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## Combined Effects of Medium Components and Methyl Jasmonate on Adventitious Root Growth and Ginsenoside Production in Two-stage Bioreactor Cultures of Panax ginseng

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## **Objectives**

In previous study on ginseng adventitious root (GAR), we reported that methyl jasmonate (MJ) increased ginsenoside production. As a series of MJ treatment, this study has been tried to more increase ginsenoside accumulation in GAR using 'double stresses' treatment of MJ treatment and medium starvation.

## Materials and Methods

1. Material

Plant – Adventitious roots induced from Panax gisneg C.A. Meyer (6 years old).

2. Methods:

To increase ginsenoside production, GAR (30 g fresh wt) harvested after 40 days in 5 L airlift bioreactor were cultured in 1 L Erlenmeyer flask containing three different 300 mL MS (without NH<sub>4</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>) liquid media (distilled water, conditioned medium and fresh medium) for 7 days, respectively. For synergistic (=double) effects, 100 μM MJ was treated in three different media described above. All flasks were shaken to 110 rpm in darkness of 23±1C. Ginsenosides were analyzed by HPLC.

## **Results and Discussion**

In distilled water medium, dry weight of GAR decreased about 47% (1.83 g dry wt) compared to fresh medium (3.43 g dry wt). Meanwhile, ginsenoside content significantly increased in distilled water medium (11.40 mg/g dry wt) compared to conditioned medium (6.00 mg/g dry wt) and fresh medium (4.63 mg/g dry wt). Ginsenoside productivity also highly increased in distilled water medium. However, 100  $\mu$ M MJ treated in distilled water medium severely decreased dry weight and ginsenoside accumulation compared to other media. The 100  $\mu$ M MJ in conditioned medium was the most effective for more ginsenoside productivity. In last, we were investigated to a synergistic effect using MJ and conditioned medium with major medium components. This trial showed the best results in ginsenoside productivity.

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