Thickness dependent Magnetic Properties of Rare-earth free L1₀ FePt/Fe₄₅Co₅₅ bilayer

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Using the full potential linearized augmented plane wave (FLAPW) method, we have investigated the thickness dependent energy product and coercive field of the rare-earth free FeCo/FePt bilayer systems. We have considered 2, 5 and 10 monolayer (ML) FeCo at 4 ML FePt (L1₀). It is observed that both 2 and 5 ML FeCo displayed close to half metallic features, however in 10 ML system an ordinary metallic feature was obtained. A high value of perpendicular magnetocrystalline anisotropy energy (E_{MCA}) of 45.6 and 23.9 meV/cell was found for 2 and 5ML FeCo system. The coercive field displayed a decreasing tendency with increasing FeCo thickness. Additionally, the estimated energy product was 74.2, 85.1 and 45.5 MGOe for 2, 5 and 10 ML system respectively. Therefore, our results may imply the FeCo/FePt bilayer can be used for potential rare earth free permanent magnet.

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