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Heat Transfer Coefficients of Individual Rows for Fin-and-Tube Heat Exchangers

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Key Words : Heat Exchanger(), Heat Transfer Coefficient(), Row-by-Row(),
Fin(), Wave()

Abstract

The row-by-row heat transfer characteristics of fin-and-tube heat exchangers having wavy fins were experimentally investigated. Three samples having different rows (one, two and three) were tested. Results show that the heat transfer coefficient is strongly dependent on the tube row. The heat transfer coefficient of the first row is larger than those of second or third rows. However, the difference decreases as the Reynolds number increases. The heat transfer coefficients of the second and the third row are approximately the same, probably due to increased mixing of bulk flow by wavy channels. Although samples have different tube row, the heat transfer coefficients of same row are approximately the same.

		k_r	:	[W m ⁻¹ K ⁻¹]
		N	:	
		NTU	:	
A	:	[m ²]		
A_c	:	[m ²]		
A_t	:	[m ²]		
c_p	:	[J kg ⁻¹ K ⁻¹]		
D_c	:	[m]		
D_r	:	[m]		
G	:	[kg m ⁻² s ⁻¹]		
h	:	[W m ⁻² K ⁻¹]		
j	:	Colburn j		
		$\frac{h_o}{\rho_a V_{max} c_{pa}} Pr_a^{2/3}$		
		Pr	:	Prandtl
		r_c	:	[m]
		Re_{eq}	:	$\frac{D_r G}{\mu}$
		Re_w	:	Reynolds
		Re_D	:	D_c Reynolds
		T	:	[K]
		t_f	:	[m]
		U	:	[W m ⁻² K ⁻¹]
		V_{max}	:	[m s ⁻¹]

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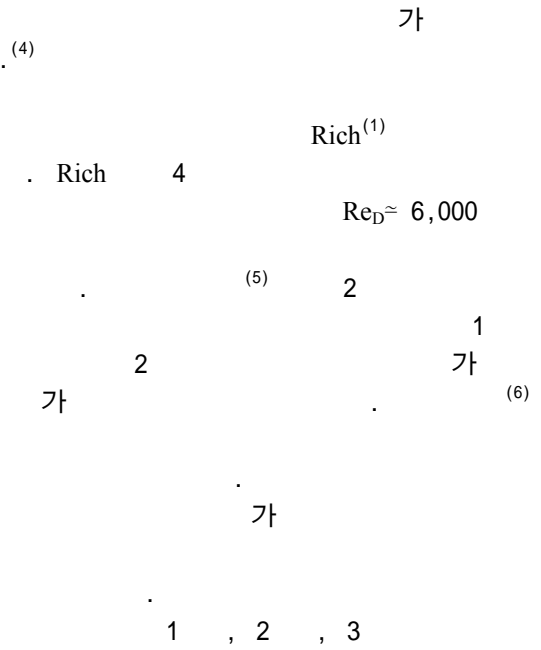
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η :
 η_o :
 ρ : [kg m⁻³]
 μ : [kg m⁻¹ s⁻¹]

a :
i :
in :
f :
m :
o :
out :
t :
w :

1.



2.

Fig. 1

Fig.

2

가

1 가 가 ,
(1-3) 가
가 가 가
(4)
(tube-by-tube)

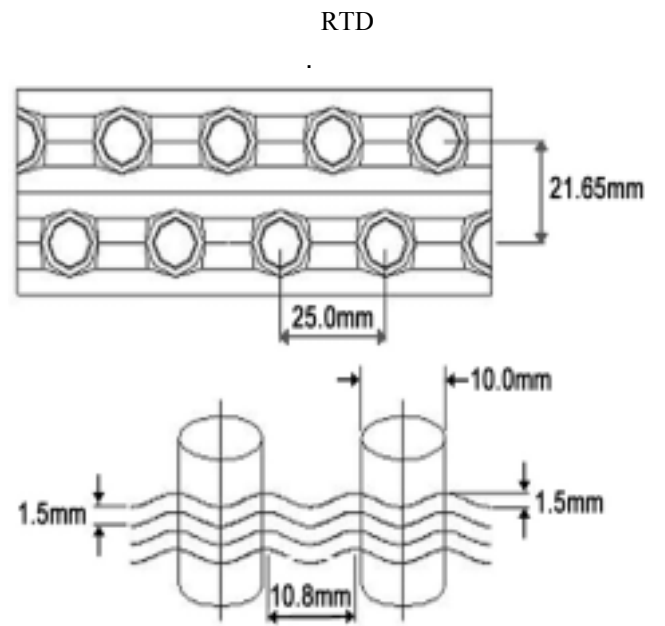


Fig. 1 Schematic drawing of the wave fin-and-tube heat exchanger.

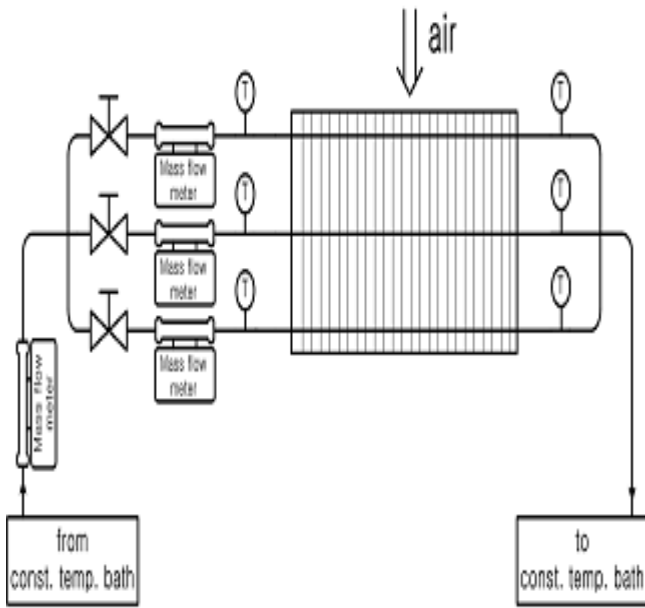


Fig. 2 Water-side flow circuit of the 3-row sample

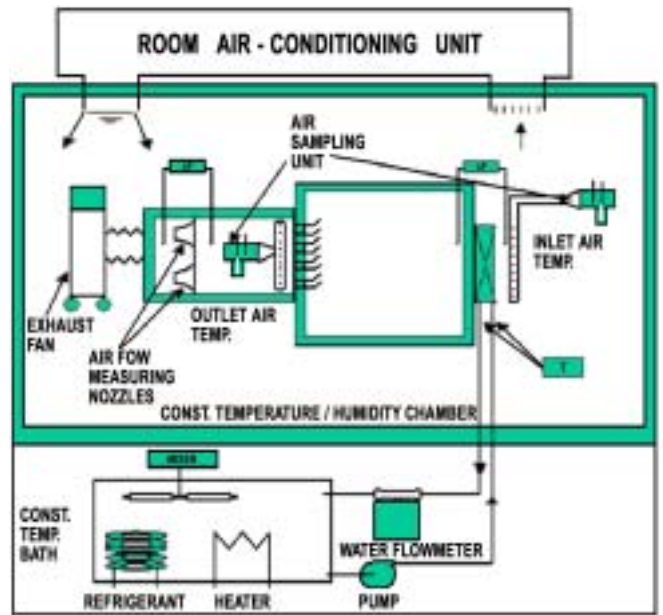


Fig. 3 Schematic drawing of the test setup

가 Fig. 3

가 (5)

(6) 2

3.

ASHRAE 41.1

0.1 RTD($P_t-100\Omega$) $\pm 0.0015\ell/s$

41.2] [ASHRAE $\pm 1Pa$

21, 60%RH 55 0.5

m/s 3.5m/s

3%

가

$$T_{air,n} = T_{air,n-1} + \frac{(\dot{m}c_p \Delta T)_{water,n}}{\dot{m}_a c_{p_a}} \times \frac{Q_{air}}{Q_{water}} \quad (1)$$

Q_{air} Q_{water} n n

ε -NTU UA UA

$$\frac{1}{\eta_o h_o A_o} = \frac{1}{UA} - \frac{1}{h_i A_i} - \frac{1}{k_t A_t} \quad (2)$$

가 .
 (7)

$$N_w = 0.00172 Re^{1.12} Pr_w^{0.3} \quad 3,000 \leq Re_w \leq 21,000 \quad (3)$$

$$N_w = 0.0376 Re^{0.81} Pr_w^{0.3} \quad 21,000 \leq Re_w \leq 45,000 \quad (4)$$

(3) (4) Nusselt Reynolds

가 .
 10%
 η_o (5)

$$\eta_o = 1 - \frac{A_f}{A_o} (a - \eta) \quad (5)$$

Schmidt⁽⁸⁾

$$\eta = \frac{\tanh(mr_c \phi)}{mr_c \phi} \quad (6)$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{2h_o}{k_f t_f}} \quad (7)$$

$$\phi = \left(\frac{Re_q}{r_c} - 1 \right) \left[1 + 0.35 \ln \left(\frac{Re_q}{r_c} \right) \right] \quad (8)$$

$$\frac{Re_q}{r_c} = 1.28 \frac{P_t}{r_c} \left(\frac{\sqrt{(P_t/2)^2 + P_t^2}}{P_t} - 0.2 \right)^{0.5} \quad (9)$$

$$h_o \quad (2) \quad (9)$$

$$Re_{Dc} = \frac{\rho_a V_{max} D_c}{\mu_a} \quad (10)$$

$$j = \frac{h_o}{\rho_a V_{max} c_{p_a}} Pr_a^{2/3} \quad (11)$$

4.

Fig. 4 1, 2, 3 3

가
 가

Fig. 5 1, 2, 3

가 . 2

Reynolds

Re_v ≈ 1,700

가

(1,5,6)

1 2, 3

3

Rich⁽¹⁾

Reynolds

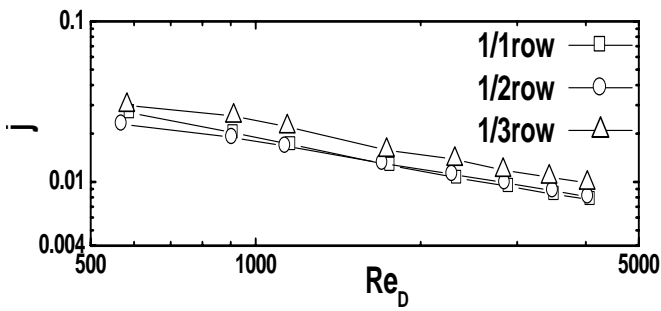
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3

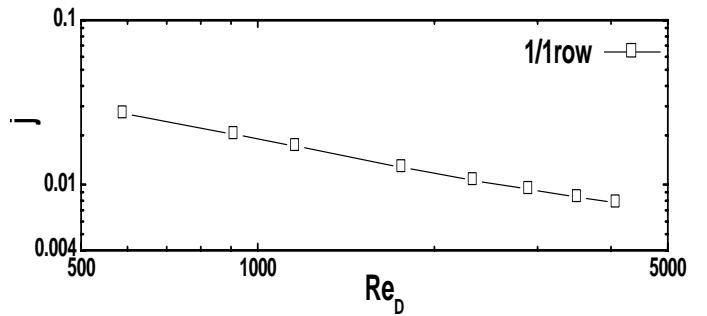
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3

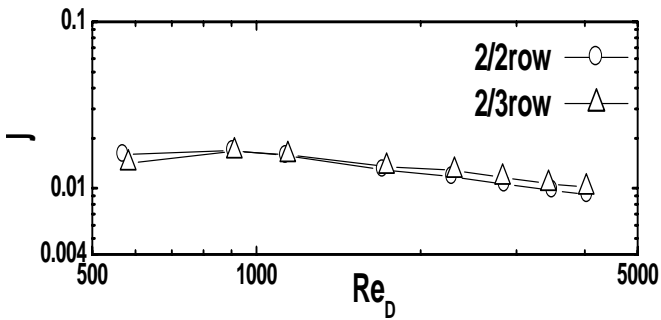
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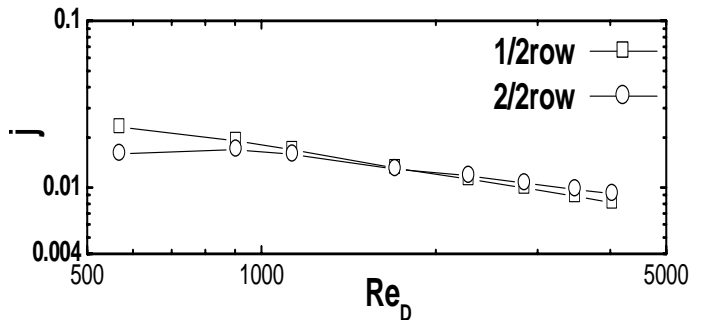
(a) 1row



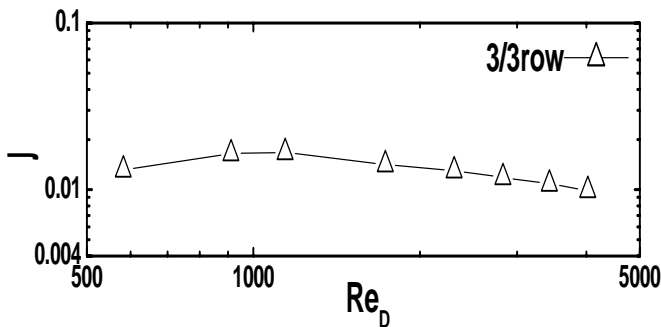
(a) 1row



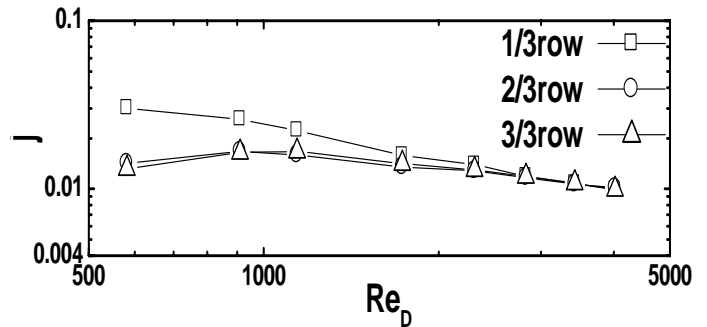
(b) 2row



(b) 2row



(c) 3row



(c) 3row

Fig. 4 Comparison j factor for wavy fin samples

Fig. 5 Row-by-row j factors for wavy fin samples

5.

1, 2, 3, 3

2) 3

2 3

1) Reynolds 가 2, 3 가
1 Reynolds 가

3)

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