

2004년 유체기계연구개발 발표회, (사)유체기계공업학회 2004.12.3.~4. 인하대학교

복합발전기술로서 열병합 발전의 역할과 전망

오 시 덕



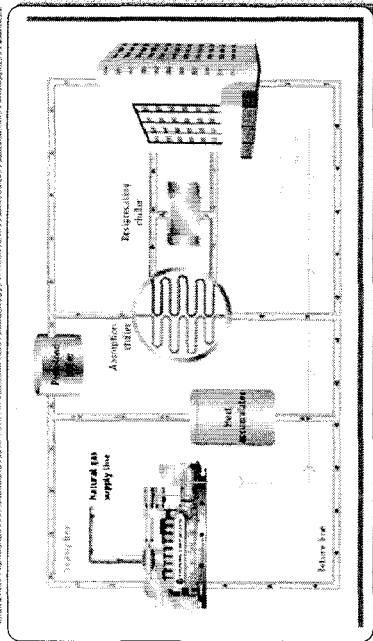
HYOSUNG CORPORATION

SI-Deck Oh

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기술의 정의 및 개념 설명

향나의 에너지원으로부터 전력과 열을 동시에 발생 시키는 발전으로 33% 이상 에너지 효율



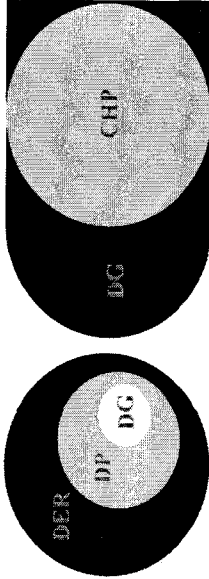
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Definition of Distributed Resources

- ✓ **Distributed Generation (DG)**
: Any technology that produces power outside of the utility grid
- ✓ **Distributed Power (DP)**
: Any technology that produces power or stores power
- ✓ **Distributed Energy Resources (DER)**
: Any technology that is included in DG and DP as well as demand-side measures

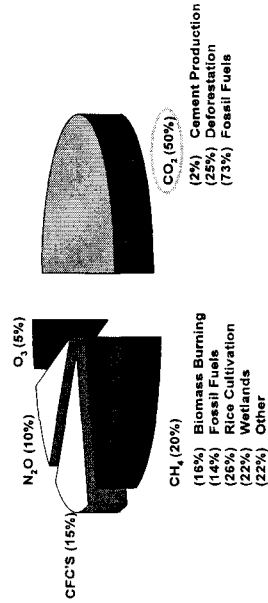


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온실가스별 지구온난화 기여도

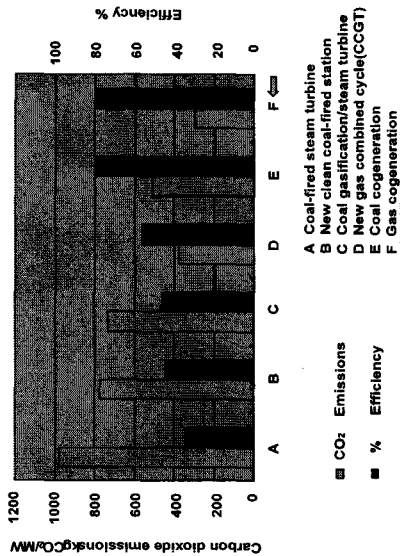


-한국의 경우 : CO₂가 87.7%로 대부분을 차지하고, CH₄는 10.9%를 차지함.

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발전수단별 CO₂ 배출량 및 효율비교



- A Coal-fired steam turbine
- B New clean coal-fired station
- C Coal gasification/steam turbine
- D New gas combined cycle(CCGT)
- E Coal cogeneration
- F Gas cogeneration

Power Reliability VS Damage of Cost

Power Reliability	99.99%	99.9999999%
Power Disruption per Year	8.8 hrs	53 Min
Generally Acceptable for:	Homes	Hospitals Airports

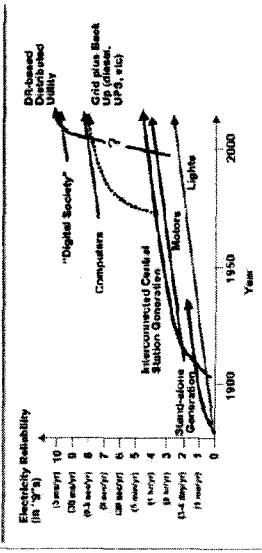
INDUSTRY	AVERAGE HOURLY COST (\$US)
Cellular Communications	41,000
Telephone Ticker Sales	72,000
Airline Reservations	90,000
Credit Card Operations	2,580,000
Brokerage Operations	6,480,000

It's not the cost of power that matters, but the cost of not having power!

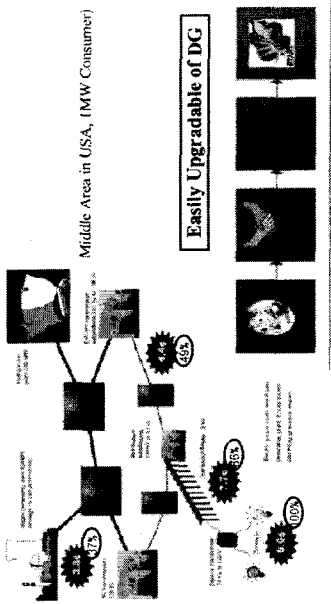
Electricity Requirements in the Digital Society

- ✓ Digital Society require over 99.99999% power reliability
- ✓ Internet related consumption is over 60% in US power demand by 2010

Evolution of Reliability



Structure of Electric Power Cost



Easily Upgradable of DG



Gas	100%	100%	100%
LP Gas	100%	100%	100%
Electricity	100%	100%	100%

Source : ABB Review 3/2000

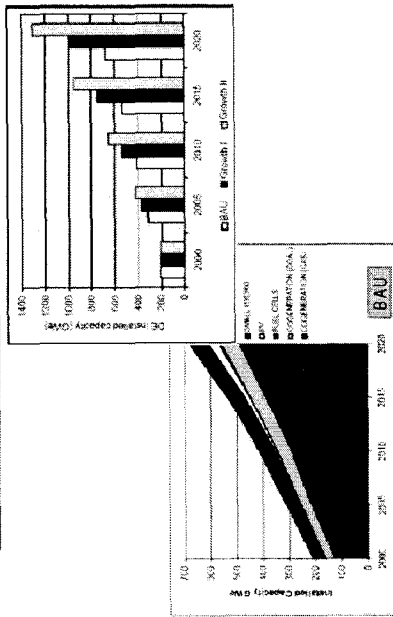
Estimated Cost of Expanding T&D

✓ Estimated cost of expanding T&D peak load incrementally

Utility	Low(\$/kW)	High(\$/kW)
United States-Northeast	166	925
United States-Southeast	45	729
United States-Central Plains	82	336
United States-West Coast	64	610
Central America-Urban system	51	300
Central America-Rural system	51	920
South America-Urban system	129	438
Caribbean	65	518
Europe-North Central urban system	290	846
Southeast Asia-Urban system	29	400
Southeast Asia-Rural system	40	2000

Source: H.Lee Willis, Walter G. Scott, "Distributed Power Generation", Marcel Dekker, Inc., 2000

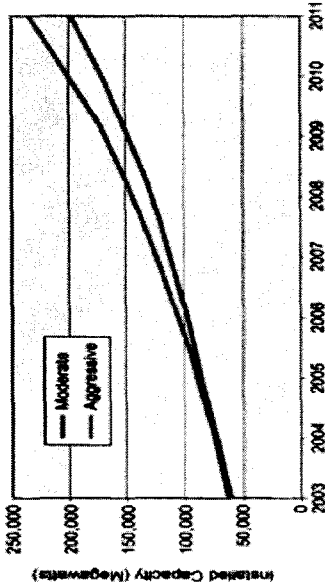
Distributed Generation Market Growth



Source: W&E, World Survey of Decentralized Energy, 2002/2003

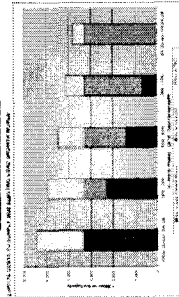
Distributed Generation Market Growth

✓ Global installed DG capacity is projected to nearly triple to 200,000MW by 2011

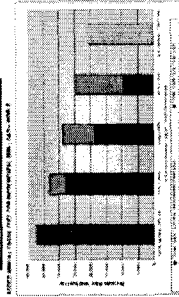


Source: ABI Research, March 16, 2003

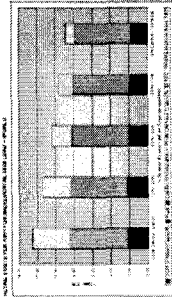
Capital Cost



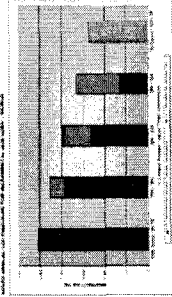
Annual Fossil Fuel



Retail Cost of Electricity



CO₂ Emission



Source: 2004 World Survey of Decentralized Generation, 2004, World Alliance for Decentralized Energy

Evaluation of DG in relation to security of supply

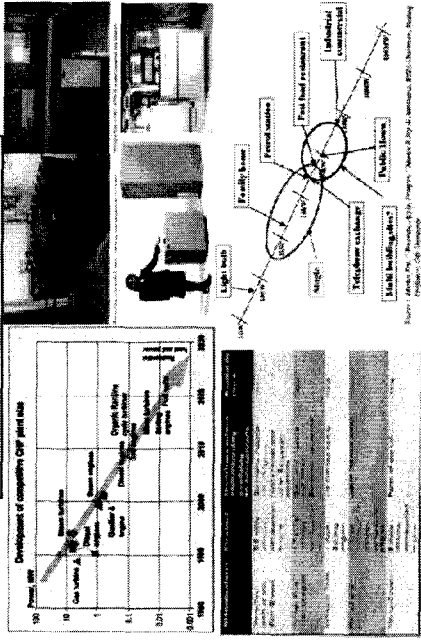
Overview of the evaluation results for decentralised technologies

Wind power	Availability		Flexibility	Economic attractiveness	Financial risks		Vulnerability
	High	Low			Low/High	Low	
Photovoltaics	High	Low	High	Low	Neutral	Low/High	Low
Biomass	High/Neutral	Neutral	High/Neutral	Low	Neutral/High	Neutral/High	Low
Small hydro	High	High	High	High	Neutral	Low/High	Low
CHP	Neutral	High/Neutral	High/Neutral	High/Neutral	Neutral/High	Neutral/High	Low
Fuel cells	Neutral/High	High/Neutral	High/Neutral	High/Neutral	Neutral/High	Neutral/High	Low

Source : Decentralized Generation : Development of EU policy, Oct. 2002, ECN-C-02-075

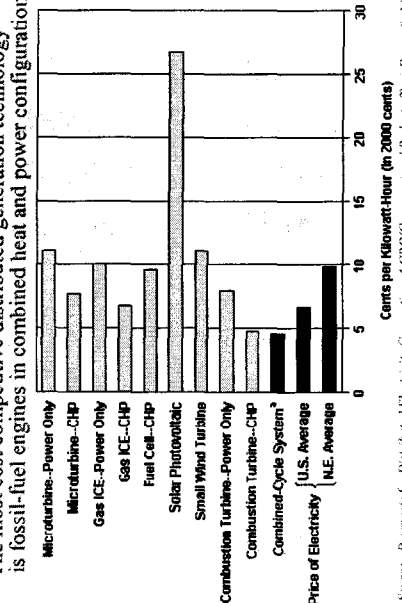
Operational Reliability Measure	Reliability of Natural-Gas-Powered Cogeneration Systems				Electric Utility	
	Reciprocating Engines					
Power	Group 1	Group 2	Group 3	Group 4	Group 5	Group 6
60 MW	80-800 kW	>800 kW	1-5 MW	5-25 MW	>25 MW	1986-1990
Availability Factor (%)	85.8	94.5	91.2	92.7	91.0	85.9
Forced Outage Rate (%)	5.9	4.7	6.1	4.8	6.5	2.1
Scheduled Outage Factor (%)	0.2	2.0	3.5	3.0	4.8	9.9

What Size and Applications ?



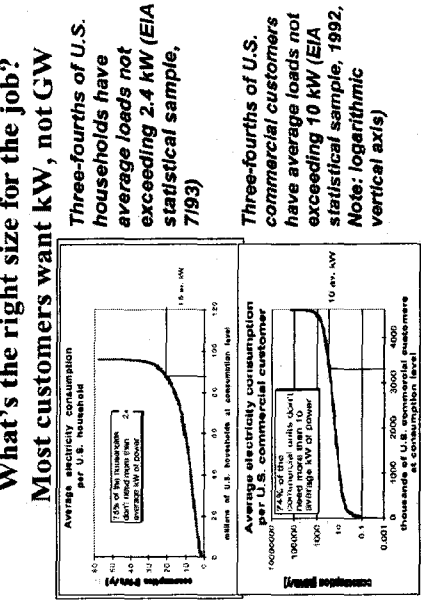
Levelized Cost of selected Distributed Generation Technologies

✓ The most cost competitive distributed generation technology is fossil-fuel engines in combined heat and power configuration

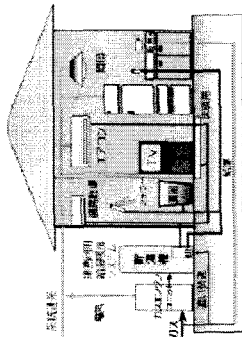
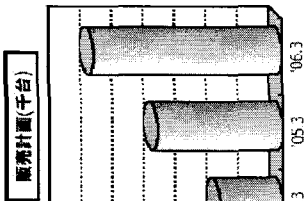


Source : Progress for Distributed Electricity-Generation, A CDOR Congressional Budget Office Paper, 9, 2003

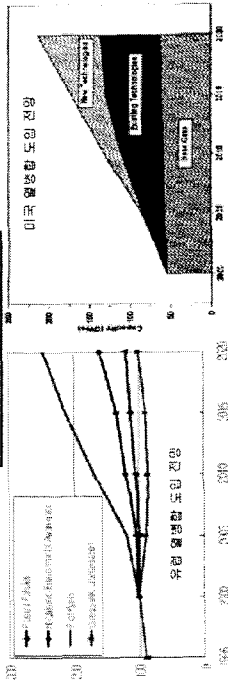
What's the right size for the job? Most customers want kW, not GW



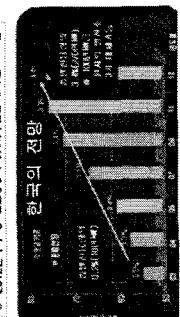
- 商品名「ECOWILL」(エコウィル)、03年3月販売開始予定、
- 本田技研開発のガスエンジンと、当社他社と共同開発したエンジンの積熱利用システムとの組合せ、
- 家庭用電氣需要の40% (200m³/台)を獲得、当初3年間(04.3-06.3月期)で1万2千台の販売計画



국외 열병합 발전 보급 전망

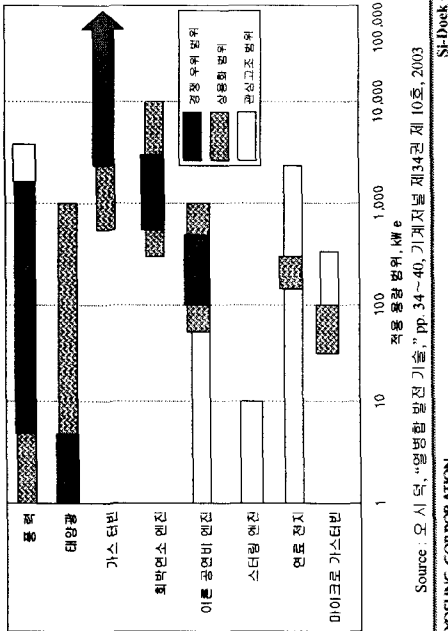


○ 2012년까지 총 발전용량 3,445MW에 270만세 보급



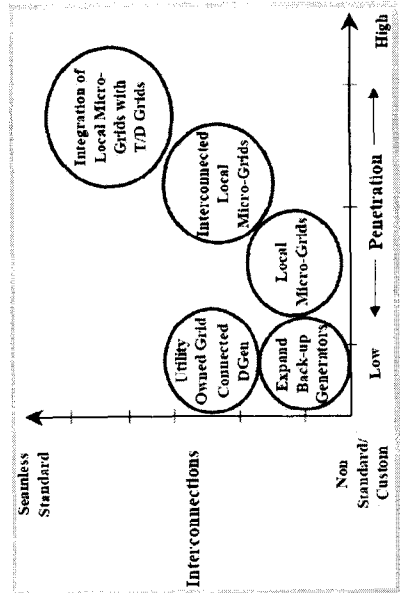
종류	2005년		2015년	
	발전용량 (MW)	가정 수	발전용량 (MW)	가정 수
소형발전	150	100,000	300	200,000
중형발전	50	50,000	100	100,000
대형발전	10	10,000	20	20,000
합계	210	160,000	420	320,000

Status and competitive range of selected distributed generation



Source : 오시덕, "열병합 발전 기술" pp.34~40, 국제저널 제34권 제10호, 2003

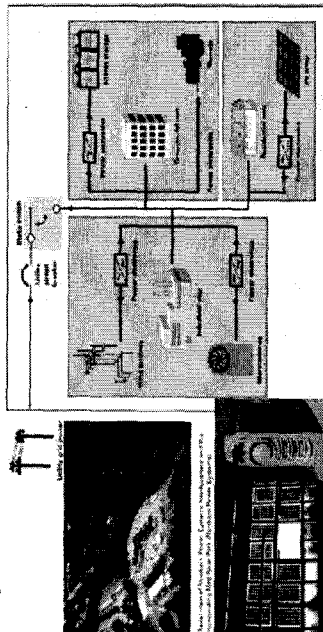
Distributed Generation market Scenarios



Source : Vikram S. Badrinaraj, President, Electric Power Group, LLC

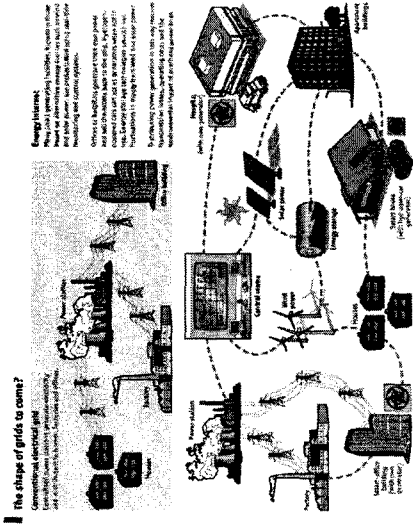
Schematic of the Micro Grid Concept

✓ Northern Power Systems has applied its power systems integration background, experience with renewable energy systems, and its expertise with systems control and power electronics to develop the 'Micro Grid' power network architecture



Source : Jonathan Lynch, "Micro Grid power networks", pp. 39-45, Cogeneration and On-Site Power Production may-june 2004

Back to Edison - Energy Security and Reliability



The shape of grids is coming?
 Conventional electrical grid
 The grid is becoming more complex and integrated with various power sources and technologies.

Energy Internet:
 Power and information energy flow in both directions
 The grid is becoming more complex and integrated with various power sources and technologies.

Others in building perfecting energy grids
 and the systems, like the grid, hydro, wind, solar, and other power sources, which are connected to the grid. The grid is becoming more complex and integrated with various power sources and technologies.

By providing power, generation is also very important. The grid is becoming more complex and integrated with various power sources and technologies.

Micro Grids
 The grid is becoming more complex and integrated with various power sources and technologies.

Smart Grids
 The grid is becoming more complex and integrated with various power sources and technologies.

Energy Storage
 The grid is becoming more complex and integrated with various power sources and technologies.

Renewable Energy
 The grid is becoming more complex and integrated with various power sources and technologies.

Power Quality
 The grid is becoming more complex and integrated with various power sources and technologies.

Grid Security
 The grid is becoming more complex and integrated with various power sources and technologies.

Grid Reliability
 The grid is becoming more complex and integrated with various power sources and technologies.

Grid Efficiency
 The grid is becoming more complex and integrated with various power sources and technologies.