

# 가정에 국한된品行장애 1례

## A CASE OF CONDUCT DISORDER CONFINED TO FAMILY CONTEXT

정 선 주\* · 조 수 철\*

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요 약 : , ICD - 10  
가  
, 가 가

가  
- 가 가

중심 단어 : 가 .

### 서 론

DSM - II (APA 1968)  
(conduct disorder) 가 (unsocialized aggressive reaction), 가  
(runaway reaction), (group delin-  
quent reaction) . DSM - III  
(APA 1980)  
6 16%, 2 9%가  
(APA 1994)  
3.8% (1994) 4  
. DSM - III - R (APA 1987)  
가  
가 DSM - III  
(undersocialized - aggressive)  
가 (socialized - aggressive)  
(solitary aggressive),  
DSM - I (APA (group type) (undifferentiate)  
1952) ' (sociopathic personality) ' . 가 DSM - IV (APA 1994)

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가 . 가 . 가 . ( - )  
가 가 , , )

2

가

6

가

가

가

5. 정신상태검사 및 심리검사결과

6. 신체이학적 검사 및 검사실 검사소견

가

7. 치료 및 경과

4

3

가 가  
가 가

가 가

가 가

가 가  
가

KEDI - WISC

106,

102,

105



가 . Ativan 가 .  
 2mg 가 가 .  
 가 (Brown 1984 ; Farrington 1978 ; Patterson 1982 ; Voorhis, Cullen, Mathers, & Garner 1988)가  
 가 .  
 가 .  
 50mg, tegretel 400mg imipramine 가 (Turning a passive role into an active role)  
 고 찰 가 (identification with aggressor)  
 가 가  
 가 (Lewis 1996).  
 , 가  
 , 6 ICD - 10 가 가 .  
 가 가  
 가 가 가  
 가 가 가 Halperin  
 가 (1979)  
 가 / ,  
 가 . Green(1985)



가 . 가 가 가 가  
가 . 가 가  
. Holland(1993)  
가 (Response  
가 program)  
6 가 가  
가 가  
가 (parent  
management training)(Reid Patterson 1991 ;  
Patterson 1982)  
가 가 가  
가 가 가  
가 가 가 (stability)  
가 가 가 가  
가 가 (Functional family therapy)  
(Kazdin 1987 ; Wells and Egan 1988) Hamdan - Allen (1989) /  
가 가 / (pervasive/  
가 가 situational) (aggressive)  
가 ADHD 가



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**ABSTRACT**

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**A CASE OF CONDUCT DISORDER CONFINED TO FAMILY CONTEXT**

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Conduct disorder has been subclassified by the symptom characteristics of socialization, aggression, or age of onset. In ICD-10, 'Conduct disorder confined to family context' has been developed as a distinct subtype. Which delineates the conduct problems which take place only in the family and related situation.

These authors experienced a case which presents a child who shows aggressive and violent behavior to his parent and brother, severe temper tantrum and destructiveness only in family. By through history taking, observation and treatment after admission, we could find that insecure and ambivalent attachment between parent and child due to chronic neglect and abuse, and inconsistent parental behavior contribute to many behavioral and emotional problems of this child. We reviewed the relationship between conduct disorder and family pathology and treatment strategy for conduct disorder with family problems.

**KEY WORDS** : Conduct disorder · Family · Attachment.