

Notes on Korean Higher Fungi (IV)

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韓國高等菌類記(IV)

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Abstract

Some 50 fungi were collected and identified at Youngu and Mt. Sobaek from April to October in 1977. The results have shown that, following ten species are new to Korean list.

Collybia dryophila (BULL. ex FR.), QUEL., *Mycena polygramma* (BULL. ex FR.) S.F. GRAY., *M. pura* (PERS. ex FR.) QUEL., *Crepidotus nephrodes* (BERK. et CURT.) SACC., *Inocybe montana* KOBAY., *I. squamulosa* KOBAY., *Rhodophillus ater* HONGO, *R. violaceus* (MURR.) SING., *Leccinum aurantiacum* (BULL.) S.F. GRAY., and *Suillus aeruginascens* (SECR.) SNELL.

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Homobasidia 같은 자루菌亞綱

Hymenomycetes 菌蕈類

Agaricales 송이 버섯目

Tricholomataceae 송이 버섯科

Collybiadrophila (BULL. ex FR.) QUEL. 굽은 대
애기버섯(新稱)
QUELT, Champ. Jura Vosg. 1 : 97. 1872 ; Enchir.
Fung. 31. 1886.

Agaricus dryophilus BULL. Herb. Fr. pl. 434, f.

2. 1789-FRIES, Syst. Myc. 1 : 124 1821 ; Epicr. Myc
92. 1838 ; Monogr. Hymen. Suec. 1 : 162. 1857 ;
Hymen. Eur. 122. 1874.

Omphalia dryophila S.F. GRAY, Nat. Arr. Brit
pl. 1 : 162. 1821.

Marasmius dryophila KARST. Erit. Oefv. Final
Basidsv. 103, 1889.

Collybidium dryophilum MURR. Mycologia, 3
101. pl.40, f. 8. 1911 ;

Gymnopus dryophilus MURR. Mycologia, 9 : 259
pl. 11, f. 4. 1917.

IMAZ. and HONGO, Coll. Ill. Fung. Jap. pl.6, f.

36. 1957.

IMAZ., HONGO and TUBAKI, Common Fungi of Japan in Colour, pl. 37, f. 2. 1970.

Pileus 2-5cm broad, convex to plane, fleshy colored, cream colored or yellowish brown, light when dry, viscid when wet, margin incurved, flesh thin, fleshy colored. Lamellae subwhite or cream colored, crowded, free or subadnected. Stipe 3-5.7×2.1-3.5mm, yellowish brown, subwhitish yellow upward subcylindrical, bent at the base, hollow. Spores 4.3-5.7×2.1-3.1 μ , seed-shaped, white, enclosed oil drops, hymenium layer 14.3-20.0×2.9-4.3 μ , clavate, hyphae from gill trama 40-60.1×4.3-8.6 μ , clamp connection absent.

HAB.: Clustered on the fallen leaves from spring to fall. Edible.

DISTR.: Korea (Mt. Sobaek), Japan, Sri Lan Ka, Europe, North America, Australia.

Mycena polygramma (BULL. ex FR.) S.F. GRAY. 세로줄애주름 버섯(新稱)

S.F. GRAY, Nat. Arr. Brit. pl. 1: 619. 1821.

Agaricus polygrammus BULL. Herb. Fr. pl. 395. 1791-FRIES, Syst. Myc. 1: 146 1821 : Epicr. Myc. 107, 1838 : Monogr. Hymen. Suec. 1: 209. 1857 ; Hymen Eur. 139. 1874.

Mycena parabolica RICKEN, Blatterp. 439, 1915.

IMAZ. and HONGO, Coll. Ill. Fung. Jap. pl. 11, f. 65. 1965.

Pileus 3.2-7cm broad, subcylindrical to plane but convexed at the center, tomentose, furrow, dull orange, yellowish brown at the center, yellowish brown when wet. Lamellae brown, sparse, sinuate or free. Stipe 7-9cm×3-7mm, some thick at the center, white upward compost materials of reticular-shaped attached on the surface, hyphae and fallen leaves attached at the base, very breakable hollow. Spores 10.3-13.2×5.9-7.4 μ , white, broad elliptical, amyloid, seldom enclosed an oil drop. Cystidia 32.3-36.8×10.3-16.2 μ , flask-shaped, Basidia 36.8-38.2×10.3-11.8 μ , clavate.

HAB.: Solitary or clustered on the fallen leaves from summer to fall. Edible.

DISTR.: Korea (Mt. Sobaek), Japan, Siberia, Minor Asia, Europe, North America.

M. pura (PERS. ex FR.) QUE'L. 맑은 애주름

버섯(新稱)

QUELET, Champ. Jura Vosg. 1: 103. 1872 ; Enchir. Fung. 34, 1886.

Agaricus roseus BULL. Herb. Fr. pl. 507. 1791.

Agaricus purus PERS. Tent. Disp. Fung. 21. 1797 ; - Syst. Meth. Fung. 339. 1801-FRIES, Syst. Myc. 1: 151. 1821 ; Epicr. Myc. 102. 1838 : Monogr. Hymen. Suec. 1: 201. 1857 ; Hymen. Eur. 133. 1874.

Gymnopus purus S.F. GRAY, Nat. Arr. Brit. pl. 1: 608. 1821.

Prunulus purus MJRR. N. Am. Fl. 9: 332. 1916 ; Mycologia, 928. pl. 11, f. 3. 1917.

IMAZ. and HONGO, Coll. Ill. Fung. Jap. pl. 15, f. 88. 1957.

IMAZ. and HONGO, Coll. Ill. Fung. pl. 11, f. 63. 1965.

IMAZ., HONGO and TUBAKI, Common Fungi of Japan in Colour, pl. 39, f. 5. 1970.

Pleus 2~5cm broad, campanulate to plane, reddish purple or whitish purple, fade out when dry. Lamellae fade purple or white, crowded, adnexed or adnate. Stipe 5-8cm×2-7mm, same colored with pileus, whitish purple downward, hollow.

Spores 6.4-8.6×2.9-4.0 μ , cylindrical or elliptical, some enclosed projection on the surface, grayish yellow green, amyloid. Basidia 21.5-24.3×4.3-8.6 μ , sterigmata 2.9-5.7 μ long. Cystidia 51.5-62.9×10.0-12.9 μ , fusoid or clavate, membrane thick.

HAB.: Clustered or solitary on the soils with fallen leaves under the trees from spring to fall. Edible.

DISTR.: Korea (Mt. Sobaek), Minor Asia, Europe, North America, Africa, Australia.

Crepidotaceae 노란귀 버섯과

Crepidotus nephrodes (BERK. et CURT.) SACC. 콩팥 노란귀 버섯(新稱)

SACCARDO, Syll. Fung. 5: 882. 1887-SINGER, Agaricales, 593. 1949.

Agaricus nephrodes BERK. et CURT. Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. 11. 12: 422. 1853.

Agaricus malachius SACC. Syll. Fung. 5: 882. 1887.

Pileus 1mm in radius, scoop-shaped, grayish white, white flour distributed on the surface. Lamellae

crowded, white to grayish. No stipe. Spores 4.4–5.9 μ , globose, white, nonamyloid, formed projection on the surface, rough, Basidia 14.7–19.1×4.4–5.9 μ , clavate.

HAB.: Clustered on the fallen branches of acacia trees.

DISTR.: Korea (Youngju), Japan, North America

Cortinariaceae: 끈적 버섯과

Inocibe montana KOBAY. 산땀 버섯(新稱)

KOBAYASI, Nagaoa, 2 : 97, f. 50, 1952.

Pileus 1.5~2.5cm broad, hemiglobose to plane, brown or darkish yellow, flesh splitted when adult radially, flesh white. Lamellae crowded, same colored with the pileus, adnate or free. Stipe 2~3cm long, 1~3mm thick, yellowish white or pale yellow, thick upward, solid.

Spores 5.9–8.8×5.2–5.9 μ , irregular multiangular-shaped light brown, nonamyloid. Cystidia 47–61.7×16.2–20.6 μ , fusoid.

HAB.: Clustered on the lower mountain of *Pinus densiflora*, summer to fall.

DISTR.: Korea (Youngju), Japan.

Inocibe squamulosa KOBAY. 비늘땀버섯(新稱)

KOBAYASI, Nagaoa, 2 : 100, f. 26, J.f. 53. 1952.

Pileus 1.8~3.3cm broad, subglobose to round mountain-shaped, downy hairs and soales of brown distributed roughly on the surface, flesh light yellow, margin white; incurved. Lamellae flesh colored, crowded, sinuate or adnate. Stipe 2.7~3.4cm long, 2.5~3.5mm thick, annulus leaved the above flesh colored, at the above portion, brown, at below rough. Spores 8.8–11.8×3.7–5.9 μ , broad elliptical or subcylindrical-shaped, nonamyloid, basidia 17.6–22.1×7.4–8.8 μ , clavate, some formed formed projection on the apic. HAB.: Solitary or clustered on the sandy soils of lower valleys of *Quercus* sp, summer to fall,

DISTR.: Korea (Yuugju), Japan,

Rhodophyllaceae 외대버섯과

Rhodophyllus ater HONGO 검은 외대버섯(新稱)

IMAZ. and HONGO, Coll. Ill. Fung. Jap. pl. 27, f. 173. 1965.

Pileus 1.2~2cm broad, hemiglobose or cowl-shaped

then plane, tomentose, light brownish gray, with irregular margins, flours distributed on the surface. Lamellae 2~3mm wide, light brownish gray, sparse, sinuate or distant. Stipe 2.5~4.5cm long, 0.8~1.5mm thick, same colored with the pileus, white hyphae attached at the base, hollow. Spores 7.2–11.4×4.3–7.2 μ , white, multi-angular, rough, formed projection on one side, nonamyloid.

HAB: Solitary or clustered on the soils of grass field.

DISTR.: Korea (Youngju), Japan.

Rhodophyllus violaceus (MURR.) SING. 보라꽃 외대 버섯(新稱)

SINGER, Mycologia, 39 : 188. 1947 ; Agaricales, 623. 1949.

Entoloma violaceum MURR.N. AM. Fl. 10 : 115. 1917.

IMAZEKI and HONGO, Col. Ill. Fung. Jap. 90. pl2.7, f. 175. 1965.

Pileus 1.6~2.5cm broad, campanulate or hemiglobose, depressed, grayish red, brownish gray at the center, grayish red powders distributed radially. Lamellae crowded, yellowish white to darkish yellow, distant or free. Stipe 4.0~5.7cm long, 1~2.5mm thick, light purplish gray or darkish-purple gray, grayish-yellow green at the base, flesh white, hollow. Spores 8.6–11.4×5.7–7.2 μ , multiangular, white, nonamyloid, enclosed an oil drop, spore membrane thick, hymenium layer 20–21.5×7.2–8.6 μ , clavate.

HAB: Solitary or gregarious on the herb-soils.

DISTR.: Korea(Yungju), Japan, North America.

Boletaceae 그물버섯과

Leccinum aurantiacum (BULL.) S.F. GRAY

동색 그물 버섯(新稱)

S.F. GRAY, Nat. Arr. Brit. pl. 1 : 646. 1821–SINGER, Agaricales, 686. 1949.

Boletus aurantiacus BULL. Champ. FR. 320. pl. 236. f. 2. 1784.

IMAZEKI and HONGO, Col. Ill. Fung. Jap. 87. pl. 39, f. 225. 1957.

Pileus 4~10cm broad, round mountain-shaped to plane, light brown then brown or soil colored, minute hairs covered on the surface, margin upcurved

flesh soft, blue when bruised, wrinkled when adult. Tubeshole multiangular, dirty white to gray, distant, Stipe 3.5~9.5cm long, 0.4~2cm thick, white, grayish soil-colored, fine scales distributed on the surface, netted, rough, slender toward the base, hollow, white. Spores 8.8~14.7(19.1)×2.9~4.4 μ , long fusoid or long elliptical, white or darkish yellow in mass, enclosed one, two or three oil drops, pseudo amyloid, basidium 21.5×12.9 μ , fusoid or subcylindrical.

HAB.: Gregarious on the soils of *Quercus* sp. Edible.

DISTR.: Korea (Youngju), Japn, Europe, North America.

Suillus aeruginascens (SECR.) SNELL 녹슬은 그물 버섯(新稱)

SNELL, Lloydia, 7 : 25, pl. 2, f. B; pl. f.F. 1944
-SINGER, Agaricales, 657. 1949.

Boletus aeruginascens SECR. Myc. Suisse, 3 : 6.
1833.

IMAZEKI and HONGO, Col. Ill. Fung. 83. pl. 37.
f. 215. 1957.

Pileus 4.3~6cm broad, round mountain-shaped to plane, dull orange or pale yellow, darkish-yellow brown scales covered on the surface, flesh tough, thick, viscid, white. Tubes hole multiangular, brown decurrent. Stipe 3.5~4cm long, 0.7~1cm thick, whitish yellow vat, netted the above of annulus annulus darkish brown, tube's flesh pale yellow or white.

Spores 8.8~10.3×3.7~4.4 μ , subcylindrical or long elliptical, white in mass, darkish yellow pseudoamyloid, basidia 20.1~22.1×6.6~7.4 μ , clavate.

HAB.: Solitary or clustered on the herb soils.

DISTR.: Korea (Youngju), Japan.

要 約

1977年 4月부터 1977年 10月까지 小白山 및 榮州地方에서 採集된 高等菌類를 同定한 결과 未記錄種은 다음과 같다.

Collybia dryophila (BULL. ex FR.) QUÉL. (금은 대에기 버섯), *Mycena polygramma* (BULL. ex FR.) S.F. GRAY. (세로줄애기름), *M. Pura* (PERS. ex

FR.) QUÉL. (맑은 애주름 버섯). *Crepidotus nephrodes* (BERK. et CURT.) SACC. (회색콩팥노란귀버섯) *Inocybe montana* KOBAY. (산딸 버섯) I *Souamulosa* KOBAY. (비늘 땀 버섯), *Rhodophyllus ater* HONGO (검은 외태버섯), *R. violaceus* (MURR.) SING. (보라빛 외태버섯), *Leccinum aurantiacum* (BULL.) S.F. GRAY. (동색 그물버섯), *Suillus aeruginascens* (SEC-R.) SNELL (녹슬은 그물버섯) 저자들은 아산재단이 연구비의 일부를 보조하여 준비 대하여 사의를 표한다.

The Explanations of Plates

The Plate I

A. *Collybia dryophila* (BULL. ex FR.) QUÉL.

A-1 carpophores, A-2 spores, A-3 hymenium layer, A-4, hyphae from gill trama

B. *Mycena polygramma* (BULL. ex FR.) S.F. GRAY.

B-1 spores, B-2 basidia, B-3 cystidia,

C. *M. pura* (PERS. ex FR.) QUÉL.

C-1 carpophores, C-2 spores, C-3 basidia, C-4 cystidia

The Plate II

A. *Crepidotus nephrodes* (BERK. et CURT.) SACC.

A-1 carpophores, A-2 spores, A-3 basidia, B. *Inocybe montana* KOBAY.

B-1 carpophores, B-2 spores, B-3 cystidia,

C. *I. souamulosa* KOBAY.

C-1 carpophores, C-2 spores, C-3 basidia, C-4, cystidia

D. *Suillus aeruginascens* (SECR.) SNELL.

D-1 spores, D-2 basidia

The Plate III

A. *Rhodophyllus ater* HONGO

A-1 carpophores, A-2 spores, A-3 basidia,

B. *R. violaceus* (MURR.) SING.

B-1 spores, B-2 hymenium layer

C. *Leccinum aurantiacum* (BULL.) S.F. GRAY.

C-1 carpophores, C-2 spores, C-3 basidia

The Plate IV

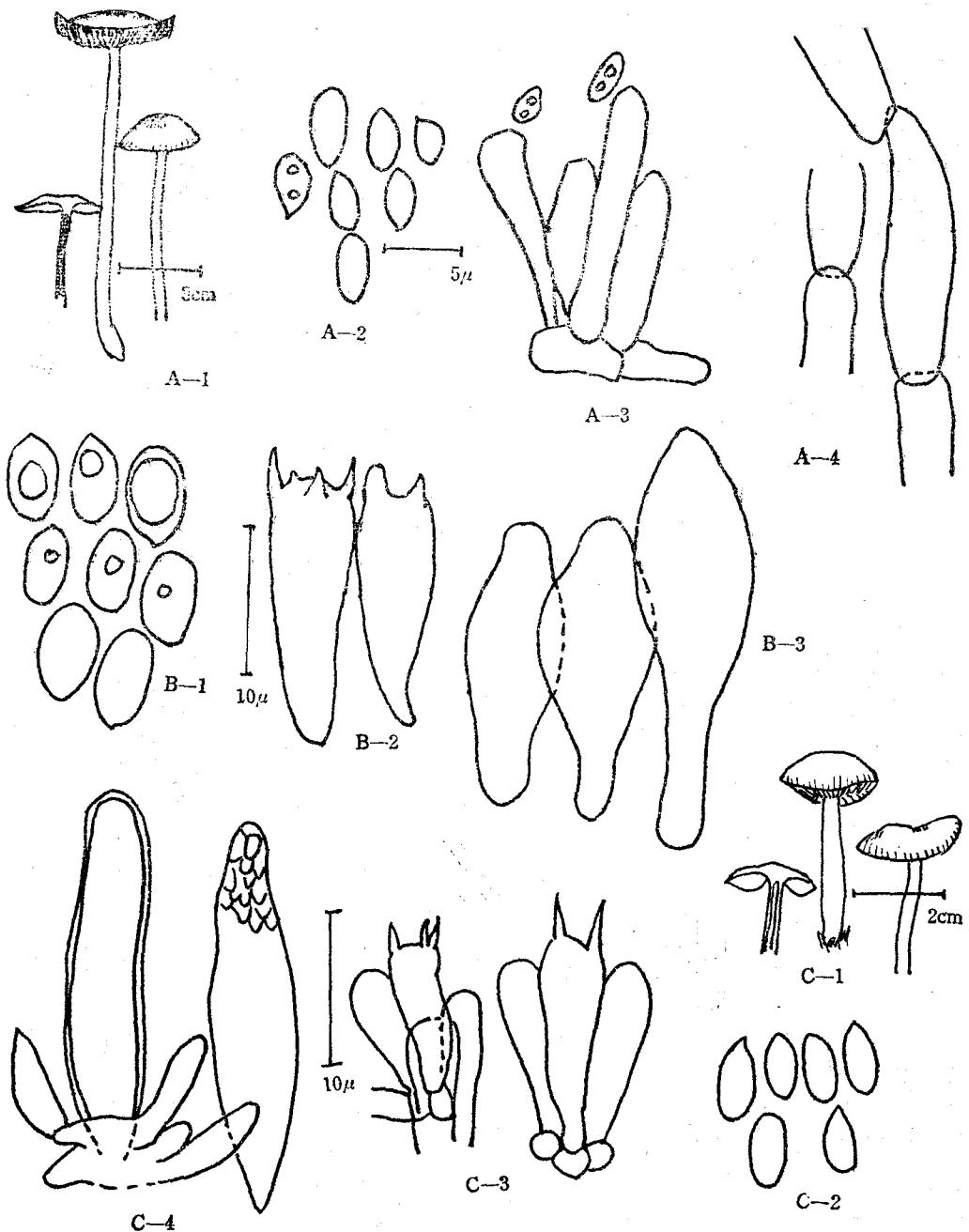
A. *Mycena polygramma* (BULL. ex FR.) S.F. GRAY.

- B. *Rhodophylus violaceus* (MURR.) SING.
C. *Sulcus aeruginascens* (SECR.) SNELL.

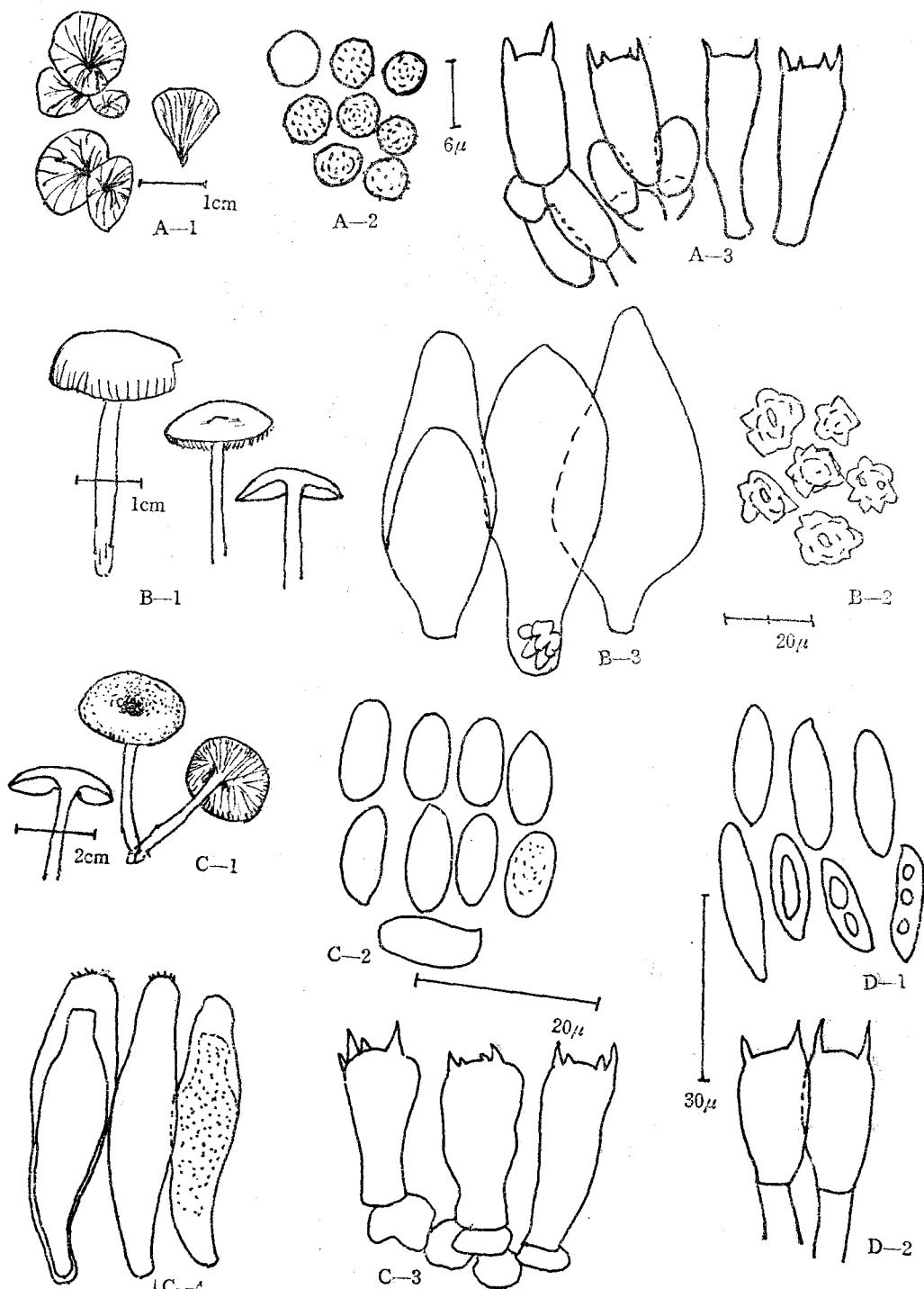
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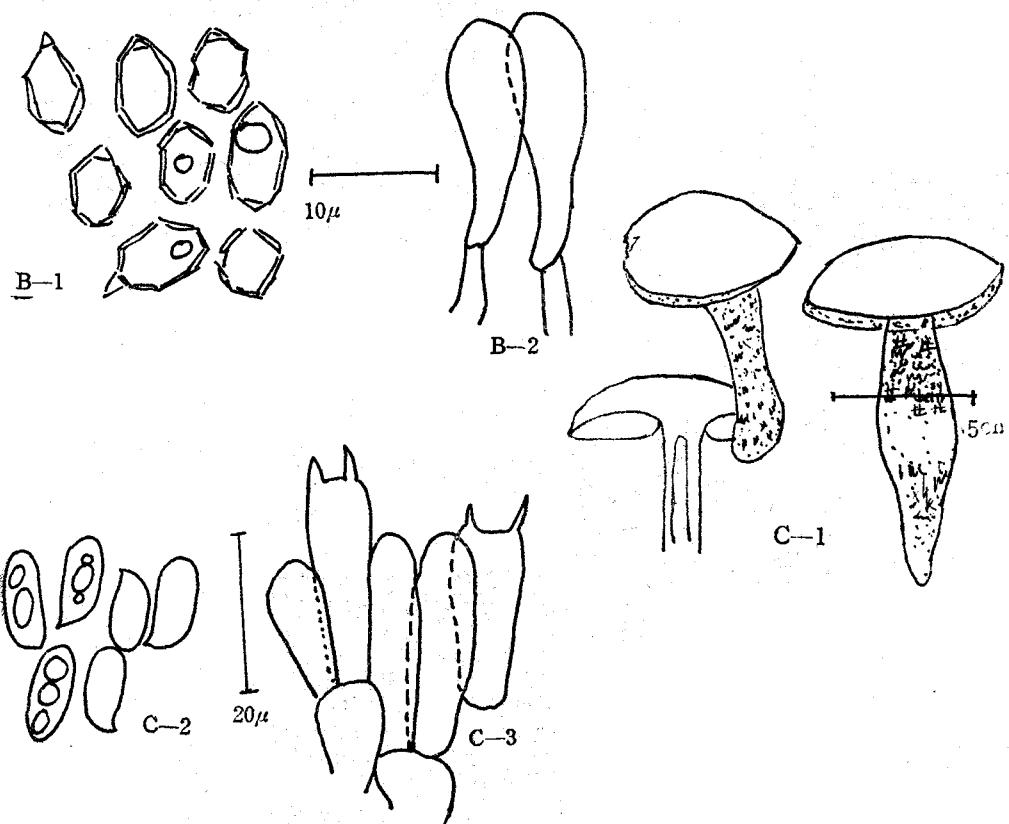
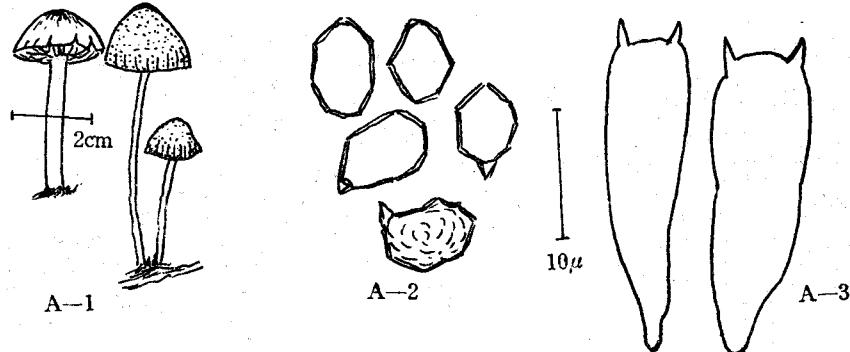
The plate I



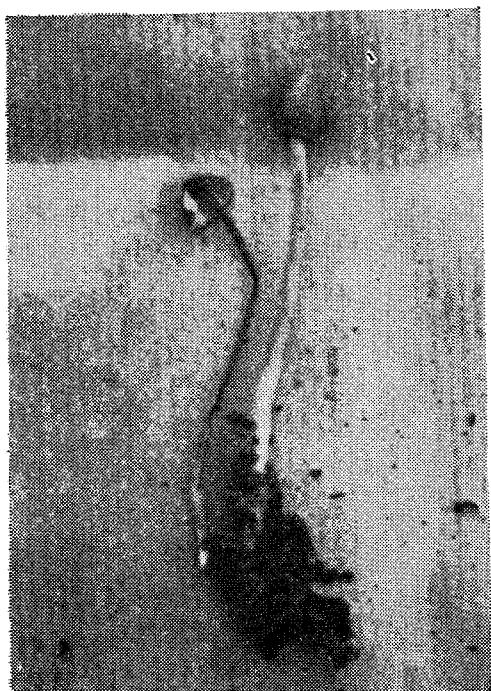
The plate II



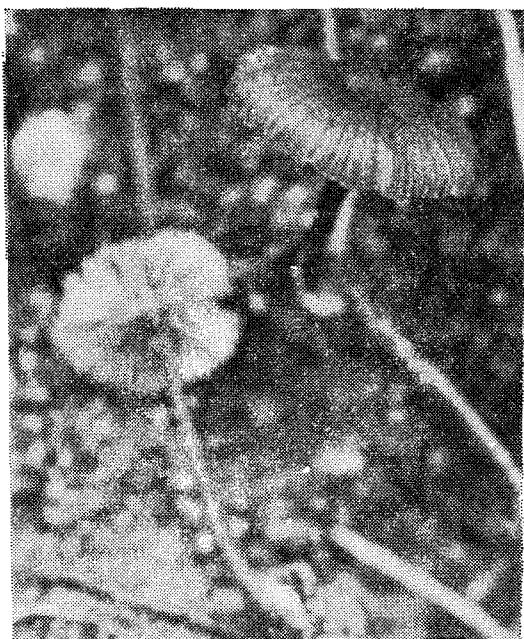
The plate III



The Plate IV



A



B



C