





days after the first injection. The pharmacokinetics behavior was analyzed by the injection of 2.5 IU of rec-hEPO.

The result of Northern blot was expressed in all EPO cell lines. Dimeric EPO samples had a slightly higher band than WT or  $\Delta 69$ . The MTT assay result showed higher value than WT EPO in F-36E cells for EPO dependent cell proliferation. The hematocrit values remarkably increased in all treatment groups. Especially, the EPO $\Delta 69$ +WT,  $\Delta 69$ + $\Delta 69$  groups were enhanced. The pharmacokinetics result was peak at 2h after injection in all groups.  $\Delta 69$  mutant was the highest peak (about 2,000 mIU/ml) at 2 h after injection and WT+ $\Delta 69$ ,  $\Delta 69$ +WT was highly detected. However, it was almost similar pattern between dimeric and  $\Delta 69$ + $\Delta 69$ . The long half-life of rec-hEPO mutants is likely to confer clinical advantages by allowing less frequent dosing in patients treated for anemia.

Keywords: *EPO, Dimer, N-linked glycosylation, Biological activities*