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Stress Corrosion Crack Growth Evaluation in Primary Loop of Nuclear Power Plant

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Key Words: Stress Corrosion Crack, Residual Stress, Leak-Before-Break, Allowable Flaw Depth

Abstract

The most important mode of subcritical crack growth is primary water stress corrosion crack, which was the reported mechanism from the root cause analysis of the crack in the bimetallic welds. Stress corrosion crack growth evaluations was carried out for several flaw shapes of both axial and circumferential flaws, using the steady-state stresses including residual stresses. This evaluation considered the possibility of additional flaws in the primary loops of nuclear power plant, even though no such flaws have been identified by Ultrasonic Test. Consequently, Results show that the predicted flaw sizes will determine acceptability for continued service and maintenance.

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2000 10 Virgil C. Summer

(Leak-Before-Break:LBB)

가 (2)

(Screen Criteria of LBB)

(,)

가 (1) , , ,) (Stress Corrosion)

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가 360

가 6 (1), 2)

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가

US. NRC

1

가

(3,4)

Virgil C Summer

900MWe

(best

estimate)

2 (3.2)

가 [3]. , US. NRC

가

가

2.2

900MWe

(SA 508, Class

Alloy 182

(bounding estimate)

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가

3)

(SA 430, Gr. FP316N)

Alloy 182가

Fig. 1

Virgil C.

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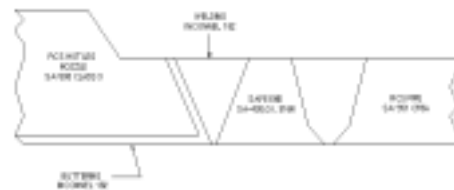


Fig. 1 Geometry of Nozzle to Pipe Weld Region

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2.3

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가

900MWe

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, Virgil C. Summer

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0,117)

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2

2

4

0.117

가

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Appendix A C

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ASME Sec.XI, Appendix A

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Polynomial

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2.1 가

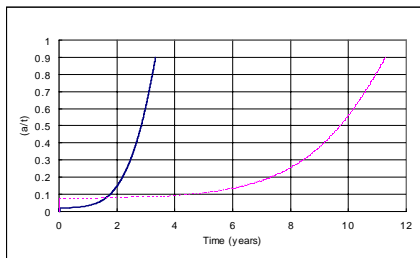
$$2.1 \times 10^{-11} (K - 9)^{1.16} m/sec$$

2.3.1 가

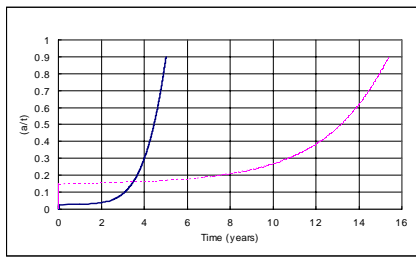
가 (3)

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Fig. 2



(a) Inside Surface



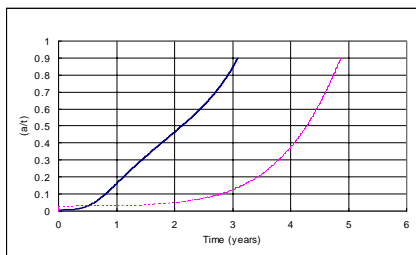
(b) Outside surface

Fig. 2 Crack Growth Predictions vs. Time for Postulated Axial Flows, Aspect Ratio 2:1

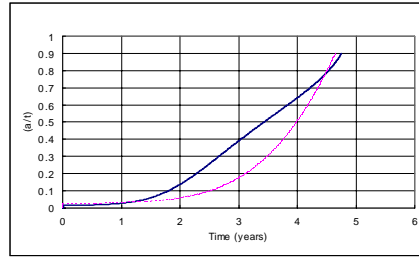
2.3.2 가

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2 가

Fig. 3



(a) Inside Surface



(b) Outside Surface

Fig. 3 Crack Growth Predictions vs. Time for Postulated Circumferential Flaws, Aspect Ratio 2:1

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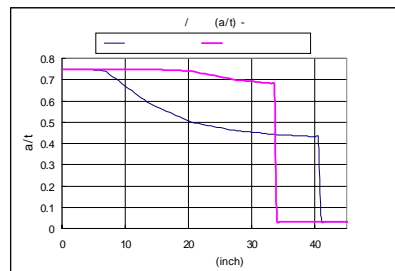
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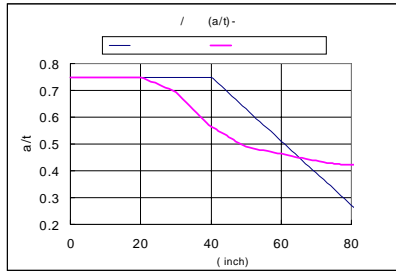
Flux가

Fig. 4

가
5 ,
20 75%
가
75%



(Axial Flows)



(Circumferential Flaws)

Fig. 4 Allowable Flaw Depth to Thickness Ratio for Postulated Flaws

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2 가 4 . Table 1 가 0.117

Table 1 Results of Stress Corrosion Crack Growth

균열 종류	균열 위치	형상비 (l/a)	예측 관통기간	
			잔류응력 고려	잔류응력 불고려
축방향 균열	내부 표면	2	2.0년	10.7년
		4	1.2년	6.6년
	외부 표면	2	2.7년	14.7년
		4	1.4년	9.2년
원주방향	내부 표면	2	2.2년	3.2년
		4	1.1년	1.6년
	외부 표면	2	3.1년	3.0년
		4	1.9년	1.6년

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