

## Critical Currents at the Grain Boundary of $(\text{Sm}_{0.8}\text{Dy}_{0.2})\text{Ba}_2\text{Cu}_3\text{O}_7$ Film under Oblique Magnetic Fields

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We measured critical current densities ( $J_{cb}$ ) at the  $30^\circ$  grain boundary of a bicrystalline  $(\text{Sm}_{0.8}\text{Dy}_{0.2})\text{Ba}_2\text{Cu}_3\text{O}_7$  film under various magnetic fields ( $H_a$ ), which were applied obliquely. We varied the field from  $-0.7\text{KOe}$  to  $+0.7\text{KOe}$  while the angles ( $\theta$ ) of the fields were  $2^\circ$ ,  $22.5^\circ$ ,  $45^\circ$ ,  $67.5^\circ$  and  $90^\circ$  with respect to the film surface. The curves of  $J_{cb}$  vs  $H_\sigma$  showed the well-known butterfly-like hysteretic curves. We separated the two components of field,  $H_\perp$  and  $H_\parallel$ , which are normal and parallel to the film surface, respectively. Our data indicate that the roles of these two components for the field dependence of  $J_{cb}$  are different. We combined the effect of  $H_\perp$  deduced from the data for the normal field ( $\theta=90^\circ$ ) and the effect of  $H_\parallel$  deduced from the data for the almost parallel field ( $\theta=2^\circ$ ). Multiplying the independent reduction factors deduced from these two cases, we found a new formula, which expresses  $J_{cb}$  vs  $H_\sigma$  for general  $\theta$ 's. All the experimental data for various  $\theta$ 's fit well to this new formula.