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Two New Species of Genus *Phytoseius* (Phytoseiidae, Acari) from Korea

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한국산 이리옹애 속 (진드기 목 이리옹애 과) 의 2신종

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적 요

지금까지 한국산 이리옹애 과에 속하는 이리옹애 속은 5종이 알려져 있었다.
1989년과 1992년에 한국의 경기도와 전라북도 지역에서 채집한 이리옹애를 동정
한 결과 2신종이 확인되었는데, 이들 종은 *Phytoselus (Phytoselus) seungtali* n. sp.
(개암이리옹애)와 *Phytoselus (Phytoselus) sonunensis* n. sp. (선운이리옹애)이었다.
이로써 한국산 이리옹애 속은 7종이 된다.

Key words: *Phytoselus*, Phytoseiidae, Acari, new species, Korea.

INTRODUCTION

Prior to this study the following five species of the genus *Phytoseius* Ribaga, 1904 were recognized to occur in Korea (Lee and Ryu, 1989; Ryu and Ehara, 1991, 1992; Ryu and Lee, 1992): *Phytoselus (Phytoseius) nipponicus* Ehara, 1962; *P. (P.) blakistoni* Ehara, 1966; *P. (P.) capitatus* Ehara, 1966; *P. (P.) mori* Xin, Liang et Ke, 1983; *P. (P.) koreanus* Ryu et Ehara, 1991.

In the present paper, two new species of *Phytoselus* are described from Korea: *Phytoselus*

(*Phytoseius*) *seungtaii* n. sp. and *P. (P.) sonunensis* n. sp. The type series of the new species are deposited in the Department of Biology, College of Natural Sciences, Chōnbuk National University.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

The materials were collected with leaves of the plants, *Corylus heterophylla* Fisch. and *Boehmeria spicata* Thunb. from Kyōnggi Prov. and Chōnbuk Prov., Korea in 1989 and 1992. The specimens were kept in 70% alcohol and mounted on slides with Down's (1943) PVA solution. The setal nomenclature was based on that of Rowell *et al.* (1978). All measurements are given in micrometers.

DESCRIPTION

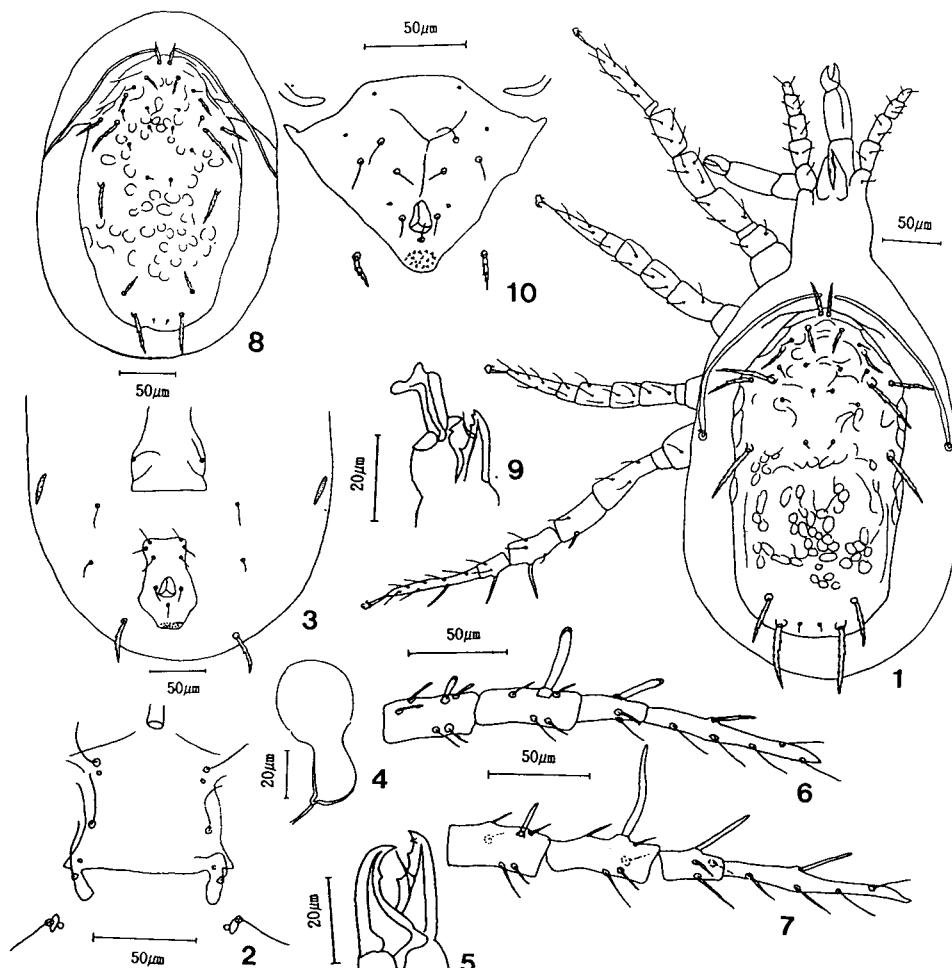
Phytoseius (Phytoseius) seungtaii n. sp. (Figs. 1-10)

Type series. Holotype: ♀, Kunnam, Yonchon, Kyōnggi, 21-VIII-1992 (M.- O. Ryu leg.), on *Corylus heterophylla*. Allotype: 1 ♂, data same with holotype. Paratypes: 5 ♀ ♀ and 7 ♂ ♂, data same with holotype; 4 ♀ ♀ and 2 ♂ ♂, Kunnam, Yonchon, Kyōnggi, 16-IX-1989 (M.- O. Ryu leg.), on *Corylus heterophylla*.

Female. Idiosoma 390 long, 256 wide at widest part; dorsal shield 293 long, 153 wide at widest part. Dorsal shield rugose. Setae on dorsal shield: j1, j3, z3, Z4, Z5, s4, s6, and r3 stout, strongly serrate, set on tubercles; remaining setae short, smooth; Z5 longest; s4 as long as s6, longer than Z4; r3 longer than j1, j3, and z3; j1 slightly longer than j3. Peritreme extending to seta j1; peritrematal shield fused anteriorly with dorsal shield. Sternal shield with 3 pairs of setae; metasternal platelets variable in shape. Ventrianal shield slender narrower than genital shield, concave laterally, with 3 pairs of preanal setae; no preanal pores. Seta JV5 stout, strongly serrate. A pair of metapodal platelets very slender. Spermatheca as figured. Fixed digit of chelicera with 1 subapical tooth, 2 middle teeth, and pilus dentilis; movable digit unidentate. Chaetotaxic formula: genu II, 2-2/0, 2/0-1; genu III, 1-2/0, 2/0-1. Leg IV with 4 blunt-ended or spatulate macrosetae; tip of each macroseta with a hyaline envelope. Lengths of setae ($n = 10$, mean \pm S.E.): j1 28.1 ± 0.5 , j3 24.2 ± 0.5 , j4 6.1 ± 0.3 , j5 6.2 ± 0.3 , j6 6.2 ± 0.3 , J5 7.0 ± 0.2 , z2 10.6 ± 0.2 , z3 25.3 ± 0.7 , z4 12.7 ± 0.4 , z5 6.2 ± 0.3 , Z4 46.5 ± 0.8 , Z5 64.8 ± 1.4 , s4 56.1 ± 1.2 , s6 56.1 ± 1.2 , r3 37.6 ± 1.1 , JV5 42.8 ± 1.2 , macrosetae on leg IV: genu 15.2 ± 0.6 , tibia 37.7 ± 1.1 , basitarsus 27.3 ± 1.0 , telotarsus 25.7 ± 0.8 .

Male. Idiosoma 280 long, 187 wide at widest part. Peritreme not extending beyond seta j1. Ventrianal shield not fused with peritrematal shield, with 3 pairs of preanal setae; 3 pairs of pores. Fixed digit of chelicera with 2 subapical teeth, 1 middle tooth, and pilus dentilis; movable digit unidentate. Chaetotaxic formula of genua II and III same as in female. Leg IV with 4 blunt-ended or spatulate macrosetae; tip of each macroseta with a hyaline envelope. Lengths of setae ($n = 10$, mean \pm S.E.): j1 22.2 ± 0.3 , j3 19.1 ± 0.5 , j4 4.9 ± 0.2 , j5 4.8 ± 0.2 , j6 4.7 ± 0.2 , J5 5 .

1 ± 0.2 , $z_2 7.7 \pm 0.2$, $z_3 18.8 \pm 0.6$, $z_4 10.0 \pm 0.2$, $z_5 4.9 \pm 0.2$, $Z_4 22.2 \pm 0.3$, $Z_5 37.1 \pm 1.0$, $s_4 35.7 \pm 0.9$, $s_6 33.1 \pm 0.5$, $r_3 28.9 \pm 0.3$, $JV_5 17.0 \pm 0.3$, macrosetae on leg IV: genu 12.7 \pm 0.4, tibia 18.4 \pm 0.5, basitarsus 22.0 \pm 0.3, telotarsus 20.5 \pm 0.5.



Figs. 1-10. *Phytosetulus (Phytosetulus) seungtali* n. sp. 1, dorsum (♀); 2, sternal shield (♀); 3, posterior ventral shield (♀); 4, spermatheca; 5, chelicera (♀); 6-7, genu, tibia, basitarsus and telotarsus IV (♀); 8, dorsum of idiosoma (♂); 9, chelicera (♂); 10, ventrianal shield (♂).

Etymology. This species is named in honor of Dr. Park, Seung-Tai, Professor of Chonbuk National University.

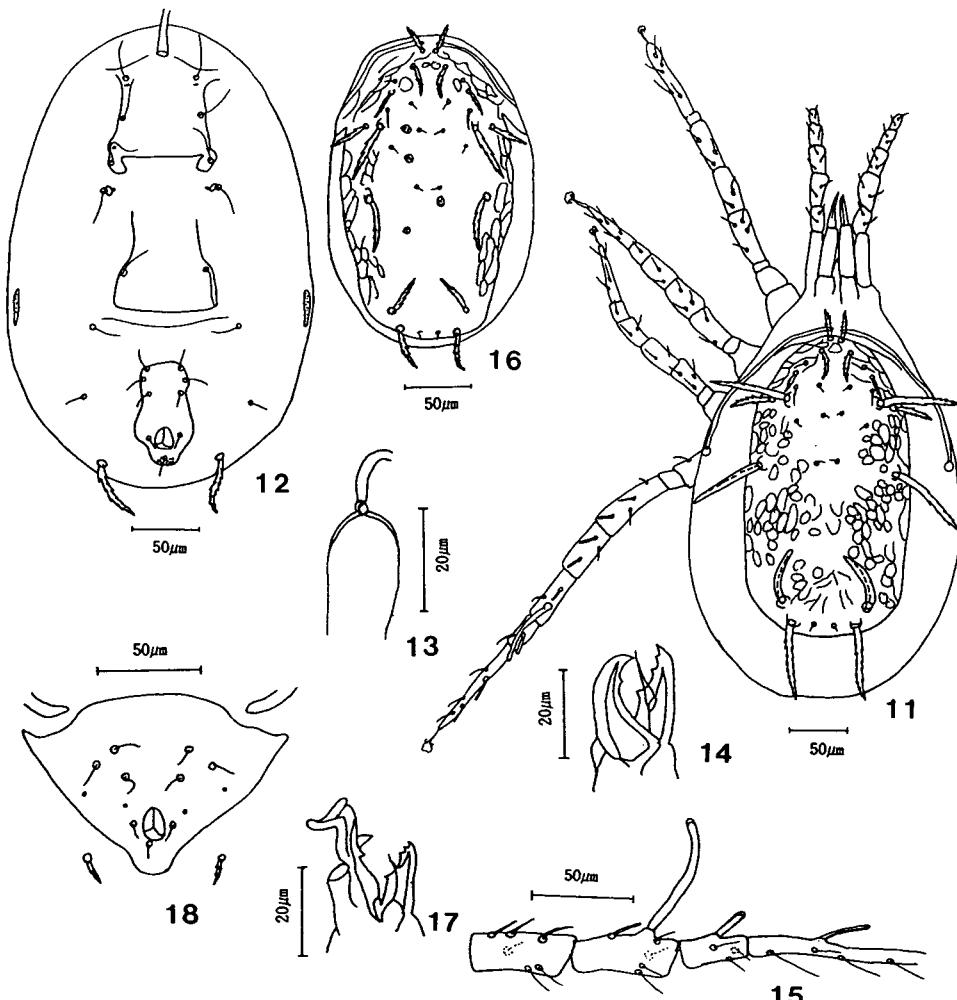
Remarks. *Phytosetulus seungtali* is similar to two Indian species, *P. indicus* Bhattacharyya, 1968 (= *P. neglecta* Gupta, 1969 : Gupta, 1986) and *P. swirskii* Gupta, 1980. However, the female of *P. seungtali* differs from that of *P. indicus* in the ratio of the length of Z_4 to the distance between s_6 and Z_4 , and in the relative lengths of the macrosetae on leg IV. Furthermore, the female of *P. seungtali* differs from that of *P. swirskii* in having much slender dorsal shield, and in

the relative lengths of setae Z4, Z5, s4, and s6.

***Phytoseius (Phytoseius) sonunensis n. sp.* (Figs. 11-18)**

Type series. Holotype: ♀, Mt. Sonun, Kochang, Chonbuk, 3-VIII-1992 (M.-O. Ryu leg.), on *Boehmeria spicata*. Allotype: 1♂, data same with holotype. Paratypes: 3♀, data same with holotype.

Female. Idiosoma 380 long, 250 wide at widest part; dorsal shield 293 long, 160 wide at widest part. Dorsal shield rugose. Setae on dorsal shield: j1, j3, z3, Z4, Z5, s4, s6, and r3 stout, strongly serrate, set on tubercles; remaining setae short, smooth; s4 about as long as s6 and Z5, and longer than Z4; j1 about as long as j3 and z3, and shorter than r3. Peritreme extending to seta j1; peritrematal shield fused anteriorly with dorsal shield. Sternal shield with 3 pairs of setae;



Figs. 11-18. *Phytoseius (Phytoseius) sonunensis n. sp.* 11, dorsum (♀); 12, venter of idiosoma (♀); 13, spermatheca; 14, chelicera (♀); 15, genu, tibia, basitarsus and telotarsus IV (♀); 16, dorsum of idiosoma (♂); 17, chelicera (♂); 18, ventrianal shield (♂).

metasternal platelets variable in shape. Ventrianal shield slender, narrower than genital shield, concave laterally, with 3 pairs of preanal setae; no preanal pores. Seta JV5 stout, strongly serrate. A pair of metapodal platelets very slender. Spermatheca as figured. Fixed digit of chelicera with 2 subapical teeth, 1 middle tooth, and pilus dentilis; movable digit unidentate. Chaetotaxic formula: genu II, 2-2/0, 2/0-1; genu III, 1-2/0, 2/0-1. Leg IV with 3 spatulate macrosetae; tip of each macroseta with a hyaline envelope. Lengths of setae (n = 4, mean): j1 29.0, j3 28.5, j4 7.3, j5 7.0, j6 7.5, J5 5.5, z2 9.8, z3 28.8, z4 18.3, z5 7.8, Z4 53.3, Z5 73.3, s4 78.0, s6 76.5, r3 41.0, JV5 47.5, macrosetae on leg IV: tibia 59.0, basitarsus 18.8, telotarsus 24.5.

Male. Idiosoma 251 long, 156 wide at widest part. Peritreme extending to seta j1. Ventrianal shield not fused with peritrematal shield, with 3 pairs of preanal setae; 2 pairs of pores. Fixed digit of chelicera with 2 subapical teeth, 1 middle tooth, and pilus dentilis; movable digit unidentate. Spermatodactyl as figured. Chaetotaxic formula of genua II and III same as in female. Leg IV with 3 spatulate macrosetae; tip of each macroseta with a hyaline envelope. Lengths of setae (n = 1): j1 23, j3 27, j4 7, j5 7, j6 7, J5 6, z2 9, z3 24, z4 16, z5 8, Z4 31, Z5 41, s4 50, s6 44, r3 31, JV5 17, macrosetae on leg IV: tibia 23, basitarsus 16, telotarsus 17.

Etymology. The specific name is derived from the type locality, Mt. Sonun.

Remarks. *Phytosetus sonunensis* resembles *P. nipponicus* Ehara, 1962 (from Japan), *P. vaginatus* Wu, 1983 (from China), and *P. macrosetosus* Gupta, 1977 (from India). However, the female of *P. sonunensis* is distinguished from that of *P. nipponicus* by seta Z4 which is noticeably shorter than Z5, and from that of *P. vaginatus* by the tibial macroseta on leg IV which is markedly longer than the basitarsal macroseta. Moreover, the female of *P. sonunensis* is distinctive from that of *P. macrosetosus* in having the rugose dorsal shield, and in the relative lengths of the macrosetae on leg IV.

ABSTRACT

Two new species of the genus *Phytosetus* are described from Korea: *P. (P.) seungtali* n. sp. from Kyōnggi Province and *P. (P.) sonunensis* n. sp. from Chonbuk Province.

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