

## Inhibitory effect of acetylshikonin from *Lithospermum erythrorhizon* on LDL oxidation and FPTase activity

National Institute of Crop Science R.D.A.<sup>1</sup>, Korea Research Institute of Bioscience and Biotechnology<sup>2</sup>, Kyungpook National University<sup>3</sup>

Geum-Soog Kim<sup>1\*</sup>, Tae-Sook Jeong<sup>2</sup>, Byoung-Mok Kwon<sup>2</sup>, Seung-Eun Lee<sup>1</sup>, Nak-Sul Seong<sup>1</sup>, and Kyung-Sik Song<sup>3</sup>

---

### Objectives

This research was conducted to isolate natural pigments from root of *Lithospermum erythrorhizon* and evaluate their biological activities. We report here inhibitory effect of acetylshikonin from hexane extract of *L. erythrorhizon* on LDL oxidation and FPTase.

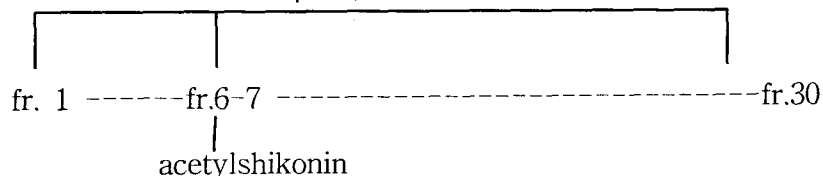
### Materials and Methods

- Plant material : The roots of *L. erythrorhizon*
- Isolation, purification and identification of compounds  
Compounds were isolated by silica gel column chromatography and their structures were identified using spectrometric techniques such as MS and NMR.
- Biological activity
  - Inhibitory effect on human LDL oxidation : Cu<sup>2+</sup>-induced oxidation of LDL, TBARS assay
  - Inhibitory effect on FPTase : Farnesyl-protein transferase (FPTase), Scintillation Proximity Assay

### Results and Discussion

Acetylshikonin was isolated from the hexane extract of roots of *L. erythrorhizon* by silica gel column chromatography. The structure was determined by spectrometric techniques such as MS and NMR. Acetylshikonin inhibited strongly Cu<sup>2+</sup>-induced oxidation of human LDL (IC<sub>50</sub> = 8.79 μM), suggesting that acetylshikonin may be effective for the prevention and treatment of atherosclerosis. Acetylshikonin inhibited effectively FPTase activity (IC<sub>50</sub> = 23.37 μM) as well, indicating its anticancer activity.

*L. erythrorhizon* (root, 200 g)  
 | Extraction by Hexane × 3  
 Hexane ext.(5 g)  
 | SiO<sub>2</sub> column chromatography  
 (Hexane:EtOAc=30:1→→1:1)



Scheme. Isolation and purification of acetylshikonin from the roots of *L. erythrorhizon*  
 Table. NMR spectra data of acetylshikonin

Carbon	$\delta_C$	$\delta_H$ ( J in Hz )
1	176.68	-
2	148.19	-
3	131.44	7.05 s
4	178.19	-
5	167.45	-
6 <sup>a</sup>	132.85	7.24 s
7 <sup>a</sup>	132.69	7.24 s
8	166.92	-
9 <sup>b</sup>	111.80	-
10 <sup>b</sup>	111.54	-
11	69.50	6.08 m
12	32.81	2.66 m (Ha), 2.53 m (Hb)
13	117.65	-
14	136.09	5.18 m
15	17.92	1.64 s
16	25.74	1.75 s
17	169.74	-
18	20.95	2.20 s

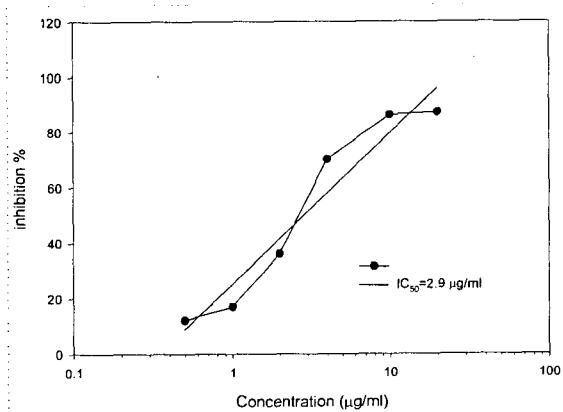
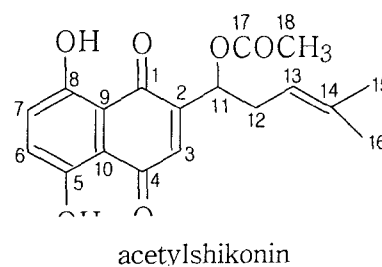


Fig. Inhibitory effect of acetylshikonin on  
 FPTase.

Cu<sup>2+</sup>-induced LDL oxidation.

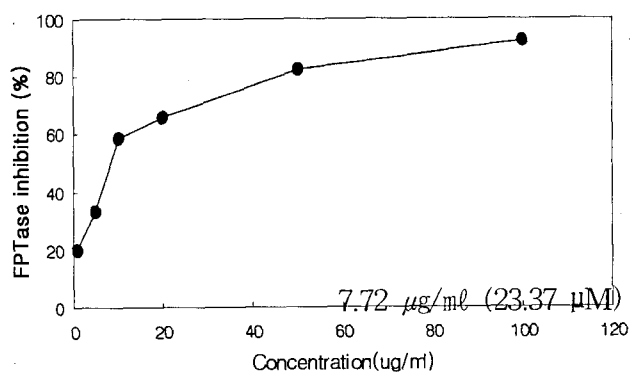


Fig. Inhibitory effect of acetylshikonin on  
 FPTase.