

A Study on Dynamic Characteristic of Robot Cables

† . * . ** . ** . * . *** . ***

Jin Kyu Kim, Jae Bong Kim, Dae Sun Kang, Woong Sub Choi, Moon Young Kim,
Sang Beom Lee and Hong Jae Yim

Key Words : Robot Cable(), Finite Element Model(), Dynamic Stiffness()

ABSTRACT

In this study, the finite element modeling for the signal cable and pneumatic hose of the industrial robot is developed. The modulus of elasticity of signal cable and pneumatic hose is predicted by deflection test. Finite element model for the signal cable and pneumatic hose is developed by using the modulus of elasticity obtained from the tests. The developed finite element model is estimated through the vibration analysis. This study shows that the developed finite element model can be effectively utilized in the dynamic analysis.

1. 가

(absolute nodal coordinate)

가

(1)-(4)

† :
E-mail : triangulum85@gmail.com
Tel : 02-910-5145

*
**

가

2.

Fig.1

(1)

$$\delta = \frac{PL^3}{3EI} \quad (1)$$

가

δ

, E

, I

, P

가

, L

(1)

Table 1

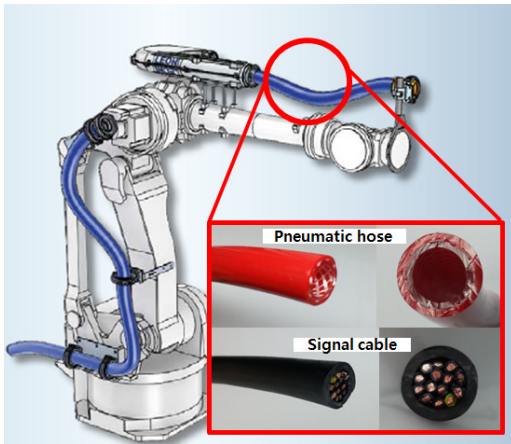
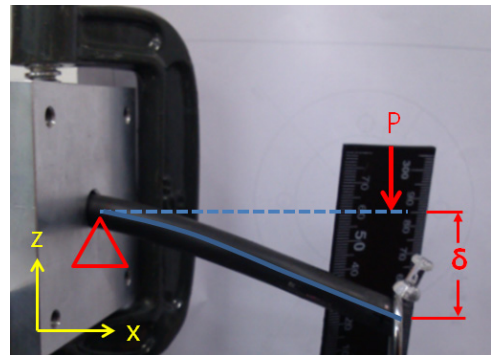
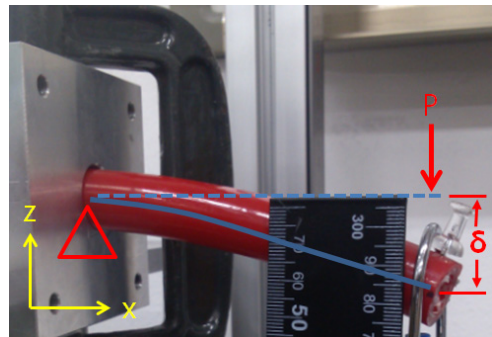


Fig. 1 Robot Cable



(a) Signal cable



(b) Pneumatic hose

Fig. 2 Bending Test

3.

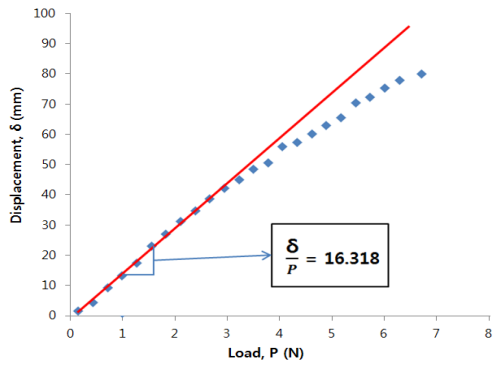
Fig. 2

6-

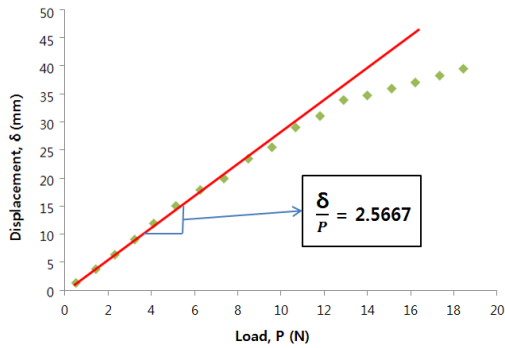
가

100mm

Fig. 3



(a) Signal cable



(b) Pneumatic hose

Fig. 3 Cable stiffness

Table 1 Cable property

Cable	Signal	Pneumatic
Length, L	100 mm	100 mm
Moment of inertia, I	718.69 mm	5379.69 mm
$\frac{\delta}{P}$	16.318 mm/N	2.5667 mm/N
Young's modulus, E	26.631 N/mm ²	33.129 N/mm ²

3.

3.1

Table 2 가
Fig. 4

Fig. 5

가

14

가 85.1%

Table 3

Fig. 6

Table 4

가

5%

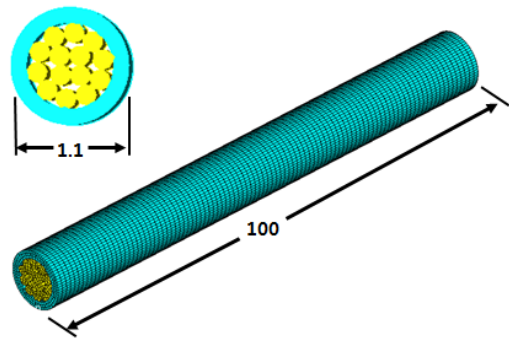


Fig. 4 FE model of signal cable

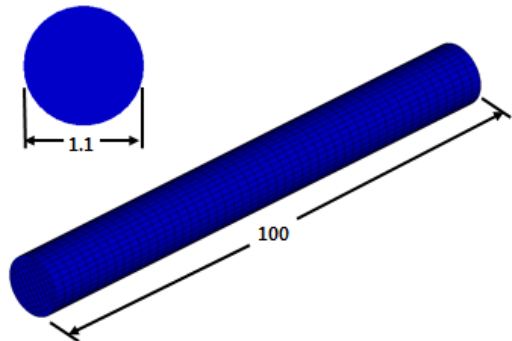


Fig. 5 Equivalent FE model of signal cable

Table 2 Material properties of signal cable

Model	Equivalent signal cable
Young's modulus	33.129 N/mm ²
Poisson's ratio	0.49
Density	1.06E-06 kg/mm ³

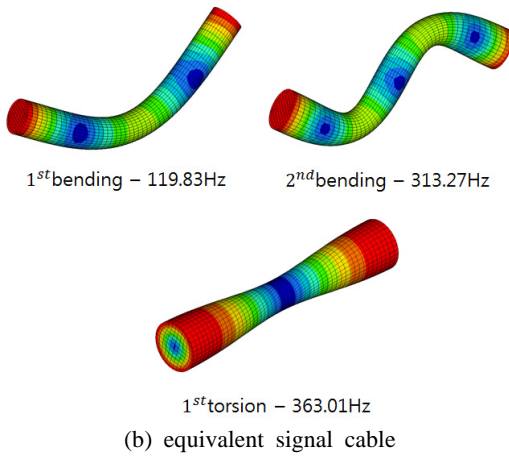
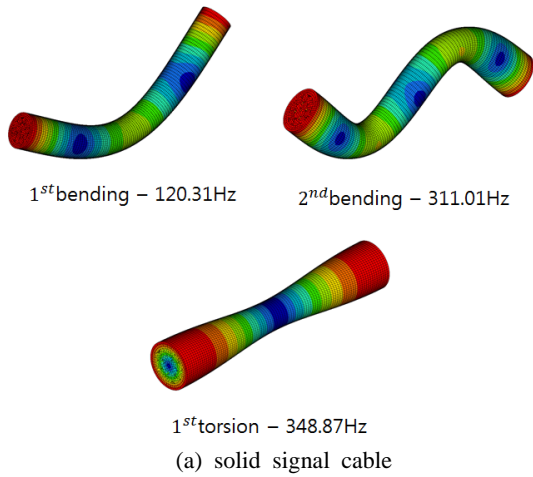


Fig. 6 Normal mode analysis of equivalent signal cable

Table 3 Material properties of equivalent signal cable model

Model	Equivalent signal cable
Young's modulus	30.5 N/mm ²
Poisson's ratio	0.49
Density	1.91E-06 kg/mm ³

Table 4 Comparison of natural frequencies of signal cable model

Mode	Natural frequency (Hz)		Percent change (%)
	solid	equivalent solid	
1 st bending	120.31	119.83	0.39
2 nd bending	311.01	313.27	0.72
1 st torsion	348.87	363.01	4.05

3.2

Table 5 Table 2
가

Fig. 7

Fig. 8

가 59.0%

가

Fig. 9

Table 6

4%

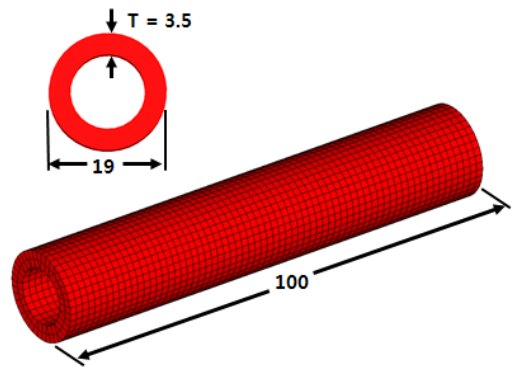


Fig. 7 Solid FE model of pneumatic hose

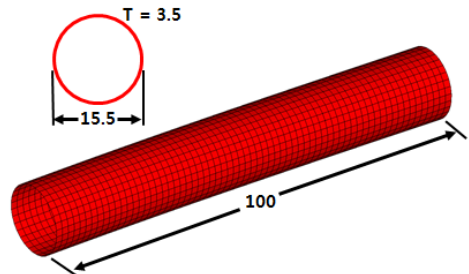


Fig. 8 Shell FE model of pneumatic hose

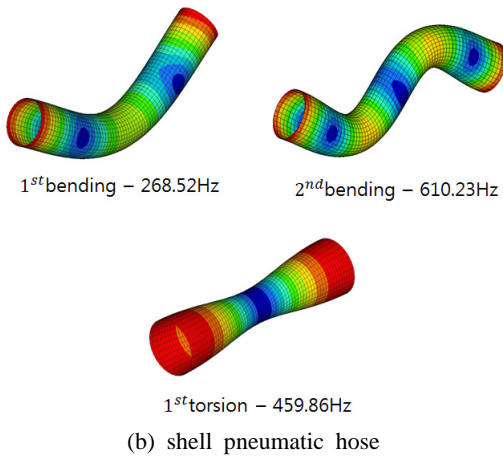
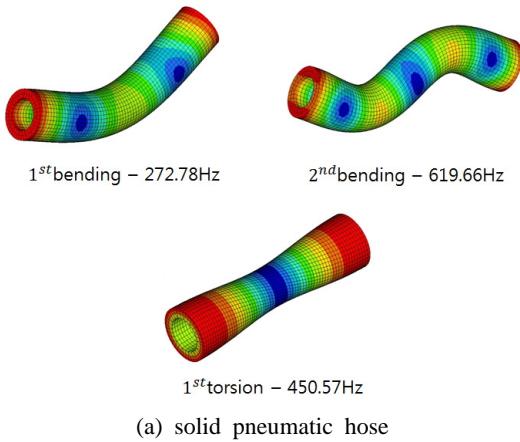


Fig. 9 Normal mode analysis of pneumatic hose

Table 5 Material properties of pneumatic hose

Model	Pneumatic hose
Young's modulus	26.0 N/mm ²
Poisson's ratio	0.49
Density	1.06E-6 kg/mm ³

Table 6 Comparison of natural frequencies of pneumatic hose model

Mode	Natural frequency (Hz)		Percent change (%)
	solid	shell	
1 st bending	272.78	268.520	1.59
2 nd bending	619.66	610.23	1.55
1 st torsion	450.57	459.86	2.02

4.

가

(1) Won, J. H., Lee, S. K., Lee, H. S., Choi, E. Y., Cho, C., Seo, H. J., Kim, S. D., Seo, H., Kim, Y. G., 2009, Durability Analysis of Automotive Wire Harness System and its application, KSAE 2009 Annual Conference and Exhibition, pp. 1786~1790.

(2) Kim, B. S., Kang, K., Park, K., Noh, K. D., 2009, Life Prediction of Automotive Vehicle's W/H System Using Finite Element Analysis, Transactions of KSAE, Vol. 18, No. 1, pp. 139~144.

(3) Lee, J. H., Sohn, J. H., Kim, K. S., Yoo, W. S., 2002, Comparison of Large Deformation of Cantilever Beam with Computer Simulation using Modal Coordinates, Proceedings of the KSME 2002 Fall Annual Meeting, pp. 212~216.

(4) Yoon, J. W., Jung, S. P., Jun, Y. H., Park, T. W., Seo, J. H., Choi, Y. W., Hwang, J. C., 2006, The development of fatigue life prediction method of a cable harness in multibody dynamics, Proceedings of the KSME Spring Annual Meeting, pp. 310~315.