

Systematic Study of Criconematoidea from Korea***2. Three Unrecorded and Five Recorded Species
Criconematidae from Korea**

韓國產 環線蟲 上科의 系統分類學的研究

2. Criconematidae科의 3 韓國未記錄種 및 5 既知種의 검토**Young Eoun Choi and Hee Chang Jeong**

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ABSTRACT Three species of Criconematidae, *Criconema longulum*, *C. orientale* and *C. psammophilum* are newly reported from Korea. Some morphological data and host plants of *Discocriconemella hengsungica*, *Hemicriconemoides brachyurus*, *H. mangiferae*, *H. varionodus*, and *Xenocriconemella macrodora* were reported.

KEY WORDS Morphology, taxonomy, criconematidae, host plants, Korea

초 書 韓國產 環線蟲上科를 연구하는 중 Criconematidae科에 속하는 *Criconema longulum*, *C. orientale*, *C. psammophilum* 등韓國 3 未記錄種이 발견되었고, *Discocriconemella hengsungica*, *Hemicriconemoides brachyurus*, *H. mangiferae*, *H. varionodus* 및 *Xenocriconemella macrodora* 등 5 既知種에 대한 형태적인 검토, 기주식물 및 분포지역을 발표한다

검색어 分類, 形態, Criconematidae科, 寄主植物, 韓國

***Criconema longulum* Gunhold, 1953**
길꼬리주름선충(신칭)
(Fig. 1. A-C)

Measurements. Female(n=9): L=404.3 μm \pm 23.4(381-451); a=9.8 \pm 0.8(9-11.6); b=4 \pm 0.2(3.7-4.3); c=9.2 \pm 1.1(7.2-11); c'=1.9 \pm 0.1(1.7-2.2); V=81.6% \pm 3.1(74.4-86); Stylet=68.4 μm \pm 2 (65.5-72.7); R=73.3 \pm 1.4(70-75); RV=13.3 \pm 0.7(12-14); RVan=4.7 \pm 0.7(4-6); Ran=8.8 \pm 0.4(8-9); Rex=21.1 \pm 2.8(16-24).

The specimens correspond with the description in the literature.

Localities and host plants. Kyungsangnam-do: Chirisan (*Pinus koraiensis* S.et Z.); Kang-won-do: Odesan Wolchöngsa (*Acer ukurunduense* Trautv et

Mey); Kyōnggi-do: Puk'ansan (*Alnus japonica* Steud).

***Criconema orientale* (Andrassy, 1979)**
Raski & Luc, 1984
동양주름선충(신칭)
(Fig. 2)

Measurements. Female(n=10): L=393.4 μm \pm 17.2(372-428); a=11.3 \pm 0.6(10.3-12); b=4.2 \pm 0.2(3.8-4.5); c=10.8 \pm 1.1(8.8-12.7); Stylet=53.8 μm \pm 1.7(50.5-56); R=80.1 \pm 2.4(77-86); Rex=24.1 \pm 0.5(23-25); RV=12.8 \pm 1(11-14); RVan=4.1 \pm 0.5(3-5); Ran=9.3 \pm 0.5(9-10); V=85.2 \pm 1.5(83.2-87.5)%; G=51 \pm 4.7(44.7-61.6)%; Head to excretory pore=103.1 μm \pm 7.7(92-113); Oesophagus length=92.7

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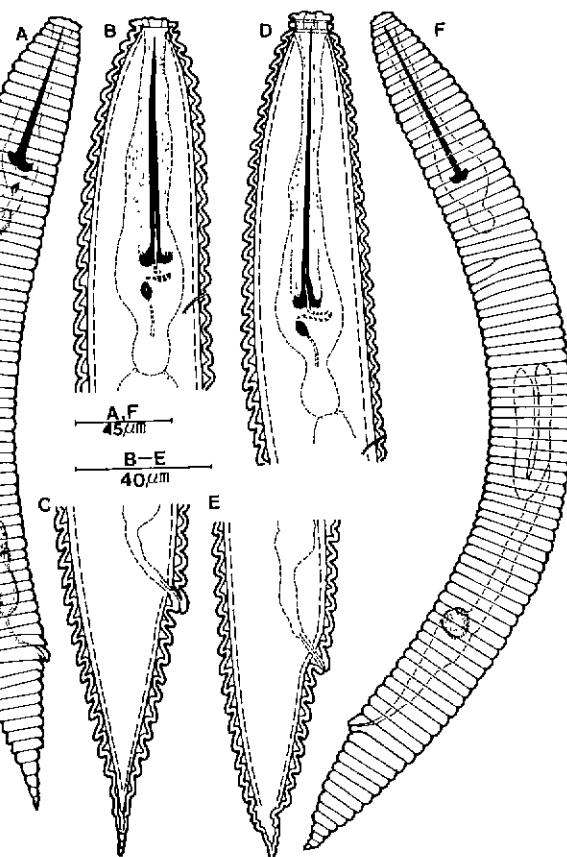


Fig. 1. A-C: *Criconema longulum*; A: Entire body. B: Head region, C: Posterior region. D-F: *Criconema psammophilum*; D: Head region. E: Posterior region, F: Entire body.

$\mu\text{m} \pm 5.9(84.5-106)$; First head annule width = $10.5 \mu\text{m} \pm 0.5(9.5-11)$; Second head annule width = $11.6 \mu\text{m} \pm 0.4(11-12)$.

Discussion. There is a small neck between second head annulus and first body annulus (Fig. 2); this is not so in the original description.

Locality and host plant. Chungchöngbuk-do: Koesan-gun Toan-myon (*Oryza sativa* L.).

***Criconema psammophilum* (Krnljaic & Loof, 1973) Raski & Luc, 1984**
오리나무주름선충(신칭)
(Fig. 1 D-F)

Measurements. Female(n=6): L = $446.2 \mu\text{m} \pm 30.3(392-486)$; a = $11.1 \pm 0.2(9.9-12.2)$; b = $3.6 \pm 0.2(3.3-4)$; V = $87.9 \pm 1.1(86-89.4)\%$; R = $88.7 \pm 1.9(87-$

92)

92); RV = $12.8 \pm 0.9(12-14)$; Rex = $27.8 \pm 1.1(27-30)$; Stylet = $82.5 \mu\text{m} \pm 1.8(79-84.5)$; Body annule width = $5.9 \mu\text{m} \pm 0.4(5.5-6.5)$.

Discussion. The second head annulus does not follow the first body annulus (Fig. 1.D). Stylet length shorter than in the original description (81-101 μm).

Locality and host plant. Kyönggi-do: Puk'ansan (*Alnus japonica* Steud.).

Discocriconemella hengsunggica
Choi & Geraert, 1975

Measurements. Table 1.

Discussion. The nematodes were collected from six localities and three different host plants. Body length slightly longer than the original description except Ch'onyang population. Stylet length slightly

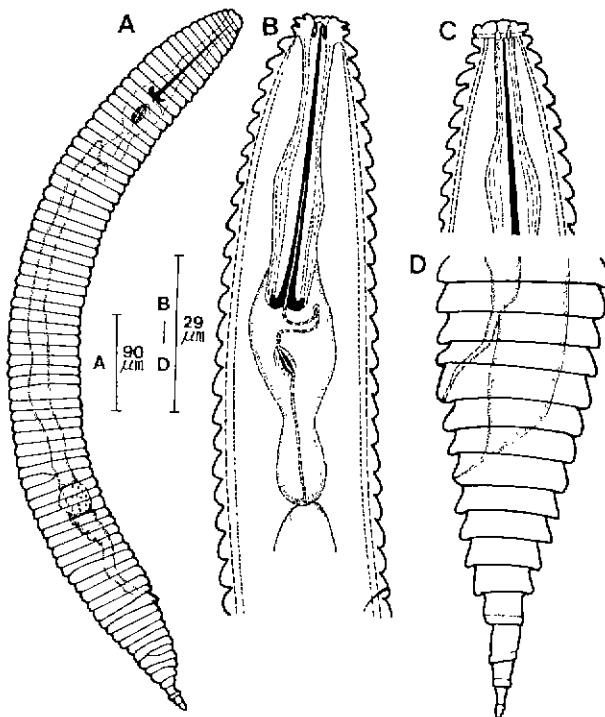


Fig. 2. *Criconema orientale*; A: Entire body, B: Head region, C: Head, D. Posterior region.

Table 1. Morphometric comparison of *Discocriconemella hengsungica* on different localities and hosts

Locality Host	Paratype <i>Celtis sinensis</i>	Kyungsan <i>Quercus acutissima</i>	Sunch'ang <i>Ulmus davidiana</i>	Naejangsan <i>Pinus densiflora</i>	Ch'ongyang <i>Pinus banksiana</i>	Chonju-shi <i>Pinus densiflora</i>	Taedunsan <i>Pinus densiflora</i>
Characters							
Female	n=5	n=28	n=37	n=3	n=7	n=38	n=40
L(μm)	(285-315)	313.9±15.8 (274-340.5)	323.6±17.6 (285-379.5)	288.3±21.3 (265.5-316.8)	284.6±19.5 (256.8-310)	351.8±32.8 (299.8-418)	309.1±27.8 (267.5-391.5)
a	(8.2-9.8)	9.5±0.6 (8.1-10.5)	9.8±0.7 (8.7-11.9)	9.5±0.7 (8.5-10.2)	9.2±0.9 (7.6-10.5)	10.0±0.7 (8.6-11.5)	9.9±0.9 (8.2-12)
b	(2.3-2.6)	2.6±0.1 (2.4-3.1)	2.6±0.1 (2.4-2.9)	2.5±0.1 (2.4-2.5)	2.5±0.1 (2.33-2.7)	2.7±0.2 (2.4-3.3)	2.4±0.3 (2.2-3.8)
V(%)	(87-90)	87.1±1.1 (84.4-89.5)	88.2±1.8 (81.7-91)	88±1.1 (86.8-89.5)	88.7±1.2 (87.4-91.2)	83.9±7.3 (61.3-90.9)	88±1.2 (85.8-92.2)
Stylet(μm)	(104-108)	97.7±5.1 (83.8-108)	99.7±3.3 (94.5-107.3)	99.2±4.1 (96.3-105)	93.1±5.6 (83.3-98.5)	103.8±9.6 (85.5-125)	103.2±5.3 (87.5-111.8)
R	(82-92)	100.6±2.6 (93-106)	102.6±3.5 (97-117)	100.3±0.5 (100-101)	98.4±3.0 (94-103)	97.9±3.9 (92-116)	99.4±2.8 (94-109)
RV	13	15.8±0.9 (14-18)	14.7±0.9 (13-17)	15.3±0.5 (15-16)	14.9±1.0 (13-16)	14.6±0.6 (13-16)	14.4±1.0 (13-14)

shorter and number of body annule are more than the original description. There are no differences be-

tween the localities.

Localities and host plants. Kyongsangbuk-do:

Table 2. Morphometric comparison of *Hemicriconemoides brachyurus* on different localities and hosts

Localities Host plants	Ch'aksan <i>Maackia amurensis</i>	Köngju-1 <i>Quercus acutissima</i>	Köngju-2 <i>Pinus densiflora</i>
Characters			
Female	n=10	n=16	n=13
L(μ)	433.8±37.7(406.3-528.5)	518.2±32.3(462.5-572.5)	496.9±34.3(436-555)
a	13.5±1.0(12.3-15.5)	15.2±1.4(13.2-17.4)	15.2±1.2(12.6-17.3)
b	4.7±0.3(4.0-4.6)	4.6±0.2(3.6-4.5)	4.3±0.3(3.9-4.7)
c	16.7±2.2(15.0-22.5)	25.5±9.1(17.0-57.4)	20.6±2.1(16.4-24.9)
V(%)	92.2±0.7(91.2-93.3)	93.8±1.6(89.1-96.1)	93.2±1.4(89.6-95.8)
Stylet(μm)	54.8±2.0(52-58.3)	59.2±1.4(56.8-61.7)	58.9±2.1(54.7-62.3)
R	90.8±4.1(85-97)	97.4±1.9(95-102)	96.6±1.7(92-99)
RV	9.9±0.6(9-11)	8.9±0.4(8-10)	9.8±0.6(9-11)
Ran	7.9±0.6(7-9)	6.9±0.4(6-8)	8.2±0.4(8-9)
RVan	1.0±0.0(1.0)	1.1±0.0(1.0)	0.8±0.3(0.5-1)
Rex	24.5±1.5(23-27)	26.3±0.9(25-28)	25.7±0.9(24-27)

kyōngsan-gun Namsan-myōn (*Celtis sinensis*); Chō llabuk-do: Sunch'ang-gu In-gye-myōn (*Quercus acutissima*), Naejangsan (*Ulmus davidiana*); Chōllanam-do: Naju-gu sanpo-myōn ((*Quercus acutoid*); Ch'ungch'ōngnam-do: Ch'ōng-yang-gu namyang-myōn, Taedunsan (*Pinus densiflora*).

Hemicriconemoides brachyurus (Lodd, 1949)

Chitwood & Birchfield, 1957

=*Hemicriconemoides intermedius*

Measurements. Table 2.

Discussion. *H. intermedius* reported from Sangju-shi, Korea(rice) by Choi, 1971 and synonymized with *H. brachyurus* by Germani and Anderson, 1991. The specimens correspond with the description in the literature.

Localities and host plants. Kang-won-do: Ch'aksan (*Maackia amurensis*); Ch'ungch'ōngnam-do: Kyeryongsan (*Quercus acutissima*, *Rhododendron mucronulatum*, *Pinus densiflora*.)

Hemicriconemoides mangiferae Siddiqi, 1961

Measurements. Chinju-shi (*Pinus densiflora*). Female (n=5): L=457 μm±13.1(441.3-477.5), a=16.7±0.3(16.26-17.16), b=3.9±0.2(3.7-4.3), c=16.2±1.1(15.0-17.6), V=90%±(88.8-91), Stylet=70.2 μm±1.4(68-71.5), R=110.2±(42(103-116);

RV=13.2±0.7(12-14); Ran=8±0.6(7-9); RVan=4±0.9(3-5); Rex=30.4±0.5(30-31).

Sangju-shi Kyesan-dong (*Salis subfragilis*): Female (n=13): L=423.8 μm±22.8(383.5-455); a=15.8±0.9(14.1-17.4); b=3.3±0.1(3.4-3.9); c=17.3±2.4(14-22.4); V=90.2%±0.6(89-91); Stylet=69.5 μm±3.4(63-75); R=108.2±4.6(99-115); RV=13.1±0.7(12-14); Ran=8.5±0.8(7-10); RVan=3.7±0.6(3-5); Rex=30±1.0(27-31).

The specimens correspond with the description in the literature.

Localities and host plants. Kyōngsangbuk-do: Sobaeksan (*Ilex macropoda*), Sangju-shi Kyesan-dong (*Salis subfragilis*); Kyōngsangnam-do: Chinju-shi Kajwa-dong (*Pinus densiflora*).

Hemicriconemoides varionodus

Choi & Geraert, 1972

Measurements. Table 3.

The specimens well correspond with the original description.

Localities and host plants. Puk'ansan, Kyeryongsan, Sudōksa, Wanju-gu soyang-myōn, Ch'ōngyangsan, Tosansōwon, P'akyesa, Koch'ang-gu Kabuk-myōn, Haman-gu Anui-myōn (*Pinus densiflora*); Ch'ungch'ōngnam-do: Kyeryongsan (*Quercus acutissima*, *Rhododendron mucronulatum*), Sudōksa (*Quercus acutissima*); Ch'ungch'ōngbuk-do: Worak-

Table 3. Morphometric comparison of *Hemicricconemoides varionodus* on different localities and hosts

Locality Host	Paratype <i>Pinus</i> <i>densiflora</i>	Kyungsan <i>Rhododendron</i> <i>mucronulatum</i>	Chinan <i>Quercus</i> <i>acutissima</i>	Wöraksan-1 <i>Betula</i> <i>schmidtii</i>	Wöraksan-2 <i>Lespedeza</i> <i>bicolor</i>	P'akyesa <i>Pinus</i> <i>densiflora</i>	Muju <i>Ilex</i> <i>macropoda</i>
Characters							
Female	n=25	n=7	n=15	n=7	n=12	n=8	n=6
L(μm)	430-540	493.8±24.2 (447.5-523.8)	451.3±19.4 (425-491.3)	490.5±35.7 (425-540)	487.1±32.9 (415-530)	474.9±33.0 (430.8-531.3)	469.3±53.0 (376-526.3)
a	14-18 (15.1-18.4)	17.0±1.1 (13.8-16.7)	16.5±0.8 (13.8-16.7)	16.6±1.1 (14.7-17.7)	16.8±1.4 (14.2-18.6)	16.5±0.8 (14.9-17.7)	15.4±0.9 (13.9-16.3)
b	3.6-4.4 (3.4-4.2)	3.7±0.3 (3.2-4.4)	3.6±0.3 (3.2-4.4)	3.8±0.3 (3.2-4.4)	3.8±0.4 (3.2-4.6)	3.60±0.4 (3.0-4.3)	3.9±0.5 (3.0-4.4)
c	13-20 (14.8-21.0)	17.7±2.0 (12.1-21.6)	17.1±2.5 (12.1-21.6)	18.48±2.1 (15.3-22.2)	18.5±2.7 (13.4-23.7)	18.9±1.8 (16.8-22.3)	17.4±2.1 (14.3-21.2)
V(%)	90.93	90.4±0.7 (89.3-91.6)	89.5±0.8 (88.1-90.6)	90.1±0.8 (89.2-91.9)	90.1±0.6 (89.1-90.9)	90.8±0.9 (90.0-92.8)	90.3±2.2 (85.9-93.0)
Sty(μm)	84.94	86.4±2.5 (82.5-90)	88.7±2.3 (83-91)	88.9±4.3 (81-95)	87.9±5.4 (74.5-94)	87.6±1.9 (84-90)	85.5±1.5 (83-87)
R	102-112	108.9±3.2 (104-114)	103.2±4.0 (97-110)	111±5.8 (104-122)	109.3±4.0 (102-117)	108±2.7 (102-111)	108.3±3.3 (105-114)
RV	11-15	12.3±0.5 (12-13)	14.1±1.5 (11-17)	13.2±0.7 (12-14)	13.5±0.8 (12-15)	13.4±0.9 (12-14)	12.8±0.4 (12-13)
Ran	6-8	7.9±0.6 (7.9)	8.4±1.0 (7-10)	8.3±0.8 (7-9)	8.4±0.8 (6-9)	8.5±0.5 (8-9)	8.2±0.4 (8-9)
RVan	4-7	3.9±0.4 (3-4)	4.5±1.0 (3-6)	3.8±0.4 (3-4)	4.1±0.5 (3-5)	3.8±0.7 (3-5)	3.7±0.5 (3-4)
Rex	31-33	31.3±0.9 (30-33)	31.2±1.7 (28-33)	31.2±0.7 (30-32)	31.4±1.0 (30-33)	29.5±1.5 (27-31)	32.3±0.8 (31-33)

san (*Styrax obassia*, *Lespedeta bicolor*, *Betula schmidtii*); Ch'ollabuk-do: Jinan-gun Maryōng-myōn (*Quercus acutissima*); Mujukuch'ōn-dong (*Ilex macropoda*); Kyōngsangbuk-do: Sangju-shi kyesan-dong (*Salix subfragilis*); Kyōngsangnam-do: Chinju-shi Kajwa-dong (*Pinus banksiana*); Kang-won-do: Chiaksan (*Maackia amurensis*).

Xenocricconemella macrodora (Taylor, 1936) De Grisse & Loof, 1965

Measurements. Table 4.

Discussion. The specimens correspond with the description in the literature.

Localities and host plants. Kyōngsangbuk-do: Andong-gun Hahoe (*Quercus acutissima*), Kyōngsan-gun Namsan-myōn (*Celtis sinensis*); Kyōngsangnam-do: Chirisan (*Pinus koraiensis*, *Lindera ery-*

throcarpa), Chinju-shi Kajwa-dong (*Platanus orientalis*, *Quercus acutissima*); Ch'ungch'ōngnam-do: Kyeryongsan (*Quercus acutissima*), Ch'ōngyang-gun Namyang-myōn (*Castanea crenata*, *Pinus densiflora*); Ch'ungch'ōngbuk-do: Po'ungun naebuk-myōn (*Qryza sativa*); Ch'ollabuk-do: Naejangsan (*Platycarya strobilacea*), Sonch'ang-gun Ingye-myōn (*Quercus aliena*), Muju kuch'ōn-dong (*Ilex macropoda*); Ch'ollanam-do: Damyang-gun kumsōng-myōn (*Quercus aliena*)

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Table 4. Morphometric comparison of *Xenocricenomella macrodora* on different localities and hosts

Locality	Andong Host Quercus acutissima	Miju Hex macropoda	Ch'ongyangsan Pinus densiflora	K'yungsan Celtis sinensis	Chi'ongyang Castanea crenata	Surch'ang Pinus koraiensis	Naejangsan Quercus strobilacea	Chinju-shi Platycarya	Po'ung Quercus acutissima	Po'ung Onyza sativa
Characters										
Female	n=10	n=12	n=8	n=5	n=7	n=6	n=10	n=5	n=5	n=10
L(μm)	225.8±17 (195-261)	263.6±18 (243-306)	263.3±21 (230-293)	236.1±8 (223-245)	244±12 (233-269)	296.7±15 (273-313)	206±12.7 (186-228)	259±19 (233-303)	240±12 (225-258)	262±8 (251-271)
a	9.4±0.6 (8.5-10.2)	10.8±0.7 (10-12)	10.6±0.5 (10-12)	9.4±0.4 (9-10)	10.1±0.4 (9.3-10.8)	10.8±0.5 (10-11)	8.5±0.4 (8.9)	9.7±0.5 (8.9-10.5)	9.6±0.4 (9-10.0)	9.3±0.3 (9.0-9.7)
b	2.3±0.1 (2-2.5)	2.4±0.2 (2-2.9)	2.6±0.2 (2-2.6)	2.4±0.1 (2.3-2.5)	2.4±0.1 (2.3-2.6)	2.2±0.1 (2.2-2.3)	2.1±0.1 (1.9-2.3)	2.4±0.2 (2.0-2.7)	2.3±0.1 (2.1-2.4)	2.2±0.1 (2.1-2.2)
c	17.6±2.4 (14.1-21.7)	15.6±1.2 (14.9-17.6)	— —	— —	19.1±0.6 (18.5-19.9)	— —	— —	— —	— —	— —
V(%)	89±0.8 (88-90)	89.7±1.0 (88-92)	90.2±2.5 (89-97)	88.5±10 (88-90)	88.5±0.8 (87.2-89.5)	90.3±0.5 (90-91)	89±3.9 (86-98)	89.4±1.3 (88-93)	90.1±0.8 (89.91)	91.4±0.5 (91.92)
Sty(μm)	86.2±1.8 (83-89)	84.5±3.7 (79-92)	79.9±2.5 (75-83)	83.9±2.1 (82-87)	83±4.0 (77.5-89.0)	107±2.2 (104-110)	85±1.3 (84-87)	84.5±2.5 (82-90)	85.5±3.6 (81-88)	100±3.2 (95-105)
R	107±2.7 (101-110)	104±4.1 (99-113)	110±3.7 (104-113)	102±1.0 (100-103)	105±3.1 (100-110)	105±4.1 (99-111)	109±3.6 (104-115)	101±3.2 (104-116)	112±3.2 (109-116)	101±2.6 (98-105)
RV	13±1.0 (12-15)	13.4±0.8 (12-15)	14.4±0.9 (13-15)	13.4±0.8 (12-14)	14.0±0.9 (13-15)	13±0.9 (13-16)	15±0.9 (13-16)	13.2±1.2 (12-15)	14.7±0.5 (14-15)	11.7±0.5 (11-12)
Ran	8.6±0.9 (7.0-10.0)	9±0.5 (9-10)	— —	— —	8±0.0 (8)	— —	— —	— —	— —	8±0.0 (18)
RVan	3.6±0.5 (3-4)	3.7±0.5 (3-4)	— —	— —	4±0.0 (4)	— —	— —	— —	— —	3±0.0 (3)
Rex	— (34-36)	35.7±0.8 (34-36)	— (36-41)	39.3±2.1 (36-41)	— (38-44)	40.7±2.5 (36-37)	36.5±0.5 (34)	34±0.0 (37)	37±0.0 (37)	34±0.0 (34)

- new for this country. *Nematologica* **17**(1): 93-106.
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