Molecular characterization of HvSAMS gene in early maturity barley

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극조숙 보리 종실에서의 HvSAMS 유전자 검정

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Objective

Previous study, we isolated a noble gene, which was differentially expressed gene in seed development of early maturity barley. The purpose of this study was to characterize and expression.

Materials and methods

Plant material: The grain of early maturity barley, K800, (GSHO 1732 GS96, eam10)

Northern Blot: Southern StarTM detection kit

Protein expression: pET32 a vector

Yeast II Hybridization: Matchmaker lirary (Cotransformation methods)

Results and Discussion

Previous study, we constructed a cDNA library (Final titer: 6.94 X 10⁹ pfu/ml) from kernel of early maturity barley (possessing eam10). As screening cDNA library, we identified a noble gene, HvSAMS (Hordeum vulgare S-AdenosylMethionine Syntase). The whole coding regions of HvSAMS was cloned in the bacterial expression vector pET 32 and transformed into the host cells BL21. After induction with IPTG, a prominent band of 52 kDa could be detected SDS-PAGE analysis (Fig. 1). Immunoblot analysis with a anti-HIS antibody revevealed one band at a similar kDa range (data not shown).

HvSAMS transcripts were detected in plant growth hormones and elicitor treated leaves (Fig. 2). Most abundant was detected 24h or 48h after treatment.

We used HvSAMS as bait and constructed a yeast II hybridization (SD/-Leu: 1.27 X 10⁷ cells) for potential HvSAMS-interacting proteins. With X-a gal assay, 21 clones were selected. Further study is underway.

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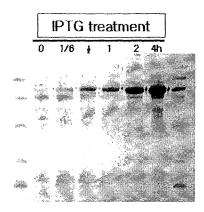


Fig. 1 Protein expression of HvSAMS in pET32a vector with 10mM IPTG

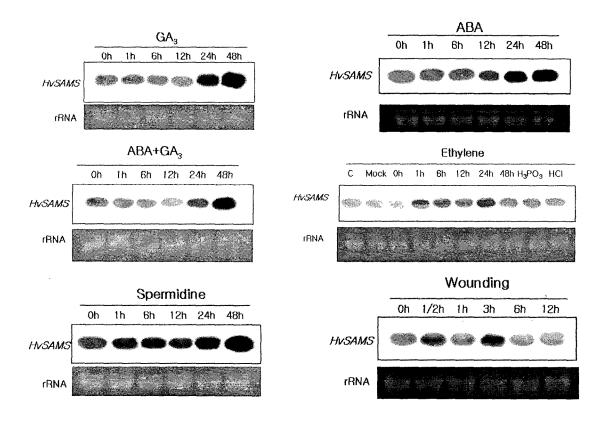


Fig. 2 Northern blot analysis of *HvSAMS* gene with pant growth hormones and elicitor treatments.