

드릴쉽 디젤엔진 발전기의 진동에 관한 연구

Study on the Vibration of Diesel Engine Generator of Drill Ship

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Key Words : F.E. Model(), ODS(Operational Deformed Shape), Modal test()
Structural Impedance(구조 임피던스)

ABSTRACT

To obtain high power, diesel engines continuously increase combustion pressure and mean effective pressure each cylinder, and the excitation sources and noisy sources are increased, too. Moreover, to reduce the costs, shipyards make hull structures weaker than before. As above reasons, it is more difficult to control the vibration phenomenon nowadays.

In this study, it was investigated why diesel generator sets reached the vibration allowable limits during the FAT and heavy vibration phenomenon of diesel generator sets using ODS test during onboard tests. Also, it is found out the stiffness of deck and common bed using the test result of their structural impedance. To find out the vibratory characteristics of diesel generator sets, MODAL tests were carried out. From the sensitivity analysis after above tests, it was selected points to be reinforced and studied troubleshooting to solve heavy vibration phenomenon of diesel generator sets.

1. 서 론

structural impedance 가
modal test

가

가

sensitivity

2. 본 론

2.1 디젤엔진 발전기의 진동현상

(1)(2)(3)

		POS			FAT
		alternator	cooler	bearing	POS
FAT(Factory Acceptance Test)					onboard test
100% load	FAT	alternator	cooler	bearing	73.5mm/sec, peak, 33.0mm/sec, peak
onboard					25.0 mm/sec, peak, 21.0mm/sec, peak
FAT	가				가
onboard					, onboard 6
ODS					Table 1
common bed	가				Figure 1
deck					. Figure 1 (A) conventional type
					alternator 가 common bed
					common bed resilient
					, Figure 1 (B)
					mount
					alternator common bed

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resilient mount
common bed

common bed

Table 1 Vibration results during onboard tests
Unit(mm/s, peak)

DG No	Onboard			FAT
	Eng. Bear.	Alt. Bear.	Cooler	(Alt. Bear.)
6	4.8	24.7	71.5	(12.0)
5	11.4	18.2	51.5	(14.1)
4	7.4	13.6	20.7	7.9
3	3.3	33.0	73.5	21.1
2	6.1	13.8	70.7	(14.1)
1	Flexible Hose Broken			(12.4)

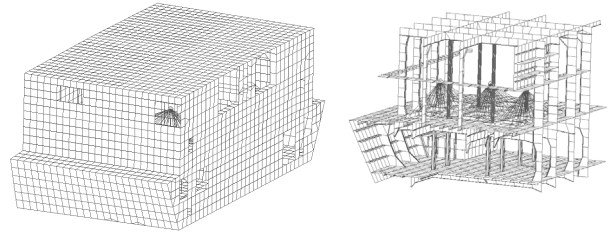
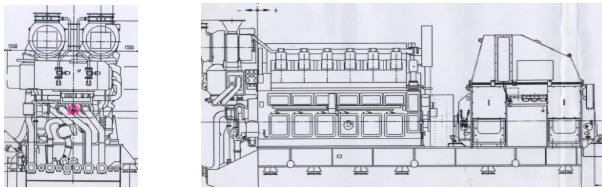


Figure 2 F.E. model of Hull & D/G foundation

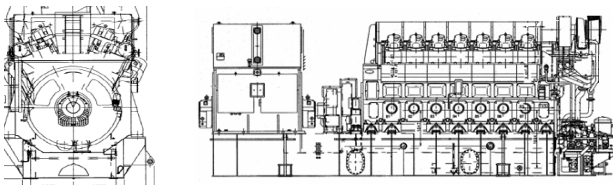
해석결과에 의하면, onboard test 시 계측된 높은 spectrum

28.3Hz, 1 deck 가

Figure 3~5



(A) Conventional Type



(B) MAN B&W 14V32/40
Figure 1 Drawing of Diesel Engine

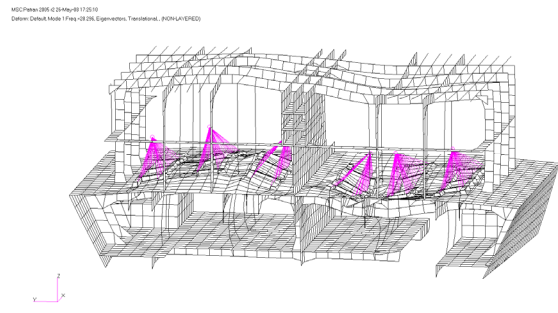


Figure 3 fundamental mode shape at 28.3Hz

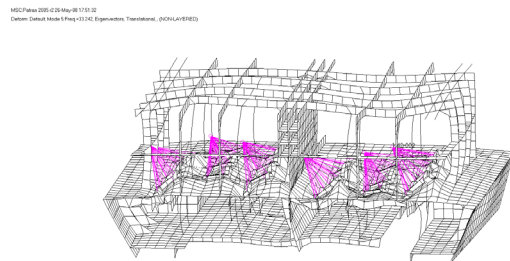


Figure 4 local mode shape at 33.2Hz

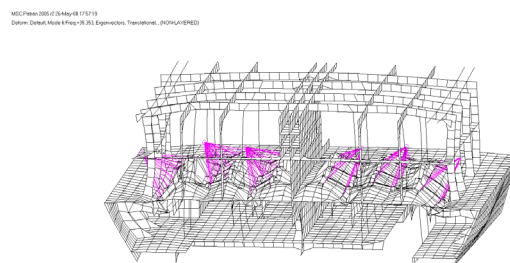


Figure 5 local mode shape at 35.4Hz

2.2 해석에 의한 장비하부 강성 검토

설계

Foundation

Foundation

Figure 2

2.3 계측에 의한 장비하부 강성 검토

deck

common bed
structural

impedance

Figure 6

Table 2

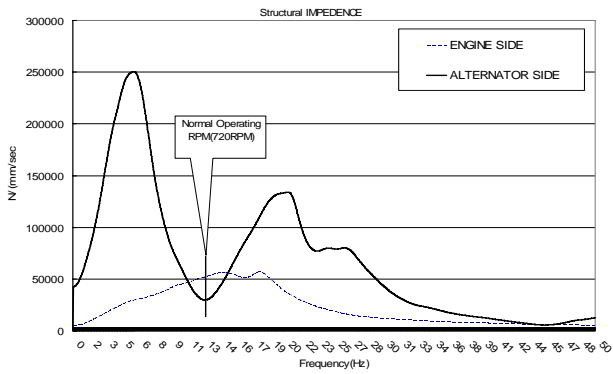


Figure 6 Comparison between common bed and deck

deck structural impedance 가
common bed 1.6
Deck
가

Table 2 Compare with the Structural Impedance
Unit: N/(mm/sec)

	Common Bed	Deck under Common Bed
Structural Impedance	31754	50297

가 onboard FAT shop test
common bed shop test
bed clamp
shop 8 clamp
governor RPM sweep
9.7Hz 4
clamp 9.3Hz
Figure 7

가 12Hz

clamp

가

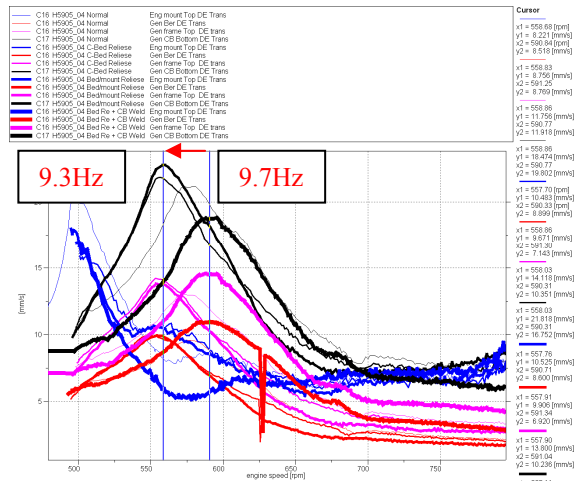


Figure 7 Change of freq. due to the number of clamp during FAT

2.4 디젤엔진 발전기의 진동 특성 평가

test Test ODS Figure8

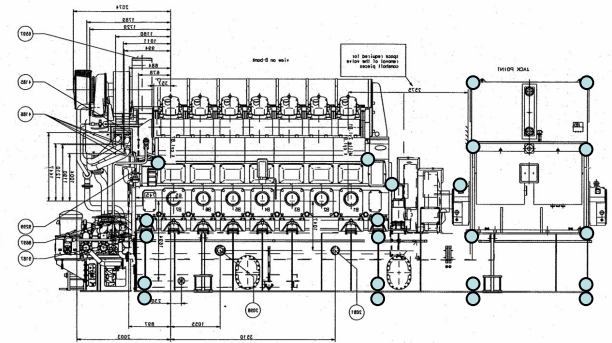


Figure 8 Measuring points for ODS test

Figure 9

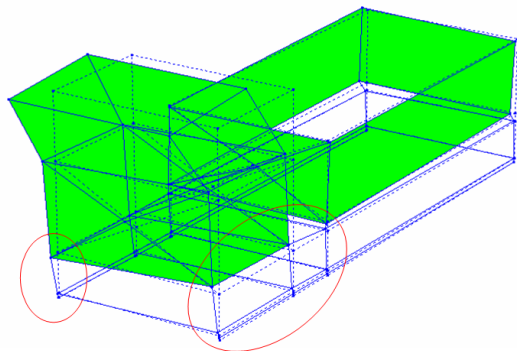


Figure 9 Deformed shape at Normal Operation

common bed
common bed 가 modal test
가

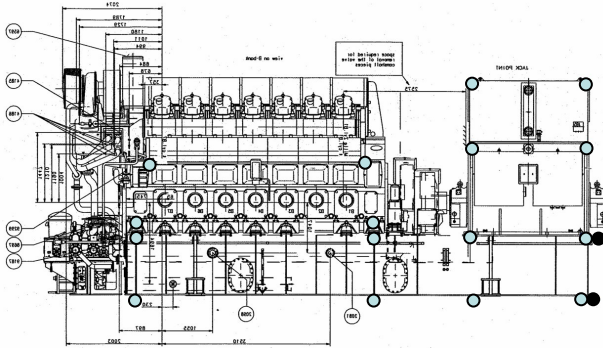


Figure 10 Measuring and impact points for Modal test

가 Figure 10
12.3Hz
가
Figure 11
alternator common bed

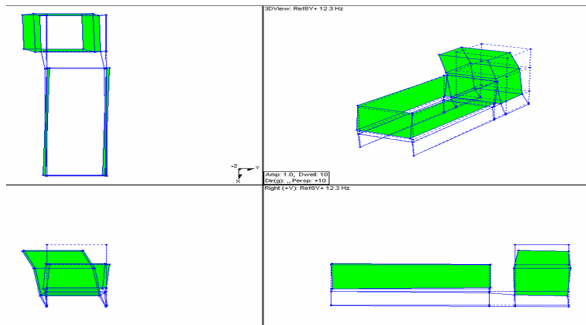


Figure 11 Mode shape of 12.3Hz

2.5 보강위치 선정을 위한 Sensitivity Analysis

Alternator cooler supporter
Common bed
가
sensitivity analysis
Sensitivity analysis (1) (4)

$$(p^2[M] + p[C] + [K])\{X(p)\} = [Z(p)]\{X(p)\} = \{F(p)\} \quad (1)$$

$$[M] : [C] : [K] : [Z(p)] : \{F(p)\} : \{X(p)\} \quad (2)$$

$$(p[A] + [B])\{Y\} = \{0\} \quad (2)$$

$$[A] = \begin{bmatrix} [0] & [M] \\ [M] & [C] \end{bmatrix}, \quad [B] = \begin{bmatrix} -[M] & [0] \\ [0] & [K] \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\{Y\} = \begin{Bmatrix} p\{X\} \\ \{X\} \end{Bmatrix}$$

(2) 가 (3)

$$(\lambda_i[A] + [B])\{\Phi\}_i = \{0\} \quad (3)$$

$$\lambda_i = \sigma_i + j\omega_i, \quad \{\Phi\}_i = \begin{Bmatrix} \lambda_i\{\psi\}_i \\ \{\psi\}_i \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\{\Phi\}_i^T$$

(4)

$$\frac{\partial \{\Phi\}_i^T}{\partial u} (\lambda_i[A] + [B])\{\Phi\}_i + \{\Phi\}_i^T \frac{\partial (\lambda_i[A] + [B])}{\partial u} \{\Phi\}_i + \{\Phi\}_i^T (\lambda_i[A] + [B]) \frac{\partial \{\Phi\}_i}{\partial u} = 0 \quad (4)$$

pole i

sensitivity

$$\{\psi\}_i \{\psi\}_i$$

sensitivity

(5), (6)

$$\frac{\partial \lambda_i}{\partial u} = -\frac{1}{a_i} \{\psi\}_i^T \left(\lambda_i^2 \frac{\partial [M]}{\partial u} + \lambda_i \frac{\partial [C]}{\partial u} + \frac{\partial [K]}{\partial u} \right) \{\psi\}_i \quad (5)$$

$$\frac{\partial \{\psi\}_i}{\partial u} = -\frac{1}{2a_i} \{\psi\}_i^T \left(2\lambda_i \frac{\partial [M]}{\partial u} + \frac{\partial [C]}{\partial u} \right) \{\psi\}_i \{\psi\}_i + \sum_{r=1, r \neq i}^{2n} \frac{1}{\lambda_r - \lambda_i} \frac{1}{a_r} \{\psi\}_r^T \left(\lambda_i^2 \frac{\partial [M]}{\partial u} + \lambda_i \frac{\partial [C]}{\partial u} + \frac{\partial [K]}{\partial u} \right) \{\psi\}_i \{\psi\}_i \quad (6)$$

k 1 (7)

$$\frac{\partial \lambda_i}{\partial k_{kl}} = -\frac{(\psi_{ki} - \psi_{li})^2}{a_i} \quad (7)$$

sensitivity analysis

Figure 12 small pipe

100A

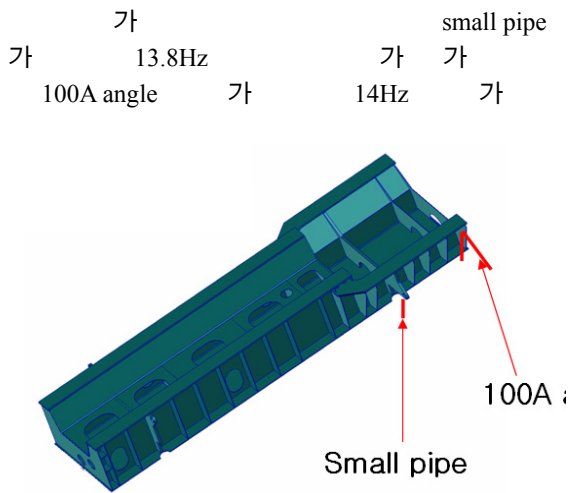


Figure 12 Test method for troubleshooting

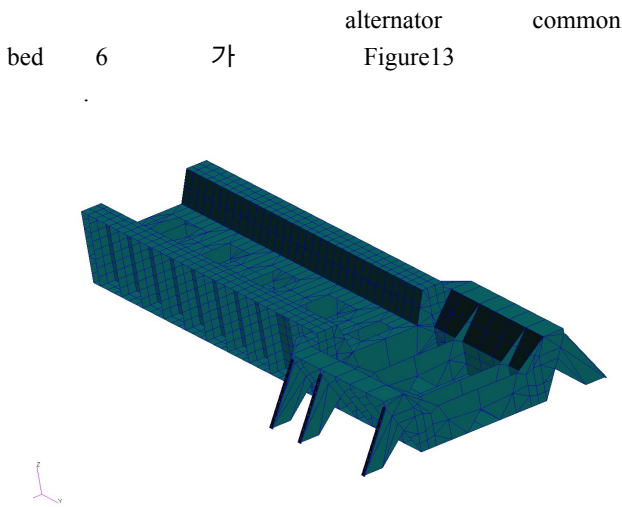


Figure 13 Final modification of common bed

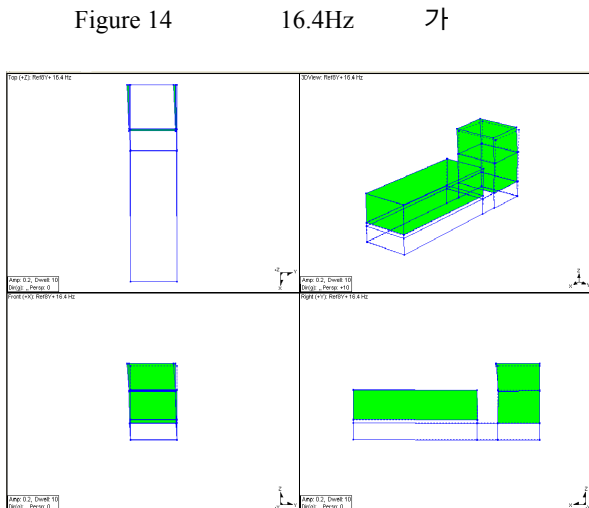


Figure 14 Mode shape of 16.4 Hz after modification

Table 3

Table 3 Comparison between before and after modification

Vibration levels of D/G sets onboard (mm/s, RMS), [Transverse direction]

D/G No.	Before reinforcement			After reinforcement		
	Alternator Bearing (DE)	Alternator Bearing (NDE)	Cooler	Alternator Bearing (DE)	Alternator Bearing (NDE)	Cooler
6	16.5	17.5	50.6	3.8	5.6	6.0
5	10.9	12.9	36.4	2.7	4.0	6.0
4	4.5	9.6	14.6	1.4	1.4	2.3
3	17.0	23.3	52.0	3.7	5.1	6.0
2	8.2	9.8	50.0	3.0	4.6	7.1
1	Flexible Hose Broken			3.5	4.6	5.9

3. 결론

alternator cooler

test

1) F.E Analysis

2) ODS Modal Test

common bed 가

3) sensitivity analysis

4)

FAT

shop

shop

onboard

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