

Electronic structure studies of Co-substituted FINEMET alloys by x-ray absorption spectroscopy

K. H. Chae¹, S. Gautam¹, J. H. Song¹, S. N. Kane², L. K. Varga³

¹Korea Institute of Science and Technology, ²D. A. University, ³Hungarian Academy of Sciences

FINEMET type nanocrystalline materials synthesized by controlled crystallization of amorphous ribbons[1] exhibit excellent soft magnetic properties making them attractive for technological applications. Present work reports the electronic structure studies of Co-substituted FINEMET to get information on the effect of successive Co substitution on local environment around Fe and Co atom by using near edge x-ray absorption fine structure (NEXAFS) and x-ray magnetic circular dichroism (XMCD) measurements. NEXAFS spectroscopy and XMCD measurements have been carried out at Fe $L_{3,2}$ and Co $L_{3,2}$ -edges to investigate the chemical states and electronic structure of FINEMET $[(\text{Fe}_{100-x}\text{Co}_x)_{78}\text{Si}_9\text{Nb}_3\text{Cu}_1\text{Ba}] (0 < x < 100)$ alloys. NEXAFS spectra at Fe $L_{3,2}$ -edge reveal that Fe is in 2+ state and in tetrahedral symmetry with other elements. The magnetic properties exhibiting soft magnetic behavior[2] are discussed on the basis of the electronic structure studied through XMCD.

[1]. Y. Yoshizawa, S. Oguma, K. Yamaguchi, J. Appl. Phys. **64**, 6044 (1988).

[2]. S. N. Kane, E. Fleury, O. J. Kwon, S. S. Khinchi, A. Gupta, Hyperfine Interact **183**, 129 (2008).