Adventitious shoot regeneration via direct organogenesis from the leaf explant of *Melastoma malabatricum* Linn.

Bimal Kumar Ghimire^a, Eun Soo Seong^b, Nam Jun Kim^b, In Seong Hwang^b, Jung Dae Lim^c, Myong Jo Kim^b, Balkrishna Ghimire^b, ChangYeon Yu^b, Ill Min Chung^a*

^aDepartment of Applied Life Science, Konkuk University, Seoul 143–701, SouthKorea

^bBioherb Research Institute, Kangwon National University, Chunchon 200–701, SouthKorea

^cDepartment of Herbal Medicine Resource, Kangwon National University

Objectives

An efficient protocol is developed for inducing direct shoot organogenesis from leaf explants of *M. malabatricum*. The effect of PGRs on shoot regeneration and the effect of basal media, carbon sources, which are responsible for shoot formation in regeneration of adventitious shoots from leaf explants of *M. malabatricum* were also discussed. To assess genetic stability of adventitious shoots we evaluated the ploidy level using flow cytometry analysis.

Materials and Methods

Plant Material: Mature *M. malabatricum* seeds were agitated in 70 % ethanol for 1min and surface sterilized with an using a 2.0% sodium hypochlorite solution containing 0.02% tween 20 for 15min, subsequently rinsed six times in sterile distilled water and inoculated aseptically on 15ml MS medium supplemented with 3% sucrose and 0.8% agar in culture pertidishes. The sterilized explants were cultured in sterile culture petridishes. The seedlings were transferred petridishes containing 50ml solid MS medium and 4-week-old leaf explants measuring was used as sources of explants.

Results

Among the two cytokinins tested (BA and TDZ), TDZ in combination with NAA into MS medium induced significantly more shoots per explants than BA. Maximum regeneration occurred on medium containing 1 mg/l NAA and 1 mg/l TDZ. On this medium $78.00~\pm~0.58$ % of cultures exhibited regeneration with $11.67~\pm~3.05$ shoots per explant. Highest frequency of shoot induction was observed, when the leaves explants were cultured in the presence of 3% sucrose. The presence of petiole with the lamina attached affected shoot regeneration, number of shoot per explants and % of shoot regeneration.

^{*}Corresponding author: Ill Min Chung E-mail: imcim@konkuk.ac.kr Tel: 02-450-3730

Table 1. Effect of different PGRs on direct regeneration from leaves explants of Melastoma malabathricum observed after 4 weeks.

Plant growth regulator(mg/l)			Number of	Shoot height	Number of	% of shoot	Root length
NAA	BA	TDZ	shoots/explant		root/explant	regeneration	
0.0	0.0		$0.00~\pm~0.00$	0.00 ± 0.00	$0.00~\pm~0.00$	$0.00~\pm~0.00$	0.00 ± 0.00
0.1	0.1 0.1		0.00 ± 0.00	$0.00~\pm~0.00$	$0.00~\pm~0.00$	$0.00~\pm~0.00$	$0.00~\pm~0.00$
0.1	1.0		7.67 ± 1.52	$3.50 \pm 0.50^{\rm e}$	$0.00~\pm~0.00$	46.70 ± 1.52	$0.00~\pm~0.00$
0.1	2.0		9.00 ± 1.00	5.00 ± 1.00	0.00^{a}	50.00 ± 1.00	$0.00~\pm~0.00$
1.0	0.1		0.00^{a}	0.00^{a}	6.67 ± 1.53^{d}	0.00^{a}	7.00 ± 1.00
1.0	1.0		0.00 ± 0.00	$0.00~\pm~0.00$	$0.00~\pm~0.00$	$0.00~\pm~0.00$	$0.00~\pm~0.00$
1.0	2.0		2.00 ± 1.73	3.67 ± 1.53	$0.00~\pm~0.00$	46.70 ± 1.53	$0.00~\pm~0.00$
2.0	0.1		0.00 ± 0.00	$0.00~\pm~0.00$	$0.00~\pm~0.00$	$0.00~\pm~0.00$	$0.00~\pm~0.00$
2.0	1.0		0.00 ± 0.00	$0.00~\pm~0.00$	$0.00~\pm~0.00$	$0.00~\pm~0.00$	$0.00~\pm~0.00$
2.0	2.0		$1.33~\pm~0.58$	$1.50~\pm~0.50$	2.33 ± 1.53	4.30 ± 2.08	4.00 ± 2.00
0.0		0.0	$0.00~\pm~0.00$	$0.00~\pm~0.00$	$0.00~\pm~0.00$	$0.00~\pm~0.00$	$0.00~\pm~0.00$
0.1		0.1	8.00 ± 1.00	5.00 ± 1.00	$0.00~\pm~0.00$	33.33 ± 2.52	$0.00~\pm~0.00$
0.1		1.0	12.67 ± 2.08	3.00 ± 1.00	$0.00~\pm~0.00$	50.00 ± 2.00	$0.00~\pm~0.00$
0.1		2.0	8.00 ± 1.00	$2.50\ \pm\ 0.50$	$0.00~\pm~0.00$	$70.7\ \pm\ 0.58$	$0.00~\pm~0.00$
1.0		0.1	$1.33~\pm~0.58$	$2.33\ \pm\ 0.58$	$0.00~\pm~0.00$	56.70 ± 2.52	$0.00~\pm~0.00$
1.0		1.0	11.67 ± 3.05	6.33 ± 1.53	$0.00~\pm~0.00$	78.00 ± 0.58	$0.00~\pm~0.00$
1.0		2.0	9.33 ± 1.53	2.67 ± 1.53	$0.00~\pm~0.00$	75.60 ± 0.58	$0.00~\pm~0.00$
2.0		0.1	9.33 ± 1.53	$5.33 ~\pm~ 2.08$	2.33 ± 1.53	50.00 ± 1.00	$5.50~\pm~0.50$
2.0		1.0	9.43 ± 1.00	$2.50~\pm~0.50$	$0.00~\pm~0.00$	63.30 ± 1.53	$0.00~\pm~0.00$
2.0		2.0	11.00 ± 1.73	6.00 ± 2.00	0.00 ± 0.00	57.67 ± 2.08	0.00 ± 0.00

Table 2. Effect of explant type on shoot regeneration in *Melastoma malabathricum* after 4 weeks in culture.

Leaf parts	No. of shoot/explant	% of shoot induction
Lamina	8.00 ± 2.00	18.89 ± 1.92
Lamina + petiole	14.67 ± 2.52	76.7 ± 0.58

Table 3. Effect of carbohydrate source and concentration on the number of shoots per explant of *Melastoma malabathricum*.

Carbohydrate source	Conc. (%)	Number of shoot/explant	Shoot length (mm)	% of shoot regeneration
Sucrose	1	2.00 ± 1.00	2.53 ± 0.45	36.67 ± 2.77
	2	4.00 ± 1.00	2.37 ± 0.31	60.00 ± 1.08
	3	15.33 ± 1.53	6.27 ± 0.86	80.00 ± 2.00
	4	4.33 ± 2.52	3.20 ± 0.90	30.07 ± 1.06
Maltose	1	7.00 ± 1.00	2.40 ± 0.26	40.00 ± 1.18
	2	7.67 ± 1.53	3.03 ± 0.21	45.33 ± 3.58
	3	10.67 ± 1.53	3.63 ± 0.40	48.45 ± 1.50
	4	4.00 ± 1.00	1.83 ± 0.31	46.67 ± 2.50
Fructose	1	8.00 ± 1.65	2.90 ± 0.40	38.90 ± 1.52
	2	6.00 ± 2.00	2.97 ± 0.50	36.67 ± 2.08
	3	4.00 ± 1.00	1.70 ± 0.53	32.00 ± 1.53
	4	7.33 ± 2.08	3.67 ± 0.64	22.00 ± 2.00