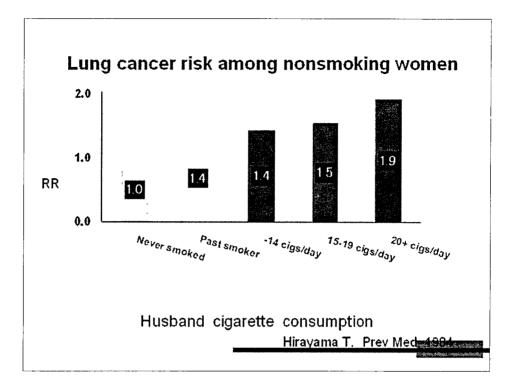
#### Session II-1

#### Environmental tobacco smoke exposure as a determinant of health for indoor workers

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#### Born in Hiroshima, moved to Nagasaki. Now live in Fukuoka.





### Examples of adverse health effects of environmental tobacco smoke

Lung: cancer, respiratory symptoms, asthma

Vascular: CHD (←HDL cholesterol)

Irritation: eyes, nose, throat, skin

Sick Building Syndrome

## **Determinants of ETS exposure**

#### In Japan:

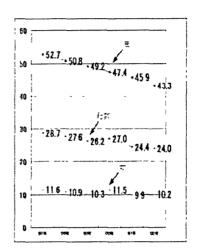
Smoking has long been a social norm.

Nearly 50% of adult men smoke.

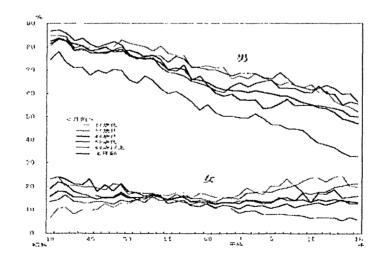
Workers spend long hours in un-partitioned offices.

Modern buildings are airtight (low ventilation rate).

Increasing number of women has entered workforce.



#### Trend of smoking prevalence in Japan



All

Cotinine

medeal of the experience							
Place	Measurement	Feature (red: problem)					
Home Workplace	Spousal smoking No. of smokers Hours worked Restrictions	Through questionnaire or interview (inexpensive)  Measure exposure in remote past  Partial exposure					
Restaurant, bar	Frequency of visit	.a Less reliable					

Highly reliable (expensive)

Reflect current exposure

Overall exposure

(within 48 hrs)

Measurements of ETS exposure

### (1)

### ETS exposure and HDL cholesterol, a preventive factor for CHD

### Background & objective

Summary RR of CHD: 1.2 (Wells AJ, 1994) Such a small increase in risk may be attributable to confounding effects.

Few mechanistic evidence in human exists to support the causal association between ETS exposure and CHD.

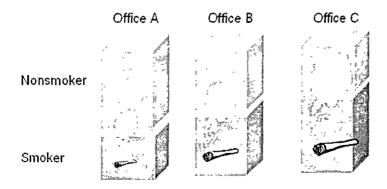
Is workplace ETS exposure associated with HDL-cholesterol levels?

#### Subjects and methods

27 municipal offices (>60 employees)
No or limited smoking restriction (as of 1995)
Periodic health examination
(lifestyles and biochemical analyses)
3,062 nonsmokers (2,135 women & 927 men)
Index of ETS exposure at work
Office smoking prevalence
Office smoking intensity

#### Assumption

ETS exposure among nonsmokers is greater in offices where smoking prevalence, or total cigarette consumption, is high.



 $\mathsf{low} \, \leftarrow \, \mathsf{workplace} \, \mathsf{ETS} \, \mathsf{exposure} \, \to \, \mathsf{high}$ 

### ETS exposure index

Office smoking prevalence =

No. of smokers

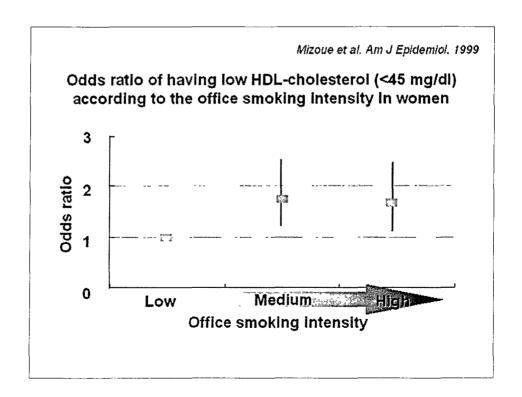
No. of all workers

No. of total cigarettes smoked

by all smokers

Office smoking intensity

No. of all workers



#### Summary & conclusions

Upper two-thirds categories of office smoking intensity was associated with an increased odds ratio of having low HDL cholesterol levels in women, as compared with the lowest third. Nonsmoking women who are exposed to higher levels of ETS in the workplace may have low HDL cholesterol levels, thus leading to an increased risk of cardiovascular diseases.

#### (2)ETS exposure and Sick Building Syndrome



Background & objective ■ Modern offices is becoming tighter.

source of indoor air contaminants if smoking is not restricted.

Is workplace ETS exposure associated with symptoms of typical of SBS?

### Subjects and methods

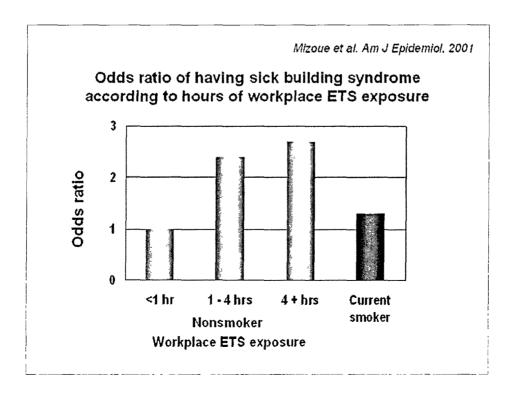
- 1,281 employees of Kitakyushu city office Various smoking restrictions
- Questionnaire survey (1/3 of workers) in 1998 ETS exposure at work
  - "How many hours per day do you work in an indoor workplace where cigarette smoke is present?"
    - < 1 hours, 1-<4 hours, 4+ hours

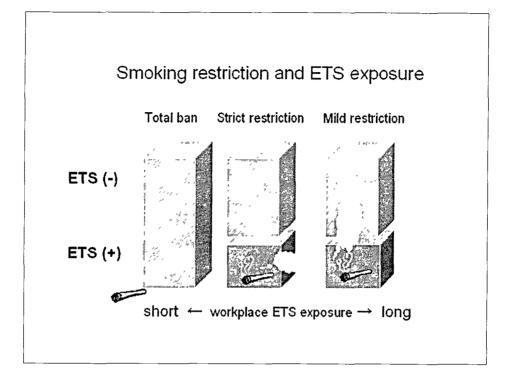
#### Indoor Air Questionnaire (MM040EA) Andersson, Sweden

	Yes, frequently	Yes,	No,	If yes, do you think the symptom was related to work environment	
	(weekty)	sometimes	never	Yes	No
Fatigue Heavy headed Headache Nausea, dizziness Difficulty concentrating	000		00000	0000	0000
Itching, burning, or irritation of the e Irritated, stuffy, or runny nose Hoarse, dry throat Cough	yes 🗆 🗆 🗅	0	0000	0000	
Dry or flushed facial stan Scaling/itching of the scalp or ears Dry, itching, or red-skinned hands Others	0000	000	0000	0000	

### Study-defined sick building syndrome

At least one general symptom (frequently)
+
at least mucous or skin symptom (frequently)

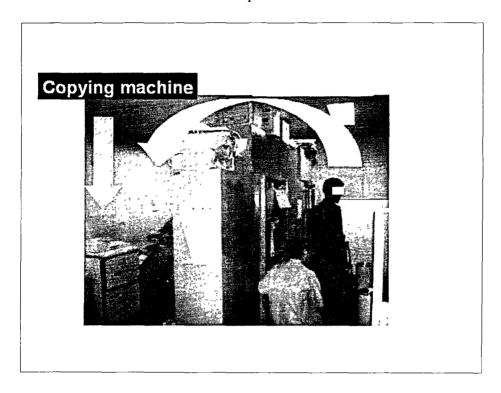


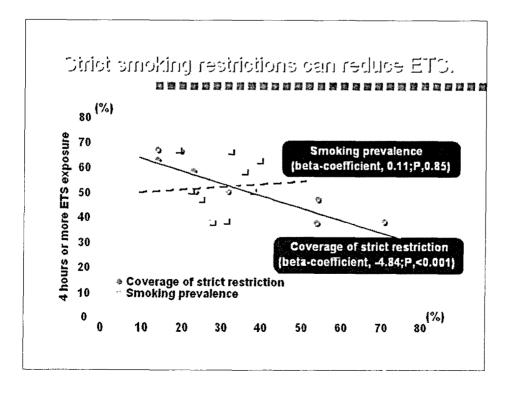


### Smoking at -20°C!

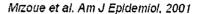


Finnish Institute of Occupational Health
From Yamato's homepage

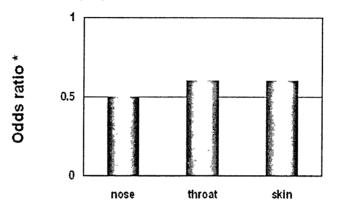




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# The association of strict smoking restriction and symptoms of the nose, throat, and skin



\* Strict restriction (total ban or workroom ban) versus milder restrictions (work area ban, nonsmoking time)

#### Summary & conclusions

- Four hours or longer of ETS exposure at work was associated with 2.7 times higher odds of having study-defined SBS.
- Workplace ETS exposure is an important contributing factor for symptoms typical of SBS in nonsmokers.
   Strict smoking restrictions can reduce ETS exposure, thus leading to a decreased SBS symptoms.

#### Guidelines and regulations in Japan

1996 Guidelines on workplace smoking control (MOL)

2000 "Healthy Japan 21" (MOHW)

(2001 Establishment of Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare)

2002 Assessment of smoking control measures

2003 Health Promotion Law

New guidelines on workplace smoking control

2004 Ratification of the WHO Framework Convention on Tobacco Control

#### **Health Promotion Law**

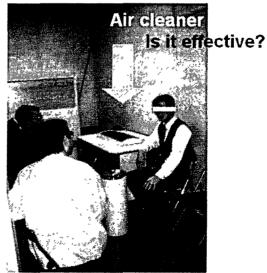
Managers of school, gymnasium, hospital, theater, meeting place, exhibition hall, department, office, public facilities, restaurant, or other places where many people get together are required to take measures against passive smoking.

Appropriate measures:

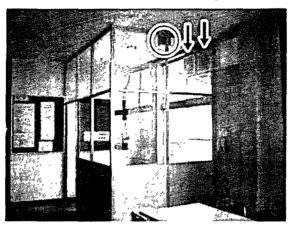
- 1. Total ban
- 2. Designated smoking area Cigarette smoke not entering into nonsmoking area

#### Guidelines on workplace smoking control

- 1 Preface
- 2 Roles of the head, managers, and employees
- 3 Planning of a smoking control strategy
- 4 In-house organization (anti-smoking committee, etc)
- 5 Facilities (smoking room, partition, etc)
- 6 Measurements of indoor air (dust, <=0.15mg/m³; CO, <=10ppm; air flaw from nonsmoking to smoking space, 0.2 + m/s)
- 7 Education
- 8 Evaluation
- 9 Others



# **Functional smoking room**

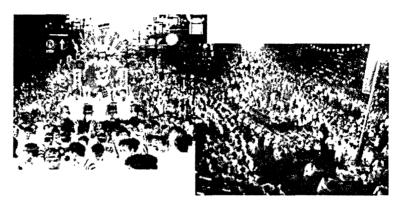


From Yamato's homepage

#### Advantages and disadvantages of smoking restrictions

	Accept (pre)	Accept (true)	Cost	Space	Effect
Total ban	***************************************	(++)	***************************************		++
Workroom ban	1	++	-~++	++	+~++
Work area ban	+	+	-~++	+	土~++
Time limit on smoking	++				-~±

# Thank you for your attention!



Yamakasa Festival, foto by Fukuoka city