

OPERATIONAL REPRESENTATIONS IN UNILATERAL AND BILATERAL OPERATIONAL CALCULUS

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1. The integral equation

$$\phi(p) = p \int_0^{\infty} e^{-pt} f(t) dt, \quad R(p) > 0 \quad (1.1)$$

represents the classical Laplace transform and the function $\phi(p)$ and $f(t)$ related by (1.1), are said to be operationally related to each other. $\phi(p)$ is called the image and $f(t)$ the original. Symbolically we can write

$$\phi(p) \doteq f(t) \text{ or } f(t) \doteq \phi(p)$$

and the symbol \doteq is called 'operational'.

Similarly we shall denote in two variables as:

$$\phi(p, q) \doteq f(x, y).$$

In the present paper, we shall obtain certain new correspondences between the original and the image in one and two variables. The methods are applied of Mellin transform and of operational calculus. The notations are applied of Ditkin and Prudnikov's operational calculus. we have also derived some infinite series.

2. (a). If $\phi(p) \doteq f(t)$; then

$$\phi(\sqrt{p}) \doteq \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi t}} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-x^2/4t} f(x) dx \quad (2.1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(i) consider } \phi(p) &= \frac{\Gamma(v)}{2} p \left[(p - \sqrt{a})^{-v} \pm (p + \sqrt{a})^{-v} \right] \\ &\doteq t^{v-1} \frac{\sinh}{\cosh} (\sqrt{at}) \equiv f(t) \end{aligned}$$

Hence from (2.1), we get

$$\begin{aligned} \sqrt{p} \left[\frac{1}{(\sqrt{p} - \sqrt{a})^v} \mp \frac{1}{(\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{a})^v} \right] &\doteq \frac{2}{\Gamma(v) \sqrt{\pi t}} \int_0^{\infty} x^{v-1} e^{-x^2/4t} \frac{\sinh}{\cosh} (\sqrt{a} x) dx \\ \text{or, } \sqrt{p} \left[(\sqrt{p} - \sqrt{a})^{-v} \mp (\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{a})^{-v} \right] &\doteq \frac{2^{v/2} t^{(v-1)/2}}{\sqrt{\pi}} e^{\frac{at}{2}} \\ &\cdot \left[D_{-v}(-\sqrt{2at}) \mp D_{-v}(\sqrt{2at}) \right], \quad (2.2) \\ R(v) &> 0. \end{aligned}$$

Also
$$\frac{\sqrt{p}}{(\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{a})^v} \doteq \frac{2^{\frac{v}{2}} t^{\frac{v-1}{2}}}{\sqrt{\pi}} e^{\frac{at}{2}} D_{-v}(\sqrt{2at}),$$

or,
$$\frac{\sqrt{p} a^{\frac{v}{2}}}{(\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{a})^{v+1}} \doteq \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} (2t)^{\frac{v}{2}} e^{\frac{at}{2}} D_{-v-1}(\sqrt{2at}).$$

or,
$$\frac{\sqrt{p}}{\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{a}} \cdot \frac{1}{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{a}}} \doteq \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sum_{v=0}^{\infty} (2t)^{\frac{v}{2}} a^{\frac{v}{2}} e^{\frac{at}{2}} D_{-v-1}(\sqrt{2at}).$$

Therefore
$$\sum_{v=0}^{\infty} D_{-v-1}(\sqrt{2at}) (2at)^{\frac{v}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}at} \quad (2.3)$$

Also
$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\sqrt{p}}{\sqrt{p} + 2\sqrt{a}} &\doteq \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} e^{2at} D_{-1}(2\sqrt{2at}) \\ &\doteq \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sum_{v=0}^{\infty} (-1)^v (2at)^{\frac{v}{2}} e^{\frac{1}{2}at} D_{-v-1}(\sqrt{2at}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \sum_{v=0}^{\infty} (-1)^v (2at)^{\frac{v}{2}} D_{-v-1}(\sqrt{2at}) = e^{\frac{3}{2}at} D_{-1}(2\sqrt{2at}). \quad (2.4)$$

Similarly the following results have been obtained.

(ii)
$$\sqrt{p} D_{-v-\frac{1}{2}}(\sqrt{p} e^{\frac{i\pi}{4}}) D_{-v-\frac{1}{2}}(\sqrt{p} e^{-\frac{i\pi}{4}}) \doteq (1+4t^2)^{-\frac{1}{4}} P_{-\frac{1}{2}}^{-v}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+4t^2}}\right), \quad (2.5)$$

$$R(v) > -\frac{1}{2}.$$

Also
$$\sum_{v=0}^{\infty} \varepsilon_{2v} p^{-\frac{2v}{2}} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+4t^2}}\right) = \sqrt{\pi} (1+4t^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} \quad (2.6)$$

If we take $t = \frac{1}{2} \tan \theta$, we have

$$\sum_{v=0}^{\infty} \varepsilon_{2v} P_{-\frac{1}{2}}^{-2v}(\cos \theta) = \sqrt{\pi \sec \theta}. \quad (2.7)$$

(iii)
$$\sqrt{p} V_v(2\sqrt{p}, 0) \doteq \frac{\sin(v\pi) \Gamma\left(\frac{v}{2}\right)}{2\pi^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{t}} e^{\frac{1}{4t}} \Gamma\left(1 - \frac{v}{2}, \frac{1}{4t}\right), \quad (2.8)$$

$$R(v) > -1.$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{(iv) } \sqrt{p} J_\nu(\sqrt{2a} p^{\frac{1}{4}}) K_\nu(\sqrt{2a} p^{\frac{1}{4}}) &\doteq \frac{1}{2v\sqrt{\pi t}} {}_0F_2\left(1-\frac{v}{2}, \frac{v}{2}+1; \frac{a^2}{16t}\right) \\
 &+ \frac{a^v \Gamma\left(-\frac{v}{2}\right) t^{-\frac{v+1}{2}}}{2^{\frac{2v+2}{2}} \sqrt{\pi} \Gamma(v+1)} {}_0F_2\left(1+\frac{v}{2}, v+1; \frac{a^2}{16t}\right), \quad (2.9) \\
 &0 > R(v) > -1.
 \end{aligned}$$

(b) If $\phi(p) \doteq f(t)$, then

$$f(t^2) \doteq \frac{p}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_0^\infty x^{-2} e^{\frac{-p^2}{4x^2}} \phi(x^2) dx. \quad (2.10)$$

(i) Consider $f(t) = t^{v-1} e^{-\frac{a^2}{t}} \doteq 2a^v p^{1-\frac{v}{2}} K_\nu(2a\sqrt{p}) \equiv \phi(p)$.

Therefore from (2.10), we obtain

$$\begin{aligned}
 t^{2v-2} e^{-\frac{a^2}{t^2}} &\doteq \frac{2^{v-2} a^v}{\sqrt{\pi} p^{v-2}} G_{30}^{03}\left(\frac{4}{a^2 p^2} \mid \frac{3-v}{2}, 1+\frac{v}{2}, 1-\frac{v}{2}\right) \\
 \text{or, } t^{2v} e^{-\frac{a^2}{t^2}} &\doteq \frac{2^{v-1} a^{v+1}}{\sqrt{\pi} p^{v-1}} G_{30}^{03}\left(\frac{4}{a^2 p^2} \mid 1-\frac{v}{2}, \frac{3}{2}+\frac{v}{2}, \frac{1}{2}-\frac{v}{2}\right) \quad (2.11)
 \end{aligned}$$

Writing $\frac{v}{2}$ for v and summing with respect to v from 0 to ∞ , after multiplying by $\frac{(-1)^v}{\Gamma(v+1)}$, we get

$$e^{-t-\frac{a^2}{t^2}} \doteq \frac{ap}{2\sqrt{\pi}} \sum_{v=0}^\infty \frac{(-1)^v}{\Gamma(v+1)} \left(\frac{2a}{p}\right)^{\frac{v}{2}} G_{30}^{03}\left(\frac{4}{a^2 p^2} \mid 1-\frac{v}{4}, \frac{3}{2}+\frac{v}{4}, \frac{1}{2}-\frac{v}{4}\right).$$

But $e^{-\frac{a^2}{t^2}} \doteq \frac{pa}{2\sqrt{\pi}} G_{30}^{03}\left(\frac{4}{a^2 p^2} \mid 1, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right).$

or, $e^{-t-\frac{a^2}{t^2}} \doteq \frac{pa}{2\sqrt{\pi}} G_{30}^{03}\left(\frac{4}{a^2 (p+1)^2} \mid 1, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$

Therefore, we can write

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sum_{v=0}^\infty \frac{(-1)^v}{\Gamma(v+1)} \left(\frac{2a}{p}\right)^{\frac{v}{2}} G_{30}^{03}\left(\frac{4}{a^2 p^2} \mid 1-\frac{v}{4}, \frac{3}{2}+\frac{v}{4}, \frac{1}{2}-\frac{v}{4}\right) \\
 = G_{30}^{03}\left(\frac{4}{a^2 (p+1)^2} \mid 1, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right). \quad (2.12)
 \end{aligned}$$

Similarly the following results can be obtained.

$$(ii) \quad t^{2v} J_v(t^2) \doteq \frac{2^{\nu-\frac{7}{2}} p^2}{\pi^{\frac{3}{2}}} G_{13}^{31} \left(\frac{p^4}{64} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2} - \nu \\ -\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right) \quad (2.13)$$

In particular, if $v=0$, then we obtain

$$J_0(t^2) \doteq \frac{\pi p^2}{16} H_{\frac{1}{4}}^{(1)}(p^2/8) H_{\frac{1}{4}}^{(2)}(p^2/8). \quad (2.14)$$

$$(iii) \quad t^{-2v} e^{-\frac{a^2}{8t^2}} D_{+2v-1} \left(\frac{a}{\sqrt{2t}} \right) \doteq \frac{2^{3v-5/2} p}{\sqrt{\pi} a^{2v-1}} G_{03}^{30} \left(\frac{a^2 p^2}{16} \left| 0, \nu - \frac{1}{2}, \nu \right. \right). \quad (2.15)$$

$$(iv) \quad t^{-2k} e^{-\frac{a^2}{2t^2}} W_{k,\mu} (a^2/t^2) \doteq \frac{a p^{2k+1}}{2^{2k+1} \sqrt{\pi}} G_{30}^{03} \left(\frac{4}{a^2 p^2} \left| 1+k, 1+\mu, 1-\mu \right. \right). \quad (2.16)$$

3. Rule. If $F(p) \doteq f(x)$, $-\infty < R(p) < \infty$, then

$$\frac{\sqrt{pq}}{\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q}} F(\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q}) \doteq \frac{U(u)U(v)}{\pi\sqrt{uv}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{t^2}{4} \left(\frac{1}{u} + \frac{1}{v} \right)} f(t) dt \quad (3.1)$$

consider $t^{\lambda-1} e^{-t} U(t) \doteq \frac{\Gamma(\lambda)p}{(1+p)^\lambda}$, $-1 < R(p) < \infty$, $R(\lambda) > 0$.

Hence from (3.1), we obtain

$$\frac{\sqrt{pq}}{(\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q} + 1)^\lambda} \doteq \frac{2^{\frac{\lambda}{2}} (uv)^{\frac{\lambda-1}{2}} e^{\frac{uv}{2(u+v)}}}{\pi(u+v)^{\frac{\lambda}{2}}} D_{-\lambda} \left(\sqrt{\frac{2uv}{u+v}} \right) U(u)U(v), \quad (3.2)$$

$$R(\lambda) > 0, \quad R(p, q) > 0.$$

In particular, if $\lambda=2$, we get

$$\frac{\sqrt{pq}}{(\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q} + 1)^2} \doteq \left[\frac{2\sqrt{uv}}{\pi(u+v)} - \frac{2uv}{\sqrt{\pi}(u+v)^{\frac{3}{2}}} e^{\frac{uv}{u+v}} \text{Erg} \left(\sqrt{\frac{uv}{u+v}} \right) \right] U(u)U(v). \quad (3.3)$$

Similarly the following results in two variables have been obtained.

$$\frac{\sqrt{pq}}{\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q}} [\log(\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q}) + c] \doteq \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\pi}(u+v)} \log \left[\frac{c(u+v)}{uv} \right] U(u)U(v), \quad (3.4)$$

where c is Euler's constant. $R(p, q) > 0$.

$$\frac{\sqrt{pq} \sin \left[\lambda \tan^{-1} \frac{b}{\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q} + a} \right]}{[(\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q} + a)^2 + b^2]^{\frac{\lambda}{2}}} \doteq \frac{i 2^{\frac{\lambda}{2}-1} (uv)^{\frac{\lambda-1}{2}} e^{\frac{(a^2-b^2)uv}{2(u+v)}}}{\pi(u+v)^{\frac{\lambda}{2}}}$$

$$e^{\frac{iabuv}{u+v}} D_{-\lambda} \left[(a+ib) \sqrt{\frac{2uv}{u+v}} \right] - e^{-\frac{iabuv}{u+v}} D_{-\lambda} \left[(a-ib) \sqrt{\frac{2uv}{u+v}} \right] U(u)U(v),$$

$$R(\lambda, p, q) > 0. \tag{3.5}$$

$$\sqrt{pq} \left\{ \frac{1}{2} - c \left[\frac{(\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q})^2}{4} \right] \right\} + \sqrt{pq} \left\{ \frac{1}{2} - s \left[\frac{(\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q})^2}{4} \right] \right\}^2$$

$$\doteq \frac{\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4uv}{u+v} \right) U(u)U(v)}{\pi^2 \sqrt{uv}}, \quad R(p, q) > 0. \tag{3.6}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{pq}}{[(\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q})^2 + a^2]^{2\lambda}} \sin \left[2\lambda \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{a}{\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q}} \right) \right] \doteq \frac{2^{\lambda-\frac{3}{2}} \sec(\lambda\pi)}{\sqrt{\pi} \Gamma(2\lambda)} \cdot \frac{(uv)^{\lambda-\frac{1}{2}}}{(u+v)^\lambda}$$

$$\times \exp \left[-\frac{a^2 uv}{2(u+v)} \right] \left\{ D_{2\lambda-1} \left[-a \sqrt{\frac{2uv}{u+v}} \right] - D_{2\lambda-1} \left[a \sqrt{\frac{2uv}{u+v}} \right] \right\} U(u)U(v),$$

$$R(\lambda) > -\frac{1}{2}, \quad R(p, q) > 0. \tag{3.7}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{pq}}{[(\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q})^2 + a^2]^{2\lambda}} \cos \left[2\lambda \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{a}{\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q}} \right) \right] \doteq \frac{2^{\lambda-\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{cosec}(\lambda\pi)}{\sqrt{\pi} \Gamma(2\lambda)} \frac{(uv)^{\lambda-\frac{1}{2}}}{(u+v)^\lambda}$$

$$\times \exp \left[-\frac{a^2 uv}{2(u+v)} \right] \left\{ D_{2\lambda-1} \left[a \sqrt{\frac{2uv}{u+v}} \right] + D_{2\lambda-1} \left[-a \sqrt{\frac{2uv}{u+v}} \right] \right\} U(u)U(v),$$

$$R(\lambda) > 0, \quad R(p, q) > 0. \tag{3.8}$$

$$\sqrt{pq} [(\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q} + a)^{-2\lambda} + (\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q} - a)^{-2\lambda}]$$

$$\doteq \frac{2^\lambda (uv)^{\lambda-\frac{1}{2}}}{(u+v)^\lambda} \exp \left[\frac{a^2 uv}{2(u+v)} \right] \left\{ D_{-2\lambda} \left(-a \sqrt{\frac{2uv}{u+v}} \right) + D_{-2\lambda} \left(a \sqrt{\frac{2uv}{u+v}} \right) \right\} U(u)U(v),$$

$$R(\lambda) > 0, \quad R(p, q) > 0, \quad R(p) > |a|, \quad \sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q} > |a|. \tag{3.9}$$

$$\frac{a^\lambda \sqrt{pq} \left[\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q} + \sqrt{(\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q})^2 + a^2} \right]^{-\lambda}}{[(\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q})^2 + a^2]^{\frac{1}{2}}} \doteq \frac{\exp \left[-\frac{a^2 uv}{2(u+v)} \right]}{\sqrt{\pi(u+v)}} I_{\frac{\lambda}{2}} \left[\frac{a^2 uv}{2(u+v)} \right]$$

$$\times U(u)U(v), \quad R(p, q) > 0, \quad R(\lambda) > -1. \tag{3.10}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{pq} (\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q}) a^\lambda}{[(\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q})^2 + a^2]^{\lambda+\frac{3}{2}}} \doteq \frac{(uv)^{\lambda+\frac{1}{2}} e^{-\frac{a^2 uv}{u+v}}}{\sqrt{\pi} \Gamma(\lambda+3/2) (u+v)^{\lambda+1}} U(u)U(v),$$

$$R(\lambda) > -1, \quad R(p, q) > 0. \tag{3.11}$$

$$\frac{a^\lambda \cot(\lambda\pi) \sqrt{pq}}{\sqrt{(\sqrt{q} + \sqrt{q})^2 + a^2} \left[\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q} + \sqrt{(\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q})^2 + a^2} \right]^\lambda}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{pq} \left[\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q} + \sqrt{(\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q})^2 + a^2} \right]^\lambda}{a^\lambda \sin \lambda\pi \sqrt{(\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q})^2 + a^2}} \doteq \frac{\exp\left[-\frac{a^2 uv}{2(u+v)}\right]}{\sqrt{\pi(u+v)}}$$

$$\cdot \left\{ \tan\left(\frac{\lambda\pi}{2}\right) I_{\frac{\lambda}{2}}\left(\frac{a^2 uv}{2(u+v)}\right) + \frac{\sec\left(\frac{\lambda\pi}{2}\right)}{\pi} K_{\frac{\lambda}{2}}\left(\frac{a^2 uv}{2(u+v)}\right) \right\} U(u)U(v),$$

$$R(\lambda) > -1, a > 0, R(p, q) > 0. \quad (3.12)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{pq}}{[(\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q})^2 + a^2]^{\mu + \frac{1}{2}}} P_{2\mu}^{-2\eta} \left[\frac{\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q}}{\sqrt{(\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q})^2 + a^2}} \right]$$

$$\doteq \frac{2^{2\mu} \Gamma\left(\mu + \eta + \frac{1}{2}\right)}{a \pi \Gamma(2\eta + 1) \Gamma(2\mu + 2\eta + 1)} \cdot \frac{(uv)^{\mu - \frac{1}{2}}}{(u+v)^\mu} \exp\left(-\frac{a^2 uv}{2(u+v)}\right)$$

$$\cdot M_{\mu, \eta}\left(\frac{a^2 uv}{u+v}\right) U(u)U(v), \quad R(\mu + \eta) > -\frac{1}{2}. \quad (3.13)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{pq}}{[(\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q})^2 + a^2]^{\mu + \frac{1}{2}}} \left\{ \frac{\Gamma(2\mu + 2\eta + 1)}{\tan(2\eta\pi)} P_{2\mu}^{-2\eta} \left(\frac{\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q}}{\sqrt{(\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q})^2 + a^2}} \right) \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{\Gamma(2\mu - 2\eta + 1)}{\sin 2\eta\pi} \cdot P_{2\mu}^{2\eta} \left(\frac{\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q}}{\sqrt{(\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q})^2 + a^2}} \right) \right\} \doteq \frac{2^{2\mu} (uv)^{\mu - \frac{1}{2}}}{a \pi (u+v)^\mu}$$

$$\cdot \exp\left(-\frac{a^2 uv}{2(u+v)}\right) \times \left\{ \frac{\Gamma\left(\mu + \eta + \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\Gamma(2\eta + 1) \cot[(\mu - \eta)\pi]} M_{\mu, \eta}\left(\frac{a^2 uv}{u+v}\right) - \sec(u-v)\pi \right.$$

$$\left. \cdot W_{\mu, \eta}\left(\frac{a^2 uv}{u+v}\right) \right\} U(u) \cdot U(v), \quad R(\mu \pm \eta) > -\frac{1}{2}, R(p, q) > 0. \quad (3.14)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{pq}}{[(\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q})^2 + a^2]^{\frac{\mu+1}{2}}} Q_\mu^\nu \left(\frac{\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q}}{\sqrt{(\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q})^2 + a^2}} \right) \doteq \frac{2^{\mu-1} \Gamma\left(\frac{\mu+\eta+1}{2}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{\mu-\eta+1}{2}\right)}{\pi a \Gamma(\mu-\eta+1) \sin(\mu\pi)}$$

$$\cdot \sin[(\mu+\eta)\pi] \frac{(uv)^{\frac{\mu-1}{2}}}{(u+v)^{\frac{\mu}{2}}} \exp\left(\frac{a^2 uv}{2(u+v)}\right) W_{-\frac{\mu}{2}, \frac{\eta}{2}}\left(\frac{a^2 uv}{u+v}\right) U(u)U(v),$$

$$R(\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q}) > a > 0, R(\mu \pm \eta) > -1. \quad (3.15)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \sqrt{pq}(\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q})^{k-\mu-1} \exp\left[\frac{(\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q})^2}{8}\right] W_{-\frac{k+3\mu}{2}, \frac{k-\mu}{2}}\left[\frac{(\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q})^2}{4}\right] \\ & \quad \doteq \frac{2^{3\mu+k-1} \Gamma\left(2\mu + \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\pi\sqrt{uv} \Gamma(4\mu+1)} \left[1 + \frac{u+v}{4uv}\right]^{-2\mu-\frac{1}{2}} \\ & \quad \cdot {}_2F_1\left[2\mu + \frac{1}{2}, \mu - k + \frac{1}{2}; 2\mu + 1; \frac{4uv}{u+v+4uv}\right] U(u)U(v), \\ & \quad R(\mu) > -\frac{1}{4}, R(p, q) > 0. \end{aligned} \tag{3.16}$$

4. Consider

$$\int_0^\infty t^{\lambda-1} e^{-2\sqrt{at}} e^{-pt} dt = \frac{\Gamma(2\lambda)}{2^{\lambda-1}} p^{-\lambda} e^{\frac{a}{2p}} D_{-2\lambda}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2a}{p}}\right],$$

$$\text{or, } \int_0^\infty t^{2\lambda-1} e^{-2\sqrt{at}} e^{-pt^2} dt = \frac{\Gamma(2\lambda)}{2^\lambda} p^{-\lambda} e^{\frac{a}{2p}} D_{-2\lambda}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2a}{p}}\right). \tag{4.1}$$

Writing $(pq)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$ for p and multiplying both the sides of (4.1) by $p^{-\frac{1}{2}} (pq)^{1-v}$ and then interpreting, we get

$$\begin{aligned} & (\pi y)^{-\frac{1}{2}} (4 \times y)^{\frac{v}{2} - \frac{1}{4}} \int_0^\infty t^{2\lambda-2v} e^{-2\sqrt{a}t} J_{2v-1}[(64 \times y)^{\frac{1}{4}} t] dt \\ & \quad \doteq \frac{\Gamma(2\lambda)}{2^\lambda} p^{-\frac{1}{2}} (pq)^{1-v+\frac{\lambda}{2}} e^{\frac{a}{2}\sqrt{pq}} D_{-2\lambda}\left[\sqrt{2a}(pq)^{\frac{1}{4}}\right] \end{aligned} \tag{4.2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{or, } & p^{-\frac{1}{2}} (pq)^{1-v+\frac{\lambda}{2}} e^{\sqrt{apq}} D_{-2\lambda}\left(2\sqrt{2}(apq)^{\frac{1}{4}}\right) \doteq \frac{y^{-\frac{1}{2}} (xy)^{\frac{v}{2} - \frac{1}{4}}}{\sqrt{\pi} 2^{2(\lambda-v+1)} (\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{xy})^{\lambda-v+\frac{1}{2}}} \\ & \quad \cdot P_{2\lambda-2v}^{1-2v}\left[\frac{a^{\frac{1}{4}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{xy}}}\right], R(\lambda) > 0. \end{aligned} \tag{4.3}$$

By considering the following integrals:

$$\int_0^\infty e^{-pt} \frac{t^\lambda}{t+a} dt = \Gamma(\lambda+1) a^v e^{ap} \Gamma(-v, ap),$$

$$\int_0^\infty e^{-(p+\frac{1}{a})t} t^{\lambda-1} dt = \frac{\Gamma(\lambda)}{\left(p+\frac{1}{a}\right)^\lambda},$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} e^{-pt} t^{v-\frac{3}{4}} (t+2)^{\frac{1}{4}-v} p^{\frac{1}{2}-2v} (1+t) dt$$

$$= \frac{p^{-\frac{\mu}{2}-v-\frac{1}{4}} 2^{\frac{1}{2}-2v}}{\Gamma(\mu+2v+\frac{1}{2}) \Gamma(2v-\mu-\frac{1}{2})} E\left(\mu+2v+\frac{1}{2}, 2v-\mu-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{\mu}{2}+v+\frac{1}{4}; 2v+\frac{1}{2}; 2p\right),$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} e^{-pt} t^{\mu-\frac{1}{2}} J_{2v}(2\sqrt{at}) dt = \frac{\Gamma(\mu+v+\frac{1}{2})}{\sqrt{a} \Gamma(v+21)} p^{-\mu} e^{-\frac{a}{2p}} M_{\mu,v}(a/p),$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} e^{-(p+b)t} t^{\lambda-1} J_{2\mu}(2\sqrt{at}) J_{2\omega}(2\sqrt{at}) dt$$

$$= \frac{2\Gamma(\lambda+\mu+\omega) a^{\mu+\omega}}{\Gamma(2\mu+1) \Gamma(2\omega+1) (p+b)^{\lambda+\mu+\omega}} {}_3F_3\left[\begin{matrix} \mu+\omega+\frac{1}{2}, \mu+\omega+1, \lambda+\mu+\omega \\ 2\mu+1, 2\omega+1, 2\mu+2\omega+1 \end{matrix}; -\frac{4a}{b+p}\right],$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} e^{-pt} t^{2v-1} \cos(at) dt = \frac{\Gamma(2v)}{(p^2+a^2)^v} \cos[2v \tan^{-1}(a/p)],$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} e^{-(p+\frac{1}{4})t} t^{\lambda-1} M_{k,\mu}(t/2) dt = \frac{2^{-\mu-\frac{1}{2}} \Gamma(\mu+\lambda+\frac{1}{2})}{(p+\frac{1}{2})^{\mu+\lambda+\frac{1}{2}}} {}_2F_1\left[\begin{matrix} \mu+\lambda+\frac{1}{2}, \mu-k+\frac{1}{2} \\ 2\mu+1 \end{matrix}; \frac{1}{2p+1}\right],$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} e^{-(p+\frac{a}{2})t} t^{\lambda-1} W_{k,\mu}(at) dt = \frac{\Gamma(\mu+\lambda+\frac{1}{2}) \Gamma(\lambda-\mu+\frac{1}{2}) a^{\mu+\frac{1}{2}}}{\Gamma(\lambda-k+1) (p+a)^{\lambda+\mu+\frac{1}{2}}}$$

$$\cdot {}_2F_1\left(\lambda+\mu+\frac{1}{2}, \mu-k+\frac{1}{2}; \lambda-k+1; \frac{p}{p+a}\right),$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} e^{-pt-\frac{a}{4}t} t^{v-\frac{1}{2}} J_{v-\frac{1}{2}}\left(\frac{b}{4}t\right) dt = \frac{\Gamma(2v)}{\left[\left(p+\frac{a}{4}\right)^2 + \frac{b^2}{16}\right]^{\frac{v}{2}+\frac{1}{4}}} \cdot P^{\frac{1}{2}-v} \left(\frac{p+\frac{a}{4}}{\sqrt{\left(p+\frac{a}{4}\right)^2 + \frac{b^2}{16}}}\right),$$

and

$$\int_0^{\infty} e^{-pt} t^{v-\frac{1}{2}} \eta_{v-\frac{1}{2}}(at) dt = \frac{\Gamma(2v) \cot\left[\left(v-\frac{1}{2}\right)\pi\right]}{(p^2+a^2)^{\frac{v}{2}+\frac{1}{4}}} P^{\frac{1}{2}-v} \left(\frac{p}{\sqrt{p^2+a^2}}\right)$$

$$-\operatorname{cosec}\left[\left(v-\frac{1}{2}\right)\pi\right] P_{v-\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{2}-v}\left(\frac{p}{\sqrt{p^2+a^2}}\right);$$

we arrive at the following results.

$$\begin{aligned} p^{-\frac{1}{2}}(pq)^{1-v} \exp\left(\frac{a}{\sqrt{pq}}\right) \Gamma\left(-v, \frac{a}{\sqrt{pq}}\right) &\doteq \frac{2^{2v-\frac{1}{4}} a^{\lambda-v+\frac{1}{4}} \Gamma\left(\lambda+\frac{5}{4}\right) \Gamma\left(-\lambda-\frac{1}{4}\right)}{\pi^{\frac{3}{2}} \Gamma(2v) \Gamma(\lambda+1)} \\ &\cdot x^{v-\frac{3}{8}} y^{v-\frac{7}{8}} {}_0F_1(2v; 2a\sqrt{xy}) + \frac{2^{-v-\lambda-\frac{1}{2}} \Gamma\left(\lambda+\frac{3}{4}\right) x^{\frac{v}{2}-\frac{\lambda}{2}-\frac{1}{2}}}{a^v \Gamma(\lambda+1) \Gamma\left(2v-\lambda-\frac{5}{2}\right) \sqrt{\pi}} \\ &\cdot y^{-\frac{v}{2}-\frac{\lambda}{2}-1} {}_1F_2\left(1; 2v-\lambda-\frac{5}{2}, -2\lambda-\frac{1}{2}; 2a\sqrt{xy}\right), \\ &-\frac{1}{4} > \lambda > -\frac{3}{4}. \end{aligned} \tag{4.4}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{p}} \frac{(pq)^{\frac{\lambda}{2}-v+1}}{(a+\sqrt{pq})^\lambda} &\doteq \frac{2^{v+2} x^{\frac{v-1}{2}} y^{\frac{v}{2}-1} e^{-a\sqrt{xy}}}{\Gamma(2v) a^v} M_{\lambda-v, v-\frac{1}{2}}(2a\sqrt{xy}), \\ &R(v) > 0. \end{aligned} \tag{4.5}$$

$$\begin{aligned} p^{-\frac{1}{2}}(pq)^{\frac{\mu-v}{2}+\frac{5}{4}} E\left(\mu+2v+\frac{1}{2}, 2v-\mu-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{\mu}{2}+v+\frac{1}{4}; 2v+\frac{1}{2}; \frac{2}{\sqrt{pq}}\right) \\ \doteq \frac{2}{\pi} \sqrt{\frac{2}{y}} (4 \times y)^{\frac{v}{2}-\frac{3}{8}} \left\{ K_{\mu+\frac{1}{2}} \left[\sqrt{2} (4 \times y)^{\frac{1}{4}} \right] \right\}^2. \end{aligned} \tag{4.6}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{b}{\sqrt{a}} \cdot \frac{p^{-\frac{1}{2}}(pq)^{1-v}}{[b+(pq)^{-\frac{1}{2}}]^v} \exp\left[-\frac{a}{2\left(b+\frac{1}{\sqrt{pq}}\right)}\right] M_{u,v}\left(\frac{a}{b+\frac{1}{\sqrt{pq}}}\right) \\ \doteq (\pi y)^{-\frac{1}{2}} (4 \times y)^{\frac{v}{2}-\frac{1}{4}} \exp\left(-\frac{a+2\sqrt{xy}}{b}\right) I_v\left[\frac{2\sqrt{a}}{b} (4 \times y)^{\frac{1}{4}}\right]. \end{aligned} \tag{4.7}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (\pi y)^{-\frac{1}{2}} (4 \times y)^{v-\frac{1}{2}} \phi_2\left(\lambda+\omega+\mu+v-\frac{1}{2}; 2\mu+1, 2\omega+1, 2v; ab, 1, 2b\sqrt{xy}\right) \\ \doteq \frac{2\Gamma(\lambda+\mu+\omega)\Gamma(2v)}{\Gamma\left(\lambda+\mu+\omega+v-\frac{1}{2}\right)} \cdot \frac{p^{-\frac{1}{2}}(pq)^{\frac{\lambda+\mu+\omega}{2}-v+1} b^{\lambda+\mu+\omega}}{(b+\sqrt{pq})^{\lambda+\mu+\omega}} \\ \cdot {}_3F_3\left[\begin{matrix} \mu+\omega+\frac{1}{2}, \mu+\omega+1, \lambda+\mu+\omega; \\ 2\mu+1, 2\omega+1, 2\mu+2\omega+1; \\ -\frac{4ab\sqrt{pq}}{b+\sqrt{pq}} \end{matrix}\right] \end{aligned} \tag{4.8}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& (\pi y)^{-\frac{1}{2}} (4 \times y)^{v-\frac{1}{2}} \cos \left(v\pi - \frac{2}{a} \sqrt{xy} \right) \\
& \quad \doteq \frac{\Gamma(2v) a^{2v} p^{-\frac{1}{2}} (pq)^{1-v}}{\left(a^2 + \frac{1}{pq} \right)^v} \cos \left[2v \tan^{-1} (a\sqrt{pq}) \right]. \quad (4.9)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& (\pi y)^{-\frac{1}{2}} (4 \times y)^{\frac{v}{2} + \frac{k}{4} + \frac{\mu}{4} - \frac{5}{8}} \exp(-2\sqrt{xy}) W_{\alpha, \beta}(4\sqrt{xy}) \\
& \quad \doteq \frac{2^{-\frac{k+\mu+v}{2} - \frac{3}{4}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3v+1}{2}\right) \Gamma\left(\mu+k+\frac{1}{2}\right)}{\Gamma(2\mu+1) \sqrt{p} (2+\sqrt{pq})^{\frac{3v+1}{2}}} (pq)^{\frac{v}{2} + \frac{5}{4}} \\
& \quad \cdot {}_2F_1 \left(\begin{matrix} \frac{3v+1}{2}, \mu-k+\frac{1}{2} \\ 2\mu+1 \end{matrix}; \frac{\sqrt{pq}}{2+\sqrt{pq}} \right); \quad (4.10)
\end{aligned}$$

where $2\alpha = k - 3\mu + 2\nu - \frac{1}{2}$, $2\beta = k + \mu - 2\nu$.

$$\begin{aligned}
& (\pi y)^{-\frac{1}{2}} (4 \times y)^{v-\frac{3}{8}} {}_2F_2 \left(\begin{matrix} \lambda+\mu+\frac{1}{2}, \lambda-\mu+\frac{1}{2} \\ 2v, 1-k+\lambda \end{matrix}; -\frac{2}{a} \sqrt{xy} \right) \\
& \quad \doteq \frac{a^{\mu-\lambda+\frac{1}{2}} \Gamma(2v) (pq)^{1-v}}{\sqrt{2p} \left(a + \frac{1}{\sqrt{pq}} \right)^{\lambda+\mu+\frac{1}{2}}} {}_2F_1 \left(\begin{matrix} \lambda+\mu+\frac{1}{2}, \mu-k+\frac{1}{2} \\ \lambda-k+1 \end{matrix}; \frac{1}{1+a\sqrt{pq}} \right), \\
& \quad R(\nu) > 0. \quad (4.11)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{4(\pi y)^{-\frac{1}{2}} (4 \times y)^{\frac{v}{2} - \frac{1}{4}}}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} \exp \left[-\frac{8a\sqrt{xy}}{a^2 + b^2} \right] J_{v-\frac{1}{2}} \left(\frac{8b\sqrt{xy}}{a^2 + b^2} \right) \\
& \quad \doteq \frac{\Gamma(2v) p^{-\frac{1}{2}} (pq)^{1-v}}{\left[\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{pq}} + \frac{a}{4} \right)^2 + \frac{b^2}{16} \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}} p^{\frac{1}{2}-v} \left[\frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{pq}} + \frac{a}{4}}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{pq}} + \frac{a}{4} \right)^2 + \frac{b^2}{16}}} \right]^{v-\frac{1}{2}}, \\
& \quad R(\nu) > 0. \quad (4.12)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& (\pi y)^{-\frac{1}{2}} (4 \times y)^{\frac{v}{2} - \frac{1}{4}} H_{v-\frac{1}{2}}(2a\sqrt{xy}) \\
& \quad \doteq \frac{\operatorname{cosec} \left(v - \frac{1}{2} \right) \pi}{a\sqrt{p} (pq)^{v-1}} p^{\frac{1}{2}-v} \left[\frac{a}{\sqrt{a^2 + pq}} \right]^{v-\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{\Gamma(2v) \cot \left(v - \frac{1}{2} \right) \pi a^{v-\frac{1}{2}}}{\left(a^2 + pq \right)^{\frac{v}{2} + \frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{p} (pq)^{\frac{v}{2} - \frac{5}{4}}}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\cdot p^{\frac{1}{2}-v} \left[\frac{a}{\sqrt{a^2 + pq}} \right]. \quad (4.13)$$

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