## Fibrosarcoma in a Dog

Hee-Taek Yang, Hwa-seok Chang, Jun-Chul Choi, Dai-jung Chung, Eun-Hee Kang, Jae-Hoon Lee, Yang, Tae-Hoon Kim, Young-Su Lee, Chi-Bong Choi, and Hwi-Yool Kim\*

Department of Veterinary Surgery, College of Veterinary Medicine, Konkuk University

**Introduction:** Fibrosarcomas are malignant tumors of fibrocytes. They arise in the skin or subcutis and can invade muscle and bone. They commonly occur on the trunk, extremities, and head.

Materials and methods: An 8-year-old, male Pekinese was presented with a few month history of a rapid-growing enlarging mass on the trunk(11cm x 6cm)and right proximal humerous region(2.5cm x 2.5cm). The mass was firm, capsulized, fixed mass involving the trunk and extremities. On a radiographic view, pulmonary metastasis was suspected. Biopsy and MRI were performed

Results: On a MRI, The mass did not involve spinous process but located deep into muscle layer. On a thoracic radiographic view after 2 weeks, pulmonary nodule was presented. On histopathologyexamination, the mass was diagnosed as fibrosarcoma. pulmonary nodule was increased on a thoracic radiographic view after 4 weeks and clinical sign such as vomiting, anorexia, weight loss was present. Euthanasia was performed by owner request. metastasis was confirmed at postmortem examination

Clinical relevance: Infiltration extent were assessed by MRI. Surgical intervention was not performed because pulmonary metastasis were suspected by radiography in 2 and 4 weeks of follow up. Metastasis of lung and kidney were identified in postmortem examination.

<sup>\*</sup>Corresponding author: hykim@konkuk.ac.kr