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# Phenolics content, antioxidant and a-glucosidase inhibitory activity of sprouts of Fagopyrum esculentum and F. tartaricum

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## 실험목적 (Objectives)

The objective was to evaluate the phenolic content, antioxidant and antidiabetic activity of the sprouts (7 days old) of common and tartary buckwheat that originate from eastern hills of Nepal were studied in a comparative way.

### 재료 및 방법 (Materials and Methods)

- 실험재료
- 1. Estimation of total polyphenol and Total flavonoid content.
- 2. Antioxidant assay
- a. DPPH free radical scavenging activity,
- b. Reducing power assay,
- d. Total antioxidant capacity
- 3. Alpha glucosidase activity
- 4. HPLC analysis

#### 실험결과 (Results)

The result revealed that the 80% ethanolic extract of tartary buckwheat sprout (TBS) had higher total phenolic ( $93.46\pm1.5~\text{mg/g}$  GAE dw) and flavonoid ( $26.93\pm0.29~\text{mg/g}$  QE) content than common buckwheat sprout (CBS). The data also showed that rutin content in the TBS ( $31.98\pm2.03~\text{mg/g}$  dw) was higher than the CBS ( $3.844\pm0.36~\text{mg/g}$  dw). Likewise, quercetin and chlorogenic acid contents were also higher ( $1.597\pm0.09~\text{and}~0.412\pm0.06~\text{mg/g}$  dw respectively) in TBS than in CBS ( $0.085\pm0.04~\text{and}~0.272\pm0.07~\text{mg/g}$  dw respectively). However, the compounds vitexin, isovitexin, orientin and isoorientin were found to be 14.46, 20, 4.15~and~4.9 times higher respectively in the CBS compared to TBS. The evaluation of antioxidant activity done by using the DPPH free radical scavenging assay, and the reducing power assays involving the reduction of ferric to ferrous ions and also the reduction of Mo (VI) to Mo (V) showed that TBS exhibited higher antioxidant activity. In the a-glucosidase inhibition assay, the extracts (0.25~mg/ml) of tartary and common buckwheat sprout showed  $80.91\pm5.34~\text{and}~75.65\pm6.06~\text{%}$  of inhibition respectively.

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**Table 1.**Total polyphenol content (TPC) and total flavonoid content (TFC) of the sprouts of common and tartary buckwheat.

	TPC (mg/g GAE dw)	TFC (mg/g QE
_		dw)
Common	$70.21 \pm 2.30$	16.62±0.17
Tartary	93.46±1.5	26.931±0.29

**Table 2.** Quantitative estimation of phenolics (mg/g dw) in the 80% ethanolic extracts of the sprouts of common and tartary buckwheat by HPLC.

Compounds	Common	Tartary
Rutin	$3.844 \pm 0.364$	31.98±2.028
Vitexin	5.812±0.219	$0.401 \pm 0.070$
Isovitexin	$3.701 \pm 0.172$	$0.184 \pm 0.081$
Orientin	$3.532 \pm 0.084$	$0.851 \pm 0.042$
Isoorientin	$7.515 \pm 0.317$	1.526±0.114
Quercetin	$0.085 \pm 0.031$	1.597±0.090
Chlorogenic acid	$0.272\pm0.067$	0.412±0.063

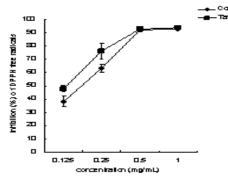
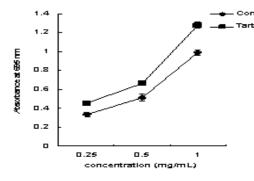


Fig 1. DPPH scavenging activity

Fig 2. Reducing power₽



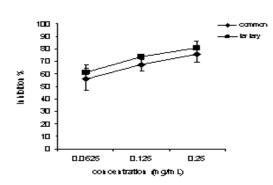


Fig 3. Total antioxidant capacity

Fig 4. Alpha- glucosidase activity↔