참죽나무 잎으로부터 분리한 항산화 물질

충남대학교 약학대학, ¹경북대학교 농업생명과학대학, ²충북대학교 수의과대학 이익수, 송경식¹, 성연희², <u>배기환</u>*

Antioxidant constituents from the leaves of Cedrela sinensis

College of Pharmacy, Chungnam National University, ¹College of Agriculture and Life Science, Kyungpook National University, ²College of Veterinary Medicine, Chungbuk National University Ik Soo Lee, Kyung Sik Song¹, Yeon Hee Seong², and <u>KiHwan Bae</u>*

Objectives

As a part of our search for antioxidant agents from natural source, we have found that the MeOH extract of *C. sinensis* exhibited a considerable antioxidant activity, by DPPH assay. This prompted us to carry out phytochemical investigation on this plant.

Materials and Methods

Materials

The leaves of C. sinensis were collected in Daejeon, Korea, in October 2005.

Methods

Repeated column chromatography of EtOAc fraction led to the isolation of five compounds. The antioxidant activities of these compounds were tested using DPPH and superoxide radical scavenging assays.

Results and Discussion

Five flavonoids were isolated from the EtOAc fraction of *C. sinensis*. Their structures were identified as (+)-catechin (1), afzelin (2), quercetin (3), quercitrin (4), isoquercitrin (5) by comparing their spectral data with those previously reported. Most compounds, except for 2, exhibited considerable radical scavenging activities against both DPPH and superoxide radicals with IC₅₀ values ranging from 21.3±1.4 to 38.1±3.2 μM and from 9.4±0.7 to 19.2±2.9 μM, respectively. These activities were stronger than those of positive control, caffeic acid (IC₅₀: 41.2±2.8 μM and 34.6±3.7 μM, respectively). These results indicated that flavonoids are the major constituents of *C. sinensis* and considered to be main antioxidant constituents of this plant.

Corresponding author : 배기환 E-mail : baekh@cnu.ac.kr Tel : 042-821-5925

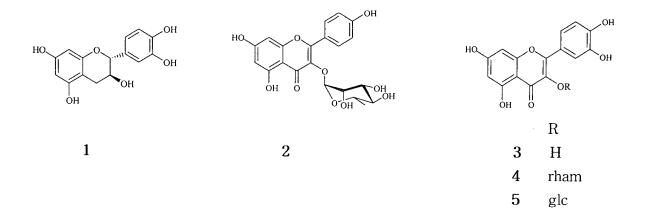


Fig. 1. Chemical structures of compounds 1-5 isolated from the EtOAc fraction of C sinensis

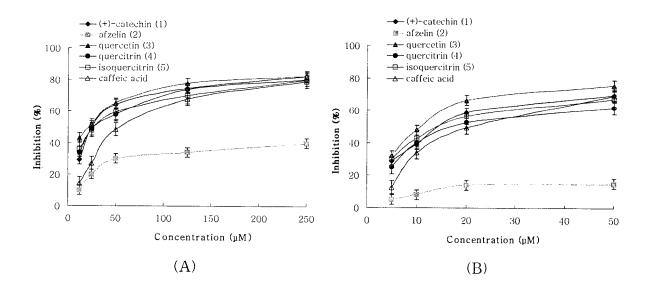


Fig. 2. Free radical scavenging activities of compounds 1–5 isolated from EtOAc fration of *C. sinensis*. (A) DPPH radical scavenging activities of 1–5, (B) Superoxide radical scavenging activities of 1–5