

FUNCTIONAL CHARACTERIZATION OF SUGAR TRANSPORTER GENES IN RICE (*Oryza sativa* L.)

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To analyze the function of hexose transporter during rice seed development, we identified the rice hexose transporters (OsSTP1, OsSTP2, OsSTP3, OsSTP4) by BLAST searching rice sequence database with the HvSTP sequence. To analyze the expression patterns and functions of OsSTPs. We performed RT-PCR and yeast complementation experiments. Threeof four transporters are expressed in all organs: leaf, root, flower, and seed, particularly seed coat. Sugars, such as sucrose, glucose and fructose, induced the accumulation of transcripts of OsSTP1, OsSTP2 and OsSTP4 in excised leaves and immature seeds treated with sugars. The level of OsSTP2 was significantly up-regulated in leaf treated with sucrose. The deduced amino acid sequences are predicted to contain 12 transmembranes. The OsSTP2appeared to be most similar to the HvSTPs in the analysis of the phylogenetic tree. The OsSTP1, OsSTP2 have been analyzed to have a large central loop, about 360a.a. The OsSTP3 is expressed only in the flower specifically pollen, which has been proved by the comparison of the expression of OsSTP3 in both wild-type and the UDT1mutantwhich does not product the pollen. The result clearly exhibited that the OsSTP3is expressed at the 20.5-22 cm panicles of the wild-type but not expressed in the UDT1mutant.

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