

Sulfaguanidine Monohydrate의 結晶 및 分子構造

具廷會 · 金勳寔 · 申桓澈 · 崔柱鉉*

서울대학교 文理科大學 化學科
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The Crystal and Molecular Structure of Sulfaguanidine Monohydrate

Chung Hoe Koo, Hoon Sup Kim, Whanchul Shin and Chuhyn Choe*

Department of Chemistry, College of Liberal Arts and Sciences,
Seoul National University, Seoul, Korea

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요 약. sulfaguanidine 1 수화물의 결정 및 분자구조를 X-선 회절법으로 규명하였다. 결정은 일사측정에 속하며 단위세포내에는 4 분자가 있으며 공간군은 $P2_1/c$ 이다. 단위세포상수는 $a=7.57 \pm 0.03$, $b=5.44 \pm 0.02$, $c=24.76 \pm 0.06 \text{ \AA}$, $\beta=91.0 \pm 0.2^\circ$ 이다. 결정구조는 패터슨 함수의 해석과 직접법을 병용하여 밝혀냈다. 원자좌표치는 최소자승법으로 정밀화하였으며 1542개의 독립적인 회절반점에 대한 최종 R값은 0.14이었다. sulfaguanidine 분자의 guanidyl기의 질소원자는 2개의 다른 물분자를 매개로 하여 수소결합을 하므로써 다른 분자들의 sulfonyl기의 산소원자에 연결되어 있다. 수소결합 형성에 있어서 물분자는 donor와 acceptor의 역할을 겸하고 있으며 수소결합은 사면체의 방향을 하고 있다. 2차원적인 수소결합에 의하여 연결된 분자들은 (001)면에 평행한 분자층을 형성하고 있다.

Abstract. The crystal and molecular structure of sulfaguanidine monohydrate, $C_7H_{16}N_4O_2S \cdot H_2O$, was determined from visually estimated intensity data from Weissenberg photographs. The crystal data are monoclinic, space group $P2_1/c$ with four molecules in a unit cell of dimensions, $a=7.57 \pm 0.03$, $b=5.44 \pm 0.02$, $c=24.76 \pm 0.06 \text{ \AA}$, $\beta=91.0 \pm 0.2^\circ$. The structure has been solved by an interpretation of a Patterson map and with a help of a direct procedure on a projection. The parameters were refined isotropically by block-diagonal least-squares methods using 1542 observed independent reflections to give $R=0.14$. By hydrogen bonding a guanidyl nitrogen of a sulfaguanidine molecule is linked to the sulfonyl oxygens of the other molecules indirectly through two different water molecules. The role of water molecule is both a donor and an acceptor in hydrogen-bonding formation and these hydrogen bonds are tetrahedrally oriented. The hydrogen-bonding networks form infinite molecular layers parallel to (001) plane.

Introduction

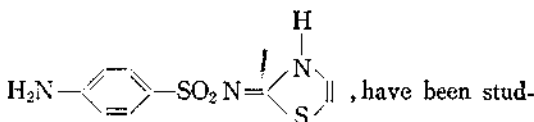
As a part of a series of detailed structure

investigation on sulfur-containing compounds which have biologically active groups by X-ray single-crystal diffraction, the crystal and molecular structure of sulfaguanidine monohydrate

*Department of Chemistry, College of Liberal Arts and Sciences, Chonnam National University, Kwangju, Korea

has been determined in this work. Among the sulfa drugs containing sulfanilamido group, the crystal structures of sulfanilamide^{1,2,3},

$\text{H}_2\text{N}-\text{C}_6\text{H}_4-\text{SO}_2\text{NH}_2$, and sulfathiazole,^{4,5}



previously. In this experiment, we have investigated the conformation of the sulfaguanidine molecule, delocalization of π -electron on the guanidyl residue and the role of hydrated water molecule in the crystal-lattice environment.

Experimental

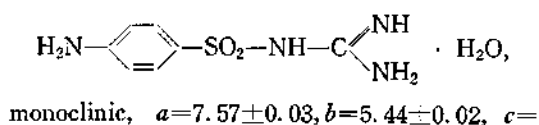
Prismatic crystals of sulfaguanidine monohydrate elongated along the b axis were obtained by slow evaporation from an aqueous acetone solution at room temperature.

Unit cell dimensions were determined by a least-squares refinement of 2θ values for 47 independent reflections measured on the $h0l$ and $0kl$ Weissenberg photographs calibrated with superimposed Al-lines using Cu- K_α radiation.

The density of single crystals, measured by flotation method in a mixture of benzene and carbon tetrachloride, was found to be consistent with 4 formular units in a unit cell.

The existence of water molecule in the single crystal was confirmed by the strong O-H stretching peak at 3400 cm^{-1} in IR-spectrum.

The crystal data are as follows; sulfaguanidine monohydrate,



$24.76\pm 0.06\text{ \AA}$, $\beta=91.0\pm 0.2^\circ$, $V=1019.1\text{ \AA}^3$,
M.W.=232.26, $Z=4$, $D_m=1.50$, $D_c=1.51\text{ g cm}^{-3}$,
space group: $P2_1/c$ from systematic absence $h0l$ for l odd, $0k0$ for k odd.

Intensity data were collected from equi-inclination Weissenberg photographs taken with Cu- K_α radiation by use of the multiple-film method. The layers from $h0l$ to $h4l$ for the b axis and from $0kl$ to $1kl$ for the a axis were recorded. The approximate dimensions of the crystals used for gathering the intensity data for the a and b axes were $0.2\times 0.2\times 1.0$ and $0.2\times 0.3\times 0.7\text{ mm}$ respectively. The relative intensities were measured by visual comparison with a calibrated intensity scale prepared from the same crystals with the X-ray beam under carefully controlled conditions.

The intensities were corrected for spot-shape, Lorentz and polarization effects, but not for extinction or absorption, and converted into the observed structure factors. Interlayer scaling constants were calculated from common equivalent reflections and the structure factors were placed approximately on an absolute scale following the Wilson method⁶. The final number of observed independent reflections was 1542. All calculations were performed on an IBM 1130 computer with a series of programs by Shiono (1968)⁷.

Structure Determination and Refinement

After the structure factors were converted into the normalized structure factors, E , a three-dimensional sharpened Patterson function was computed using 985 normalized structure factors greater than $|E|=0.58$. The sulfur-sulfur Harker peak was easily identified, and trial positional parameters for the six atoms of S, O(1), O(2), C(1), N(1) and N(2) whose numberings are shown in Fig. 1 were obtained

from the inspection of the Patterson map.

Independently a Fourier projection of electron density on $(0kl)$ plane with 78 reflections whose phases were determined manually by an application of the direct method⁸ showed the positions of some of fifteen atoms and these were consistent with those obtained from the Patterson map.

The initial R factor, $R = \sum ||F_o| - |F_c|| / \sum |F_o|$, based on these six atoms with all assumed $B = 3.0 \text{ \AA}^2$ was 0.56 for 1005 reflections. The R factor based on sulfur coordinates alone was 0.70. Two cycles of isotropic block-diagonal least-squares refinement⁹ reduced the R factor to 0.45. A three-dimensional Fourier synthesis, which was computed using the 1005 observed structure factors phased on the contribution of the six atoms, gave the clear picture of the molecule consistent with a chemically reasonable model. The refinement with isotropic temperature

parameters was carried out successively and stopped after several cycles attaining a minimum R value of 0.14 for all the 1542 observed reflections. The function minimized was $w(|F_o| - |F_c|)^2$ and the weighting scheme w proposed by Cruickshank(1965)¹⁰ was used throughout the refinement. The form of the function, w , was $(A + B|F_o| + C|F_o|^2)^{-1}$, where $A = 2|F_{\min}| = 3.14$, $B = 1.00$, $C = 2/|F_{\max}| = 0.0164$. No allowance was made for the hydrogen atoms. Atomic scattering factor values were taken from the International Table for X-ray Crystallography¹¹. The final positional and thermal parameters for the atoms are given in Table 1 with their estimated standard deviations as calculated from the least-squares refinement. Observed and calculated structure factors based on the parameters in Table 1 are listed in Table 2. The atoms are numbered according to Fig. 1.

Table 1. Final atomic coordinates and isotropic thermal parameters in sulfaguanidine monohydrate. The estimated standard deviations given in parentheses refer to the last decimal positions

	x	y	z	B
S	0.2588(5)	0.4835(7)	0.4041(1)	1.68(6)
O(1)	0.366(2)	0.301(2)	0.4306(5)	2.6(2)
O(2)	0.323(2)	0.727(2)	0.4098(5)	2.9(2)
O(3)	0.349(2)	0.168(2)	0.5410(5)	2.7(2)
N(1)	0.266(3)	0.273(4)	0.1671(9)	5.1(4)
N(2)	0.055(2)	0.493(2)	0.4226(5)	2.7(2)
N(3)	0.022(2)	0.065(3)	0.4261(7)	3.2(3)
N(4)	-0.215(2)	0.324(3)	0.4386(7)	3.2(3)
C(1)	0.257(2)	0.412(3)	0.3339(6)	2.4(3)
C(2)	0.338(3)	0.205(4)	0.3160(8)	2.8(3)
C(3)	0.338(3)	0.157(4)	0.2603(9)	3.5(4)
C(4)	0.261(3)	0.322(4)	0.2230(8)	3.3(3)
C(5)	0.175(3)	0.519(4)	0.2433(9)	3.8(4)
C(6)	0.175(3)	0.573(4)	0.2983(8)	3.0(3)
C(7)	-0.038(2)	0.291(3)	0.4302(6)	2.2(3)

Table 2. Observed and calculated structure factors. Columns are Index, $10|F_{obs}|$ and $10|F_{cal}|$

$h=0$ $k=0$	16 366 208	9 65 72	15 166 152	8 195 202	5 62 55	8 556 505
4 324 319	18 285 219	10 451 490	16 271 268	9 268 225	6 53 54	9 56 12
6 1058 1548	20 72 56	11 597 612	17 336 303	10 330 285	8 58 43	10 623 599
8 1157 1098	22 191 130	12 357 326	19 292 215	11 62 52	9 85 79	11 198 211
10 114 36	26 163 148	13 47 65	21 107 112	12 199 170	$h=0$ $k=2$	12 119 100
12 835 815	28 111 99	14 234 168	22 190 170	13 220 231	0 95 124	13 86 93
16 158 154	$h=5$ $k=0$	15 79 67	23 87 81	15 249 206	2 57 61	14 177 192
18 77 100	2 200 188	16 191 121	25 136 141	16 238 224	3 444 499	15 160 172
22 64 62	4 444 406	17 347 267	27 216 193	17 189 132	4 212 192	16 403 365
26 107 167	6 332 273	18 415 417	28 108 123	21 79 68	5 197 167	17 153 130
30 180 173	8 158 169	19 209 186	30 53 57	22 80 58	6 354 295	18 177 172
$h=1$ $k=0$	10 132 135	20 128 135	$h=3$ $k=1$	23 133 113	7 310 279	20 225 230
0 159 148	12 181 148	21 63 89	0 40 62	24 52 48	8 360 342	21 77 98
2 676 1037	14 417 350	22 107 110	1 428 412	25 87 97	9 65 43	22 81 91
4 94 115	16 107 107	23 59 42	2 310 287	26 45 34	10 356 377	23 79 88
6 747 800	18 381 282	24 139 127	3 120 134	$h=6$ $k=1$	11 143 146	25 56 59
8 1047 1076	20 196 169	25 133 138	4 272 236	1 341 307	12 163 152	26 82 123
10 558 496	22 119 131	26 115 127	5 91 109	2 90 90	13 106 98	28 43 58
12 746 699	24 98 96	27 154 175	6 328 291	4 162 143	14 104 119	29 49 57
14 774 710	26 123 119	28 70 78	7 367 328	5 307 259	16 275 228	$h=3$ $k=2$
16 419 324	$h=6$ $k=0$	29 204 31	9 258 254	7 210 162	17 245 212	0 439 423
18 325 255	2 77 86	31 211 150	10 130 120	11 181 179	18 198 140	1 53 41
20 286 289	4 184 152	$h=1$ $k=1$	13 266 221	12 67 69	19 163 120	2 236 212
24 130 143	6 74 50	0 567 659	14 158 117	13 151 118	20 303 227	4 71 87
26 98 107	8 75 75	1 645 676	15 192 167	15 261 197	26 122 130	6 219 166
28 182 131	10 239 208	2 520 624	17 288 241	17 127 108	28 74 69	7 289 253
30 108 77	12 258 188	3 369 380	18 360 322	18 244 190	29 31 34	8 282 242
$h=2$ $k=0$	16 405 324	4 298 239	19 143 142	21 170 142	30 51 67	10 58 87
0 960 1364	22 154 144	5 297 268	22 76 53	23 95 94	$h=1$ $k=2$	11 241 198
2 191 186	$h=7$ $k=0$	6 336 278	23 171 150	$h=7$ $k=1$	0 499 565	12 303 219
6 210 168	0 103 83	7 339 357	24 88 86	0 149 139	1 183 171	13 109 120
8 352 299	2 275 190	8 76 93	25 166 157	1 85 96	2 506 534	14 134 119
10 104 80	4 297 247	9 367 340	26 107 92	3 270 236	3 122 129	15 110 103
12 98 87	6 199 156	10 297 204	29 162 148	4 59 54	4 124 103	16 113 102
14 325 271	8 180 151	11 93 59	$h=4$ $k=1$	6 131 121	5 117 133	17 88 114
16 438 400	10 209 163	12 191 104	0 287 243	7 194 160	6 348 263	18 302 268
18 433 359	14 205 135	13 383 314	1 264 208	9 237 189	7 418 379	21 41 40
20 298 276	18 156 130	14 242 211	2 147 156	10 132 114	8 389 281	22 79 124
22 419 357	20 73 46	15 236 167	3 298 255	12 184 131	9 52 36	23 35 26
26 373 313	$h=8$ $k=0$	16 59 54	4 92 90	13 276 231	10 51 45	24 196 199
28 267 231	0 177 140	17 374 281	5 237 224	14 60 72	11 252 222	25 33 31
30 111 72	2 138 120	18 267 179	6 139 113	15 217 175	12 315 297	27 35 30
$h=3$ $k=0$	6 69 66	19 292 260	8 191 154	16 53 74	14 262 196	28 101 128
0 854 959	10 114 71	20 132 103	10 166 138	17 123 80	16 87 80	$h=4$ $k=2$
2 456 345	12 149 114	22 88 89	11 207 196	18 85 70	18 526 406	0 394 391
4 382 339	14 80 63	23 99 109	12 191 137	19 90 85	19 31 16	1 249 251
6 56 87	16 171 134	25 184 187	15 260 226	20 83 54	21 73 66	2 282 294
8 270 254	$h=9$ $k=0$	29 149 147	17 212 195	$h=8$ $k=1$	24 231 203	3 81 115
10 131 63	0 97 71	$h=2$ $k=1$	18 181 161	1 173 176	25 36 29	4 159 114
12 181 155	2 226 134	0 589 735	19 119 106	4 117 102	26 68 65	5 132 105
14 195 182	4 153 130	1 251 260	20 49 26	5 147 125	27 38 30	6 313 316
18 389 279	8 121 101	2 265 254	21 129 141	7 81 71	28 76 101	7 85 83
24 196 165	10 184 147	3 302 249	23 96 100	8 71 69	29 32 32	8 68 75
28 215 214	$h=0$ $k=1$	4 309 309	25 54 71	10 127 87	30 86 102	9 38 39
$h=4$ $k=0$	1 478 683	5 435 425	27 138 141	11 140 129	$h=2$ $k=2$	10 250 208
0 391 388	2 154 217	6 61 36	$h=5$ $k=1$	13 83 76	0 100 64	11 37 41
2 414 345	3 328 298	8 540 481	0 94 93	15 190 146	1 180 165	12 76 93
4 107 102	4 427 421	10 359 320	1 106 100	16 93 82	2 463 378	13 125 133
6 307 248	5 672 662	11 476 410	2 379 340	$h=9$ $k=1$	3 336 266	14 33 38
8 272 338	6 141 136	12 106 111	3 265 189	0 159 113	4 458 356	15 39 70
12 286 268	7 307 324	13 92 73	4 373 328	3 202 149	5 193 182	16 197 172
14 232 215	127 105	14 138 110	7 255 213	4 82 72	6 259 261	17 47 45
					7 218 202	

18 43 62	16 116 112	15 51 49	24 26 16	5 42 45	17 90 102	2 212 196
19 58 52	17 44 36	16 193 173	25 42 63	6 123 89	18 22 210	3 158 184
20 133 130	18 135 135	17 46 49	26 25 8	7 50 57	20 162 147	5 63 60
21 43 55	$h=8 k=2$	18 54 68	$h=4 k=3$	9 122 112	21 113 111	6 161 156
22 76 81	0 115 99	19 221 177	0 187 177	10 35 14	22 25 38	7 49 45
23 57 75	2 253 208	20 47 44	1 179 145	11 70 56	23 49 61	8 63 75
24 70 67	4 101 94	21 17 41	2 180 183	12 27 28	24 193 176	9 37 36
25 57 67	6 95 95	22 88 92	3 80 93	13 111 82	25 38 67	10 87 101
26 83 104	8 105 90	23 203 174	4 45 10	14 50 57	$h=2 k=4$	11 30 6
27 30 18	10 36 43	24 27 38	5 358 310	15 32 38	0 151 169	12 121 128
$h=5 k=2$	12 124 114	25 61 81	6 203 184	16 31 32	1 33 14	13 114 109
0 42 39	13 61 71	27 68 87	7 220 181	17 117 117	2 104 124	14 39 33
1 79 75	$h=9 k=2$	28 77 74	9 85 116	$h=8 k=3$	3 189 264	15 32 46
2 391 380	0 192 135	$h=2 k=3$	10 206 204	0 56 43	4 99 116	16 108 113
3 111 128	1 53 45	0 14 5	11 202 210	1 125 95	5 149 162	17 28 34
4 373 324	2 106 120	1 101 105	12 46 30	3 76 82	6 162 116	18 72 81
7 61 62	4 145 125	2 291 276	13 153 166	5 57 51	7 105 116	19 56 70
8 338 318	6 36 37	3 462 457	14 34 32	6 30 29	7 105 116	20 36 43
10 323 288	$h=0 k=3$	4 20 42	15 99 107	7 90 77	8 59 46	22 86 81
11 91 99	1 172 212	5 429 394	17 56 77	8 52 39	9 200 187	$h=5 k=4$
12 57 60	2 240 248	6 102 80	18 50 47	9 76 62	10 223 208	0 92 66
13 69 98	3 154 197	7 202 188	19 86 72	10 97 19	11 89 70	1 198 190
14 259 243	4 83 77	8 161 119	21 68 64	$h=0 k=4$	12 186 169	2 52 48
15 117 119	5 17 19	9 276 252	23 44 52	0 337 388	13 274 283	3 50 40
17 79 79	6 177 194	10 163 166	25 137 134	2 133 134	14 151 156	4 192 183
18 29 51	7 41 44	11 314 287	$h=5 k=3$	3 88 104	15 151 159	5 25 11
20 55 69	8 93 69	12 84 80	0 192 201	4 236 285	16 179 186	6 25 43
21 101 95	9 297 279	13 85 85	1 73 77	5 283 314	17 59 67	7 86 93
22 48 55	10 89 95	14 283 258	2 133 118	6 333 346	18 70 82	8 187 182
24 107 120	11 145 153	15 288 285	3 495 505	7 157 174	19 31 42	9 94 83
25 71 54	12 57 65	17 156 144	4 51 93	8 56 52	20 102 123	10 82 68
$h=6 k=2$	13 128 139	18 34 40	5 197 207	9 19 4	21 101 110	11 25 1
0 336 270	14 338 333	19 59 55	8 193 170	10 279 271	22 131 147	12 57 54
1 80 108	15 394 402	20 100 94	9 210 196	11 120 128	23 34 42	13 99 84
2 195 158	16 125 113	21 138 162	12 96 84	12 274 284	24 21 15	14 141 127
4 371 312	17 188 195	22 35 32	13 54 36	13 306 321	25 10 12	16 51 55
6 283 260	18 100 115	23 144 143	14 54 49	14 40 47	$h=3 k=4$	17 41 35
8 74 59	19 53 49	25 96 92	15 116 104	16 119 143	0 108 101	18 67 77
9 61 34	20 36 55	26 68 69	16 40 40	17 95 109	1 237 239	19 58 57
10 259 245	21 254 251	27 43 62	17 119 119	18 103 103	2 42 28	20 84 97
12 229 217	22 29 42	$h=3 k=3$	18 58 51	19 161 137	3 222 249	$h=6 k=4$
13 83 98	23 168 156	0 54 65	19 101 107	20 60 82	4 290 309	0 121 118
14 53 64	24 93 86	2 189 159	21 26 11	21 35 39	5 161 168	1 28 24
15 43 24	25 43 55	3 309 330	22 57 32	22 121 98	6 46 34	2 79 87
16 260 233	26 85 82	4 63 51	23 87 86	23 141 120	7 135 152	3 151 154
18 86 103	27 42 57	5 42 37	$h=6 k=3$	24 26 38	8 99 108	4 71 68
20 83 83	28 38 40	6 23 41	1 141 123	25 81 105	9 28 20	5 53 49
22 187 180	$h=1 k=3$	7 171 136	2 118 108	26 72 103	10 127 116	6 174 151
$h=7 k=2$	0 107 54	8 100 102	4 85 91	$h=1 k=4$	11 131 144	7 28 11
0 166 156	1 170 183	9 142 130	5 316 254	0 23 67	12 72 69	8 43 52
1 161 136	2 164 178	10 63 39	7 166 140	1 301 342	13 166 179	9 76 78
2 97 94	3 107 125	11 179 162	9 168 149	2 291 289	14 36 33	10 144 120
3 163 149	4 274 248	12 102 100	10 94 80	4 350 394	15 129 124	11 45 46
4 39 35	5 89 63	13 275 237	11 265 237	6 141 140	18 123 126	12 83 75
5 142 120	6 219 215	15 138 137	13 174 150	7 114 128	19 28 26	14 23 17
6 39 18	7 387 357	16 56 26	14 42 45	8 283 296	20 44 53	15 120 38
7 140 123	8 44 52	17 157 164	15 121 107	9 113 111	21 40 39	$h=7 k=4$
8 109 91	9 199 173	18 38 80	17 156 164	10 178 158	22 109 97	0 34 38
9 41 31	10 131 135	19 144 154	19 27 21	12 217 210	23 56 76	2 76 59
11 105 101	11 92 88	20 35 36	$h=7 k=3$	13 55 54	24 113 141	4 67 83
12 151 140	12 188 195	21 61 46	1 63 54	14 150 143	$h=4 k=4$	5 46 43
13 85 85	13 376 350	22 30 28	3 219 198	15 196 211	0 156 178	8 158 153
14 269 218	14 22 39	23 121 123	4 37 21	16 74 55	1 70 72	9 54 41

10 21 0	-2 602 584	-8 147 98	-16 223 245	$h=7 k=1$	-9 103 93	-4 190 204
11 77 14	-4 206 160	$h=1 k=1$	-17 242 237	-1 109 121	-10 100 88	-5 121 125
$h=0 k=5$	-6 755 807	-1 590 702	-18 136 166	-3 189 167	-11 33 26	-6 68 70
1 237 270	-8 579 547	-2 226 213	-19 140 165	-4 64 81	-12 51 33	-7 73 66
2 95 97	-10 73 50	-3 431 430	-20 97 104	-7 66 78	-13 101 106	-8 394 394
3 82 110	-12 790 778	-4 524 641	-23 117 170	-8 103 97	-14 183 206	-10 289 304
4 109 120	-14 214 205	-6 418 390	-24 98 139	-13 80 89	-15 263 275	-12 36 29
5 361 438	-16 189 196	-7 255 235	-25 76 85	-14 60 54	-16 41 21	-13 132 142
7 214 240	-18 500 451	-8 89 93	-27 72 107	-15 83 53	-17 136 143	-14 304 313
11 159 199	-20 372 288	-9 276 291	-29 133 156	-17 165 166	-18 87 110	-15 186 194
13 121 138	-22 319 233	-10 316 315	$h=4 k=1$	-18 123 116	-19 124 128	-18 45 38
17 120 110	-24 230 185	-11 118 121	-1 358 355	-21 63 80	-20 247 268	-19 43 51
$h=1 k=5$	-26 198 139	-13 418 454	-2 73 94	$h=8 k=1$	-21 128 141	-20 44 49
1 143 173	-28 87 92	-14 132 132	-3 184 432	-3 71 50	-23 40 53	-21 105 116
3 218 237	$h=4 k=0$	-15 148 147	-4 430 439	-5 90 119	-24 91 102	-23 60 74
4 188 200	-2 310 296	-17 195 219	-5 254 235	-7 80 70	-26 161 211	-25 28 26
5 101 118	-4 745 689	-18 67 39	-6 80 98	-9 117 116	$h=3 k=2$	$h=6 k=2$
7 273 287	-6 132 98	-19 226 244	-7 41 44	-11 99 97	-1 79 36	-1 305 276
9 153 169	-8 327 270	-20 120 125	-8 42 40	-12 62 47	-2 489 478	-2 200 176
10 109 122	-10 516 501	-23 55 72	-9 190 197	-13 90 78	-3 88 92	-4 122 124
12 107 125	-12 381 314	-25 83 113	-10 160 153	-15 169 164	-4 189 149	-6 145 129
13 145 176	-14 254 213	-26 56 60	-11 250 225	$h=9 k=1$	-5 102 105	-7 127 103
15 142 136	-16 365 292	-27 81 74	-13 67 74	-1 215 165	-6 34 12	-8 47 33
17 67 81	-20 202 171	-28 55 69	-14 125 118	-3 113 90	-7 38 53	-9 139 147
19 214 170	-24 76 84	-29 140 134	-15 365 404	-4 93 82	-8 97 90	-10 123 159
21 70 61	-26 262 182	$h=2 k=1$	-16 106 95	-5 93 64	-9 89 67	-11 47 46
$h=1 k=6$	-28 47 41	-1 619 712	-18 67 76	-7 164 131	-12 139 133	-12 64 75
5 96 101	$h=5 k=0$	-2 251 226	-19 76 190	$h=1 k=2$	-13 39 54	-13 59 66
6 93 125	-2 72 42	-3 560 643	-21 228 273	-1 227 244	-14 260 284	-14 148 181
8 102 113	-4 164 161	-4 318 240	-25 59 111	-2 316 420	-15 111 117	-15 37 40
9 73 86	-6 188 132	-5 391 436	-27 93 148	-3 242 193	-16 226 212	-16 53 93
12 138 128	-8 109 90	-6 103 149	$h=5 k=1$	-4 174 120	-18 124 122	-20 98 109
14 99 102	-10 224 174	-7 326 319	-1 269 242	-5 403 368	-19 41 48	-22 65 96
15 62 50	-12 385 310	-8 243 212	-3 204 196	-6 352 276	-22 86 121	$h=7 k=2$
$h=1 k=0$	-16 349 295	-9 66 87	-4 104 96	-7 165 163	-23 75 84	-1 109 106
-2 537 722	-18 379 288	-10 278 279	-5 254 247	-8 141 99	-24 151 168	-2 238 224
-4 309 312	-20 101 80	-11 342 398	-6 144 134	-9 29 21	-28 132 165	-3 90 67
-6 117 80	-22 227 167	-13 41 45	-7 237 249	-10 74 67	$h=4 k=2$	-4 42 31
-8 727 672	-24 176 134	-14 139 134	-8 59 68	-11 200 209	-1 165 130	-5 67 56
-10 668 553	-26 56 33	-15 172 204	-9 153 152	-12 34 16	-2 205 191	-6 222 201
-12 509 390	$h=6 k=0$	-16 128 129	-10 50 42	-13 139 156	-3 178 168	-8 210 201
-16 126 59	-4 425 351	-17 45 54	-11 121 127	-14 129 119	-4 385 390	-9 48 53
-18 132 126	-10 174 124	-18 56 70	-12 48 29	-15 42 59	-5 113 99	-12 200 197
-20 78 81	-16 235 150	-19 141 144	-13 332 358	-16 131 123	-6 303 313	-13 74 60
-22 416 300	-18 339 239	-20 48 41	-16 150 157	-18 173 180	-7 48 40	-14 136 153
-24 131 118	-24 130 117	-21 156 180	-17 179 212	-19 53 51	-8 69 73	-16 104 122
-28 253 213	$h=7 k=0$	-25 122 133	-18 91 73	-20 81 90	-9 47 40	-18 126 153
-30 110 97	-4 85 88	-26 78 60	-19 95 113	-21 70 45	-10 242 261	$h=8 k=2$
$h=2 k=0$	-6 80 77	-27 120 162	-23 122 169	-23 46 55	-12 255 270	-1 145 121
-2 683 812	-8 133 81	$h=3 k=1$	-25 58 82	-24 97 98	-13 82 78	-2 67 79
-4 310 304	-10 118 97	-1 281 279	-26 73 81	-25 42 20	-14 196 203	-4 201 181
-6 89 19	-12 156 124	-2 382 337	$h=6 k=1$	-27 41 52	-15 92 104	-6 61 83
-8 429 401	-16 324 209	-3 109 161	-1 242 231	-28 103 139	-16 124 169	-8 136 139
-10 509 515	-18 115 94	-4 172 142	-3 104 109	-30 42 55	-17 90 99	-10 240 239
-12 420 313	-20 55 53	-5 358 342	-4 140 144	$h=2 k=2$	-18 106 112	-12 24 40
-14 732 616	$h=8 k=0$	-6 149 132	-5 208 224	-1 199 177	-19 96 103	-14 159 164
-16 465 368	-4 317 231	-7 214 190	-7 78 55	-2 412 361	-20 118 114	-15 40 51
-18 91 100	-10 118 74	-8 212 207	-9 87 97	-3 286 218	-22 144 175	$h=9 k=2$
-20 368 319	-14 68 57	-9 56 100	-11 181 178	-4 129 91	-26 66 82	-2 184 146
-22 110 97	-16 195 136	-10 248 213	-12 93 81	-5 101 60	-27 35 59	-3 29 31
-26 267 210	$h=9 k=0$	-11 199 212	-15 204 238	-6 22 19	$h=5 k=2$	-4 26 41
-30 204 155	-2 176 118	-12 190 188	-18 86 84	-7 24 10	-1 42 31	-7 128 120
$h=3 k=0$	-6 182 130	-13 440 466	-21 75 115	-8 44 18	-2 616 646	-8 34 46

$h=1 \ k=3$	-20 91 108	-18 56 73	-20 69 66	-22 76 100	-21 24 26	$h=6 \ k=4$
-1 254 256	-21 128 140	-19 68 65	-21 23 67	-23 66 73	-22 96 134	-1 52 42
-2 196 208	-23 27 24	-20 49 51	$h=7 \ k=3$	-24 114 131	-23 25 44	-2 38 51
-3 122 149	-24 99 121	-21 93 119	-1 53 28	-25 23 38	-24 70 102	-3 72 69
-4 154 126	-25 96 130	-22 45 43	-2 186 145	-26 55 67	$h=4 \ k=4$	-4 84 96
-5 140 179	-27 38 57	-23 24 25	-3 188 165	$h=2 \ k=4$	-1 81 82	-6 79 78
-6 137 167	$h=3 \ k=3$	-24 37 42	-5 131 117	-1 93 79	-2 39 27	-8 78 80
-7 312 331	-1 191 155	-25 56 98	-6 61 58	-2 22 56	-3 26 41	-10 77 89
-8 73 87	-2 109 87	$h=5 \ k=3$	-7 162 194	-3 107 107	-4 191 199	-11 30 51
-9 256 222	-3 334 313	-1 221 195	-8 42 31	-4 213 238	-5 21 33	-13 26 54
-11 104 122	-4 167 113	-2 73 62	-9 51 54	-5 72 80	-6 145 157	-14 66 88
-12 112 98	-5 189 203	-3 489 498	-10 91 102	-6 178 186	-7 35 62	-16 64 91
-13 212 196	-7 180 168	-4 68 62	-11 135 151	-7 91 89	$h=7 \ k=4$	-2 72 81
-14 54 60	-8 154 132	-5 71 89	-13 149 162	-8 106 118	-9 31 13	-3 157 147
-15 90 107	-9 135 123	-6 71 75	-14 91 92	-9 64 80	-10 183 184	-4 74 63
-16 143 145	-10 71 79	-7 216 223	-15 40 51	-10 218 241	-11 85 89	-5 49 50
-17 72 70	-13 88 83	-8 53 76	-16 21 28	-11 29 37	-13 23 41	-6 58 63
-18 69 79	-14 136 140	-9 244 249	-17 80 131	-12 37 69	-14 131 153	-8 74 94
-19 166 168	-15 147 172	-10 39 62	$h=8 \ k=3$	-13 52 47	-15 37 41	-9 47 52
-20 32 43	-16 95 125	-12 39 43	-1 51 66	-14 144 165	-16 141 167	-10 28 32
-21 143 163	-17 53 73	-13 141 151	-2 70 89	-15 43 59	-17 119 122	-11 43 53
-22 39 52	-18 99 115	-15 93 96	-3 146 144	-16 147 169	-19 73 99	-12 19 48
-23 110 150	-19 179 200	-16 31 28	-4 82 69	-17 39 53	-20 126 184	$h=1 \ k=5$
-25 64 71	-20 68 81	-17 25 31	-5 123 130	-18 22 5	-21 46 57	-2 101 106
-26 69 94	-21 174 195	-18 32 35	-8 41 44	-19 26 42	-22 70 90	-3 184 210
-27 73 96	-22 33 54	-19 98 134	-9 132 140	-20 165 200	$h=5 \ k=4$	-4 73 112
$h=2 \ k=3$	-23 134 173	-22 40 48	-11 22 50	-21 71 76	-1 38 11	-5 116 139
-1 300 303	-25 96 99	$h=6 \ k=3$	$h=1 \ k=4$	-22 105 119	-2 157 141	-7 149 193
-2 77 94	-26 98 128	-1 182 169	-1 123 137	-23 63 76	-3 162 163	-8 89 97
-3 207 157	$h=4 \ k=3$	-2 50 71	-2 238 252	-24 57 67	-4 38 27	-12 60 42
-4 14 7	-1 141 124	-3 78 102	-3 93 89	-25 34 49	-5 157 161	-13 71 121
-5 207 188	-2 241 245	-4 120 113	-4 249 286	$h=3 \ k=4$	-6 134 114	-15 60 75
-6 131 130	-3 115 135	-5 214 214	-5 78 59	-1 44 65	-7 55 78	-17 79 119
-7 34 34	-4 44 53	-6 35 30	-6 20 2	-2 191 211	-8 219 250	-18 74 96
-8 123 119	-5 206 182	-7 95 105	-7 27 37	-3 76 85	-9 104 107	-19 53 83
-9 159 172	-6 131 137	-8 43 38	-8 224 285	-6 195 157	-10 65 99	-20 46 20
-10 39 32	-7 32 46	-9 136 143	-9 99 90	-8 285 358	-11 110 125	$h=1 \ k=6$
-11 24 31	-8 62 58	-11 88 104	-10 32 7	-9 33 35	-12 86 108	-4 79 104
-12 35 34	-9 286 323	-12 55 53	-11 100 91	-10 144 157	-13 85 93	-5 82 124
-13 146 132	-10 52 64	-13 38 50	-12 171 161	-12 191 212	-14 97 100	-6 58 115
-14 137 144	-11 213 228	-14 37 29	-14 82 93	-14 137 163	-16 44 59	-8 109 134
-15 201 219	-12 90 89	-15 89 104	-15 228 245	-15 31 42	-17 56 67	-12 51 64
-16 230 222	-14 118 132	-16 52 65	-17 56 49	-16 39 57	-18 132 170	-14 46 76
-17 83 92	-15 182 200	-17 29 42	-18 138 167	-18 132 170	-19 104 124	-15 43 52
-18 96 126	-16 63 58	-18 27 41	-20 59 81	-19 104 124	-20 21 39	
-19 84 89	-17 177 178	-19 90 111	-21 69 79	-20 56 89		

Description and Discussion of the Structure

Bond lengths and angles. The intramolecular bond lengths and angles are given in *Table 3* and *Fig. 1*.

The benzene ring is slightly distorted from regular hexagon. Ring C—C bond lengths vary from 1.35 to 1.41 Å with the average 1.39 Å which is in agreement with the C—C bond length in crystalline benzene of 1.392 ± 0.010 Å (Cox, Cruickshank & Smith, 1958)¹². It has

been pointed out by many authors, namely, Klug (1970)¹³, Arona & Sundaralingam (1917)¹⁴, Kruger & Gafner (1971)⁴ etc., that there is a tendency of stabilization of p-substituted benzene ring with the distortion from regular hexagonal form. It was found that the internal valence angles (range 117~122°) at the substituted benzene ring show significant deviations from the ideal hexagonal value of 120°.

The C(4)—N(1) bond length is 1.41 Å which

Table 3. Bond lengths and angles in sulfaguandine monohydrate.

The estimated standard deviations given in parentheses refer to the last decimal positions of respective values

<i>i</i>	<i>j</i>	$D_{ij}(\text{\AA})$	<i>i</i>	<i>j</i>	<i>k</i>	$\angle_{ijk}(\text{\circ})$
S	C(1)	1.78(2)	O(1)	S	O(2)	114.3(7)
S	O(1)	1.43(1)	O(1)	S	C(1)	106.8(7)
S	O(2)	1.42(1)	O(1)	S	N(2)	115.2(7)
S	N(2)	1.62(1)	O(2)	S	C(1)	107.4(8)
C(1)	C(2)	1.36(3)	O(2)	S	N(2)	105.8(7)
C(2)	C(3)	1.40(3)	C(1)	S	N(2)	107.0(7)
C(3)	C(4)	1.41(3)	C(2)	C(1)	S	120(1)
C(4)	C(5)	1.35(3)	C(6)	C(1)	S	119(1)
C(5)	C(6)	1.39(3)	C(1)	C(2)	C(3)	119(2)
C(6)	C(1)	1.38(3)	C(2)	C(3)	C(4)	121(2)
C(4)	N(1)	1.41(3)	C(3)	C(4)	C(5)	117(2)
N(2)	C(7)	1.32(2)	C(4)	C(5)	C(6)	122(2)
C(7)	N(3)	1.32(2)	C(5)	C(6)	C(1)	119(2)
C(7)	N(4)	1.37(2)	C(6)	C(1)	C(2)	121(2)
			N(1)	C(4)	C(3)	120(2)
			N(1)	C(4)	C(5)	122(2)
			S	N(2)	C(7)	122(1)
			N(2)	C(7)	N(3)	125(2)
			N(2)	C(7)	N(4)	116(1)
			N(3)	C(7)	N(4)	118(2)

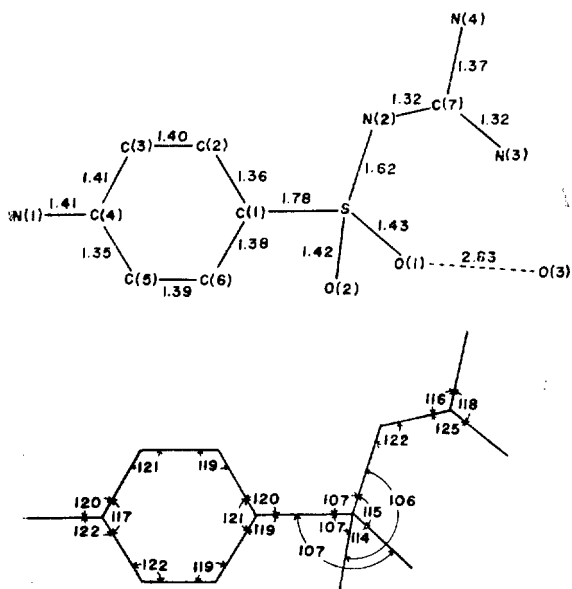


Fig. 1. Bond lengths (Å) and angles(°) in sulfaguandine monohydrate

is shorter than the C—N single bond of 1.47 Å

(Pauling, 1950)¹⁵.

Bonding around the sulfur atom is distorted from the ideal tetrahedral. The maximum and minimum values for O—S—N are 115° and 106° respectively as in sulfathiazole II⁴. Distortion from the tetrahedral symmetry is the general property of the derivatives of sulfanilamide. Reference to Table 4 shows a comparison of bond lengths and angles around the tetrahedral sulfur atom obtained from the compounds containing sulfonyl group with their average values. The S—C(1) bond length 1.78 Å is longer than the theoretical S—C(sp²) value 1.75 Å calculated from the atomic radii and electronegativities given by Truter (1962)¹⁹. The S—O(1) and S—N(2) bond lengths are in good agreement with the results of the other related compounds. The S—O(2) bond length 1.42 Å is insignificantly shorter than the S—O

Table 4. A comparison of bond lengths and angles around sulfur atom in sulfaguanidine monohydrate and related compounds.

Compound	Bond length (Å)			Range of angle(°)	
	S—O	S—N(2)	S—C(1)		
Sulfaguanidine monohydrate	1.42(1)	1.43(1)	1.62(1)	1.78(2)	105.8~115.2
α -Sulfanilamide ¹	1.41	1.47	1.61	1.74	105.7~119.0
β -Sulfanilamide ²	1.448(2)	1.454(2)	1.620(2)	1.750(2)	105.5~118.2
γ -Sulfanilamide ³	1.44(2)	1.45(1)	1.67(2)	1.74(1)	106.4~117.3
Sulfanilamide monohydrate ¹⁶	1.448(9)	1.463(9)	1.620(11)	1.748(12)	106.0~118.3
Sulfathiazole II ⁴	1.435(2)	1.444(2)	1.589(3)	1.759(3)	104.7~116.6
Sulfathiazole I & III ⁵	1.434(10)	1.440(6)	1.606(9)	1.754(9)	104.8~117.1
Methanesulfonanilide ¹⁷	1.425(2)	1.443(2)	1.633(2)	1.746(2)	105.3~118.6
2'-Hydroxymethanesulfonanilide ¹³	1.435(6)	1.447(6)	1.617(6)	1.736(6)	106.5~119.2
S,S-Diphenyl-N-p-tolylsulfonyl sulfilimine ¹⁸	1.430(8)	1.435(8)	1.598(8)	1.756(8)	104.8~118.1
Average	1.44	1.62	1.75		109.5

average value 1.44 Å (see Table 4).

In the guanidyl residue the C—N bond lengths range from 1.32 Å in C(7)—N(2) to 1.37 Å in C(7)—N(4), angles from 116° in N(2)—C(7)—N(4) to 125° in N(2)—C(7)—N(3). There is a considerable deviation from the dimensions of free guanidium ion, $(C(NH_2)_3)^+$ (Haas, Harris & Mills, 1965)²⁰ of the average values 1.323 Å and 120°. This fact indicates that there is a flexibility in the geometry of guanidyl residue, subjecting to the crystal lattice environment.

By Wheatley's order/length curve for C—N bonds²¹, the C—N bond length of 1.319 Å corresponds to 50 % double bond character. Thus the bond lengths and the good planarity of guanidyl residue (see Table 5) suggest that the guanidyl residue has a delocalized π -electron system.

Planarity and molecular conformation The least-squares planes are listed in Table 5. The benzene ring is planar within the errors of the structure determination. The sulfur atom and the nitrogen atom N(1) are displaced 0.07 and 0.05 Å respectively from the ring plane. The

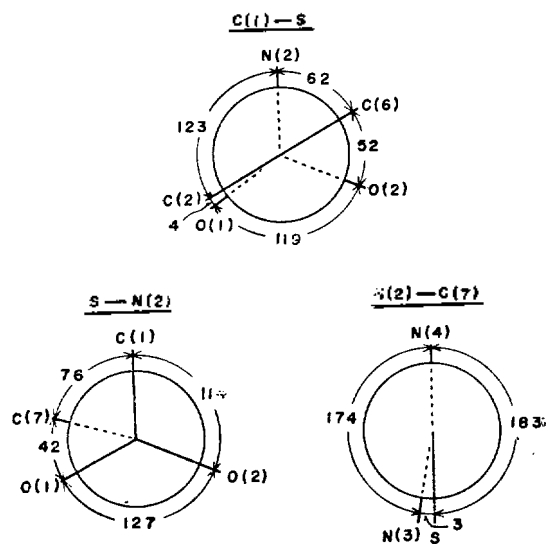


Fig. 2. Newman projection down the C(1)—S, S—N(2) and N(2)—C(7) bonds in sulfaguanidine monohydrate showing the conformation angles in degrees.

small distortion may result from the crystal packing forces. The guanidyl residue is planar within the experimental error and the sulfur atom is displaced -0.18 Å from the guanidyl plane which makes an angle of 96° with the benzene ring plane.

Table 5. Least-squares planes in sulfaguanidine monohydrate.

Equation for plane: $Ax + By + Cz = D$, where x, y, z are in Å

Atoms in plane	Atoms out of plane	Distance in Å from best plane	Constant
A. Benzene ring			
C(1)		0.01	$A=0.857$
C(2)		0.00	$B=0.511$
C(3)		-0.01	$C=-0.073$
C(4)		0.03	$D=2.072$
C(5)		-0.02	
C(6)		0.00	
	S	0.07	
	N(1)	0.05	
	O(1)	0.19	
B. Guanidyl residue			
N(2)		-0.01	$A=0.182$
N(3)		-0.01	$B=0.018$
N(4)		-0.01	$C=0.983$
C(7)		0.03	$D=10.383$
	S	-0.18	
	O(1)	0.60	
	O(2)	0.07	

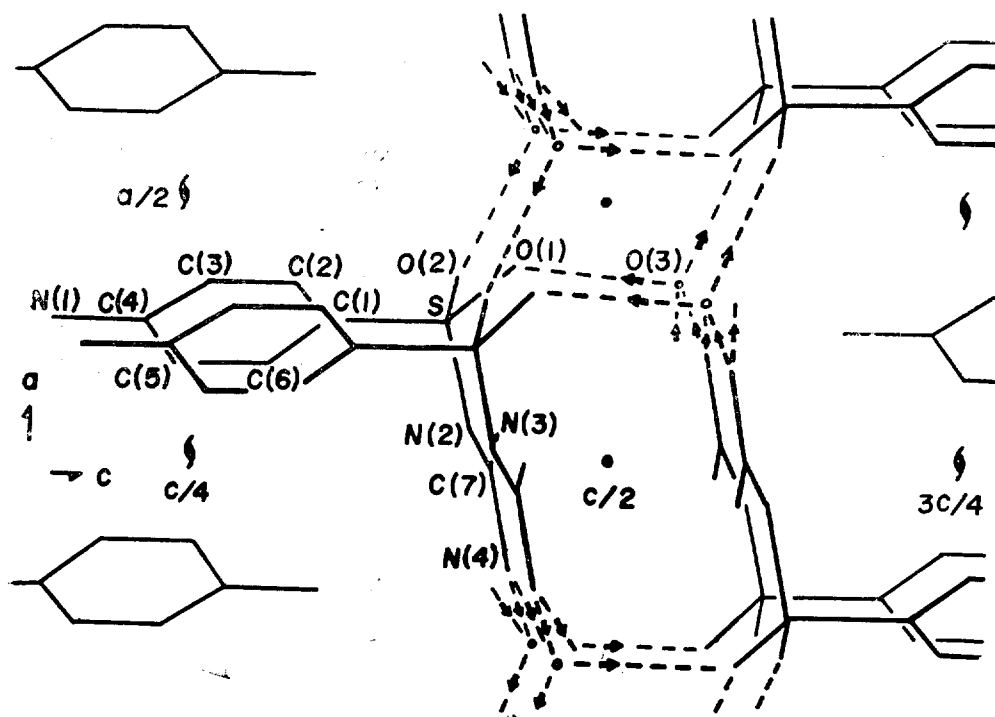


Fig. 3. Projection of the crystal structure of sulfaguanidine monohydrate along the b axis. Dashed lines are hydrogen bonds; arrows indicate donor direction

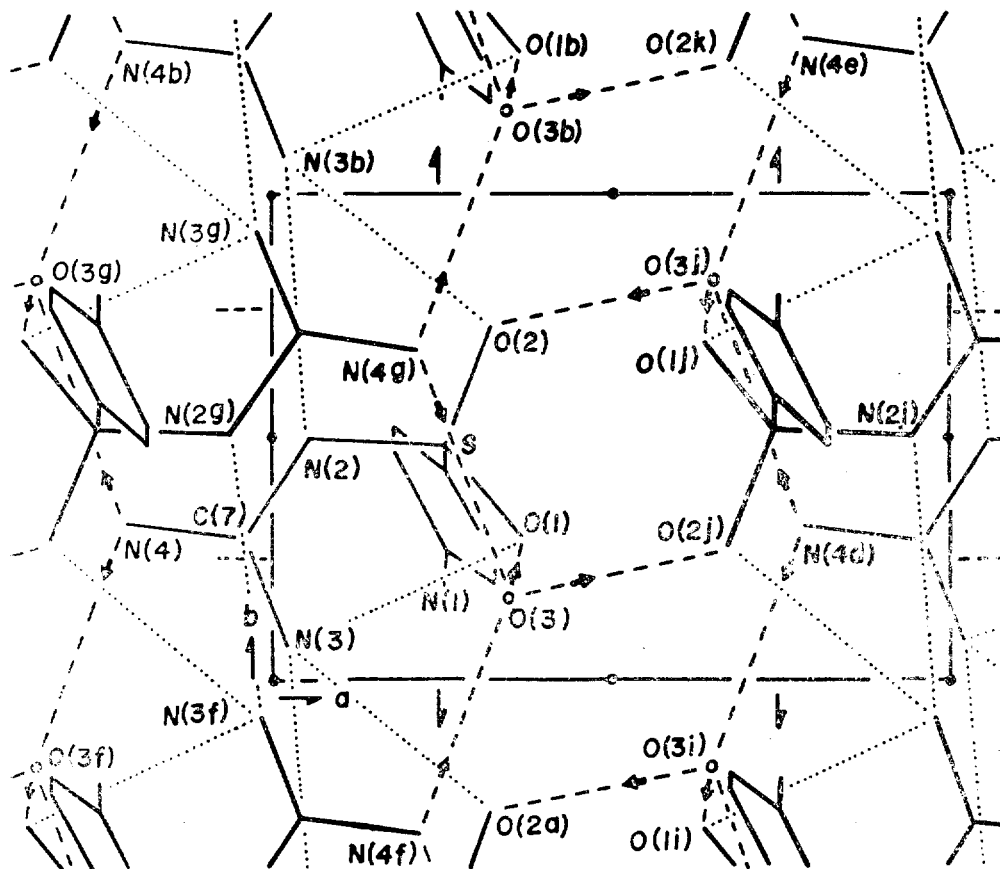


Fig. 4. Projection of the crystal structure of sulfaguanidine monohydrate along the c axis. Dashed lines are hydrogen bonds; arrows indicate donor direction. Dotted lines are probable hydrogen bonds.

The conformation angles about the C(1)—S, S—N(2) and N(2)—C(7) bonds are given in Fig. 2. The molecule does not take a symmetrical form. The benzene ring makes a torsional angle of 62° rather than 90° to the S—N(2) bond while in the case of sulfanilamide monohydrate¹⁶ it is 88° .

Hydrogen bonding and crystal packing.

The structure of sulfaguanidine monohydrate projected along the b and c axis is shown in Fig. 3 and Fig. 4. The molecules related by the symmetry centers are joined indirectly by two N—H(guanidyl)···O—H(water)···O(sulfon-

yl) hydrogen bonds. As shown in Fig. 5, the water molecule plays an important role in the hydrogen-bonding scheme by forming a distorted tetrahedral configuration and water oxygen O(3) is involved in two donor O(3)—H···O hydrogen bonds to sulfonyl oxygen O(1) and O(2j) and two acceptor N—H···O(3) hydrogen bonds from N(4f) and N(4g). The close inter- and intra-molecular approaches less than 3.5 \AA are listed in Table 6. Though the positions of the hydrogen atoms can not be located under the present accuracy it may be possible to suppose the hydrogen location and then consider the possi-

Table 6. Intermolecular distances and angles in sulfaguandine monohydrate

<i>i</i>	<i>j</i>	$D_{ij}(\text{\AA})$	<i>i</i>	<i>j</i>	<i>k</i>	$\angle_{ijk}(\text{\textcircled{C}})$
O (3)	O (2 <i>j</i>)	2.80(2)*	O (1)	O (3)	N (4 <i>f</i>)	115(1)
O (3)	O (1)	2.83(2)*	O (1)	O (3)	N (4 <i>g</i>)	87(1)
O (3)	N (4 <i>f</i>)	2.91(2)*	O (1)	O (3)	O (2 <i>j</i>)	108(1)
O (3)	N (4 <i>g</i>)	3.00(2)*	O (2 <i>j</i>)	O (3)	N (4 <i>f</i>)	115(1)
N (3)	O (1)	2.90**	O (2 <i>j</i>)	O (3)	N (4 <i>g</i>)	92(1)
N (3)	O (2 <i>a</i>)	2.97**	N (4 <i>f</i>)	O (3)	N (4 <i>g</i>)	134(1)
N (3)	N (2 <i>a</i>)	3.13**				
O (1)	O (2 <i>a</i>)	3.18				
N (4)	O (1 <i>c</i>)	3.18				
O (3)	N (3 <i>f</i>)	3.20				
O (3)	N (1 <i>h</i>)	3.21				
O (1)	O (3 <i>i</i>)	3.40				
O (2)	C (2 <i>b</i>)	3.49				
Symmetry code :						
			<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	
			<i>x</i>	-1+ <i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	
			<i>b</i>	<i>x</i>	1+ <i>y</i>	<i>z</i>
			<i>c</i>	-1+ <i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>
			<i>d</i>	1+ <i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>
			<i>e</i>	1+ <i>x</i>	1+ <i>y</i>	<i>z</i>
			<i>f</i>	- <i>x</i>	- <i>y</i>	1- <i>z</i>
			<i>g</i>	- <i>x</i>	1- <i>y</i>	1- <i>z</i>
			<i>h</i>	<i>x</i>	1/2- <i>y</i>	1/2+ <i>z</i>
			<i>i</i>	1- <i>x</i>	- <i>y</i>	1- <i>z</i>
			<i>j</i>	1- <i>x</i>	1- <i>y</i>	1- <i>z</i>
			<i>k</i>	1- <i>x</i>	2- <i>y</i>	1- <i>z</i>

*hydrogen bonds, **probable hydrogen bonds

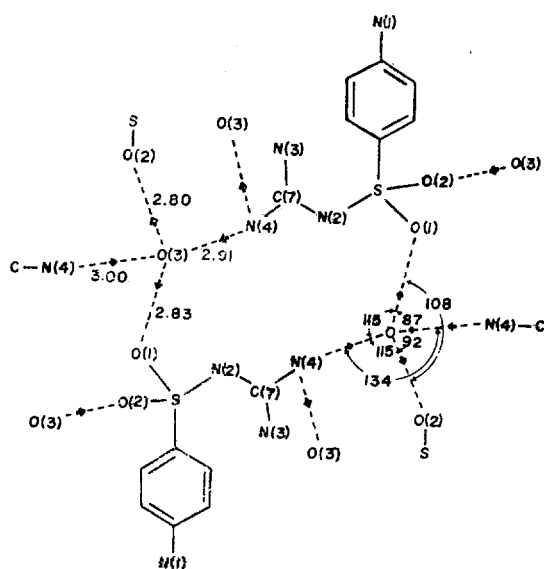


Fig. 5. Environment around water oxygen atom O(3) in sulfaguandine monohydrate

bilities of forming the hydrogen bonds. Analogy in this way may lead to the conclusion that N(3) can be involved in the three hydrogen bonds, one acceptor N(3)···H—N(2*a*) (intermolecular), two donor N(3)—H···O(1) (intramolecular) and N(3)—H···O(2*a*) (intermolecular). These are shown as the dotted lines in Fig. 4. But as there is only one hydrogen atom available to N(3), the latter two donor hydrogen bonds may exist as bifurcated hydrogen bond in the form of N(3)—H

These hydrogen-bonding networks form infinite molecular layers parallel to (001) plane and the interlayer force appears to be van der Waals in character.

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