

Development of a multipurpose paper with good printability
for offset, rotogravure and digital printing

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1) WEIPATECH, 2) SBP RESOURCES, 3) SUED-CHEMIE

Future developments of printing papers – arguments to produce a multipurpose paper

Competition: printed versus electronic media

Challenge of new printing technologies: non-impact and digital printing

Trend towards smaller printing volumes (< 5000 copies)

Possibilities to substitute existing paper grades to get better margins

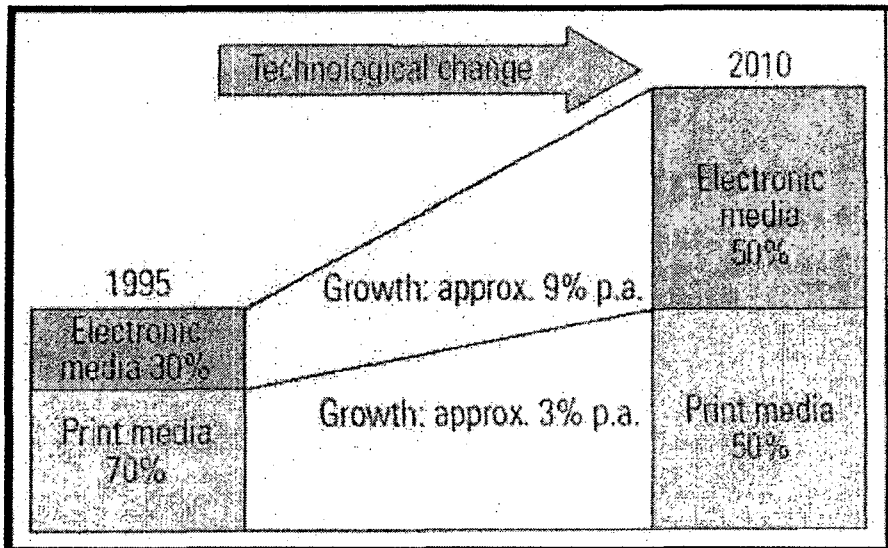
(for example: SC-B instead of SC-A)

More flexibility and therefore higher capacity of the paper machines

(interesting for smaller machines)

Demand for high quality multipurpose papers with excellent runnability
and printability (color printing) for advertisement

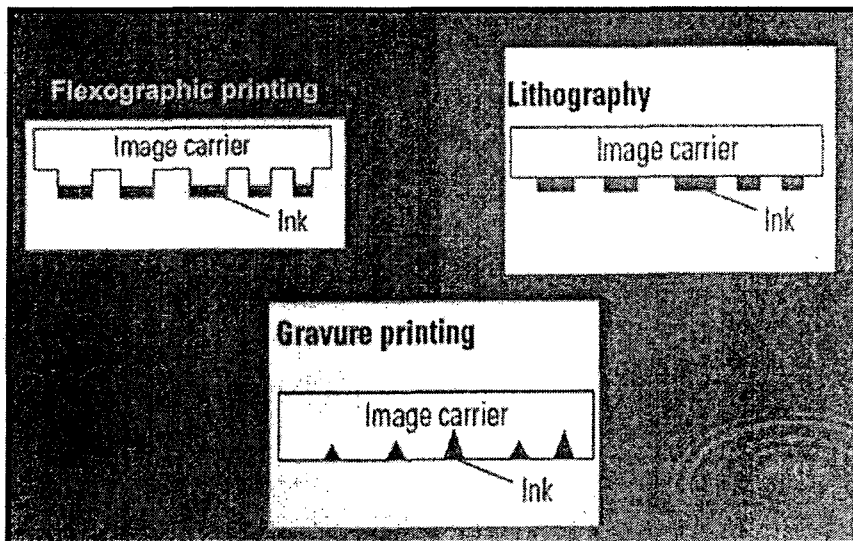
Future Trends in Printing market Segments



Source: National Printing Laboratory

Three Main Printing Technologies

Totaling 84%



Source: National Printing Laboratory

Printing Market Share Affects Choice of Coating Minerals

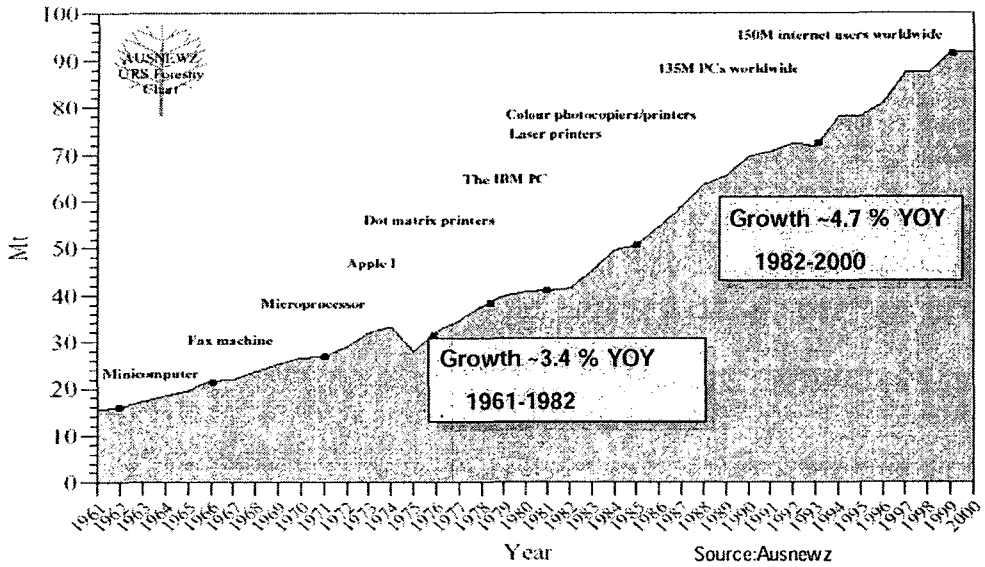
	1990	1995	2000	2025
Lithographic	47	47	45	30
Gravure	19	20	20	20
Flexography	17	18	19	20
Letterpress	11	7	4	2
Screen	3	3	3	2
Non-Impact	3	5	9	26

Source: National Printing Laboratory

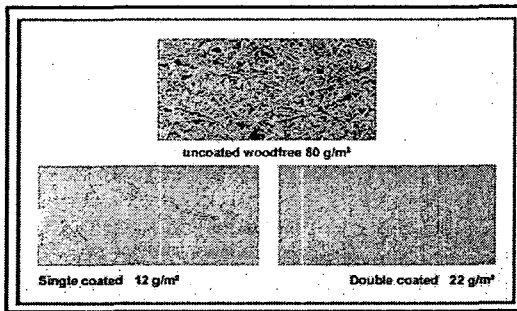
Comparison of the 3 Main Printing Technologies

	PRODUCTS	CHARACTERISITICS
Flexography	Bags Labels Envelopes Corrugated Containers Wrapping Papers Folding Cartons	Liquid Inks Soft/Flexible Plates Low Printing Pressure Low Cost Short / Medium Runs
Gravure	Magazines Catalogues Wallpaper Specialised Packaging Postage Stamps	Liquid Inks Chrome Plated Steel Cylinders Long Runs
Lithography	Newspapers Magazines Catalogues Packaging	Paste Inks Metal Plate / Rubber Blankets Low / Medium Cost Medium / Long Runs

Global Apparent Demand for Printing & Writing Papers
1961-2000 (Millions of tonnes)

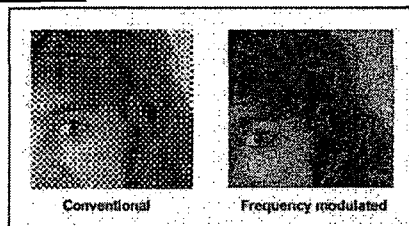


Paper Surfaces & Coating Amounts



The Technology

The Result



Coated Paper production & export trends

1) Paper production & shipment of Taiwan in 2002 & 2003

(Unit : 1,000MT)

	2002			2003		
	Production	Domestic shipment	Export	Production	Domestic Shipment	Export
Cultural paper						
·coated P&W	354	255	99	359	260	101
·uncoated P&W	345	300	43	327	290	39
·others	14	17	-	10	11	-
sub-total	713	572	142	696	561	140
Household paper	274	241	36	286	254	36
Packaging paper	54	55	2	55	49	1
Specialty paper	84	81	4	83	79	4
PAPER TOTAL	1,126	948	184	1,120	942	182
Paper board						
liner & corrugated	2,349	1,860	521	2,504	1,888	603
Duplex	671	369	311	655	362	297
other	247	220	25	256	230	25
sub-total	3,267	2,448	857	3,414	2,480	925
PAPER&BOARD TOTAL	4,393	3,396	1,041	4,533	3,422	1,107

2) Paper production & export of Taiwan, Korea & Japan

- Taiwan

(Unit : 1,000MT)

	2002		2003	
	production	export	production	export
Coated P&W	354	99	359	101
Uncoated P&W	345	43	327	39
Sub-total	699	142	686	140
Total Paper&Board	4,293	1,041	4,533	1,107

-Korea

	2002		2003	
	production	export	production	export
Coated P&W	1,687	929	1,807	1,006
Uncoated P&W	853	4	778	7
Sub-total	2,540	933	2,585	1,013
Total Paper&Board	9,812	2,378	10,148	2,662

-Japan

	2002		2003	
	production	export	production	export
Coated P&W	6,387	479	6,380	426
Uncoated P&W	4,844	265	4,798	247
Sub-total	11,231	744	11,178	673
Total Paper&Board	30,674	1,578	30,458	1,326

3-1) Paper production & consumption of China

(Unit : 1,000MT)

Year	Production	Import	Export	Consumption
1990	13,719	962	252	14,428
1995	28,123	3,029	530	30,662
2000	30,500	5,970	720	35,750
2001	32,000	5,662	800	36,830
2002	37,800	6,369	855	43,320
2003	43,000	6,350	1,290	48,060

3-2) Paper Production of China (Paper Grade by Grade)

(Unit : 1,000MT)

	2000	2003	2010
Newsprint	1,450	2,070	3,200
Printing & Writing	7,000	12,000	13,250
Daily Necessaries	2,500	3,470	4,250
Packageeing	4,200	4,800	5,000
Duplex Board	2,500	5,500	5,600
Liner	3,700	6,800	8,400
Corrugated	5,500	6,700	9,500
Specialty Paper & Board	660	1,660	2,000
Total	—	43,000	51,200

3-3) Paper Production & Pulp Supply of China

(Unit : 1,000 MT)

Year	2000			2005			2010		
	30,500			38,000~40,000			50,000~53,000		
Paper Production	F.S.	Pulp	%	F.S.	Pulp	%	F.S.	Pulp	%
Fiber Source & Pulp Supply	41,900	27,810	100	48,000	36,950	100	57,600	48,000	100
1) Wood	-	5,350	19	-	9,250	25	-	13,450	28
Domestic	9,000	2,000	7	16,650	3,700	10	32,400	7,200	15
Import	-	3,350	12	-	5,500	15	-	6,250	13
2) Non-wood	27,650	11,060	40	26,750	10,700	29	28,800	11,500	24
Weed	2,500	1,000	4	3,000	1,200	3	4,000	1,600	3
Bamboo	750	300	1	4,000	1,600	4	7,500	3,000	6
Baqasse	750	300	1	1,000	400	1	1,300	500	1
Straw	21,550	8,620	31	17,250	6,900	19	15,000	6,000	13
Others	2,100	840	3	1,500	600	2	1,000	400	1
3) Recycled	14,250	11,400	41	21,250	17,000	46	28,800	23,050	48
Domestic	10,540	8,430	30	13,250	10,600	29	9,800	15,850	33
Import	3,710	2,970	11	8,000	6,400	17	9,000	7,200	15

* Source : China Tappi Journal (2004)

3-4) Top 20 Producing companies in China based on tonnage

(Unit : 1,000MT)

No.	Name of Paper Company	Output (tonnes)		
		2003	2002	% change
1	Shandong Chenming Paper	1,270	1,043	21.7
2	Gold East Paper (Jiangsu) Co. Ltd.	1,214	1,113	9.1
3	Dongguan Nine Dragons paper Industries	913	725	26.0
4	Sun paper	597	517	15.5
5	Shandong Huatai Group	585	450	30.0
6	Lee & Man paper Mfg. Co., Ltd.	568	-	-
7	Ningbo Zhonghua Paper Co., Ltd.	472	476	▲ 8
8	Shandong Bo Hui Paper Co. Ltd.	410	225	82.2
9	Guangzhou Paper Group	397	382	4.1
10	UPM-Kymmene Group	368	343	7.0
11	Syanying Paper Industry	367	198	85.7
12	Yueyang paper	348	261	33.2
13	Gold Huasheng Paper (Suzhou Industrial Park) Co. Ltd.	326	263	24.2
14	Ningxia Meili Paper Industry Co., Ltd.	307	194	58.0
15	Shandong Tralin Paper Co. Ltd.	273	195	40.4
16	Nanzhi Co., Ltd. Fujian	267	242	10.4
17	Zhongshan Rengo Hung Hing Paper Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	263	196	34.4
18	Yinhe Paper Group	250	170	47.1
19	Zhejiang Jingxing paper	248	187	32.7
20	Fujian Qingshan paper Industry co., Ltd.	245	213	15.1

* Source :China Tappi.

Targets of the development:

- Production of a coated paper with suitability for all conventional and new printing technologies (MULTIPURPOSE PAPER)
- High quality claims without costs increase by offering a 'reactive, functional coating layer"
- Decrease of the paper grammage without quality loss
- New paper quality for new paper markets
- Possibility of high production speeds > 1.800m \min
- High efficiency without variation the formulations (pulp\coating : for example offset-rotogravure-offset)
- Better capacity of the paper machines
- Good recycling behaviour of the new paper grade

Reversal demands for coated printing papers:

·Adapted pigment and binder systems:

- RG and Flexo with low demand of binder (high binder amount means quality loss)
- Offset with high binder demand (high binder amount create problems concerning Heatset-printing)

·Coated special papers for example inkjet, NCR need active surface:

- Pigments with high specific surface area (silica etc.)
- High binder demand and therefore loss of active surface
- High production costs because of expensive raw materials and limited production speeds (low capacities)

1. Case Study : Helicoater (speed=650m/min)

Trial No.	Trial 1	Trial 2	Trial 3	Trial 4
Pigment:				
Calciumcarbonate (GCC)	RG coating colour	60	-	-
Kaolin	out of the production	40	-	-
Modified Bentonite	-	-	100	100
Binder / Additive:				
Offset Binder	-	8,5	-	-
PVA 4-98	-	1,5	3,5	-
Modified Starch	-	2,5	-	-
Optical Brightener	-	0,8	-	-
HF-Resin	-	0,3	0,8	-
Cross Linking Agent MFP	-	0,5	0,3	1,5
Solid Content [%]	-	58,2	15,3	17,0
BV 100 RPM [%]	-	740	1100	1200
Coating Weight [gm2]	7,0	7,2	1,2	1,4
Gloss 75° [%]	48,0	52,1	22,6	24,6
Smoothness Bekk [sec.]	2660	2280	1770	1821
Brightness R457 with UV [%]	70,4	70,9	65,8	66,1
Opacity [%]	90,6	89,3	87,5	88,7

Evaluation of the Heliocoater trials

Trial No.	Trial 1 (RG-Colour)	Trial 2 (Offset-Colour)	Trial 3 (mod. Bentonite without CLA)	Trial 4 (mod. Bentonite without Binder)
Offset Suitability:				
Printing Gloss	17	18	14	14
Optical Density	1,42	1,5	1,33	1,38
Penetration Behaviour	600	600	1800	1800
Picking with Pre-Wetting	Strong Picking	Picking	Picking	No Picking
Picking without Pre-Wetting	Strong Picking	No Picking	No Picking	No Picking
Rotogravure Suitability:				
Gloss (Whole Area)	8	7,5	6	7
Density Depth 40	2,39	2,42	2,43	2,38
Missing Dots	+	(+)	+	+
Inkjet Suitability:				
Visual Evaluation	-	(-)	+	+
Paper Gloss	48,0	52,1	22,6	24,6

Summary of Helicoater trials:

- Gloss development of 'functional coating' (Trial 4) is only suitable for matte or semi-matte papers in spite of increased calender conditions (bentonite is a matte pigment), but is offering high printing gloss
- Compared to standard matte papers there are no problems with partial gloss spots caused by further processing (fingernail test, friction gloss)
- The coated paper (Trial 4) is printable with good results using different print options
- The high smoothness and 'active coating surface" is very positive for the RG-printability (coated RG-Matte-Papers are less calendered)

Laboratory optimisation work showed:

- With pigments having : silicate layer structure, high specific surface area, requested pore volume and aspect ratio
- With special cross linking agents creating bonds between the SiOH

(Silanol functional groups) of the pigment and the OH-groups of the fibres

and therefore a good fixation to the coating base paper

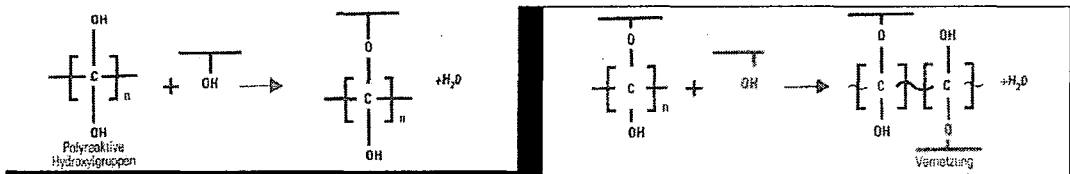
·We produce a 'functional coating layer" without binder but high active surface suitable for all print operations getting good results

(MULTIFUNCTION PAPER)

Mechanism of

– Modified Glyoxal Compound –

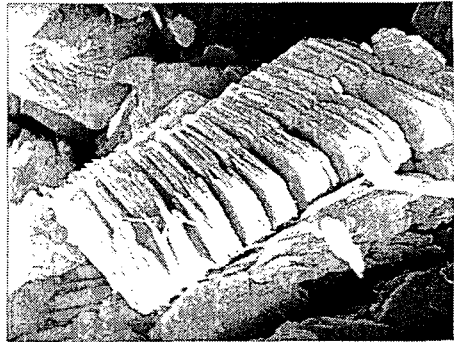
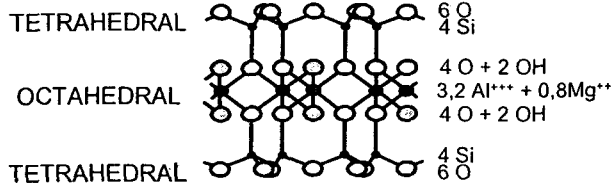
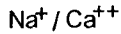
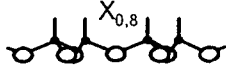
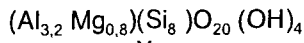
Modified and stabilised Glyoxal-resins react preferred with –OH groups but obviously also with –SiOH groups of the pigment:



Advantages of the modified and stabilised Glyoxal compound:

- No linking reaction in water (viscosity increase)
- Improved adsorption of the non-ionic compound to the pigment
- Based on the non-ionic behaviour usable in anionic and cationic coating formulations
- Strength development already in the drying section of the CM
- No difficulties with smelling or environment (formaldehyde and AOX)
- No tendency for yellowing
- No problem with broke recycling because temporary wet strength

MONTMORILLONITE



Comparison different minerals

microstructure	Kaolin 2- layer silicate	Bentonite 3- layer silicate	Talc 3- layer silicate
layer charge	weak anionic	anionic	0
cation exchange capacity	1-10 mval/100g	60-120 mval/100g	low
swelling capacity	low	well	none
delamination	milling	simple dispersing	difficult
viscosity (thixotropy)	low	large	low
shape factor	8-15	20-50(dry) up to 1000 (disp.)	30
specific surface	9-15 m ² /g	40-80 m ² /g (dry) up to 750 m ² /g (disp.)	5-12 m ² /g
fibre adhesion	low	well	low

2. Case Study with Pilot Coater – VESTRA –

Base Paper: 100 % DIP 54 g/m²

VESTRA–Pilot Coater: Width 59 cm, SM–velocity 50 m/min – 2500 m/min

Coating Unit: Film press Jagenberg

Drying: Krieger INFRA-AIR-Dryer CB-AIR-Dryer

Super Calender: Voith Sulzer, 12 rolls

Speed 50 –600 m/min

Nip Pressure 110–320 KN/m

Temperature 40 –95C

Trial 1–Trial 4 papers were calendered with following conditions:

Velocity: 400 m/min

Nip Pressure: 160 N/min

Temperature: 95 C with 4 Nips

LWC–RG and some papers of Trial 1, Trial 4 and Trial 5 were calendered with following conditions:

Velocity: 600m/min

Nip Pressure: 180 N/mm

Temperature: 90 C with 11 Nips

Coating formulations:

Pigment/Additive/Parameter	T1	T2	T3	T4	T5
Bentonite I	100	100			
Bentonite II			100	100	75
Kaolin					25
Optical Brightener	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.8
PVA	0.8			0.8	1.3
Modified PVA		1.5			
Glyoxal-Compound	1.5	1.7	2.0	1.8	1.7
Thickener	0.2		0.1	0.2	0.1
Binder					2.0
pH-value	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.7	7.8
Viskosität Brookfield 100 rpm	290	850	620	460	360
Solid Content (%)	14.4	13.3	22.6	22.4	25.5
Base Paper:	DIP	DIP	DIP	DIP	DIP
Rod Type	C25	C25	C22	C22	C30
Velocity (m/min)	1000	1000	1800	1800	1800
Coating weight per side (gm ²)	2.1	1.9	1.9	2.1	2.2

All amounts calculated as dry material, only OBA handled with commercial solid content

Results of Pilot Coater trials

Parameter	T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	LWC-Offset	LWC-RG
Brightness R457 with UV	76.1	76.6	77.2	76.8	77.5	85.6	76.5
Opacity	91.7	91.8	91.8	91.5	92.4	94.0	93.8
Paper Gloss (45°)	18.1	16.7	15.5	16.1	20.5	40.3	49.7
Printing Gloss (60°)	8	7	8	8.5	24.5	14	
Mottling	Weak Mottling	Weak Mottling	Weak Mottling	Weak Mottling	Weak Mottling	Weak Mottling	-
Penetration (sec)	60	600	600	600	500	300	-
Wet Picking	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Dry Picking	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Missing Dots	Very good	Less	Less	Very good	Very good	-	less
Printing Smoothness	Very good	Good	Good	Very good	Very Good	-	Very good
Flexo Suitability	Very good	Suitable	Suitable	Very good	Good	-	good
Inkjet Suitability	Very good	Good	Very good	Very good	Good	Bad	Very bad
Laser Suitability	Good	Good	Good	Good	Good	Very good	good

With Adjustment of the calender it was possible to get an additional quality improvement for RG, Flexo and Inkjet

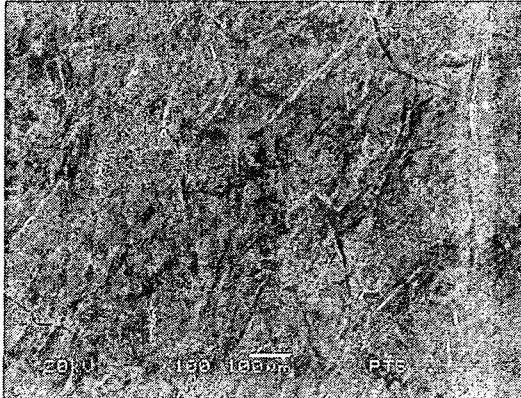
For comparison we produced LWC-Offset- and LWC-RG paper (same base paper)

Offset: 80 parts CaCO₃, 20 parts Kaolin + 12 parts Binder/Rotogravure: 80 parts Kaolin, 20 parts Talc + 5 parts Binder (coating weight for both: 7.5 g/m)

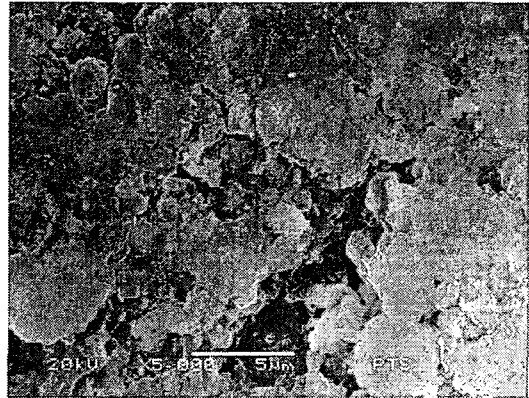
Summary of Pilot Coater Trial:

- Very good runnability of the CM with velocity up to 1800 m/min (control of the coating weight without problems)
- The papers with 'functional coating" could be printed with different options and resulting good quality
- The printing gloss – Offset and RG – increased with improved calender conditions without influencing the paper gloss too strong
- With additional calender variation we are getting a reasonable printability for RG, Flexo and Inkjet

REM-photos of the functional coating



V4 - 100x enlarged



V4 - 5000x enlarged

Reactive Functional Coating without Binder:

Layer silicate with high specific surface area

Cross linking agent (compound) 1,2–2% to pigment

Coating weight 0,8 – 3,5 g/m², preferred 1,3 – 1,8 g/m²

Coating unit: Film press

Calender conditions adapted to the paper application

Remarks:

- Coating colour: viscosity >500 mPas BV/100 (to avoid the penetration of the CLA into the base paper)
- PH-value <9,0
- Temperature of the coating colour <60Celsius
- Base paper not too strong sized