

A FIXED POINT OF A GROUP OF NONEXPANSIVE MAPS

By Bruce Calvert

Dae Hyeon Pahk [1] proved a result on a fixed point of a group of nonexpansive linear maps. This note shows that linearity is not necessary.

Let K be a nonempty compact convex subset of a Banach space. Let F be a group of nonexpansive transformations of K . For $x \in K$ let $C(F, x)$ be the smallest closed convex subset of K containing x which is invariant under F . Suppose F had regular orbital diameter, that is, for $x \in K$, either $Fx = \{x\}$ or there exist $y, z \in C(F, x)$ such that $\sup\{\|y - Tz\| : T \in F\}$ is less than the diameter $dC(F, x)$ of $C(F, x)$.

THEOREM. Under the conditions above, F has a fixed point.

PROOF. Let K_1 be minimal with respect to being a nonempty closed convex of K which is invariant under F .

Suppose K_1 has more than one point. Take x_0 in K_1 . Then there are y_0 and z_0 in $C(F, x_0)$ with $r_0 = \sup\{\|y_0 - Tz_0\| : T \in F\} < dC(F, x_0)$. Let $M = \{y \in K_1 : \sup\{\|y - Tz_0\| : T \in F\} \leq r_0\}$. Then M is nonempty, closed, convex, and invariant under F since F is a group. Hence, $M = K_1$. Let $N = \{z \in K_1 : \|y - z\| \leq r_0 \text{ for all } y \in K_1\}$. N is nonempty, closed, convex, and invariant under F since F is a group. But $N \neq K_1$, contradicting minimality of K_1 .

University of Auckland,
Auckland, New Zealand

REFERENCE

- [1] Dae Hyeon Pahk, *Common fixed point theorem for some bounded linear operators*, Kyungpook Math. J. 13 (1973), 157–159.