초박막 Si oxynitride의 스트레스에 의한 계면 열화 메커니즘

이은철

경원대학교 바이오나노학부 및 가천바이오나노연구원

Mechanism for stress-induced interface degradations in ultrathin Si oxynitrides

Eun-Cheol Lee

Division of Bionano Technology, Kyungwon University & Gachon Bionano Research Institute

Abstract: We present a mechanism for stress-induced interface degradations through ab initio pseudopotential calculations. We find that N interstitials at the interface create various defects levels in the Si band gap, which range from the mid gap to the conduction band of Si. The level positions are dependent on the configuration of oxygen atoms around the N interstitial. On the other hand, the mid-gap level caused by Pb center is possibly removed by substitution of a N atom for a threefold-coordinated Si atom in the defect. Our calculations explain why interface state generations are enhanced in Si oxynitride, especially near conduction band edge of Si, although densities of Pb center are reduced.

Key Words: SiO₂, oxynitride, interface trap, charge trap