

Printing and Trimming Embedded Passives Using DOD Ink Jet Technology

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Printing and Trimming Embedded Passives using DOD Ink Jet Technology

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Agenda

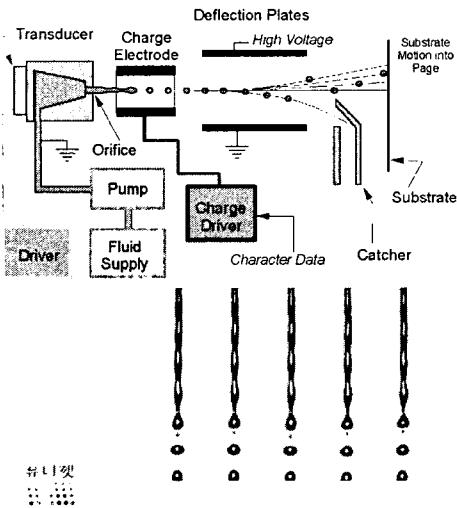
- Background on Ink Jet Technology
- Equipment/Print Heads
- Industrial Applications of Ink Jet Technology
- Trends of Embedded Passives
- Embedded Resistor Printing
- Embedded Resistor Trimming
- Cost Analysis
- Interface Reliability Results
- Other Passive Elements
- Conclusions



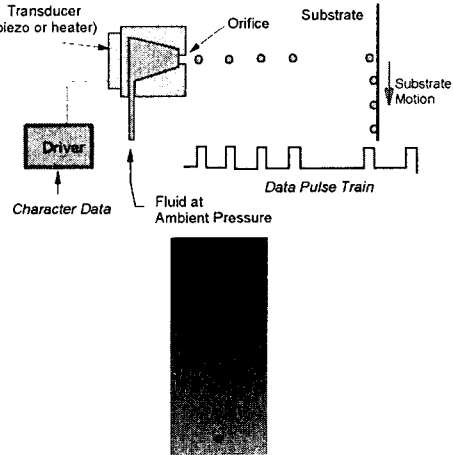
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Continuous vs. DOD Ink-Jet

Continuous Ink-Jet Technology



Demand Ink-Jet Technology



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Ink-Jet Technology - Advantages

- High Precision Deposition
- Non-contact Printing
- Data Driven – Digital Process
- Flexible Manufacturing Process
 - Lot size of 1
 - No tooling
 - Rapid Change Over
 - Multiple Heads
 - Different Materials
- Low Cost
- Environmentally Friendly

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Ink Jet Technology- Advantages

- **Accurate volume control of Droplet**
 - Control ball size up to $\pm 2\%$
- **Fine Pitch ($< 50\mu\text{m}$) and Small Ball Size($20\mu\text{m}$)**
- **Direct-write of materials**
- **Wide range of materials**
 - Ink, Paste, Wax, metals, polymers, fluxes, Slurries, ...
 - Wide operating temperature range ($0\text{-}370^\circ\text{C}$)
- **Wide range of resolutions**
 - $15\text{-}120\mu\text{m}$ drops + N drops per spot
- **Wide range of rates**
 - $1\text{Hz} - 1\text{MHz}$



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Jetting: Fluid Properties Requirements

- **Newtonian**
 - Visco-elastic behavior undesirable
- **Viscosity**
 - $2\text{-}40\text{ cP}$
- **Surface Tension**
 - $20\text{-}70\text{ dynes/cm}$
- **Particle Laden Fluids**
 - particle size $< 5\mu\text{m}$; ideal nanoparticles
 - stable dispersion required

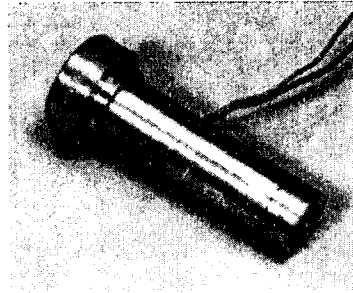


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Single Jet Devices



Room Temperature Printheads

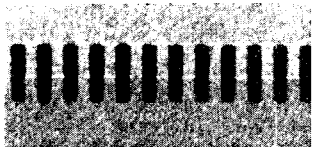


High Temperature Printhead

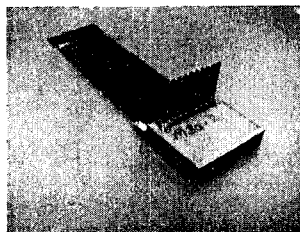


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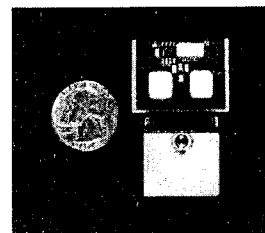
Multi-channel Array Printhead-cont.



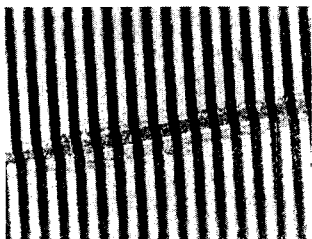
Micro fabricated structures
170um pitch



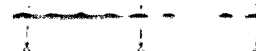
10-fluid printhead



120 channel printhead with
onboard drive electronics



Polymer orifice array, 170um pitch

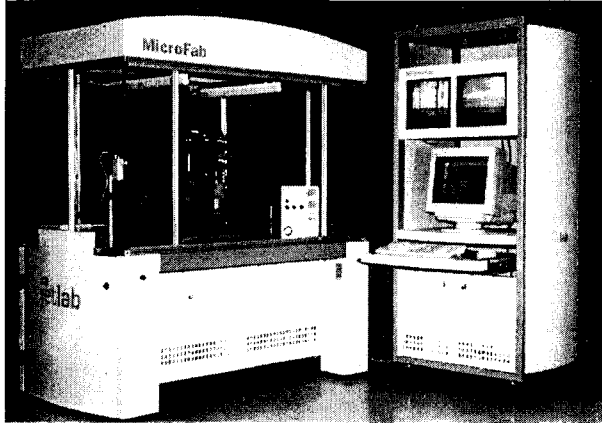


Printhead in operation



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jetlab[®] Printing Platform

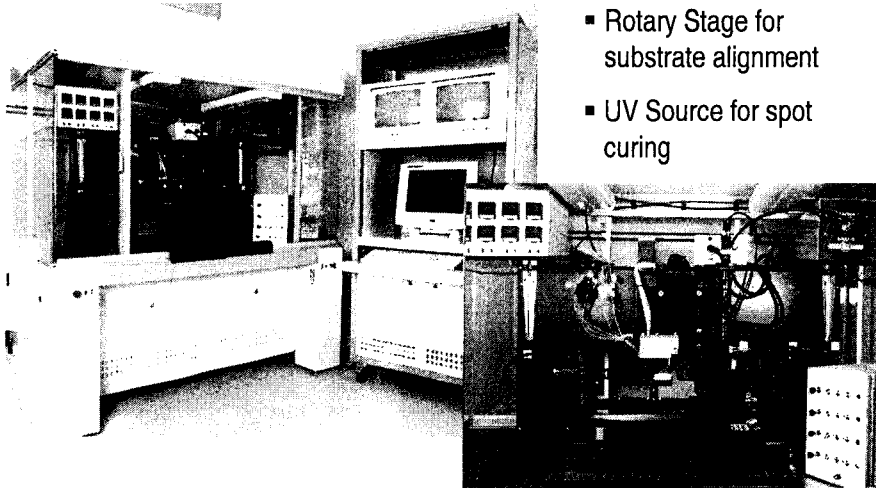


- High Accuracy and repeatability
- Ideal prototyping and process development

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jetlab[®] Upgrade

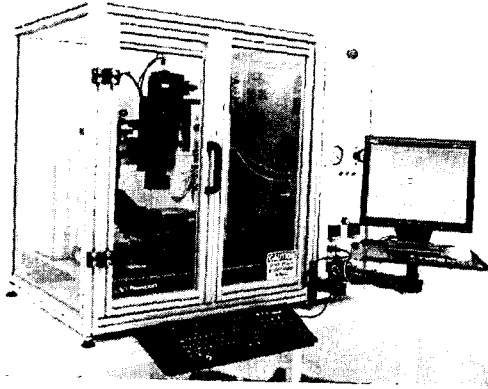


- Rotary Stage for substrate alignment
- UV Source for spot curing

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Jetlab® II - Table Top Printer

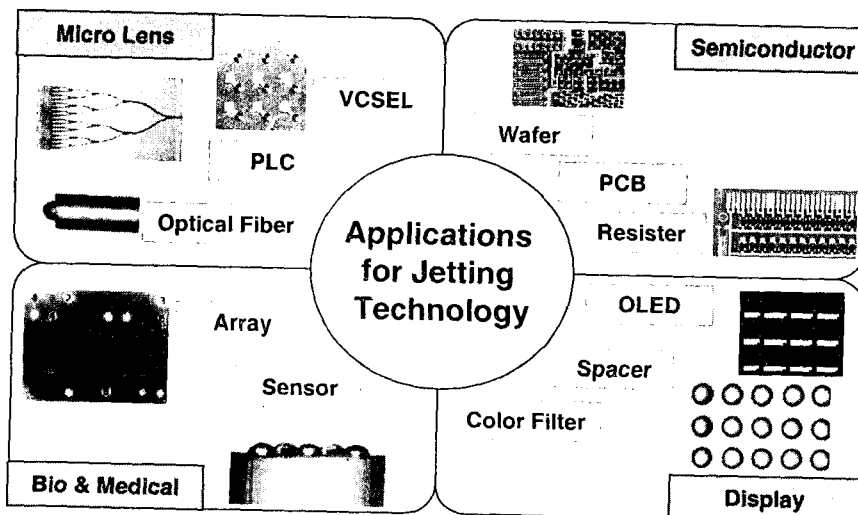


- Smaller foot print
- Similar capabilities
- Ideal for development of processes and materials in laboratories

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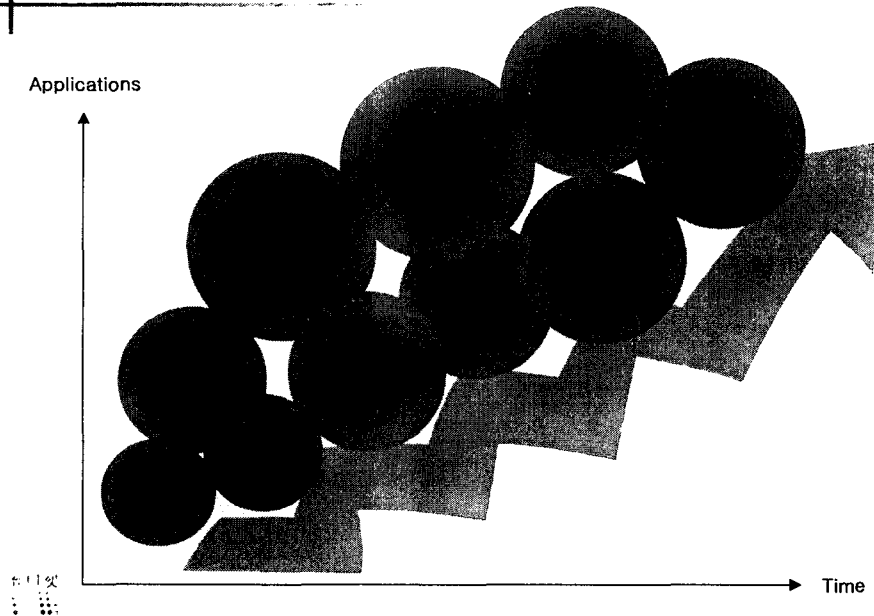
Industrial Applications of Ink Jet Technology



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Roadmap of Ink Jet Technology



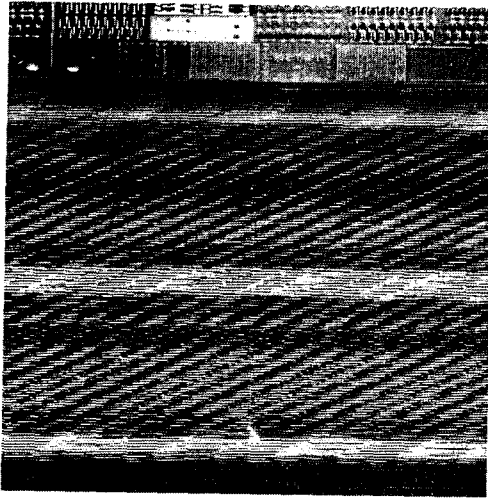
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Trends of Embedded Passives

- Applying the various materials
Resistors: MacDermid Ni/P, Dupont LaB₆, Polymer Paste
Capacitors: 3M C-ply, Dupont BaTiO₃
- Producing the various prototypes with embedded passives
Nortel Emulator: 49 buried resistors and 29 buried capacitors
Delphi Emulator: 205 buried resistors and 25 buried capacitors
HP Emulator: replaced 44% of decoupling capacitors
- Developing Embedded PCB Manufacturing Technique
MacDermid, Merix, CORETEC, E TOUCH, and etc
- Expecting the embedded passives products at the market in 2004.
- Consistency of Product, Change of Resistor Value in Lamination,
Material Handling (Equipment), Design Tool, & Productivity,

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Printed Embedded Resistors

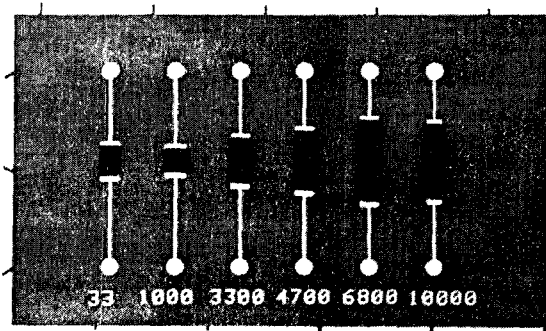


- Polyimide resistors
- Resistor size: 5-55 mils (0.125-1.375 mm)
- 125, 250 and 500 μm Cu conductors

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Printed Embedded Resistor-cont.

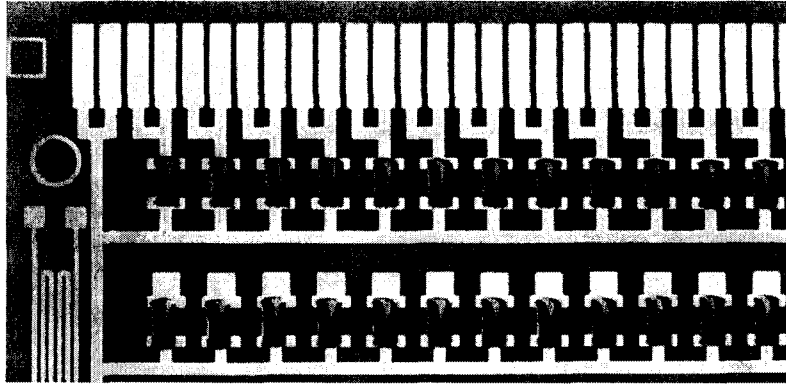


A Test Vehicle showing printed resistors of different aspect ratios

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Printed UV-Curable Resistors



A Test Vehicle Printed with Nanotube containing Resistor Ink

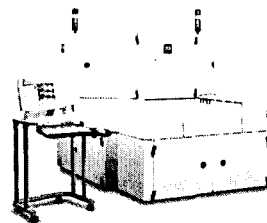
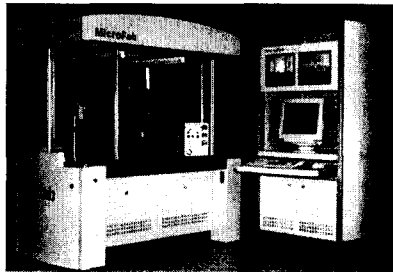
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Ink Jet Printing and Laser Trimming

Complementary

- IJ printing lowers the resistance of embedded resistors by adding conductive material.
- Automated rework of fabrication and laser trim defects.
- Laser trimming increases the resistance by taking material out.

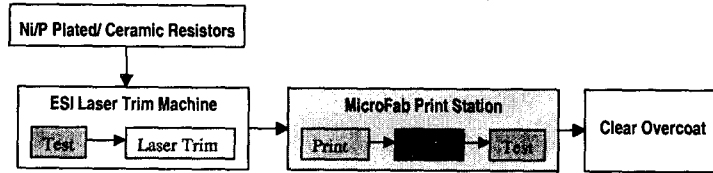


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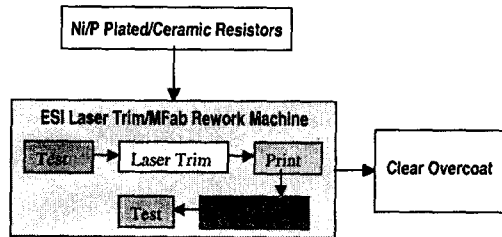
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Partial Process Flow Embedded Resistors

Option 1.



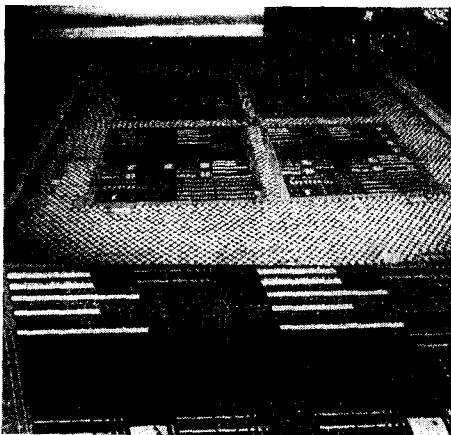
Option 2.



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Embedded Resistor Trimming

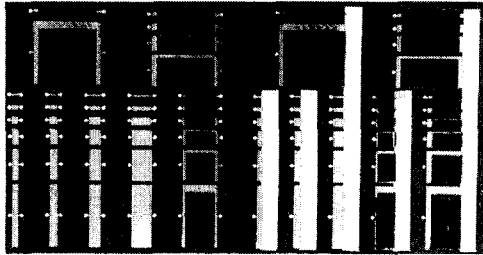


- Ni/P plated resistors trimmed using inherently conductive polymer
- 12"x18" (300mmx450 mm) four-up PWB inner layer panel
- Demonstrated trim down: up to 35%
- Resistor size trimmed
 - 10 mil – 330 mil

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Embedded Resistor Trimming Results-Initially



A portion of Ni/P plated Test Vehicle inner layer trimmed down using ICP and Ink jet printing

Trimming Target: 40 ohm/square

| TV-2R Inner Layer-4 | | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|---------|----------------|---------|
| Size | Before Trimming | | After Trimming | |
| | Average | Std Dev | Average | Std Dev |
| 320X170 | 51.4 | 8.1 | 38.7 | 5.8 |
| 160X170 | 54.4 | 11.4 | 42.2 | 9.6 |
| 80X170 | 53.9 | 9.3 | 40.9 | 9.1 |
| 40X170 | 53.7 | 9.3 | 38.9 | 7.2 |
| 20X170 | 55.7 | 12.0 | 40.4 | 9.4 |
| 10X170 | 53.9 | 6.3 | 42.8 | 9.5 |

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Embedded Resistor Trimming Results

After Optimizing Print Process

| TV-2R Inner Layer-2 | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|---------|----------------|---------|---------|
| Resistor | Before Trimming | | After Trimming | | |
| | Size | Average | Std Dev | Average | Std Dev |
| | 320X90 | 30.0 | 0.2 | 26.8 | 0.8 |
| | 160X90 | 30.2 | 0.4 | 26.5 | 0.5 |
| | 80X90 | 29.9 | 0.8 | 26.2 | 1.5 |
| | 40X90 | 30.6 | 0.7 | 25.9 | 0.9 |
| | 20X90 | 32.0 | 0.7 | 26.0 | 1.1 |
| | 10X90 | 31.7 | 1.0 | 25.0 | 0.9 |

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Embedded Resistor Trimming Results

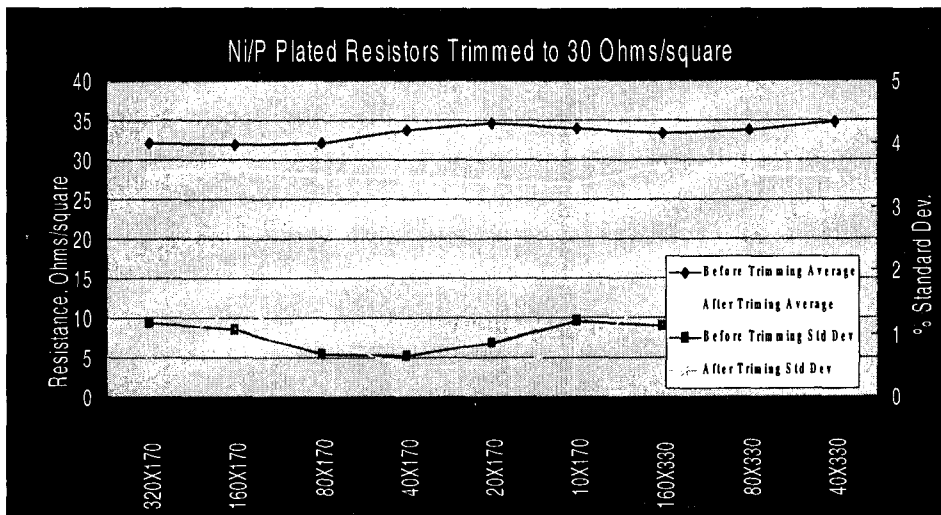
After Optimizing Print Process

| TV-2R Inner Layer-2 | | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|---------|----------------|---------|
| Resistor Size | Before Trimming | | After Trimming | |
| | Average | Std Dev | Average | Std Dev |
| 320X50 | 25.8 | 0.3 | 24.5 | 0.6 |
| 160X50 | 25.6 | 0.6 | 24.8 | 0.3 |
| 80X50 | 25.7 | 0.5 | 24.4 | 0.7 |
| 40X50 | 26.7 | 0.5 | 24.8 | 1.1 |
| 20X50 | 28.3 | 0.6 | 24.5 | 0.8 |
| 10X50 | 29.2 | 1.3 | 24.4 | 0.9 |

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Embedded Resistor Trimming Results

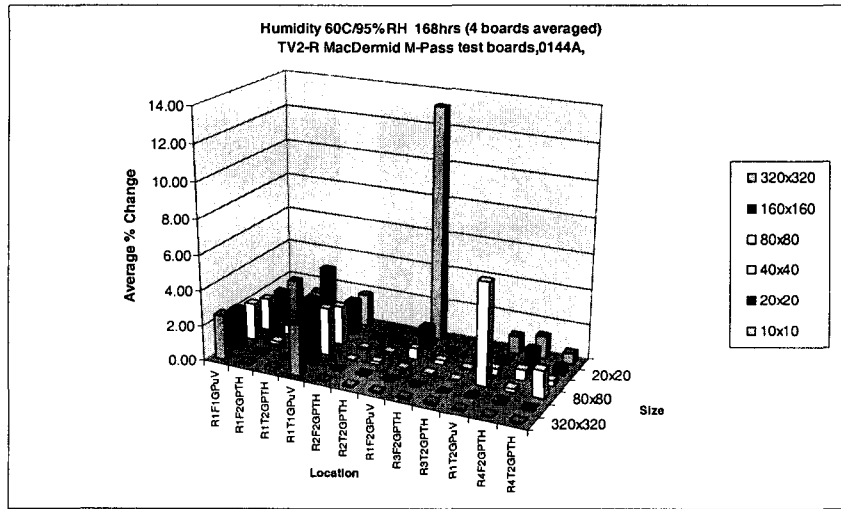


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Temperature/Humidity Test Results

Boards with NO Ink Jet Trimming

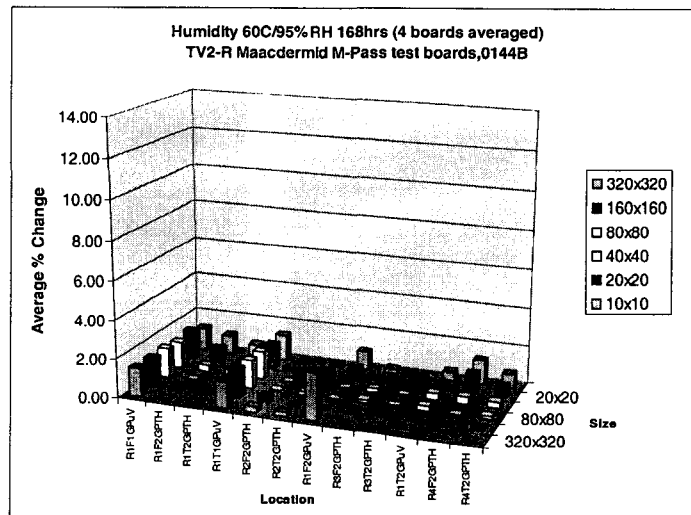


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Temperature/Humidity Test Results

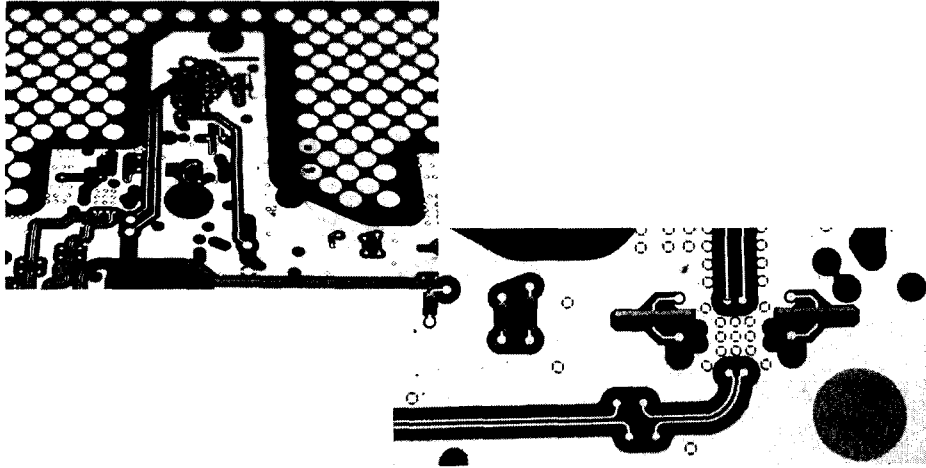
Boards with Ink Jet Trimming



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Emulator Trimming



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Emulator Trim Results

Emulator Trim Results (N=6)

1 drop per spot; Drop Pitch 50 micron in both X and Y print directions

| Resistor Size (mils) | Average (ohm/sq) | Standard Deviation | Average (Ohm/sq) | Standard Deviation |
|----------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| 40 x 20 | 37.0 | 1.8 | 33.2 | 2.7 |
| 50 x 20 | 35.7 | 1.2 | 30.7 | 2.7 |
| 120 x 20 | 39.8 | 1.7 | 32.9 | 2.4 |
| 220 x 10 | 32.8 | 4.5 | 27.1 | 2.4 |

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Trim Variables

- Optimum curing temperature and time key to resistor rework process in addition to the thickness of the conductive polymer.

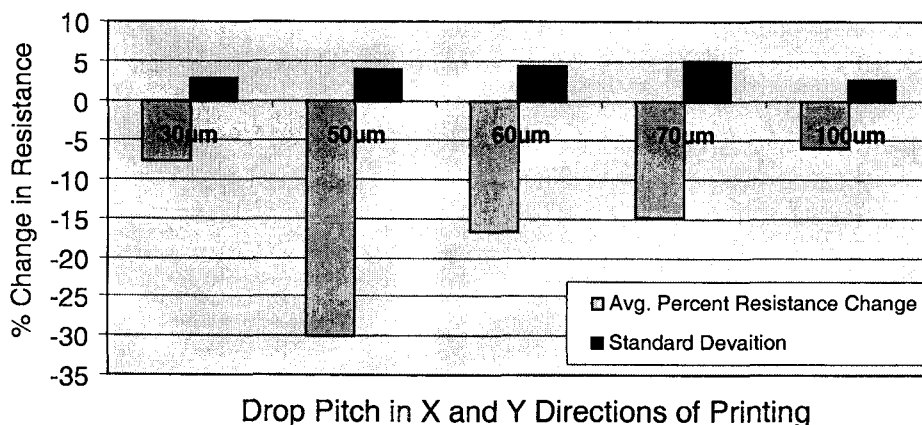
| Variables for Optimum Trimming of Ni/P Plated Resistors | | | | | | | |
|---|-----|-----|-----|----|----|-----|-------|
| Print Variables | | | | | | | |
| Pitch in X (μm) | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 100 | Vary |
| Pitch in Y (μm) | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 100 | Vary |
| Number of drops per Spot | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | Fixed |
| Drop Size | 50 | 60 | | | | | Fixed |
| Number of print passes | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | Fixed |
| Cure Variables | | | | | | | |
| Temperature($^{\circ}\text{C}$) | 150 | 160 | 170 | | | | Fixed |
| Time (secs) | 30 | 15 | 10 | | | | Fixed |

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Embedded Resistor Trimming Guideline

Guideline for Trimming Resistors Using Conductive Polymer

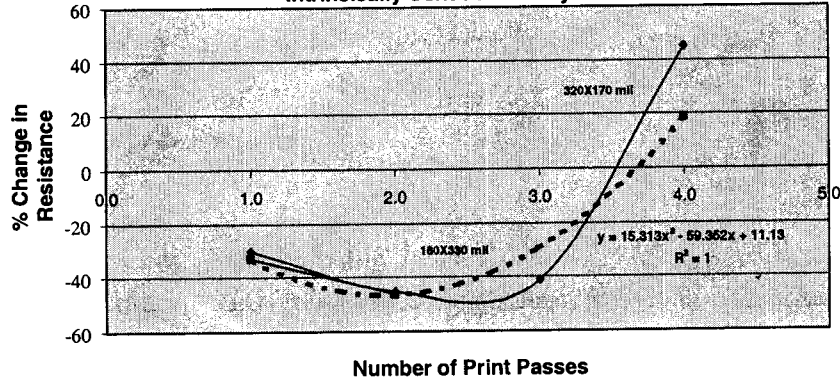


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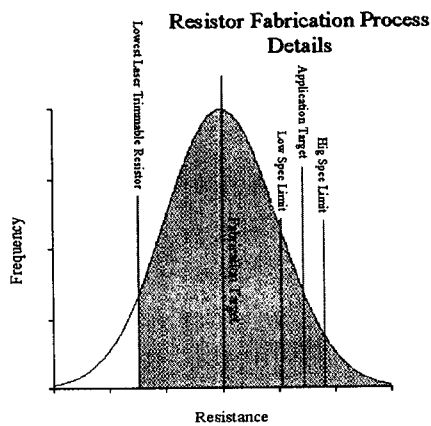
Embedded Resistor Trimming Guideline-cont.

% Change in Resistance vs. Number of Passes
Drop spacing X=40 um and Y=50 um, 1 drop per spot
Intrinsically Conductive Polymer



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Cost Analysis



Ink Jet Trimming

- Automated process
- Less scrap
- Low cost
- Reliable
- Repeatable

Courtesy: CALCE

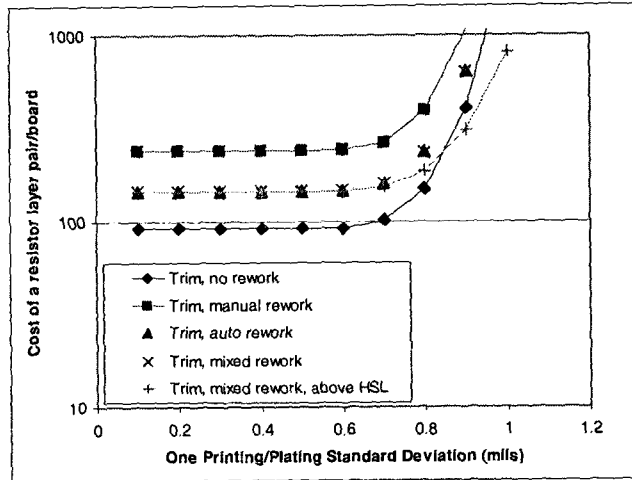


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Cost Analysis-cont.

Storage Tek Fiber Channel Board

0.1% Design Tolerance; No thickness variation



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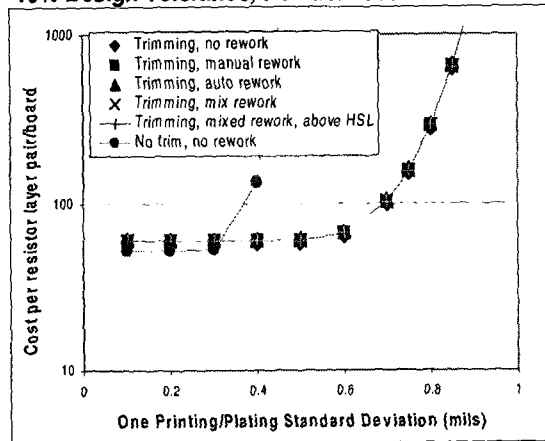
Courtesy: CALCE

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Cost Analysis-cont.

Storage Tek Fiber Channel Board

10% Design Tolerance; No thickness variation



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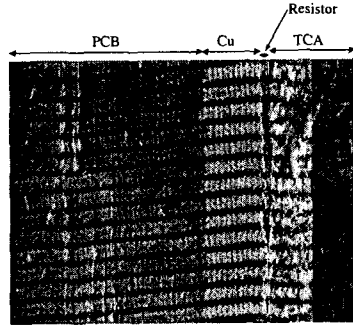
Courtesy: CALCE

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Interface Reliability Test Results

Electron-Beam Moire Test

Center of Specimen U-Field Image

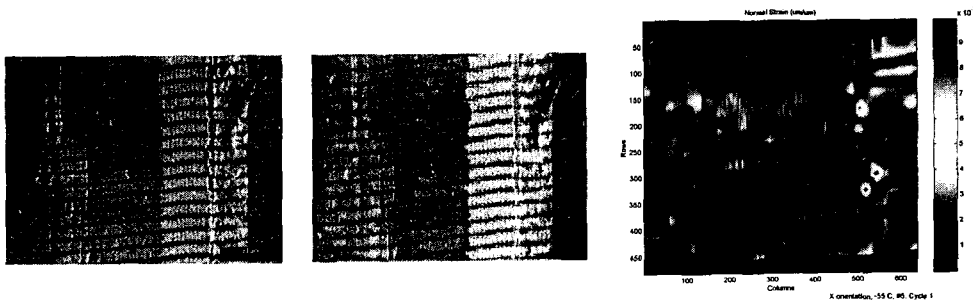


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Courtesy: NIST, Boulder

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Center of Specimen, -55 °C U-Field Image

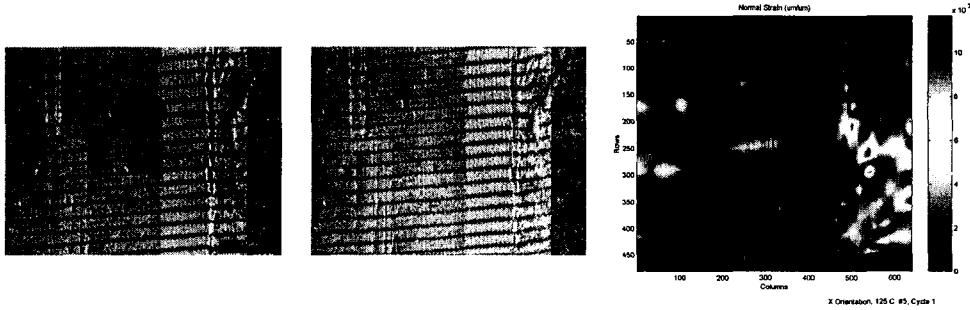


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Courtesy: NIST, Boulder

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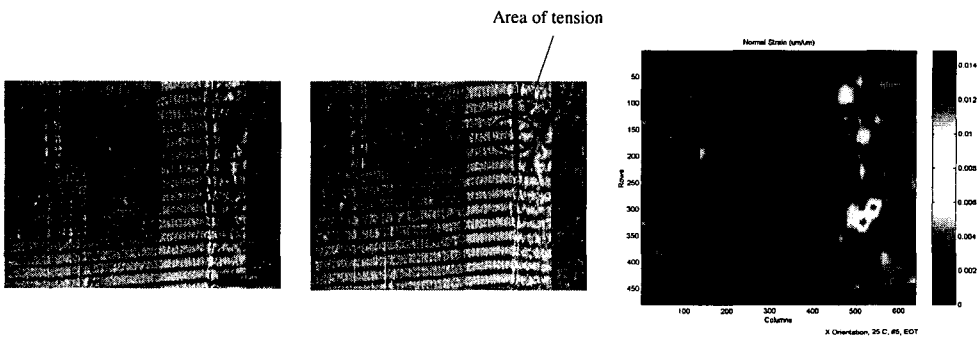
Center of Specimen, 125 °C U-Field Image



Courtesy: NIST, Boulder

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Center of Specimen, 25 °C, End-of-test U-Field Image



Courtesy: NIST, Boulder

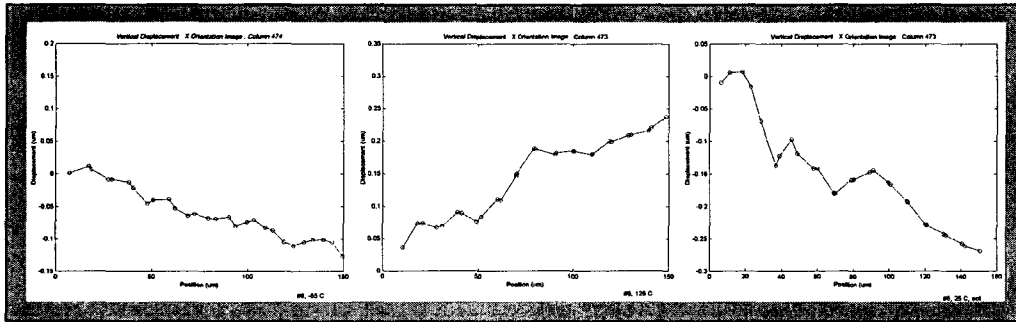
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DISPLACEMENT MEASUREMENTS FROM THE RESISTOR

▪ AT -55, 125 , AND 25 °C end-of-test

CYCLE 1

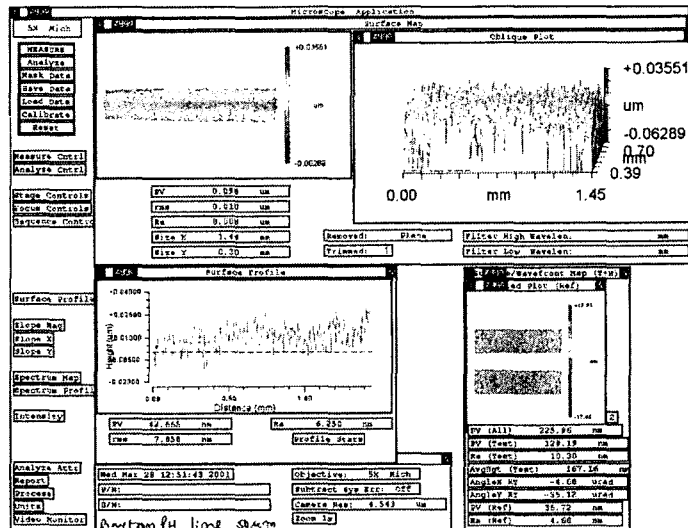
(slope = normal strain)



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Thickness Measurement Printed Conductive Polymer

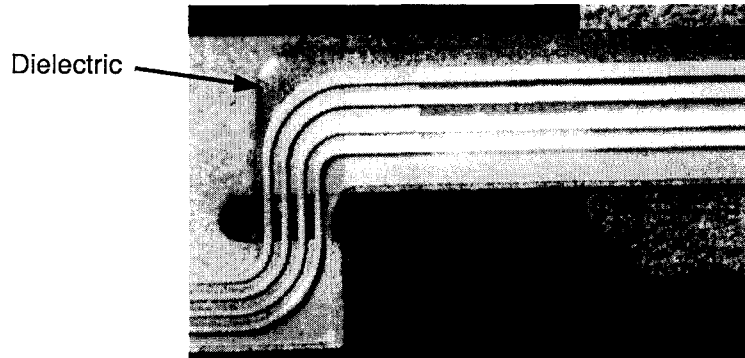


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Other Passive Elements -cont. Dielectrics-Capacitor

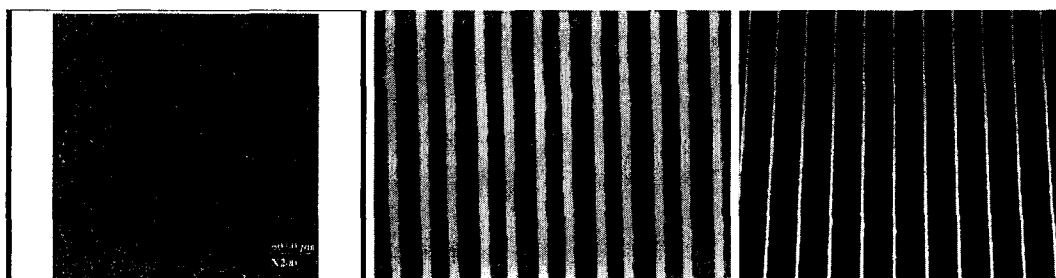
- Disk drive head component with UV-cure epoxy printed over 50 μ m wide gold leads



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Other Passive Elements conductor and Ferrite - Inductor



Ferrite nanoparticle layer

250 μ m Silver lines printed
on ferrite

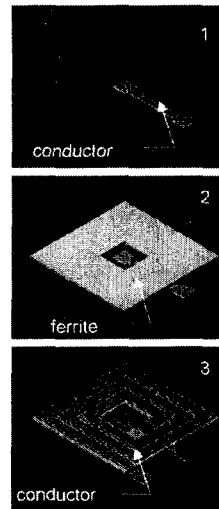
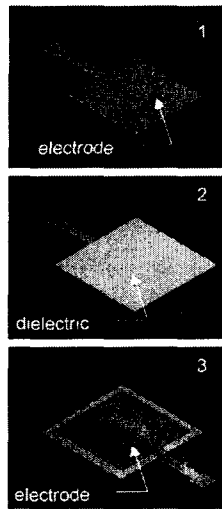
Gold lines printed on
FR-4; <200 $^{\circ}$ C cure

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Other Passive Elements

Capacitor and Inductor

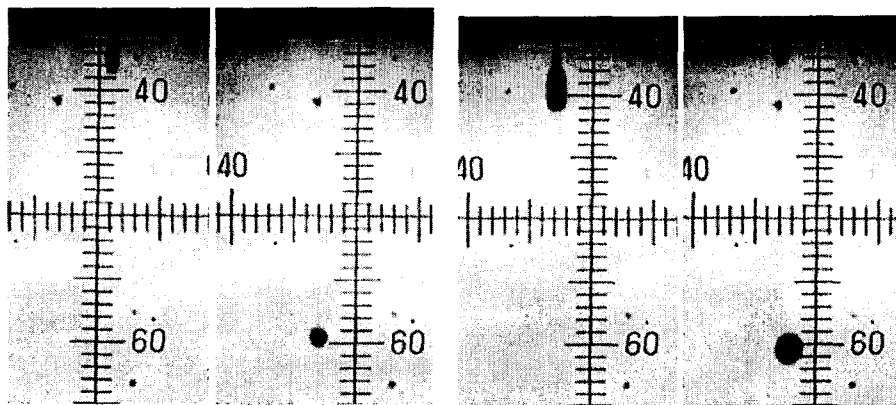


Capacitor

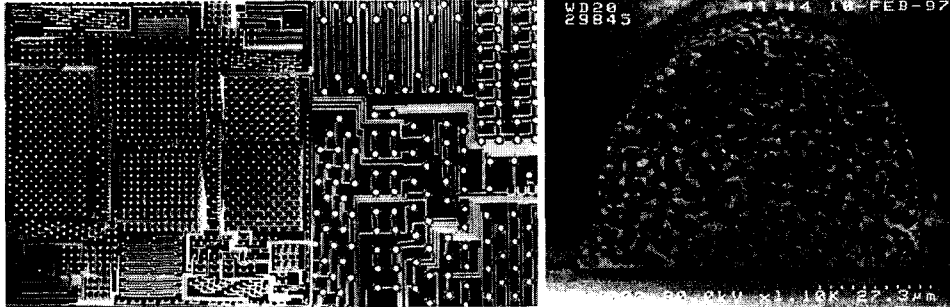
Inductor

SolderJet™ Drop Formation

Drop Size Modulation 60um to 110 um



Solder Jet™



Microprocessor test vehicle (60um; 1440 sites)



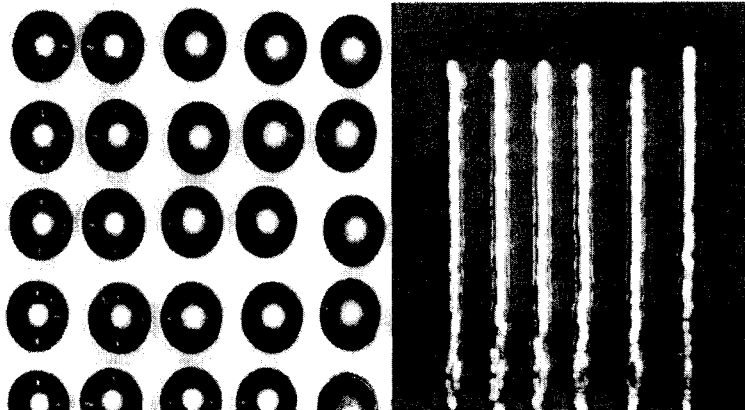
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Solder Jet™

Small Droplet and Tower Printing

24μm bumps on 35μm centers

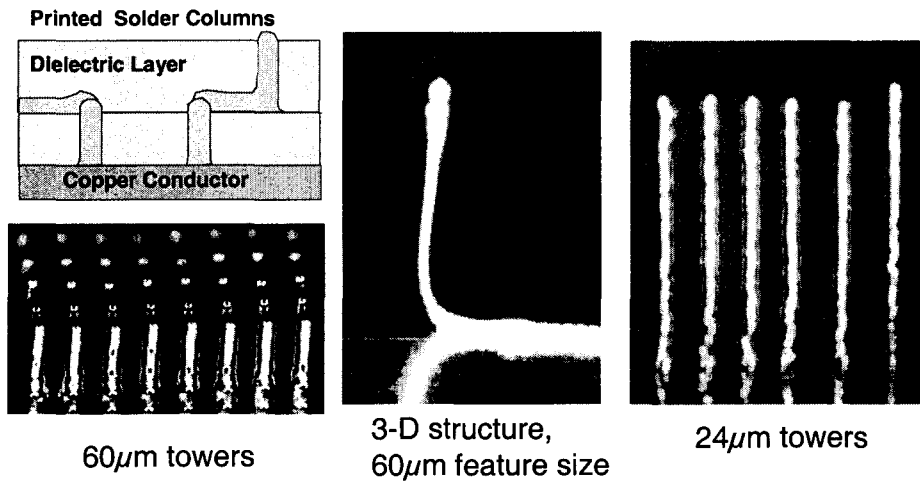
24μm towers



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Printed Solder Interconnects

MEMS & CSP Applications



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Conclusions

- Successful demonstration of printing and trimming of embedded resistors using conductive polymers
- Ink jet trimming of embedded resistors a reliable and repeatable process. High speed and environmental test results excellent.
- Ink jet printing of capacitors and inductors feasible with availability of suitable materials for conductors and dielectric.
- Suited for industrial production as well as prototyping.
- Seeking partners to take this technology to the next step.

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