observing system with KAOS76.

[포AT-02] Introduction to Development of KaVA Digital Filter using GPU

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KaVA(KVN and VERA Array)는 KVN 3기, 일본 VERA 4기로 구성되어 있다. 더 나아가 일본의 JVN, 중국 의 CVN으로 확장한다면 동아시아에 더 많은 기선들이 존 재한다. 각 전파망원경은 천문학자의 연구수요, 디지털 백 엔드(Back-end) 시스템 기술수준에 의해 각기 다른 다양 한 자료구조를 이용한다. 이와 함께, 현재 전파천문관측은 디지털 백엔드 시스템의 발달로 2Gbps 관측이 주를 이루 고 있으며 32Gbps 시험 관측이 이루어지고 있다. 이에 한 일상관센터는 이런 다양한 자료구조와 관측 대역폭을 지 원하기 위해 KaVA용 디지털필터를 개발하고 있다. 기존 에 개발된 CPU기반의 디지털필터를 연산속도와 자료 입 출력 대역폭을 상당히 높인 GPU 기반 디지털필터로 업그 레이드하고 있다. 본 발표는 GPU를 활용한 KaVA용 디지 털 필터 개발에 관하여 소개하고자 한다.

[포AT-03] Wavelength Calibration Solution of VPH Grating Slitless Spectroscopy Image

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Spectroscopic observations commonly use a slit or fiber; however, non-slit spectroscopy enables us to observe a larger number of targets in one frame of image. Hence, it has been adopted as an observational mode for observatories like HST and JWST. Slitless spectroscopy requires wavelength calibration solutions in order to distinguish and measure the absorption / emission lines from the spectra with high accuracy. We installed the Volume Phase Holographic (VPH) grating to SQUEAN camera on the McDonald 2.1m telescope and obtained images with spectral resolutions of ~ 100 and 200. In order to derive the wavelength calibration, we measured the distances between the Oth order images and spectral features of various quasars. The distances are converted to wavelengths using the known wavelengths of the emission lines. We tested several different methods of spectral extraction and peak estimation of emission lines. We will present the results for the wavelength calibration and suggest the reliable methods to find the solution.

[포AT-04] Optical Setup for Full-Field Imaging Test of MATS Limb Telescope

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The MATS (Mesosphere Airglow / Aerosol Tomography Spectroscopy) satellite is a Swedish scientific microsatellite which Kyung Hee University participates in developing. The limb telescope of the MATS satellite is designed with linear astigmatism-free off axis optical configuration which allows wide field of view $(5.67^{\circ} \times 0.91^{\circ})$. Here we present the full-field optical performance test setup that consists of a point source, a collimator, the limb telescope and a CCD (Charged Coupled Device). The incidence angle of the collimator was carefully controlled by the rotary stage under the limb telescope. The imaging tests represent expected results without dominant aberrations.

[\pm AT-05] Development Process for Slit Mask Exchanger Mechanism Prototype (SMEM-P) of the Giant Magellan Telescope Multi-object Astronomical and cosmological Spectrograph (GMACS)

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GMACS is one of the instruments for the Giant Magellan Telescope (GMT) which will provide wide field, multi-object, moderate resolution spectroscopy of faint targets. KHU (Kyung Hee University) is in charge of control software of GMACS. As a first step, the Slit Mask Exchange Mechanism Prototype (SMEM-P) will be used as a preliminary example to make development process between electronics and high level software. Recently, we have developed a sample program to communicate with low level devices via EtherCAT. It is expected to be a mockup design for software