## Fabrication and Characterizations of the BSCCO-2212/SrSO<sub>4</sub> Bulk Superconductors

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We fabricated BSCCO-2212 (2212) bulk superconductor and evaluated the effects of annealing temperature (790 - 845 °C) and atmosphere (oxygen and nitrogen) on critical current ( $I_c$ ) and critical temperature ( $T_c$ ). It was observed that the  $I_c$  of 2212 was significantly dependent on the annealing temperature and reached peak value (378 A at 77 K) at 800 °C. On the other hand,  $T_c$  was almost independent of the annealing temperature but dependent on the atmosphere; the  $T_c$  was measured to be 89 K after annealing at oxygen atmosphere and it increased to 92 K after additional annealing at nitrogen atmosphere. This improved  $T_c$  is considered to be related to the optimized oxygen content of the 2212. It is to be noted that, on the contrary, the additional annealing remarkably degraded the  $I_c$ . The possible causes of the variations of the  $I_c$  and  $I_c$  with the annealing condition will be presented based on the XRD, EPMA, and TEM observations.

Keywords: BSCCO-2212, melt casting process, microstructure, strontium sulfates, texture

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