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가

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**

Analysis of Mechanism for Diffusion of Incomplete Combustion Gas Released from Domestic Gas Boiler

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Key Words: Domestic Gas Boiler(가 가), Incomplete Combustion Gas(가), Carbon Monoxide Poisoning(가), Spread of Released Gas(가)

Abstract

Carbon Monoxide(CO) poisoning accident is higher than any other gas accident in the rate of deaths/incidents. In the last five years, 36 people died and 104 were wounded because of carbon monoxide poisoning accident. Most of these CO poisoning accidents were caused by defective exhaust tube in the old gas boiler and multi-use facility. In this study, the spread of incomplete combustion gas(CO) released from leakage hole of exhaust tube was analyzed by computational flow modeling and concentration measuring test. CO gas leaked from exhaust tube in a building was highest concentrated near the ceiling and formed the circular currents along the walls. Through these experiments and simulation, the reasonable installation location of carbon monoxide alarm was made certain and suggested.

가

1.

(

/)

5 (2002 ~2006) 가

가

0.16

7.5%

, 2004

, CO

1.01

6.3

가

2005

. 가

CO

45

가

.

가

,

CO

가 34

,

76%

CO

가 35%,

. 가

가 30%,

가

5

89

,

36

35%

가

CO

40%

65%가

(1)

†

, 가

가

CO

가

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,

CO

가

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*

가

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LP가

‘93

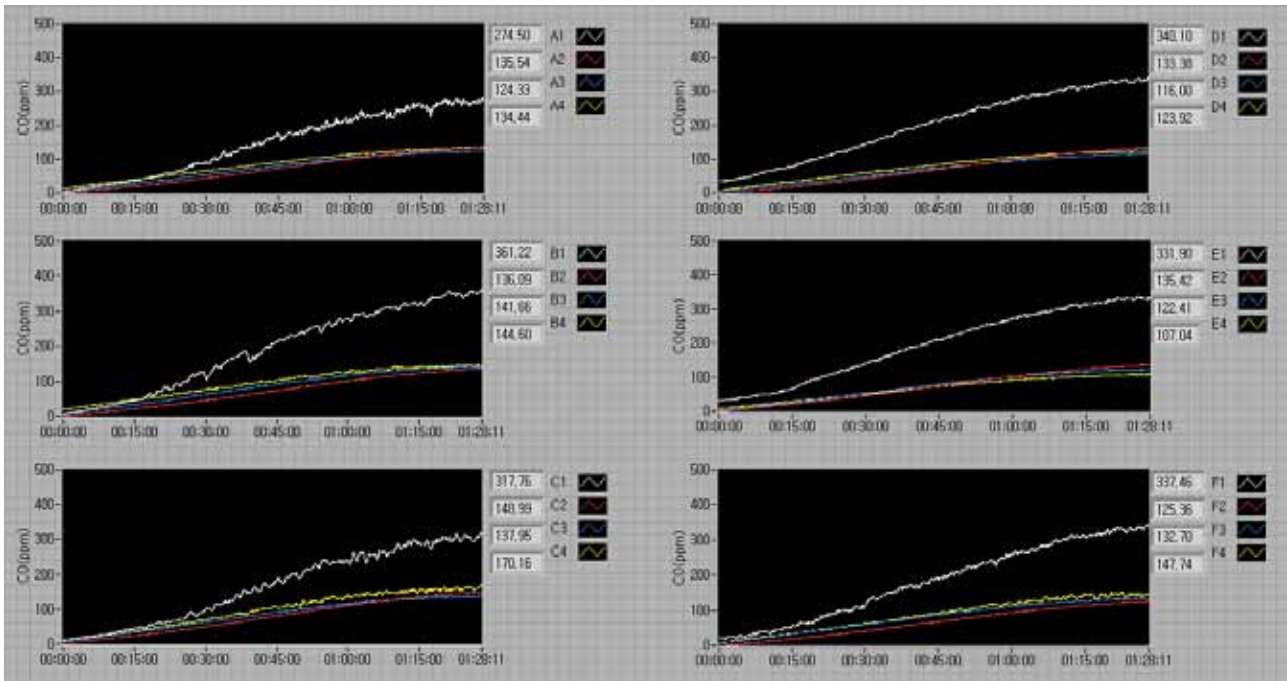


Fig.2 Measured CO concentration (when leak L1 open)

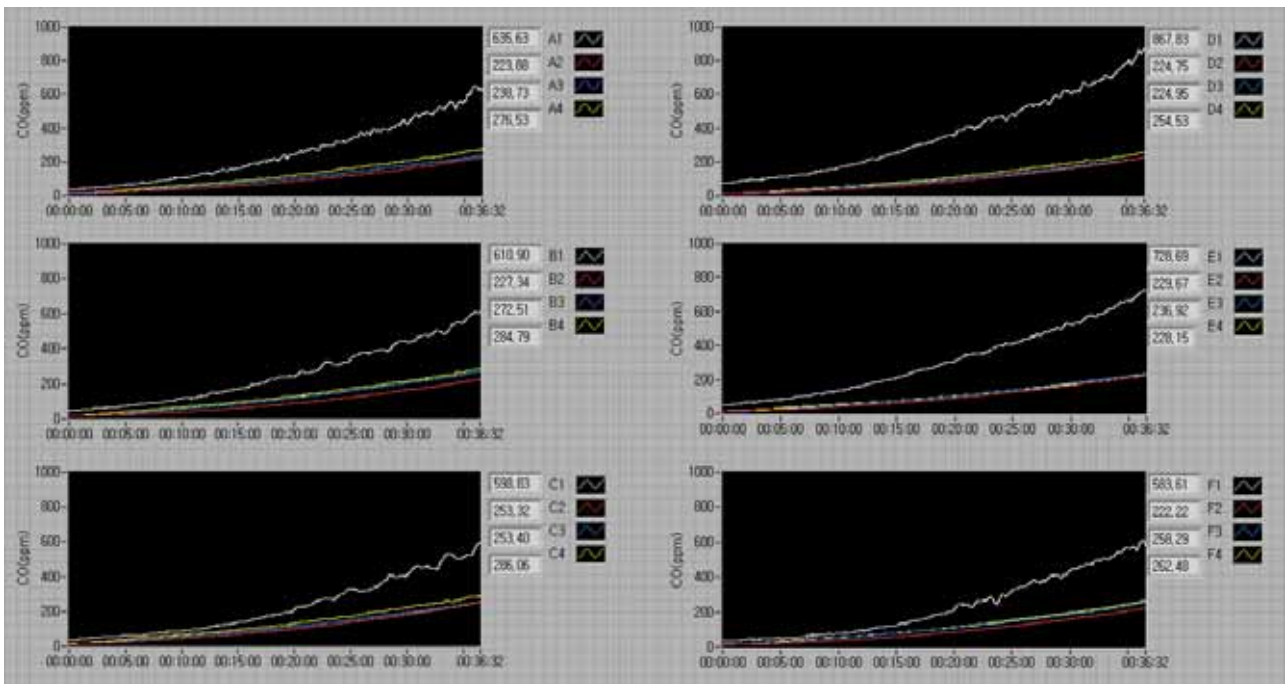


Fig.3 Measured CO concentration (when leak L1, L2, L3 open)

CO가 , 가
 3 3 CO 가
 ,
 .
 가 . 가
 . 24 CO
 30cm A1, B1, C1.

Fig.4

D1, E1, F1 가 가 ,
(30 40)
가 .

CO

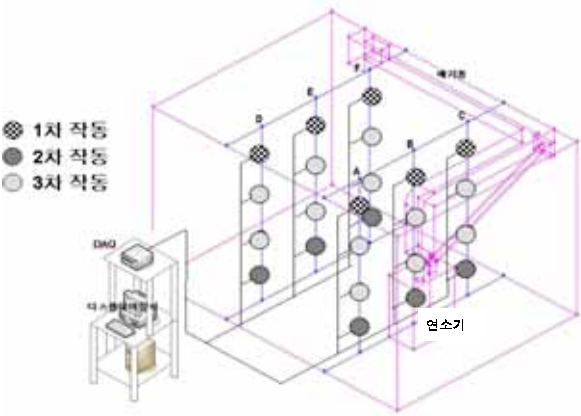


Fig. 4 Result of carbon monoxide alarms operation test.

3.

3.1 CFD

(unsteady state) ,
(CO)
(compressible)
(incompressible)

가 ,
FLUENT⁽⁴⁾

Table

Table 1 Properties of working fluid

Fluid	Density(kg/m ³)	Viscosity($\times 10^{-5}$ kg/m \cdot s)
Air	1.225	1.789
CO	1.123	1.75

Fig.5

가 3m \times 2.2m \times 2m
,
75mm 150mm \times 200mm (

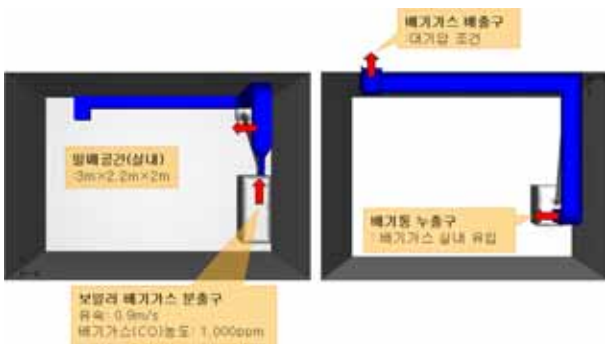


Fig.5 Boundary conditions for the computational flow simulation

)
가 0.9m/s
, 가 (CO)
1,000ppm 가
가 가
가 가

(Re)

4,622

가 2000

가

(5)

(6)

(two-phase flow)

FLUENT Multiphase module
Mixture model ,⁽⁴⁾ CFD

3

Fig.6

(Tetrahedral

mesh)

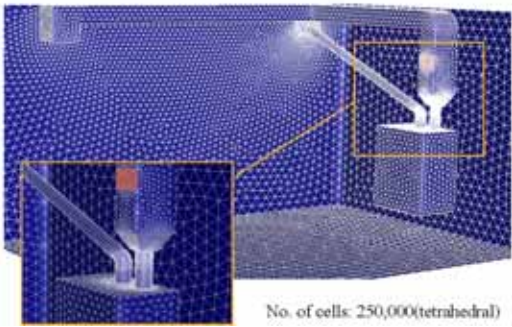


Fig.6 Grid configuration for the computational flow simulation



Velocity vectors: colored by CO volume fraction

Fig.7 Calculated velocity vectors in the boiler room (after 60 min.)



CO concentration contours: colored by CO volume fraction

Fig.8 Calculated CO concentration contours (at the plane of $z=0$)

(color)

250,000 가

가

(circulation)

3.2 CFD

가

150~250ppm,

50~100ppm

Fig.8

Fig.8 z-

150~250ppm

100~150ppm

50~100ppm

Fig.9 z-

x-

5

LP가

30cm

가

30cm

(8)

CO

가 (CO)

CO

CO가

가 가

1

Fig.7~8

Fig.7

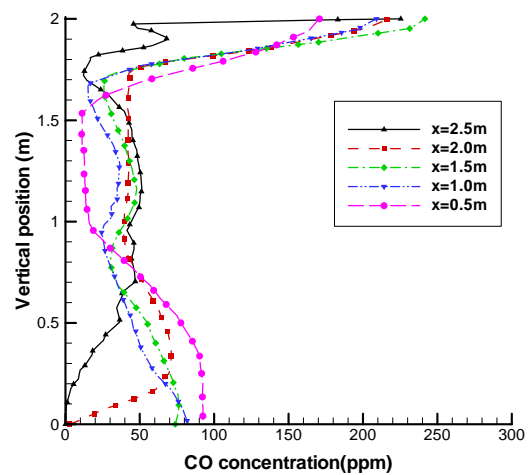


Fig.9 Vertical variations of CO concentration (after 60 min.)

· $x=0.5m$ ()
 $x=2.5m$ () 가 가
 5

· CO
 150~250ppm , 30cm CO
 , 50~100ppm
 20~30cm
 가

4.

CO

가 (CO)

CO

1. 13,000kcal/h 가 가 ,
 L1 L1, L2,
 L3

CO

2

2. CO ,
 (30cm) 6 가 ,
 30 40 가

3. , 가
 CO가 가 , 가
 CO가
 CO가
 가

· CO 1,000ppm
 150~250ppm
 50~100ppm)
 1

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