Dynamic Transient Phenomena of Proton Exchange Membrane Fuel Cell

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ABSTRACT: The proton exchange membrane fuel cell (PEMFC) holds great promise of clean power. However, in practical applications which use the PEMFC as the power source, the output voltage from the fuel cell undergoes transient response especially during acceleration and deceleration. This paper presents the relationships between the internal voltage drop, voltage of time constant, time constant of FC1 and FC2 (in series and in parallel) charge curves and discharge curves respectively.

Key Words: Proton Exchange Membrane Fuel Cell, Internal Voltage Drop, Transient Phenomena

1. Introduction

Nowadays, the number of different applications of fuel cell is very extensive and there is an increasing interest in fuel cell technology and fuel cell will reach a high development status [1]. And if the PEMFC (proton exchange membrane fuel cell) supply power to certain applications such as vehicles which the power requirement varies rapidly, the transient response of PEMFC is critical [2].

2. Experiment

In the experiment, it used the digital storage oscilloscope (GW INSTEK GDS-1022) to experiment the transient response of the two fuel cells which are connected in parallel and series in the solar cell and fuel cell hybrid system.

Table...1. Technical Data.

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Dimensions (width X height X depth)	200mm × 297mm × 100mm;
Terminal voltage	2.2 [V]v
Short-circuit currente	1200 [mA]¢

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Dimensions (width X height X depth)	200mm × 310mm × 110mm
Membrane surface areas	25 [cm ²]-
Normal voltage in continuous operations	1.4-1.8 [V]+
Current+	0-4000 [mA]-

Two-cell fuel cell-

Dimensions (width X height X depth)	200mm × 297mm × 90mm≥
Membrane surface area	2×10 [cm ²]+
Voltage when connected in parallel-	0.4-1.0[V]+
Voltage when connected in series:	0.8-2.0[V]-

1 Load modules

- 1				
	Dimensions (width X height X depth)	100mm × 297mm × 100mme		
	Selectable resistances	0.3/0.5/1/2/3/5/10/20/50/100 Ω »		

3. Results

Fig. 1... presents the relationships between the charge curves of internal voltage drop, voltage of time constant $V\tau$, load and time constant τ of FC1 and FC2 in series.

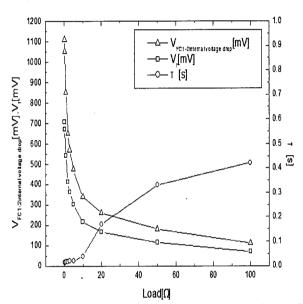


Fig.1... Charge curves of internal voltage drop, voltage of time constant $V\tau$, load and time constant τ of FC1 and FC2 in series...

4. Conclusion

Throughout this work we experimented and presented the relationships between the charge curves of internal voltage drop, voltage of time constant $V\tau$, load and time constant τ of FC1 and FC2 in series... When the value of load increases, the internal voltage drop and voltage of time constant $V\tau$ decrease and the time constant τ has the opposite trend, it increases.

References

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