## Report On The Occurrence of *Vibrio tapetis* in Korean Waters: Characterization and Its Impact On Clam Health

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Vibrio tapetis, a causative agent of brown ring disease (BRD), has been reported as the cause of mass mortality in the clam Ruditapes philippinarum and R. decussatus occurring on Atlantic coasts of France, Spain and England. In the present study, V. tapetis was isolated from the Manila clam Ruditapes philippinarum distributed on Anmyoendo Island, the west coast of Korea. V. tapetis grow at 4 and 18 °C but not at 30 °C. Fatty acid composition, amino acid composition and protein profile of V. tapetis were very similar to V. tapetis (NCIMB 13622). In addition, partial 16S rRNA gene sequences of V. tapetis showed 99.48−99.63% similarity to LP2 and 99.71−99.85 % similarity to CECT4600, respectively. These results suggest that V. tapetis isolated from the Manila clam in Korea is the same species or taxonomically close to V. tapetis reported from Europe. Prevalence of BRD in the present study area was 47% and most of the infected clams showed early phase of the infection (conchiolin deposit group I). Infection intensity of BRD was negatively correlated with condition index of clams (p<0.5), suggesting that BRD has negative impacts on the host clams.