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Adsorption of chloroethylenes on $Si(001)2\times1$ surfaces

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Adsorption of three chloroethylenes [cis-1,2-dichloroethylene (HClC=CHCl); trans-1,2-dichloroethylene;, tetrachloroethylene(Cl₂C=CCl₂)] on Si(001)2×1 at room temperature(RT) has been investigated by photoeletron spectroscopy using synchrotron radiation. After chloroethylenes saturation at room temperature, cis- and trans -1,2-dichloroethylene the C_{1s} core-level spectra exhibit only a single component but tetrachloro ethylene appear two components contributed by carbon atoms in C-Cl and C-Si, while the Si_{2p} core-level spectra shows two new surface components, which is expected in Si-C and Si-Cl state. According to the valenece band spectra, we observed three peaks at near 3.2 eV (σ_{st-C}), 5.9 eV ($\pi_{C=C}$) and 12.3 eV (σ_{C-C}). These studies illustrates that the important roles of molecular symmetry and Cl content of the adsorbate on the RT chemisorption of chloroethylenes on Si(100)2×1, which ultimately control the surface chemistry of these important unsaturated chlorinated hydrocarbons.