxyimino)acetic acid는 Lonza사 제품을, silica gel(230~400 mesh)은 Sigma사 제품을 사용하였고 용매는 필요에 따라 정제하여 사용하였다. Mueller-Hinton broth는 Difco co. 제품을 사용하였다. Thin layer chromatography(TLC)는 Kieselgel F<sub>254</sub>(0.25 mm)를 바른 유리판을 잘라 이용하였으며 tlc spot는 자외선램프 UVGL-58을 사용하였다. 용점 측정은 Gallen-Kamp 용점측정기를 사용하였으며 이에 대한 보정은 하지 않았다. Column chromatography는 silica gel(230~400 mesh, 60Å, Merck)을 사용하였다. IR spectra는 Bruker IFS 66을 사용하여 KBr pellet으로 측정하였다. NMR spectra는 tetramethylsi-

lane(TMS)를 내부 표준 물질로 하여 Bruker FT-80 MHz, FT-300 MHz를 사용하였다.

### (Z)-2-(2-Formamidothiazol-4-yl)-2-(1-*tert*-butoxy-carbonyl-1-methylethoxyimino)acetic acid(2)

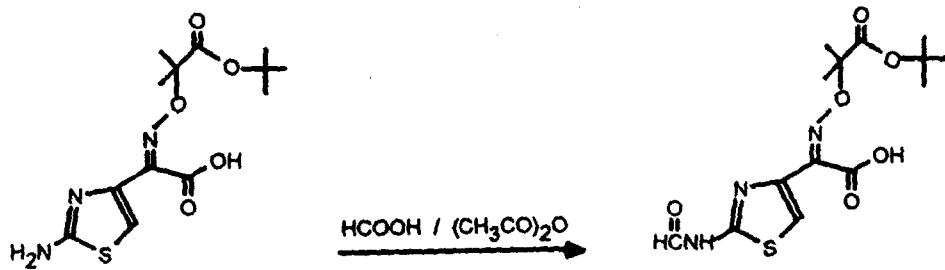
$(CH_3CO)_2O$  12.4 g(0.12 mol)과 HCOOH 5.6 g(0.12 mol)을 55~60°C에서 1시간 교반하고 이咎물로 냉각하여 15°C에서 (Z)-2-(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)-2-(1-*tert*-butoxycarbonyl-1-methylethoxyimino)acetic acid (1) 10.00 g(0.03 mol)을 가하여 상온에서 2시간 교반하였다. 반응물에 EtOAc 300 ml을 가하여 30분간 교반하고 EtOAc 층을 분리하여 감압 농축하였다. 잔유물을 iso-propylether(iPE) 300 ml에 교반하면서 분산시켰다. 생성된 침전을 여과하고 iPE로 수회 세척하였다.  $P_2O_5$ 로 건조하여 백색결정 8.93 g(82%)을 얻었다.

IR (KBr)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ : 3347, 1725, 1638.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR ( $DMSO-d_6$ )  $\delta$ : 1.39(9H, s,  $C(CH_3)_3$ ), 1.44(6H, s,  $C(CH_3)_2$ ), 7.41(1H, s, thiazole-H), 8.52(1H, s, HCO), 12.76(1H, br.s, HCONH)

### *p*-Methoxybenzyl 7β-[(Z)-2-(2-formamidothiazol-4-yl)-2-(1-*tert*-butoxycarbonyl-1-methylethoxyimino) acetoamido]-3-chloromethyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylate (3)

(Method A) : 화합물(2) 3 g(8.74 mmol), 1-hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate(HOBt) 1.38 g(8.95 mmol)을 DMF 20 ml에 용해시키고 *N,N*-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide(DCC) 1.85 g(8.95 mmol)을 가하여 상온에서 3시간 교반후 냉장고에 24시간 방치하였다. 생성된 결정을 여과하여 제거하고 여액을 보관하였다. 한편 ACLE 3.54 g(8.74 mmol), EtOAc 100 ml,  $H_2O$  20 ml,  $NaHCO_3$  0.74 g(8.8 mmol)을 0~5°C에



1

Scheme I — Synthesis of Compound (2).

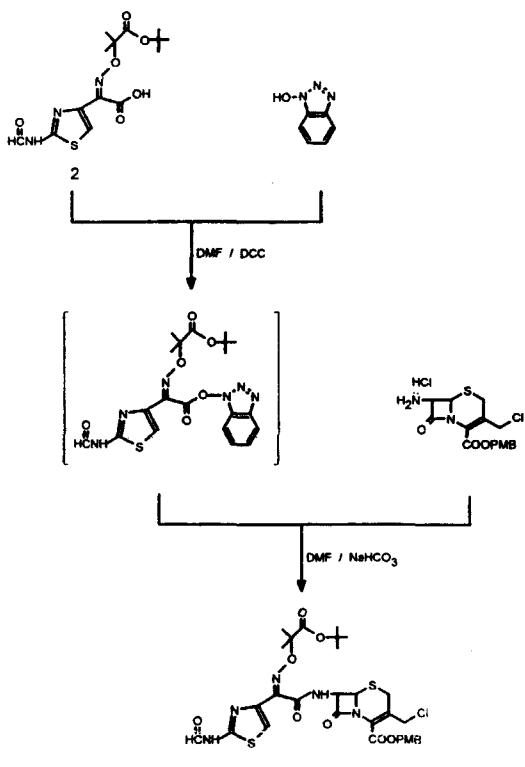
서 30분간 교반후 EtOAc층을 분리하여 20%식염수 20 ml로 세척한후 MgSO<sub>4</sub>로 건조하였다. 이 EtOAc액에 상기 보관한 반응액을 가하여 상온에서 3시간 교반하였다. EtOAc층을 취하고 여액을 다시 EtOAc 100 ml로 추출하여 EtOAc층을 합하여 0.5N-HCl 수용액(50 ml), 5% Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>(50 ml), brine의 순으로 세척하고 MgSO<sub>4</sub>로 건조하여 감압농축하였다. 잔유물은 *n*-hexane에 분산시켜 생성된 침전물을 여과하여 백색결정 5.13 g을 얻었다. 이 결정을 column chromatography(EtOAc/cyclohexane=1:1)로 정제하여 백색결정 4.5 g(68.7%)을 얻었다.

(Method B) : DMF 2.3 ml와 THF 31.2 ml의 혼합 용액에 POCl<sub>3</sub> 3.1 ml(33.6 mmol)를 가하여 -10~0°C에서 30분 동안 교반시킨 Vilsmeier reagent를 만든 용액에 화합물(2) 10.00 g(30 mmol)을 가하여 같은 온도에서 1시간동안 교반하였다. 한편 ACLE 11.34 g(28 mmol)을 EtOAc 120 ml에 혼탁시키고 *N,O*-bis(trimethylsilyl)acetamide(BTSA) 17.3 ml(70 mmol)를 가하여 용해시킨 용액을 -20°C에서

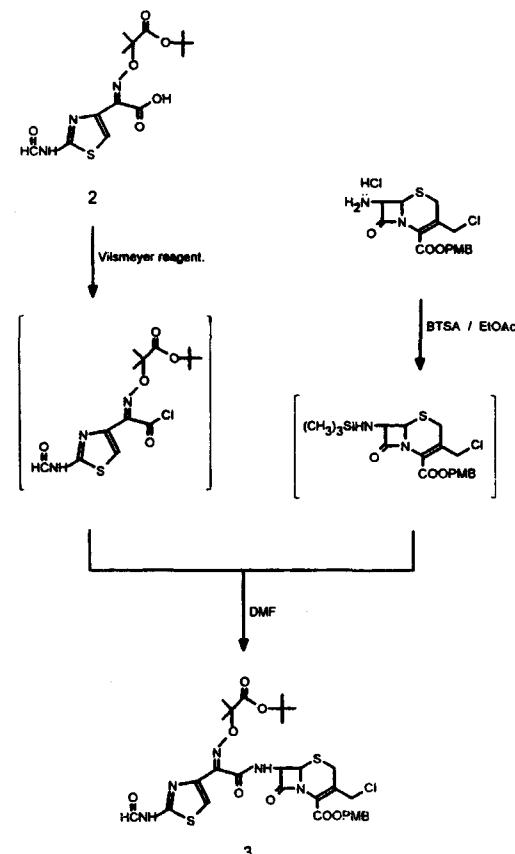
위의 용액에 가하여 같은 온도에서 1.5시간동안 교반하였다. 이 용액에 EtOAc와 H<sub>2</sub>O(1:2)의 혼합용매 300 ml를 가하고 교반시킨 후 유기층을 분리하여 포화 중조액 20 ml, brine 20 ml순으로 세척하고 무수 MgSO<sub>4</sub>로 건조하였다. 이를 감압 농축하여 이 잔유물을 *n*-hexane에 분산시킨 후 생성된 결정을 여과하였다. 이것을 column chromatography(EtOAc/cyclohexane=1:1)로 정제하여 백색결정 13.8 g(67.2%)을 얻었다.

IR (KBr) cm<sup>-1</sup> : 1788, 1723, 1685

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ : 1.38(9H, s, C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 1.45(6H, s, C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 3.52(2H, d, C<sub>2</sub>-2H), 3.85(3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 4.54(2H, d, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl), 5.19(1H, d, C<sub>6</sub>-H), 5.25(2H, s, OCH<sub>2</sub>), 5.83(1H, dd, C<sub>7</sub>-H), 6.50(1H, s, thiazole-H), 6.84~7.32(4H, m, ArH), 8.81(1H, s, HCO), 9.65(1H, d, CONH), 12.65(1H, br.s, HCONH)



Scheme II — Synthesis of Compound 3, Method A.



Scheme III — Synthesis of Compound 3, Method B.

**5-(Thiophen-2-yl)-2H-tetrazole(4)**

2-Thiophenecarbonitrile 10 g(91.6 mmol), sodium azide 6.58 g(100 mmol), NH<sub>4</sub>Cl 5.44 g(100 mmol)을 중류한 DMF 90 ml에 가하고 130~140°C에서 17시간 동안 가열 반응시킨 반응물을 빙수 중에 저으면서 가하고 2N-HCl로 pH 2.0가 되도록 산성화 시켰다. 생성된 결정을 여과하고 염용물로 세척한 후, 95%-EtOH로 재결정하여 백색 결정 10.25 g(73.53%)을 얻었다.

mp : 197~200°C

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ : 7.10(1H, m, thiophene-H), 7.83~7.95(2H, m, thiophene-H)

**5-Diphenylmethyl-2H-tetrazole(5)**

Diphenylacetonitrile 3.00 g(15.2 mmol), sodium azide 1.1 g(16.7 mmol), NH<sub>4</sub>Cl 0.91 g(16.7 mmol)을 중류한 DMF 15 ml에 가하고 (4)와 같은 방법으로 합성하였다.

수득율 : 49.9%

mp : 170~174°C

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ : 5.95(1H, s, CH), 7.01~7.54(10H, m, ArH)

**5-(4-Chlorophenyl)-2H-tetrazole(6)**

p-Chlorobenzonitrile 3.00 g(21.6 mmol), sodium azide 1.56 g(24 mmol), NH<sub>4</sub>Cl 1.3 g(24 mmol), 중류한 DMF 20 ml을 (4)와 같은 방법으로 합성하였다.

수득율 : 60.9%

mp : 274~275°C

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ : 7.64~7.74(2H, m, ArH), 8.02~8.13(2H, m, ArH)

**5-(4-Methylthiophenyl)-2H-tetrazole(7)**

4-(Methylthio)benzonitrile 5.10 g(34 mmol), sodium azide 2.45 g(37.4 mmol), NH<sub>4</sub>Cl 2.03 g(37.4 mmol), 중류한 DMF 30 ml을 (4)와 같은 방법으로 합성하였다.

수득율 : 94.4%

mp : 220~223°C

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ : 2.56(3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>), 7.42~7.53(2H, m, ArH), 7.94~8.05(2H, m, ArH)

**5-(4-Hydroxyphenyl)-2H-tetrazole(8)**

4-Cyanophenol 10.00 g(84 mmol), sodium azide 5.17 g(92 mmol), NH<sub>4</sub>Cl 4.49 g(92 mmol), 중류한 DMF 60 ml을 (4)와 같은 방법으로 합성하였다.

수득율 : 62%

mp : 185°C

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ : 6.97~7.08(2H, m, ArH), 7.89~8.00(2H, m, ArH)

**5-(2-Methoxybenzyl)-2H-tetrazole(9)**

2-Methoxybenzylcyanide 12.20 g(83 mmol), sodium azide 5.17 g(92 mmol), NH<sub>4</sub>Cl 4.49 g(92 mmol), 중류한 DMF 60 ml을 (4)와 같은 방법으로 합성하였다.

수득율 : 61.9%

mp : 175~178°C

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ : 3.74(2H, s, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.78(3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 7.37(4H, m, ArH)

**5-(1,5-Dimethyl-2-pyrrole)-2H-tetrazole(10)**

1,5-Dimethyl-2-pyrrolecarbonitrile 5.00 g(42 mmol), sodium azide 3.02 g(46 mmol), NH<sub>4</sub>Cl 2.5 g(46 mmol), 중류한 DMF 40 ml을 (4)와 같은 방법으로 합성하였다.

수율 : 50.8%

mp : 198°C

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ : 2.27(3H, s, ArCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.89(3H, s, N-CH<sub>3</sub>), 6.00~6.05(1H, m, ArH), 6.72~6.77(1H, m, ArH)

**5-Naphthyl-2H-tetrazole(11)**

1-Cyanonaphthalene 10.00 g(65.2 mmol), sodium azide 4.66 g(71.7 mmol), NH<sub>4</sub>Cl 3.83 g(71.7 mmol), 중류한 DMF 60 ml을 화합물 (4)와 같은 방법으로 합성하였다.

수득율 : 82.4%

mp : 167~169°C

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ : 7.58~8.69(7H, m, ArH)

*p*-Methoxybenzyl 7β-[{(Z)-2-(2-formamidothiazol-4-yl)-2-(1-tert-butoxycarbonyl-1-methylethoxyimino)aceta-

**mido]-3-[5-(thiophen-2-yl)tetrazol-2-yl]methyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylate(12)**

Me<sub>2</sub>CO 10 ml에 화합물(3) 1.00 g(1.27 mmol)을 녹인 후 NaI 0.23 g(1.52 mmol)을 가하여 상온에서 1.5시간 동안 반응시킨 용액에 화합물(4) 0.21 g(1.40 mmol)과 K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> 0.21 g(1.53 mmol)을 넣어 45~50°C에서 5시간 동안 교반시켰다. 반응물을 여과하고 여액을 감압농축하여 잔사를 소량의 Me<sub>2</sub>CO에 용해시키고 이것을 H<sub>2</sub>O/EtOH(2:1)의 혼합용매 120 ml에 분산하여 10분간 교반하고 d-HCl로 pH 2.0로 산성화하여 생성된 결정을 여과하여 황색 결정 0.75 g을 얻었다. 이 결정을 silica gel(230~400 mesh)을 사용하여 column chromatography (CH<sub>3</sub>CN/Toluene=1:5)로 정제하여 백색 결정 0.43 g(42.3%)을 얻었다.

IR (KBr) cm<sup>-1</sup> : 1787, 1733, 1615.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ : 1.38(9H, s, C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 1.43(6H, s, C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 3.75(3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 5.04~5.27(6H, m, C<sub>2</sub>-2H, C<sub>3</sub>'-CH<sub>2</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>), 5.41~5.80(2H, m, C<sub>6</sub>-H, C<sub>7</sub>-H), 6.88~7.82(8H, m, thiazole-H, ArH), 8.49(1H, s, HCO), 9.60(1H, d, CONH), 12.68(1H, br.s, HCONH)

**p-Methoxybenzyl 7β-[(Z)-2-(2-formamidothiazol-4-yl)-2-(1-tert-butoxycarbonyl-1-methylethoxyimino)acetamido]-3-[5-diphenylmethyltetrazol-2-yl)methyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylate(13)**

화합물13~19은 화합물12와 같은 방법으로 합성하였다.

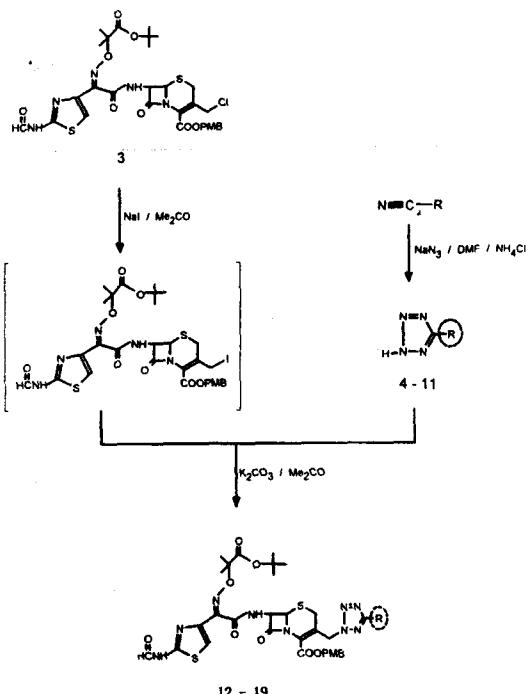
수득율 : 27.2%

IR (KBr) cm<sup>-1</sup> : 1787, 1733, 1610.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ : 1.38(9H, s, C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 1.44(6H, s, C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 3.75(3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 4.90~5.25(6H, m, C<sub>2</sub>-2H, C<sub>3</sub>'-CH<sub>2</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>), 5.38~5.65(2H, m, C<sub>6</sub>-H, C<sub>7</sub>-H), 6.87~7.40(15H, m, thiazole-H, ArH), 8.49(1H, s, HCO), 9.62(1H, d, CONH), 12.67(1H, br.s, HCONH)

**p-Methoxybenzyl 7β-[(Z)-2-(2-formamidothiazol-4-yl)-2-(1-tert-butoxycarbonyl-1-methylethoxyimino)acetamido]-3-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)tetrazol-2-yl)methyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylate(14)**

수득율 : 51%



**Scheme IV — Synthesis of Compounds 12-19.**

IR (KBr) cm<sup>-1</sup> : 1785, 1730, 1612.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ : 1.38(9H, s, C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 1.44(6H, s, C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 3.74(3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 4.98~5.31(6H, m, C<sub>2</sub>-2H, C<sub>3</sub>'-CH<sub>2</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>), 5.47~5.73(2H, m, C<sub>6</sub>-H, C<sub>7</sub>-H), 6.87~8.03(9H, m, thiazole-H, ArH), 8.49(1H, s, HCO), 9.62(1H, d, CONH), 12.66(1H, br.s, HCONH)

**p-Methoxybenzyl 7β-[(Z)-2-(2-formamidothiazol-4-yl)-2-(1-tert-butoxycarbonyl-1-methylethoxyimino)acetamido]-3-[5-(4-methylthiophenyl)tetrazol-2-yl)methyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylate(15)**

수득율 : 41.6%

IR (KBr) cm<sup>-1</sup> : 1787, 1733, 1610.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ : 1.38(9H, s, C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 1.44(6H, s, C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 2.53(3H, s, SCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.75(3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 5.04~5.46(6H, m, C<sub>2</sub>-2H, C<sub>3</sub>'-CH<sub>2</sub>, OC-H<sub>2</sub>), 5.53(1H, dd, C<sub>6</sub>-H), 5.66~5.73(1H, m, C<sub>7</sub>-H), 6.88~8.18(9H, m, thiazole-H, ArH), 8.49(1H, s, HCO), 9.62(1H, d, CONH), 12.68(1H, br.s, HCONH)

***p*-Methoxybenzyl 7*β*-[(Z)-2-(2-formamidothiazol-4-yl)-2-(1-*tert*-butoxycarbonyl-1-methylethoxyimino)acetamido]-3-[5-(4-hydroxyphenyl)tetrazol-2-yl]methyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylate(16)**

수득율 : 37%

IR (KBr)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  : 1785, 1733, 1612.

$^1\text{H-NMR}$  ( $\text{DMSO}-d_6$ )  $\delta$  : 1.38(9H, s,  $\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_3$ ), 1.45(6H, s,  $\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 3.76(3H, s,  $\text{OCH}_3$ ), 5.99~5.28(6H, m,  $\text{C}_2\text{-}2\text{H}$ ,  $\text{C}_3'\text{-CH}_2$ ,  $\text{OCH}_2$ ), 5.52(1H, dd,  $\text{C}_6\text{-H}$ ), 5.58~5.71(1H, m,  $\text{C}_7\text{-H}$ ), 6.89~7.87(9H, m, thiazole-H, ArH), 8.50(1H, s,  $\text{HCO}$ ), 9.63(1H, d, CONH), 12.69(1H, br.s, HCONH)

***p*-Methoxybenzyl 7*β*-[(Z)-2-(2-formamidothiazol-4-yl)-2-(1-*tert*-butoxycarbonyl-1-methylethoxyimino)acetamido]-3-[5-(2-methoxybenzyl)tetrazol-2-yl]methyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylate(17)**

수득율 : 55%

IR (KBr)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  : 1787, 1731, 1612.

$^1\text{H-NMR}$  ( $\text{DMSO}-d_6$ )  $\delta$  : 1.38(9H, s,  $\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_3$ ), 1.44(6H, s,  $\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 3.57(2H, s,  $-\text{CH}_2\text{Ar}$ ), 3.76(6H, s,  $2 \times \text{OCH}_3$ ), 5.04~5.28(6H, m,  $\text{C}_2\text{-}2\text{H}$ ,  $\text{C}_3'\text{-CH}_2$ ,  $\text{OCH}_2$ ), 5.47~5.70(2H, m,  $\text{C}_6\text{-H}$ ,  $\text{C}_7\text{-H}$ ), 6.89~7.86(9H, m, thiazole-H, ArH), 8.49(1H, s,  $\text{HCO}$ ), 9.62(1H, d, CONH), 12.63(1H, br.s, HCONH)

***p*-Methoxybenzyl 7*β*-[(Z)-2-(2-formamidothiazol-4-yl)-2-(1-*tert*-butoxycarbonylmethylethoxyimino)acetamido]-3-[5-(1,5-dimethyl-2-pyrrole)tetrazol-2-yl]methyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylate(18)**

수득율 : 47%

IR (KBr)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  : 1787, 1733, 1594.

$^1\text{H-NMR}$  ( $\text{DMSO}-d_6$ )  $\delta$  : 1.38(9H, s,  $\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_3$ ), 1.44(6H, s,  $\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 2.25(3H, s,  $\text{CH}_3\text{-Ar}$ ), 3.74~3.76(6H, m,  $\text{OCH}_3$ ,  $\text{N-CH}_3$ ), 5.01~5.28(6H, m,  $\text{C}_2\text{-}2\text{H}$ ,  $\text{C}_3'\text{-CH}_2$ ,  $\text{OCH}_2$ ), 5.44(1H, dd,  $\text{C}_6\text{-H}$ ), 5.67~5.70(1H, m,  $\text{C}_7\text{-H}$ ), 6.64(1H, s, thiazole-H), 6.89~7.40(6H, m, ArH), 8.49(1H, s,  $\text{HCO}$ ), 9.61(1H, d, CONH), 12.68(1H, s, HCONH)

***p*-Methoxybenzyl 7*β*-[(Z)-2-(2-formamidothiazol-4-yl)-2-(1-*tert*-butoxycarbonylmethylethoxyimino)acetamido]-3-[5-naphthyltetrazol-2-yl]methyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylate(19)**

***p*-Methoxybenzyl 7*β*-[(Z)-2-(2-formamidothiazol-4-yl)-2-(1-*tert*-butoxycarbonylmethylethoxyimino)acetamido]-3-[5-naphthyltetrazol-2-yl]methyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylate(19)**

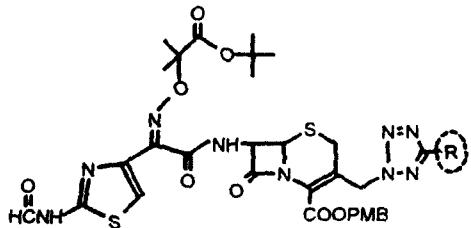
수득율 : 43%

IR (KBr)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  : 1787, 1733, 1620.

$^1\text{H-NMR}$  ( $\text{DMSO}-d_6$ )  $\delta$  : 1.37(9H, s,  $\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_3$ ), 1.44(6H, s,  $\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 3.69~3.72(6H, m,  $\text{OCH}_3$ ), 5.05~5.29(6H, m,  $\text{C}_2\text{-}2\text{H}$ ,  $\text{C}_3'\text{-CH}_2$ ,  $\text{OCH}_2$ ), 5.48~5.72(2H, m,  $\text{C}_6\text{-H}$ ,  $\text{C}_7\text{-H}$ ), 6.85~8.78(12H, m, thiazole-H, ArH), 8.50(1H, s,  $\text{HCO}$ ), 9.62(1H, d, CONH), 12.69(1H, s, HCONH)

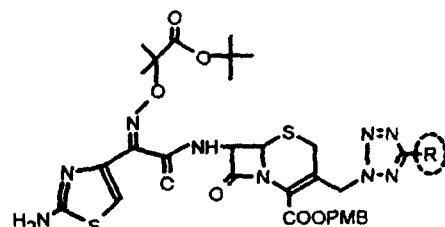
***p*-Methoxybenzyl 7*β*-[(Z)-2-(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)-2-(1-*tert*-butoxycarbonyl-1-methylethoxyimino)acetamido]-3-[5-(thiophen-2-yl)tetrazol-2-yl]methyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylate(20)**

화합물(12) 0.50 g(0.63 mmol)에 MeOH 10 mL, THF 5 mL, c-HCl 0.2 mL을 가하여 2.5시간동안 상온에서 교반하였다. 5%  $\text{NaHCO}_3$  용액으로 중화시키고 감압농축한 후 다시 10% HCl로 pH 2.0으로 산성



12 ~ 19

MeOH / THF / c - HCl



20 ~ 27

Scheme V — Synthesis of Compounds 20-27.

화시켰다. EtOAc 100 mL, H<sub>2</sub>O 50 mL를 가하여 유기 층을 취하여 brine 100 mL(50 mL × 2)로 세척한 후 무 수 MgSO<sub>4</sub>로 건조하였다. 감압농축하여 잔유물을 *n*-hexane에 분산하고 생성된 결정을 엿파하였다. 황색 결정 0.31 g을 얻었다. 이 결정을 silica gel(230~400 mesh)을 사용하여 column chromatography(CH<sub>3</sub>CN/Toluene=1:7)로 정제하여 백색결정 0.15 g(48.4%)을 얻었다.

IR (KBr) cm<sup>-1</sup> : 1787, 1733, 1618.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ : 1.39(15H, br.s, C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>, C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 3.75(3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 4.99~5.54(6H, m, C<sub>2</sub>-2H, C<sub>3</sub>'-CH<sub>2</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>), 5.45~5.72(2H, m, C<sub>6</sub>-H, C<sub>7</sub>-H), 6.70~7.82(10H, m, thiazole-H, NH<sub>2</sub>, ArH), 9.60(1H, d, CONH)

**p-Methoxybenzyl 7β-[(Z)-2-(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)-2-(1-tert-butoxycarbonyl-1-methylethoxyimino)acetamido]-3-[5-(diphenylmethyl)tetrazol-2-yl]methyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylate(21)**

화합물21~27은 화합물20의 방법으로 각각 합성하였다.

수득율 : 37%

IR (KBr) cm<sup>-1</sup> : 1787, 1731, 1615.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ : 1.37(15H, br.s, C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>, C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 3.74(3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 4.93~5.25(6H, m, C<sub>2</sub>-2H, C<sub>3</sub>'-CH<sub>2</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>), 5.43~5.64(2H, m, C<sub>6</sub>-H, C<sub>7</sub>-H), 6.69~7.33(17H, m, thiazole-H, NH<sub>2</sub>, ArH), 9.47(1H, d, CONH)

**p-Methoxybenzyl 7β-[(Z)-2-(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)-2-(1-tert-butoxycarbonyl-1-methylethoxyimino)acetamido]-3-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)tetrazol-2-yl]methyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylate(22)**

수득율 : 50%

IR (KBr) cm<sup>-1</sup> : 1787, 1735, 1687.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ : 1.38(15H, br.s, C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>, C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 3.74(3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 4.98~5.32(6H, m, C<sub>2</sub>-2H, C<sub>3</sub>'-CH<sub>2</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>), 5.47~5.62(1H, m, C<sub>6</sub>-H), 5.73(1H, br.s, C<sub>7</sub>-H), 6.70~8.04(10H, m, thiazole-H, NH<sub>2</sub>, ArH), 9.46(1H, d, CONH)

**p-Methoxybenzyl 7β-[(Z)-2-(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)-2-**

**(1-tert-butoxycarbonyl-1-methylethoxyimino)acetamido]-3-[5-(4-methylthiophenyl)tetrazol-2-yl]methyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylate(23)**

수득율 : 48.3%

IR (KBr) cm<sup>-1</sup> : 1787, 1731, 1615.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ : 1.38(9H, s, C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 1.42(6H, s, C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 2.53(3H, s, SCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.75(3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 4.99~5.33(6H, m, C<sub>2</sub>-2H, C<sub>3</sub>'-CH<sub>2</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>), 5.51~5.74(2H, m, C<sub>6</sub>-H, C<sub>7</sub>-H), 6.71~7.96(11H, m, thiazole-H, NH<sub>2</sub>, ArH), 9.47(1H, d, CONH)

**p-Methoxybenzyl 7β-[(Z)-2-(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)-2-(1-tert-butoxycarbonyl-1-methylethoxyimino)acetamido]-3-[5-(4-hydroxyphenyl)tetrazol-2-yl]methyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylate(24)**

수득율 : 62.5%

IR (KBr) cm<sup>-1</sup> : 1785, 1731, 1615.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ : 1.38(15H, br.s, C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>, C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 3.75(3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 4.99~5.33(6H, m, C<sub>2</sub>-2H, C<sub>3</sub>'-CH<sub>2</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>), 5.54(1H, dd, C<sub>6</sub>-H), 5.68~5.70(1H, m, C<sub>7</sub>-H), 6.70~7.86(11H, m, thiazole-H, NH<sub>2</sub>, ArH), 9.46(1H, d, CONH)

**p-Methoxybenzyl 7β-[(Z)-2-(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)-2-(1-tert-butoxycarbonyl-1-methylethoxyimino)acetamido]-3-[5-(2-methoxybenzyl)tetrazol-2-yl]methyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylate(25)**

수득율 : 24%

IR (KBr) cm<sup>-1</sup> : 1785, 1730, 1684.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ : 1.38(15H, br.s, C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>, C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 3.56(2H, s, CH<sub>2</sub>-Ar), 3.74(6H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>, Ar-OCH<sub>3</sub>), 5.03~5.32(6H, m, C<sub>2</sub>-2H, C<sub>3</sub>'-CH<sub>2</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>), 5.41~5.70(2H, m, C<sub>6</sub>-H, C<sub>7</sub>-H), 6.69~7.85(11H, m, thiazole-H, NH<sub>2</sub>, Ar-H), 9.62(1H, d, CONH)

**p-Methoxybenzyl 7β-[(Z)-2-(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)-2-(1-tert-butoxycarbonyl-1-methylethoxyimino)acetamido]-3-[5-(1,5-dimethyl-2-pyrrole)tetrazol-2-yl]methyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylate(26)**

수득율 : 42%

IR (KBr)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  : 1785, 1733, 1602.

$^1\text{H-NMR}$  (DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  : 1.35(15H, brs, C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>, C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, 2.23(3H, s, Ar-CH<sub>3</sub>), 3.73(3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.88(3H, s, N-CH<sub>3</sub>), 5.02~5.29(6H, m, C<sub>2</sub>-2H, C<sub>3</sub>'-CH<sub>2</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>), 5.37~5.67(2H, m, C<sub>6</sub>-H, C<sub>7</sub>-H), 6.62~7.55(9H, m, thiazole-H, NH<sub>2</sub>, ArH), 9.43(1H, d, CONH)

**p-Methoxybenzyl 7 $\beta$ -[(Z)-2-(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)-2-(1-tert-butoxycarbonyl-1-methylethoxyimino)acetamido]-3-(5-naphthyltetrazol-2-yl)methyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylate(27)**

수득율 : 46%

IR (KBr)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  : 1787, 1731, 1618.

$^1\text{H-NMR}$  (DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  : 1.34(9H, s, C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 1.39(6H, s, C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 3.70(3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 4.98~5.27(6H, m, C<sub>2</sub>-2H, C<sub>3</sub>'-CH<sub>2</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>), 5.55~5.71(2H, m, C<sub>6</sub>-H, C<sub>7</sub>-H), 6.69~8.76(14H, m, thiazole-H, NH<sub>2</sub>, ArH), 9.46(1H, d, CONH)

**7 $\beta$ -[(Z)-2-(2-Aminothiazol-4-yl)-2-(1-carboxy-1-methylethoxyimino)acetamido]-3-[5-(2-thiophen-2-yl)tetrazol-2-yl]methyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid(28)**

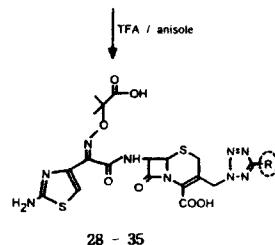
화합물(20) 0.50 g(0.64 mmole)에 CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> 2 mL와 anisole 2 mL, TFA 4 mL를 0~5°C에서 가하여 1.5시간 동안 교반시키고 iPE 50 mL에 분산하여 생성된 결정을 여과하였다. 이 결정을 5%~NaHCO<sub>3</sub> 용액에 녹이고 EtOAc 20 mL로 세척한 후 수중을 취해 5°C 이하에서 10%~HCl로 pH 2.0로 산성화하여 생성된 결정을 여과하여 흑갈색 결정 0.34 g을 얻었다. 이 결정을 silica gel(230~400 mesh)을 사용하여 column chromatography(CH<sub>3</sub>CN/H<sub>2</sub>O=8:1)로 정제하고 냉동건조하여 황색 결정 0.14 g(41.2%)을 얻었다.

IR (KBr)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  : 3341, 1772, 1674, 1636.

$^1\text{H-NMR}$  (DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  : 1.45(6H, s, C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 4.94~5.28(4H, m, C<sub>2</sub>-H, C<sub>3</sub>'-H), 5.51(1H, dd, C<sub>6</sub>-H), 5.63(1H, m, C<sub>7</sub>-H), 6.76~7.87(6H, m, thiazole-H, NH<sub>2</sub>, ArH), 9.63(1H, d, CONH)

**7 $\beta$ -[(Z)-2-(2-Aminothiazol-4-yl)-2-(1-carboxy-1-methylethoxyimino)acetamido]-3-[5-diphenylmethyl-tetrazol-2-yl]methyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid(29)**

20 ~ 27



4, 12, 20, 28 R =

5, 13, 21, 29 R =

6, 14, 22, 30 R =

7, 15, 23, 31 R =

8, 16, 24, 32 R =

9, 17, 25, 33 R =

10, 18, 26, 34 R =

11, 19, 27, 35 R =

Scheme VI — Synthesis of Compounds 28-35.

화합물 29-35는 화합물 28의 방법에 따라 합성하였다.

수득율 : 34%

IR (KBr)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  : 3338, 1772, 1633.

$^1\text{H-NMR}$  (DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  : 1.44(6H, s, C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 4.77~5.15(4H, m, C<sub>2</sub>-H, C<sub>3</sub>'-H), 5.39(1H, dd, C<sub>6</sub>-H), 5.67(1H, s, C<sub>7</sub>-H), 5.95(1H, s, -CHPh<sub>2</sub>), 6.80(1H, s, thiazole-H), 6.89~7.45(12H, m, NH<sub>2</sub>, ArH), 9.62(1H, d, CONH)

**7 $\beta$ -[(Z)-2-(2-Aminothiazol-4-yl)-2-(1-carboxy-1-methylethoxyimino)acetamido]-3-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)tetrazol-2-yl]methyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid(30)**

수득율 : 51.6%

IR (KBr)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  : 3323, 1772, 1635.

$^1\text{H-NMR}$  (DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  : 1.44(6H, s, C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 3.99(2H, s, C<sub>2</sub>-H), 5.01~5.32(2H, m, C<sub>3</sub>'-H), 5.5(1H, dd, C<sub>6</sub>-H), 5.62~5.8(1H, m, C<sub>7</sub>-H), 6.78(1H, s, thiazole-H), 7.59~7.61(2H, m, ArH), 7.89~8.03(2H, m, ArH), 9.62(1H, d, CONH)

**7 $\beta$ -[(Z)-2-(2-Aminothiazol-4-yl)-2-(1-carboxy-1-methylethoxyimino)acetamido]-3-[5-(4-methylthiophenyl)tetrazol-2-yl]methyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid(31)**

수득율 : 47.8%

IR (KBr)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  : 3307, 1777, 1731.

$^1\text{H-NMR}$  (DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  : 1.49(6H, s, C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 2.54(3H, s, SCH<sub>3</sub>), 5.03~5.31(2H, m, C<sub>3</sub>'-H), 5.29~5.93(2H, m, C<sub>6</sub>-H, C<sub>7</sub>-H), 6.89~8.00(5H, m, thiazole-H, ArH), 9.69(1H, d, CONH)

**7 $\beta$ -[(Z)-2-(2-Aminothiazol-4-yl)-2-(1-carboxy-1-methylethoxyimino)acetamido]-3-[5-(4-hydroxyphenyl)tetrazol-2-yl]methyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid(32)**

수득율 : 32%

IR (KBr)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  : 3307, 1767, 1672.

$^1\text{H-NMR}$  (DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  : 1.40(6H, s, C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 4.98~5.32(2H, m, C<sub>3</sub>'-H), 5.54~5.90(2H, m, C<sub>6</sub>-H, C<sub>7</sub>-H), 6.86~7.89(7H, m, thiazole-H, NH<sub>2</sub>, ArH), 9.68(1H, d, CONH)

**7 $\beta$ -[(Z)-2-(2-Aminothiazol-4-yl)-2-(1-carboxy-1-methylethoxyimino)acetamido]-3-[5-(2-methoxybenzyl)tetrazol-2-yl]methyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid(33)**

수득율 : 43%

IR (KBr)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  : 3330, 1774, 1677.

$^1\text{H-NMR}$  (DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  : 1.48(6H, s, C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 3.56(2H, s, CH<sub>2</sub>-Ar), 3.73(3H, s, -OCH<sub>3</sub>), 5.02~5.32(4H, m, C<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>3</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.50(1H, dd, C<sub>6</sub>-H), 5.69(1H, s, C<sub>7</sub>-H), 6.78(1H, s, thiazole-H), 7.18~7.42(4H, m, ArH, NH<sub>2</sub>), 7.81~7.89(2H, m, ArH), 9.62(1H, d, CONH)

**7 $\beta$ -[(Z)-2-(2-Aminothiazol-4-yl)-2-(1-carboxy-1-methylethoxyimino)acetamido]-3-[5-(1,5-dimethyl-2-pyrrole)tetrazol-2-yl]methyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid(34)**

수득율 : 30%

IR (KBr)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  : 3305, 1777, 1679.

$^1\text{H-NMR}$  (DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  : 1.40(6H, s, C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 2.25(3H, s, Ar-CH<sub>3</sub>), 3.74(3H, s, N-CH<sub>3</sub>), 5.03~5.29(4H, m, C<sub>2</sub>-2H, C<sub>3</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.44(1H, dd, C<sub>6</sub>-H), 5.68(1H, m, ArH), 6.64(1H, s, thiazole-H), 6.88~6.94(1H, m, ArH), 7.29~7.41(3H, m, ArH), 9.62(1H, d, CONH)

**7 $\beta$ -[(Z)-2-(2-Aminothiazol-4-yl)-2-(1-carboxy-1-me-**

**thylethoxyimino)acetamido]-3-(5-naphthyltetrazol-2-yl)methyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid(35)**

수득율 : 42%

IR (KBr)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  : 3320, 1772, 1728.

$^1\text{H-NMR}$  (DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  : 1.40(6H, s, C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 5.01~5.37(4H, m, C<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>3</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.62~5.85(2H, m, C<sub>6</sub>-H, C<sub>7</sub>-H), 6.85~8.79(10H, m, thiazole-H, ArH), 9.63(1H, d, CONH)

### 항균력 실험

#### 시험 균주

*Alcaligenes faecalis* KCTC 1004, *Bacillus subtilis* ATCC 6633, *Escherichia coli* AB 1157, *Escherichia coli* AB 0111, *Escherichia coli* BE 1186, *Micrococcus luteus* ATCC 9341, *Mycobacterium phlei* IFO 3158, *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* N-10, *Salmonella typhimurium* TV 119, *Salmonella typhimurium* SL 1102, *Staphylococcus aureus* IFO 12732, *Staphylococcus aureus* R-209

#### 배지

시험 균주의 전배양 및 검정 plate의 제조 목적으로 Mueller Hinton broth(DIF Co.)를 사용하였다.

#### 항균 활성 측정법

**시험균의 전배양** - *Alcaligenes faecalis* KCTC 1004 와 11개의 균은 액체 배지에서 37°C, 24시간 진탕 배양 하여 사용하였다.

**검정 plate의 제조** - 화합물 28, 29, 30, 31, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35를 소량의 DMSO에 각각 녹인 후 중류수를 가하여 최종 DMSO의 농도가 2%(V/V)가 되도록 하였다. 각각의 시료 1ml를 2단계 회석법으로 14차례 회석하여 영양 한천 배지 14ml와 섞었을 때, 최종 배지의 화합물 28, 29, 30, 31, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35 및 대조 물질 (cefotaxime, cefazolin)의 농도가 각각 40, 20, 10, 5, 2.5, 1.25, 0.63, 0.31, 0.16, 0.08, 0.04, 0.02, 0.01, 0.005 g/ml이 되도록 제조하였다.

**항균력 판정** - 각각의 시험 균주들을 검정 plate에 접종한 것을 37±2°C에서 18시간 배양 후 육안으로 관찰하여 성장이 억제되는 항균제의 최소 발육 저지 농도 (Minimum Inhibitory Concentration, MIC)를 조

**Table I**— MIC(μg/l) of synthetic compounds and commercial antibiotics against representative microorganisms

Strains	Compounds	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	S-1	S-2
<i>Alcaligenes faecalis</i> KCTC 1004	>40	>40	>40	>40	>40	>40	>40	>40	>40	10	
<i>Bacillus subtilis</i> ATCC 6633	0.32	0.64	1.25	0.32	2.5	0.64	0.16	2.5	0.16	0.64	
<i>Escherichia coli</i> AB 1157	5	5	2.5	1.25	0.32	1.25	5	1.25	2.5	2.5	0.16
<i>Escherichia coli</i> AB 0111	2.5	1.25	5	0.63	2.5	5	4	2.5	2.5	0.32	
<i>Escherichia coli</i> BE 1186	1.25	0.64	2.5	1.25	0.16	1.25	2.5	0.32	2.5	0.08	
<i>Micrococcus luteus</i> ATCC 9341	2.5	0.64	1.25	2.5	0.32	2.5	0.16	0.64	2.5	0.04	
<i>Mycobacterium phlei</i> IFO 3158	40	40	40	20	40	10	40	40	5	1.25	
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> N-10	>40	>40	>40	>40	>40	>40	>40	>40	>40	>40	
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> IFO 12732	10	5	10	5	20	10	20	5	1.25	5	
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> R-209	5	10	20	2.5	20	5	10	10	0.32	2.5	
<i>Salmonella typhimurium</i> SL 1102	5	2.5	10	2.5	5	0.64	10	5	5	0.32	
<i>Salmonella typhimurium</i> TV 119	2.5	1.25	2.5	0.64	1.25	0.32	2.5	2.5	2.5	0.04	

S-1 : Cefazoline, S-2 : Cefotaxime

사하여 Table I과 같은 결과를 얻었다.

## 결 론

화합물 1을 acetic anhydride와 formic acid를 반응시켜 amino기를 formylation 한 2를 82% 수율로 합성하였다. 화합물 2를 HOBT와 DCC를 사용하여 active ester을 만든 다음 ACLE을 반응시켜 3을, 또한 2를 Vilsmeyer reagent를 사용하여 acyl chloride을 만들고 여기에 BTSA를 사용하여 amino기를 silylation한 ACLE을 반응시켜 각각 68.7%, 67.2%의 수율로 합성하였다. 5-(Substituted)phenyl-2H-tetrazole유도체 4-11은 cyano기를 갖는 다양한 화합물로 NaN<sub>3</sub>, NH<sub>4</sub>Cl을 사용하여 DMF 용매 중에서 반응시켜 47.6~94.4%의 수율로 용이하게 합성할 수 있었다. p-methoxy 7β-[(Z)-2-(2-formamidothiazole-4-yl)-2-(tert-butoxycarbonylisopropoxyimino)acetamido]-3-[5-(substituted)tetrazole-2-yl]methyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylate 12-19는 3을 NaI를 가하여 Cl<sup>-</sup>로 치환시키고 tetrazole 4-11을 acetone과 K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> 중에서 반응시켜 얻는 물질을 column chromatography로 정제하여 27.2%~60%의 수율로 얻었다. Formamido기를 가진 화합물 12-19를 MeOH/THF 용매 중에서 c-HCl<sup>-</sup>을 반응시켜 deformylation시킨 화합물 20-27을 얻었고 화합물 20-27을 anisole용매 중에서 TFA와 반응시켜 t-butyl ester와 p-methoxybenzyl(PMB)ester를 유리-COOH기로 변환시킨 7β-[(Z)-2-(2-aminothiazole-4-yl)-2-(1-carboxy-1-methylethoxyimino)acetamido]-3-[5-(substituted)tetrazole-2-yl]me-

thyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid 28-35을 얻은 후 이 것을 CH<sub>3</sub>CN/H<sub>2</sub>O(8:1)의 용매로 column chromatography로 정제한 후 냉동건조하여 34~51.6%의 수율로 얻을 수 있었다.

화합물 28-35를 *Alcaligenes faecalis* KCTC 1004, *Bacillus subtilis* ATCC 6633, *Escherichia coli* AB 1157, *Escherichia coli* AB 0111, *Escherichia coli* BE 1186, *Micrococcus luteus* ATCC 9341, *Mycobacterium phlei* IFO 3158, *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* N-10, *Salmonella typhimurium* TV 119, *Salmonella typhimurium* SL 1102, *Staphylococcus aureus* IFO 12732, *Staphylococcus aureus* R-209 균에 대하여 항균력 실험을 하여 기존의 cephalosporin계 항생제인 cefazolin, cefotaxime과 비교, 검토하였던 바 *Micrococcus luteus* ATCC 9341, *Escherichia coli* AB 1157, *Escherichia coli* AB 0111, *Escherichia coli* BE 1186, 및 *Salmonella typhimurium* TV 119, *Salmonella typhimurium* SL 1102에 대해서는 항균력이 우수하였으나 기대하였던 penicillin 내성균주인 *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* N-10균에 대해서는 효과를 발현하지 않았다.

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