P74

Raphanus sativus L. Chongwoun extract inhibits vscular smooth muscle cells proliferation and induces G1 cell cycle arrest

Sung-Kwon Moon¹, Kyung-Soo Nam², Her-Won Hwang³ and Cheorl-Ho Kim¹

¹Department of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, College of Oriental Medicine and ²Department of Pharmacology, College of Medicine, Dongguk University, Sukjang-Dong 707, Kyungju City, Kyungbuk, Korea ³Faculty of Food and Biotechnology. Han-Dong University, Heun-Hae, Pohang, Kyungbuk, Korea

The abnormal growth of vascular smooth muscle cells (VSMC) is a prominent feature of vascular disease, including atherosclerosis, restenosis after angioplasty. We examined the mechanisms of the action of *Raphanus sativus* L. *Chongwoun* extract on VSMC proliferation. The viability of VSMC decreased to 35% at 24 h of treatment with *Raphanus sativus* L. *Chongwoun* extract. Treatment of *Raphanus sativus* L. *Chongwoun* extract showed potent inhibitory effects on the DNA synthesis of cultured VSMC. In addition, *Raphanus sativus* L. *Chongwoun* extract induced apoptosis using cell death ELAS assay. These inhibitory effects were associated with G1 cell cycle arrest. Treatment of *Raphanus sativus* L. *Chongwoun* extract, which induced a cell-cycle arrest in G1-phase, induced down-regulation of cyclins and CDKs and up-regulation of the CDK inhibitor p21 expression, whereas up-regulation of p27 by *Raphanus sativus* L. *Chongwoun* extract was not observed. These findings indicate the efficacy of *Raphanus sativus* L. *Chongwoun* extract in inhibiting cell proliferation, G1- to S-phase cell-cycle progress on VSMC.

Key words: Raphanus sativus L. Chongwoun extract, VSMC, cell cycle arrest, DNA synthesis, apoptosis